

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 HB2046

by Rep. Dennis M. Reboletti

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 570/401 730 ILCS 5/5-5-3 from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1401 from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3

Amends the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. Provides that the knowing manufacture or delivery of, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver, heroin is a Class X felony with respect to 3 grams (rather than 15 grams) or more of heroin. Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that the offense is non-probationable if the amount of the heroin is 3 (rather than over 5) grams or more.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Illinois Controlled Substances Act is amended by changing Section 401 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 570/401) (from Ch. 56 1/2, par. 1401)

Sec. 401. Except as authorized by this Act, it is unlawful for any person knowingly to manufacture or deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture or deliver, a controlled substance other than methamphetamine, a counterfeit substance, or a controlled substance analog. A violation of this Act with respect to each of the controlled substances listed herein constitutes a single and separate violation of this Act. For purposes of this Section, "controlled substance analog" or "analog" means a substance which is intended for human consumption, other than a controlled substance, that has a chemical structure substantially similar to that controlled substance in Schedule I or II, or that was specifically designed to produce an effect substantially similar to that of a controlled substance in Schedule I or II. Examples of chemical classes in which controlled substance analogs are found include, but are not limited to, the following: phenethylamines, N-substituted piperidines,

1	morphina	ns, ecgonin	es, quir	nazoli	nones,	subst	ituted	indole	s,
2	and ary	ylcycloalkyla	amines.	For	purpose	es of	this	Act,	a
3	controll	ed substance	analog	shall	be trea	ted in	the sa	me mann	ıer
4	as the	controlled	substanc	ce to	which	it i	s subs	tantial	.1y
5	similar.								

- (a) Any person who violates this Section with respect to the following amounts of controlled or counterfeit substances or controlled substance analogs, notwithstanding any of the provisions of subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) to the contrary, is guilty of a Class X felony and shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as provided in this subsection (a) and fined as provided in subsection (b):
 - (1) (A) not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to $\underline{3}$ $\underline{15}$ grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (B) not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (C) not less than 12 years and not more than 50 years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of a substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (D) not less than 15 years and not more than 60 years with respect to 900 grams or more of any

1	substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
2	(1.5) (A) not less than 6 years and not more than 30
3	years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than
4	100 grams of a substance containing fentanyl, or an
5	analog thereof;
6	(B) not less than 9 years and not more than 40
7	years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than
8	400 grams of a substance containing fentanyl, or an
9	analog thereof;
10	(C) not less than 12 years and not more than 50
11	years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than
12	900 grams of a substance containing fentanyl, or an
13	analog thereof;
14	(D) not less than 15 years and not more than 60
15	years with respect to 900 grams or more of a substance
16	containing fentanyl, or an analog thereof;
17	(2) (A) not less than 6 years and not more than 30
18	years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than
19	100 grams of a substance containing cocaine, or an
20	analog thereof;
21	(B) not less than 9 years and not more than 40
22	years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than
23	400 grams of a substance containing cocaine, or an
24	analog thereof;
25	(C) not less than 12 years and not more than 50
26	years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than

1	900 grams of a substance containing cocaine, or an
2	analog thereof;
3	(D) not less than 15 years and not more than 60
4	years with respect to 900 grams or more of any
5	substance containing cocaine, or an analog thereof;
6	(3) (A) not less than 6 years and not more than 30
7	years with respect to 15 grams or more but less than
8	100 grams of a substance containing morphine, or an
9	analog thereof;
10	(B) not less than 9 years and not more than 40
11	years with respect to 100 grams or more but less than
12	400 grams of a substance containing morphine, or an
13	analog thereof;
14	(C) not less than 12 years and not more than 50
15	years with respect to 400 grams or more but less than
16	900 grams of a substance containing morphine, or an
17	analog thereof;
18	(D) not less than 15 years and not more than 60
19	years with respect to 900 grams or more of a substance
20	containing morphine, or an analog thereof;
21	(4) 200 grams or more of any substance containing
22	peyote, or an analog thereof;
23	(5) 200 grams or more of any substance containing a
24	derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a
25	derivative of barbituric acid, or an analog thereof;

(6) 200 grams or more of any substance containing

amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine, or an analog thereof;

(6.5) (blank);

(6.6) (blank);

- (7) (A) not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 15 or more objects or 15 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 200 objects or 200 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amounts of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (B) not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 200 or more objects or 200 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 600 objects or less than 600 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;
- (C) not less than 12 years and not more than 50 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less

than 900 grams of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 600 or more objects or 600 or more segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 1500 objects or 1500 segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

(D) not less than 15 years and not more than 60 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof, or (ii) 1500 or more objects or 1500 or more segregated parts of an object or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of a substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

(7.5) (A) not less than 6 years and not more than 30 years with respect to: (i) 15 grams or more but less than 100 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 15 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 200 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amounts of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1),

1 (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or 2 (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or 3 derivative thereof;

(B) not less than 9 years and not more than 40 years with respect to: (i) 100 grams or more but less than 400 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 200 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 600 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;

(C) not less than 12 years and not more than 50 years with respect to: (i) 400 grams or more but less than 900 grams of a substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) 600 or more pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 1,500 pills, tablets, caplets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2),

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(2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), 1 2 (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an 3 analog or derivative thereof; (D) not less than 15 years and not more than 60 4 5 years with respect to: (i) 900 grams or more of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), 6 (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of 7 8 subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or 9 derivative thereof, or (ii) 1,500 or more pills, 10 tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in 11 them or having upon them any amount of a substance 12 listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of 13 subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or 14 15 derivative thereof; 16 (8) 30 grams or more of any substance containing 17 pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof; 18 19 (9) 30 grams or more of any substance containing methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 20 21 isomers of methaqualone, or an analog thereof; 22 (10) 30 grams or more of any substance containing 23 phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of 24 isomers of phencyclidine (PCP), or an analog thereof;

(10.5) 30 grams or more of any substance containing

ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers

of ketamine, or an analog thereof;

- (11) 200 grams or more of any substance containing any other controlled substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection.
- (b) Any person sentenced with respect to violations of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (7), or (7.5) of subsection (a) involving 100 grams or more of the controlled substance named therein, may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount not more than \$500,000 or the full street value of the controlled or counterfeit substance or controlled substance analog, whichever is greater. The term "street value" shall have the meaning ascribed in Section 110-5 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Any person sentenced with respect to any other provision of subsection (a), may in addition to the penalties provided therein, be fined an amount not to exceed \$500,000.
 - (b-1) Excluding violations of this Act when the controlled substance is fentanyl, any person sentenced to a term of imprisonment with respect to violations of Section 401, 401.1, 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407, when the substance containing the controlled substance contains any amount of fentanyl, 3 years shall be added to the term of imprisonment imposed by the court, and the maximum sentence for the offense shall be increased by 3 years.
 - (c) Any person who violates this Section with regard to the

1	following amounts of controlled or counterfeit substances or
2	controlled substance analogs, notwithstanding any of the
3	provisions of subsections (a), (b), (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h)
4	to the contrary, is guilty of a Class 1 felony. The fine for
5	violation of this subsection (c) shall not be more than
6	\$250,000:

- (1) 1 gram or more but less than 3 + 5 + 5 = 5 grams of any substance containing heroin, or an analog thereof;
 - (1.5) 1 gram or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing fentanyl, or an analog thereof;
 - (2) 1 gram or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing cocaine, or an analog thereof;
 - (3) 10 grams or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing morphine, or an analog thereof;
 - (4) 50 grams or more but less than 200 grams of any substance containing peyote, or an analog thereof;
 - (5) 50 grams or more but less than 200 grams of any substance containing a derivative of barbituric acid or any of the salts of a derivative of barbituric acid, or an analog thereof;
 - (6) 50 grams or more but less than 200 grams of any substance containing amphetamine or any salt of an optical isomer of amphetamine, or an analog thereof;
 - (6.5) (blank);
 - (7) (i) 5 grams or more but less than 15 grams of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or

an analog thereof, or (ii) more than 10 objects or more than 10 segregated parts of an object or objects but less than 15 objects or less than 15 segregated parts of an object containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance containing lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD), or an analog thereof;

- (7.5) (i) 5 grams or more but less than 15 grams of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof, or (ii) more than 10 pills, tablets, caplets, capsules, or objects but less than 15 pills, tablets, caplets, caplets, capsules, or objects containing in them or having upon them any amount of any substance listed in paragraph (1), (2), (2.1), (2.2), (3), (14.1), (19), (20), (20.1), (21), (25), or (26) of subsection (d) of Section 204, or an analog or derivative thereof;
- (8) 10 grams or more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing pentazocine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of pentazocine, or an analog thereof;
- (9) 10 grams or more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing methaqualone or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of methaqualone, or an analog thereof;
 - (10) 10 grams or more but less than 30 grams of any

substance containing phencyclidine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of phencyclidine (PCP), or an analog thereof;

- (10.5) 10 grams or more but less than 30 grams of any substance containing ketamine or any of the salts, isomers and salts of isomers of ketamine, or an analog thereof;
- (11) 50 grams or more but less than 200 grams of any substance containing a substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is not otherwise included in this subsection.
- (c-5) (Blank).
 - (d) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance classified in Schedules I or II, or an analog thereof, which is (i) a narcotic drug, (ii) lysergic acid diethylamide (LSD) or an analog thereof, (iii) any substance containing amphetamine or fentanyl or any salt or optical isomer of amphetamine or fentanyl, or an analog thereof, or (iv) any substance containing N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP) or any salt or optical isomer of N-Benzylpiperazine (BZP), or an analog thereof, is guilty of a Class 2 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (d) shall not be more than \$200,000.
- (d-5) (Blank).
- 24 (e) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any 25 other amount of a controlled substance other than 26 methamphetamine or counterfeit substance classified in

- 1 Schedule I or II, or an analog thereof, which substance is not
- 2 included under subsection (d) of this Section, is guilty of a
- 3 Class 3 felony. The fine for violation of this subsection (e)
- 4 shall not be more than \$150,000.
- 5 (f) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any
- 6 other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance
- 7 classified in Schedule III is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The
- 8 fine for violation of this subsection (f) shall not be more
- 9 than \$125,000.
- 10 (g) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any
- 11 other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance
- 12 classified in Schedule IV is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The
- fine for violation of this subsection (g) shall not be more
- 14 than \$100,000.
- 15 (h) Any person who violates this Section with regard to any
- 16 other amount of a controlled or counterfeit substance
- 17 classified in Schedule V is guilty of a Class 3 felony. The
- 18 fine for violation of this subsection (h) shall not be more
- 19 than \$75,000.
- 20 (i) This Section does not apply to the manufacture,
- 21 possession or distribution of a substance in conformance with
- 22 the provisions of an approved new drug application or an
- 23 exemption for investigational use within the meaning of Section
- 505 of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act.
- 25 (j) (Blank).
- 26 (Source: P.A. 95-259, eff. 8-17-07; 96-347, eff. 1-1-10.)

- Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 5-5-3 as follows:
- 3 (730 ILCS 5/5-5-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-5-3)
- 4 Sec. 5-5-3. Disposition.
- 5 (a) (Blank).
- 6 (b) (Blank).

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- 7 (c) (1) (Blank).
 - (2) A period of probation, a term of periodic imprisonment or conditional discharge shall not be imposed for the following offenses. The court shall sentence the offender to not less than the minimum term of imprisonment set forth in this Code for the following offenses, and may order a fine or restitution or both in conjunction with such term of imprisonment:
 - (A) First degree murder where the death penalty is not imposed.
 - (B) Attempted first degree murder.
 - (C) A Class X felony.
 - (D) A violation of Section 401.1 or 407 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or a violation of subdivision $(e)(1)_{\tau}$ (c) $(1.5)_{\tau}$ or (c) (2) of Section 401 of that Act which relates to more than 5 grams of a substance containing heroin, cocaine, fentanyl, or an analog thereof.

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1	(D-5) A violation of subdivision (c)(1) of Section
2	401 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act which
3	relates to 3 or more grams of a substance containing
4	heroin or an analog thereof.
5	(E) A violation of Section 5.1 or 9 of the Cannabis
6	Control Act.
7	(F) A Class 2 or greater felony if the offender had
8	been convicted of a Class 2 or greater felony,
9	including any state or federal conviction for an
10	offense that contained, at the time it was committed,
11	the same elements as an offense now (the date of the
12	offense committed after the prior Class 2 or greater
13	felony) classified as a Class 2 or greater felony,
14	within 10 years of the date on which the offender
15	committed the offense for which he or she is being
16	sentenced, except as otherwise provided in Section
17	40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and
18	Dependency Act.
19	(F-5) A violation of Section 24-1, 24-1.1, or
20	24-1.6 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for which
21	imprisonment is prescribed in those Sections.
22	(G) Residential burglary, except as otherwise
23	provided in Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other

Drug Abuse and Dependency Act.

(H) Criminal sexual assault.

(I) Aggravated battery of a senior citizen.

1 (J) A forcible felony if the offense was related to 2 the activities of an organized gang.

Before July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" means an association of 5 or more persons, with an established hierarchy, that encourages members of the association to perpetrate crimes or provides support to the members of the association who do commit crimes.

Beginning July 1, 1994, for the purposes of this paragraph, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus Prevention Act.

- (K) Vehicular hijacking.
- (L) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of hate crime when the underlying offense upon which the hate crime is based is felony aggravated assault or felony mob action.
- (M) A second or subsequent conviction for the offense of institutional vandalism if the damage to the property exceeds \$300.
- (N) A Class 3 felony violation of paragraph (1) of subsection (a) of Section 2 of the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act.
- (0) A violation of Section 12-6.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
 - (P) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4),

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1	(5), or (7) of subsection (a) of Section 11-20.1 of the
2	Criminal Code of 1961.
3	(Q) A violation of Section 20-1.2 or 20-1.3 of the
4	Criminal Code of 1961.
5	(R) A violation of Section 24-3A of the Criminal
6	Code of 1961.
7	(S) (Blank).
8	(T) A second or subsequent violation of the
9	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
10	(U) A second or subsequent violation of Section
11	6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his
12	or her driver's license, permit, or privilege was
13	revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the
14	Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of
15	reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of
16	another state.
17	(V) A violation of paragraph (4) of subsection (c)
18	of Section 11-20.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
19	(W) A violation of Section 24-3.5 of the Criminal
20	Code of 1961.
21	(X) A violation of subsection (a) of Section 31-1a
22	of the Criminal Code of 1961.
23	(Y) A conviction for unlawful possession of a
24	firearm by a street gang member when the firearm was

loaded or contained firearm ammunition.

(Z) A Class 1 felony committed while he or she was

1 serving a term of probation or conditional discharge for a felony. 2 (AA) Theft of property exceeding \$500,000 and not 3 exceeding \$1,000,000 in value. 4 (BB) Laundering of criminally derived property of a value exceeding \$500,000. 6 7 (CC) Knowingly selling, offering for sale, holding for sale, or using 2,000 or more counterfeit items or 8 9 counterfeit items having a retail value in the 10 aggregate of \$500,000 or more. 11 (3) (Blank). 12 (4) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 10 consecutive days or 30 days of community service shall be 13 imposed for a violation of paragraph (c) of Section 6-303 14 15 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 16 (4.1) (Blank). 17 (4.2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.3) and (4.8)of this subsection (c), a minimum of 100 hours of community 18 service shall be imposed for a second violation of Section 19 20 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. (4.3) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days or 300 21 22 hours of community service, as determined by the court, 23 shall be imposed for a second violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 24 25 (4.4) Except as provided in paragraphs (4.5), (4.6),

and (4.9) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of

imprisonment of 30 days or 300 hours of community service, as determined by the court, shall be imposed for a third or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.

- (4.5) A minimum term of imprisonment of 30 days shall be imposed for a third violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.6) Except as provided in paragraph (4.10) of this subsection (c), a minimum term of imprisonment of 180 days shall be imposed for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (c) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- (4.7) A minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 30 consecutive days, or 300 hours of community service, shall be imposed for a violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (b-5) of that Section.
- (4.8) A mandatory prison sentence shall be imposed for a second violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (c-5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for a period of not less than 5 years from the date of his or her release from prison.
- (4.9) A mandatory prison sentence of not less than 4 and not more than 15 years shall be imposed for a third violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the

Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-2.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.

- (4.10) A mandatory prison sentence for a Class 1 felony shall be imposed, and the person shall be eligible for an extended term sentence, for a fourth or subsequent violation of subsection (a-5) of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, as provided in subsection (d-3.5) of that Section. The person's driving privileges shall be revoked for the remainder of his or her life.
- (5) The court may sentence a corporation or unincorporated association convicted of any offense to:
 - (A) a period of conditional discharge;
 - (B) a fine;
 - (C) make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 of this Code.
- (5.1) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and except as provided in paragraph (5.2) or (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 90 days but not more than one year, if the violation resulted in damage to the property of another person.
- (5.2) In addition to any other penalties imposed, and except as provided in paragraph (5.3), a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the

Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for at least 180 days but not more than 2 years, if the violation resulted in injury to another person.

- (5.3) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating subsection (c) of Section 11-907 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 2 years, if the violation resulted in the death of another person.
- (5.4) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for 3 months and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.
- (5.5) In addition to any other penalties imposed, a person convicted of violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code during a period in which his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges were suspended for a previous violation of that Section shall have his or her driver's license, permit, or privileges suspended for an additional 6 months after the expiration of the original 3-month suspension and until he or she has paid a reinstatement fee of \$100.
 - (6) (Blank).
 - (7) (Blank).

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- 1 (8) (Blank).
 - (9) A defendant convicted of a second or subsequent offense of ritualized abuse of a child may be sentenced to a term of natural life imprisonment.
 - (10) (Blank).
 - (11) The court shall impose a minimum fine of \$1,000 for a first offense and \$2,000 for a second or subsequent offense upon a person convicted of or placed on supervision for battery when the individual harmed was a sports official or coach at any level of competition and the act causing harm to the sports official or coach occurred within an athletic facility or within the immediate vicinity of the athletic facility at which the sports official or coach was an active participant of the athletic contest held at the athletic facility. For the purposes of this paragraph (11), "sports official" means a person at an athletic contest who enforces the rules of the contest, such as an umpire or referee; "athletic facility" means an indoor or outdoor playing field or recreational area where sports activities are conducted; and "coach" means a person recognized as a coach by the sanctioning authority that conducted the sporting event.
 - (12) A person may not receive a disposition of court supervision for a violation of Section 5-16 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act if that person has previously received a disposition of court supervision for a violation

of that Section.

- (13) A person convicted of or placed on court supervision for an assault or aggravated assault when the victim and the offender are family or household members as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or convicted of domestic battery or aggravated domestic battery may be required to attend a Partner Abuse Intervention Program under protocols set forth by the Illinois Department of Human Services under such terms and conditions imposed by the court. The costs of such classes shall be paid by the offender.
- (d) In any case in which a sentence originally imposed is vacated, the case shall be remanded to the trial court. The trial court shall hold a hearing under Section 5-4-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections which may include evidence of the defendant's life, moral character and occupation during the time since the original sentence was passed. The trial court shall then impose sentence upon the defendant. The trial court may impose any sentence which could have been imposed at the original trial subject to Section 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections. If a sentence is vacated on appeal or on collateral attack due to the failure of the trier of fact at trial to determine beyond a reasonable doubt the existence of a fact (other than a prior conviction) necessary to increase the punishment for the offense beyond the statutory maximum otherwise applicable, either the defendant may be re-sentenced

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1	to a term	within	the ra	nge other	wise	provid	ed or,	if	the State
2	files no	tice of	its i	intention	to	again	seek	the	extended
3	sentence,	the def	endant	shall be	affo	rded a	new tr	ial.	

- (e) In cases where prosecution for aggravated criminal sexual abuse under Section 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 results in conviction of a defendant who was a family member of the victim at the time of the commission of the offense, the court shall consider the safety and welfare of the victim and may impose a sentence of probation only where:
 - (1) the court finds (A) or (B) or both are appropriate:
 - (A) the defendant is willing to undergo a court approved counseling program for a minimum duration of 2 years; or
 - (B) the defendant is willing to participate in a court approved plan including but not limited to the defendant's:
 - (i) removal from the household;
 - (ii) restricted contact with the victim;
- 19 (iii) continued financial support of the 20 family;
- 21 (iv) restitution for harm done to the victim; 22 and
- 23 (v) compliance with any other measures that 24 the court may deem appropriate; and
 - (2) the court orders the defendant to pay for the victim's counseling services, to the extent that the court

finds, after considering the defendant's income and assets, that the defendant is financially capable of paying for such services, if the victim was under 18 years of age at the time the offense was committed and requires counseling as a result of the offense.

Probation may be revoked or modified pursuant to Section 5-6-4; except where the court determines at the hearing that the defendant violated a condition of his or her probation restricting contact with the victim or other family members or commits another offense with the victim or other family members, the court shall revoke the defendant's probation and impose a term of imprisonment.

For the purposes of this Section, "family member" and "victim" shall have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.

- (f) (Blank).
- (g) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Sections 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease, including a test for infection with human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any such medical test shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical practitioners and may include an analysis of

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any bodily fluids as well as an examination of the defendant's person. Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of the test results. The court shall also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's parents or legal quardian, the court shall notify the victim's parents or legal quardian of the test The court shall provide information availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is order to prosecute a charge of in criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be

taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

- (g-5) When an inmate is tested for an airborne communicable disease, as determined by the Illinois Department of Public Health including but not limited to tuberculosis, the results of the test shall be personally delivered by the warden or his or her designee in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the inmate must appear for the judge's inspection in camera if requested by the judge. Acting in accordance with the best interests of those in the courtroom, the judge shall have the discretion to determine what if any precautions need to be taken to prevent transmission of the disease in the courtroom.
- (h) Whenever a defendant is convicted of an offense under Section 1 or 2 of the Hypodermic Syringes and Needles Act, the defendant shall undergo medical testing to determine whether the defendant has been exposed to human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agent of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Except as otherwise provided by law, the results of such test shall be kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed envelope to the judge of the court in which the conviction was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting in accordance with the best interests of the public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to whom, if anyone, the results of the testing may be revealed. The court shall notify the defendant of a positive test showing an infection with the human

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immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall information on the availability of HIV testing and counseling at Department of Public Health facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing are revealed and shall direct the State's Attorney to provide the information to the victim when possible. A State's Attorney may petition the court to obtain the results of any HIV test administered under this Section, and the court shall grant the disclosure if the State's Attorney shows it is relevant in order to prosecute a charge of criminal transmission of HIV under Section 12-16.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 against the defendant. The court shall order that the cost of any such test shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against the convicted defendant.

- (i) All fines and penalties imposed under this Section for any violation of Chapters 3, 4, 6, and 11 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, and any violation of the Child Passenger Protection Act, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be collected and disbursed by the circuit clerk as provided under Section 27.5 of the Clerks of Courts Act.
- (j) In cases when prosecution for any violation of Section 11-6, 11-8, 11-9, 11-11, 11-14, 11-15, 11-15.1, 11-16, 11-17, 11-17.1, 11-18, 11-18.1, 11-19, 11-19.1, 11-19.2, 11-20.1, 11-21, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961, any violation of the Illinois Controlled

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Substances Act, any violation of the Cannabis Control Act, or any violation of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act results in conviction, a disposition of court supervision, or an order of probation granted under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substance Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act of a defendant, the court shall determine whether the defendant is employed by a facility or center as defined under the Child Care Act of 1969, a public or private elementary or secondary school, or otherwise works with children under 18 years of age on a daily basis. When a defendant is so employed, the court shall order the Clerk of the Court to send a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the defendant's employer by certified mail. If the employer of the defendant is a school, the Clerk of the Court shall direct the mailing of a copy of the judgment of conviction or order of supervision or probation to the appropriate regional superintendent of schools. The regional superintendent of schools shall notify the State Board of Education of any notification under this subsection.

(j-5) A defendant at least 17 years of age who is convicted of a felony and who has not been previously convicted of a misdemeanor or felony and who is sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the Illinois Department of Corrections shall as a condition of his or her sentence be required by the court to attend educational courses designed to prepare the defendant

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for a high school diploma and to work toward a high school diploma or to work toward passing the high school level Test of General Educational Development (GED) or to work toward completing a vocational training program offered by the Department of Corrections. If a defendant fails to complete the educational training required by his or her sentence during the term of incarceration, the Prisoner Review Board shall, as a condition of mandatory supervised release, require the defendant, at his or her own expense, to pursue a course of study toward a high school diploma or passage of the GED test. The Prisoner Review Board shall revoke the mandatory supervised release of a defendant who wilfully fails to comply with this subsection (j-5) upon his or her release from confinement in a penal institution while serving a mandatory supervised release term; however, the inability of the defendant after making a good faith effort to obtain financial aid or pay for the educational training shall not be deemed a wilful failure to comply. The Prisoner Review Board shall recommit the defendant whose mandatory supervised release term has been revoked under this subsection (j-5) as provided in Section 3-3-9. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who has a high school diploma or has successfully passed the GED test. This subsection (j-5) does not apply to a defendant who is determined by the court to be developmentally disabled or otherwise mentally incapable of completing the educational or vocational program.

- 1 (k) (Blank).
 - (1) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (C) of subsection (1), whenever a defendant, who is an alien as defined by the Immigration and Nationality Act, is convicted of any felony or misdemeanor offense, the court after sentencing the defendant may, upon motion of the State's Attorney, hold sentence in abeyance and remand the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent to be deported when:
 - (1) a final order of deportation has been issued against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice. Otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided in this Chapter V.
 - (B) If the defendant has already been sentenced for a felony or misdemeanor offense, or has been placed on probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, the court may, upon motion of the State's Attorney to suspend the sentence imposed, commit the defendant to the custody of the Attorney General of the United States or his or her designated agent when:

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- 1 (1) a final order of deportation has been issued 2 against the defendant pursuant to proceedings under 3 the Immigration and Nationality Act, and
 - (2) the deportation of the defendant would not deprecate the seriousness of the defendant's conduct and would not be inconsistent with the ends of justice.
 - (C) This subsection (1) does not apply to offenders who are subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 3-6-3.
 - (D) Upon motion of the State's Attorney, if a defendant sentenced under this Section returns to the jurisdiction of the United States, the defendant shall be recommitted to custody of the county from which he or she was sentenced. Thereafter, the defendant shall be brought before the sentencing court, which may impose any sentence that was available under Section 5-5-3 at the time of initial sentencing. In addition, the defendant shall not be additional conduct eligible for good credit for meritorious service as provided under Section 3-6-6.
 - (m) A person convicted of criminal defacement of property under Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, in which the property damage exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building, shall be ordered to perform community service that may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement.
 - (n) The court may sentence a person convicted of a

- 1 violation of Section 12-19, 12-21, or 16-1.3 of the Criminal
- 2 Code of 1961 (i) to an impact incarceration program if the
- 3 person is otherwise eligible for that program under Section
- 4 5-8-1.1, (ii) to community service, or (iii) if the person is
- 5 an addict or alcoholic, as defined in the Alcoholism and Other
- 6 Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, to a substance or alcohol abuse
- 7 program licensed under that Act.
- 8 (o) Whenever a person is convicted of a sex offense as
- 9 defined in Section 2 of the Sex Offender Registration Act, the
- 10 defendant's driver's license or permit shall be subject to
- 11 renewal on an annual basis in accordance with the provisions of
- 12 license renewal established by the Secretary of State.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 95-188, eff. 8-16-07; 95-259, eff. 8-17-07;
- 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 95-377, eff. 1-1-08; 95-579, eff. 6-1-08;
- 15 95-876, eff. 8-21-08; 95-882, eff. 1-1-09; 95-1052, eff.
- 16 7-1-09; 96-348, eff. 8-12-09; 96-400, eff. 8-13-09; 96-829,
- 17 eff. 12-3-09; 96-1200, eff. 7-22-10.)