# 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

# 2011 and 2012

## HB2068

Introduced 2/22/2011, by Rep. Kay Hatcher

# SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

10 ILCS 5/7-8

from Ch. 46, par. 7-8

Amends the Election Code. Provides that at the primary in 2012 and at the general primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in cities having a population of 250,000 (instead of 200,000) or more, may vote for one candidate of his or her party in his or her ward for ward committeeman. Further provides that at the primary election in 2014 and at the general primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more, outside of cities containing a population of 250,000 (instead of 200,000) or more, may vote for one candidate of his or her party for township committeeman and each candidate for township committeeman must be a resident of and in the township or part of a township (which lies outside of a city having a population of 250,000 (instead of 200,000) or more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks to be elected township committeeman. Effective immediately.

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AN ACT concerning elections.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing Section
7-8 as follows:

6 (10 ILCS 5/7-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-8)
7 Sec. 7-8. The State central committee shall be composed of
8 one or two members from each congressional district in the
9 State and shall be elected as follows:

10 State Central Committee

(a) Within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1983 the State central committee of each political party shall certify to the State Board of Elections which of the following alternatives it wishes to apply to the State central committee of that party.

Alternative A. At the primary in 1970 and at the general 16 17 primary election held every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector may vote for one candidate of his party for member of 18 19 the State central committee for the congressional district in 20 which he resides. The candidate receiving the highest number of 21 votes shall be declared elected State central committeeman from 22 the district. A political party may, in lieu of the foregoing, by a majority vote of delegates at any State convention of such 23

1 party, determine to thereafter elect the State central 2 committeemen in the manner following:

At the county convention held by such political party State 3 central committeemen shall be elected in the same manner as 4 5 provided in this Article for the election of officers of the 6 county central committee, and such election shall follow the election of officers of the county central committee. Each 7 8 elected ward, township or precinct committeeman shall cast as 9 his vote one vote for each ballot voted in his ward, township, 10 part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary 11 election of his political party. In the case of a county lying 12 partially within one congressional district and partially 13 within another congressional district, each ward, township or 14 precinct committeeman shall vote only with respect to the 15 congressional district in which his ward, township, part of a 16 township or precinct is located. In the case of a congressional 17 district which encompasses more than one county, each ward, township or precinct committeeman residing within 18 the congressional district shall cast as his vote one vote for each 19 20 ballot voted in his ward, township, part of a township or precinct in the last preceding primary election of his 21 22 political party for one candidate of his party for member of 23 the State central committee for the congressional district in which he resides and the Chairman of the county central 24 25 committee shall report the results of the election to the State Board of Elections. The State Board of Elections shall certify 26

the candidate receiving the highest number of votes elected
 State central committeeman for that congressional district.

3 The State central committee shall adopt rules to provide 4 for and govern the procedures to be followed in the election of 5 members of the State central committee.

After the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 91st 6 7 General Assembly, whenever a vacancy occurs in the office of Chairman of a State central committee, or at the end of the 8 9 term of office of Chairman, the State central committee of each 10 political party that has selected Alternative A shall elect a 11 Chairman who shall not be required to be a member of the State 12 Central Committee. The Chairman shall be a registered voter in this State and of the same political party as the State central 13 14 committee.

15 Alternative B. Each congressional committee shall, within 16 30 days after the adoption of this alternative, appoint a 17 person of the sex opposite that of the incumbent member for that congressional district to serve as an additional member of 18 the State central committee until his or her successor is 19 20 elected at the general primary election in 1986. Each 21 congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting 22 on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section. In 23 each congressional district at the general primary election 24 held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, the male candidate 25 receiving the highest number of votes of the party's male 26 candidates for State central committeeman, and the female

candidate receiving the highest number of votes of the party's 1 2 female candidates for State central committeewoman, shall be declared elected State central committeeman and State central 3 committeewoman from the district. At the general primary 4 election held in 1986 and every 4 years thereafter, if all a 5 party's candidates for State central committeemen or State 6 7 central committeewomen from a congressional district are of the same sex, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes 8 9 shall be declared elected a State central committeeman or State 10 central committeewoman from the district, and, because of a 11 failure to elect one male and one female to the committee, a 12 vacancy shall be declared to exist in the office of the second 13 member of the State central committee from the district. This 14 vacancy shall be filled by appointment by the congressional 15 committee of the political party, and the person appointed to 16 fill the vacancy shall be a resident of the congressional 17 district and of the sex opposite that of the committeeman or committeewoman elected at the general primary election. Each 18 19 congressional committee shall make this appointment by voting 20 on the basis set forth in paragraph (e) of this Section.

The Chairman of a State central committee composed as provided in this Alternative B must be selected from the committee's members.

Except as provided for in Alternative A with respect to the selection of the Chairman of the State central committee, under both of the foregoing alternatives, the State central committee

of each political party shall be composed of members elected or 1 2 appointed from the several congressional districts of the 3 State, and of no other person or persons whomsoever. The members of the State central committee shall, within 41 days 4 5 after each quadrennial election of the full committee, meet in the city of Springfield and organize by electing a chairman, 6 and may at such time elect such officers from among their own 7 8 number (or otherwise), as they may deem necessary or expedient. 9 The outgoing chairman of the State central committee of the 10 party shall, 10 days before the meeting, notify each member of 11 the State central committee elected at the primary of the time 12 and place of such meeting. In the organization and proceedings of the State central committee, each State central committeeman 13 14 and State central committeewoman shall have one vote for each 15 ballot voted in his or her congressional district by the 16 primary electors of his or her party at the primary election 17 immediately preceding the meeting of the State central committee. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the State central 18 19 committee of any political party, the vacancy shall be filled 20 by appointment of the chairmen of the county central committees of the political party of the counties located within the 21 22 congressional district in which the vacancy occurs and, if 23 applicable, the ward and township committeemen of the political party in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants located 24 25 within the congressional district. If the congressional 26 district in which the vacancy occurs lies wholly within a

county of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants, the ward and township 1 2 committeemen of the political party in that congressional district shall vote to fill the vacancy. In voting to fill the 3 vacancy, each chairman of a county central committee and each 4 5 ward and township committeeman in counties of 2,000,000 or more inhabitants shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each 6 7 precinct of the congressional district in which the vacancy 8 exists of his or her county, township, or ward cast by the 9 primary electors of his or her party at the primary election 10 immediately preceding the meeting to fill the vacancy in the 11 State central committee. The person appointed to fill the 12 vacancy shall be a resident of the congressional district in 13 which the vacancy occurs, shall be a qualified voter, and, in a 14 committee composed as provided in Alternative B, shall be of 15 the same sex as his or her predecessor. A political party may, 16 by a majority vote of the delegates of any State convention of 17 such party, determine to return to the election of State central committeeman and State central committeewoman by the 18 vote of primary electors. Any action taken by a political party 19 20 at a State convention in accordance with this Section shall be reported to the State Board of Elections by the chairman and 21 22 secretary of such convention within 10 days after such action.

Ward, Township and Precinct Committeemen Ward, Township and Precinct Committeemen (b) At the primary in <u>2012</u> <del>1972</del> and at the general primary election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in cities having a population of <u>250,000</u> <del>200,000</del> or over may vote

for one candidate of his or her party in his or her ward for 1 2 ward committeeman. Each candidate for ward committeeman must be a resident of and in the ward where he seeks to be elected ward 3 committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall 4 5 be such ward committeeman of such party for such ward. At the primary election in 2014 1970 and at the general primary 6 election every 4 years thereafter, each primary elector in 7 counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or more, outside 8 9 of cities containing a population of 250,000 200,000 or more, may vote for one candidate of his party for township 10 11 committeeman. Each candidate for township committeeman must be 12 a resident of and in the township or part of a township (which lies outside of a city having a population of 250,000 200,000 13 or more, in counties containing a population of 2,000,000 or 14 15 more), and in which township or part of a township he seeks to 16 be elected township committeeman. The one having the highest 17 number of votes shall be such township committeeman of such party for such township or part of a township. At the primary 18 in 1970 and at the general primary election every 2 years 19 thereafter, each primary elector, except in counties having a 20 population of 2,000,000 or over, may vote for one candidate of 21 22 his party in his precinct for precinct committeeman. Each 23 candidate for precinct committeeman must be a bona fide 24 resident of the precinct where he seeks to be elected precinct 25 committeeman. The one having the highest number of votes shall 26 be such precinct committeeman of such party for such precinct.

1 The official returns of the primary shall show the name of the 2 committeeman of each political party.

3 Terms of Committeemen. All precinct committeemen elected under the provisions of this Article shall continue as such 4 5 committeemen until the date of the primary to be held in the second year after their election. Except as otherwise provided 6 7 in this Section for certain State central committeemen who have 8 2 year terms, all State central committeemen, township 9 committeemen and ward committeemen shall continue as such 10 committeemen until the date of primary to be held in the fourth 11 year after their election. However, a vacancy exists in the 12 office of precinct committeeman when a precinct committeeman 13 ceases to reside in the precinct in which he was elected and such precinct committeeman shall thereafter neither have nor 14 15 exercise any rights, powers or duties as committeeman in that 16 precinct, even if a successor has not been elected or 17 appointed.

(c) The Multi-Township Central Committee shall consist of 18 19 the precinct committeemen of such party, in the multi-township 20 assessing district formed pursuant to Section 2-10 of the 21 Property Tax Code and shall be organized for the purposes set forth in Section 45-25 of the Township Code. 22 In the 23 organization and proceedings of the Multi-Township Central Committee each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for 24 25 each ballot voted in his precinct by the primary electors of 26 his party at the primary at which he was elected.

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#### County Central Committee

2 (d) The county central committee of each political party in 3 each county shall consist of the various township committeemen, precinct committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of such 4 5 party in the county. In the organization and proceedings of the county central committee, each precinct committeeman shall 6 7 have one vote for each ballot voted in his precinct by the 8 primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was 9 elected; each township committeeman shall have one vote for 10 each ballot voted in his township or part of a township as the 11 case may be by the primary electors of his party at the primary 12 election for the nomination of candidates for election to the General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the 13 14 county central committee; and in the organization and 15 proceedings of the county central committee, each ward 16 committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his 17 ward by the primary electors of his party at the primary election for the nomination of candidates for election to the 18 General Assembly immediately preceding the meeting of the 19 20 county central committee.

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Cook County Board of Review Election District Committee

(d-1) Each board of review election district committee of each political party in Cook County shall consist of the various township committeemen and ward committeemen, if any, of that party in the portions of the county composing the board of review election district. In the organization and proceedings

of each of the 3 election district committees, each township 1 2 committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his 3 or her township or part of a township, as the case may be, by the primary electors of his or her party at the primary 4 5 election immediately preceding the meeting of the board of review election district committee; and in the organization and 6 7 proceedings of each of the 3 election district committees, each ward committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in 8 9 his or her ward or part of that ward, as the case may be, by the 10 primary electors of his or her party at the primary election 11 immediately preceding the meeting of the board of review 12 election district committee.

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## Congressional Committee

14 (e) The congressional committee of each party in each 15 congressional district shall be composed of the chairmen of the 16 county central committees of the counties composing the 17 congressional district, except that in congressional districts wholly within the territorial limits of one county, the 18 19 precinct committeemen, township committeemen and ward 20 committeemen, if any, of the party representing the precincts 21 within the limits of the congressional district, shall compose 22 the congressional committee. A State central committeeman in 23 each district shall be a member and the chairman or, when a district has 2 State central committeemen, a co-chairman of the 24 congressional committee, but shall not have the right to vote 25 26 except in case of a tie.

In the organization and proceedings of congressional 1 committees composed of precinct committeemen or township 2 committeemen or ward committeemen, or any combination thereof, 3 each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot 4 5 voted in his precinct by the primary electors of his party at the primary at which he was elected, each township committeeman 6 7 shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or 8 part of a township as the case may be by the primary electors 9 of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the 10 meeting of the congressional committee, and each ward 11 committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in each 12 precinct of his ward located in such congressional district by 13 the primary electors of his party at the primary election 14 immediately preceding the meeting of the congressional 15 committee; and in the organization and proceedings of 16 congressional committees composed of the chairmen of the county 17 central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote 18 for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of 19 his party at the primary election immediately preceding the 20 meeting of the congressional committee. 21

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## Judicial District Committee

(f) The judicial district committee of each political party in each judicial district shall be composed of the chairman of the county central committees of the counties composing the judicial district. - 12 - LRB097 08064 HLH 48187 b

In the organization and proceedings of judicial district committees composed of the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties within such district, each chairman of such county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial district committee.

9 (g) The circuit court committee of each political party in 10 each judicial circuit outside Cook County shall be composed of 11 the chairmen of the county central committees of the counties 12 composing the judicial circuit.

Circuit Court Committee

In the organization and proceedings of circuit court committees, each chairman of a county central committee shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his county by the primary electors of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the meeting of the circuit court committee.

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## Judicial Subcircuit Committee

(g-1) The judicial subcircuit committee of each political party in each judicial subcircuit in a judicial circuit divided into subcircuits shall be composed of (i) the ward and township committeemen of the townships and wards composing the judicial subcircuit in Cook County and (ii) the precinct committeemen of the precincts composing the judicial subcircuit in any county other than Cook County.

In the organization and proceedings of each judicial 1 2 subcircuit committee, each township committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his township or part of a 3 township, as the case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the 4 5 primary electors of his party at the primary election 6 immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee; each precinct committeeman shall have one vote for 7 8 each ballot voted in his precinct or part of a precinct, as the 9 case may be, in the judicial subcircuit by the primary electors 10 of his party at the primary election immediately preceding the 11 meeting of the judicial subcircuit committee; and each ward 12 committeeman shall have one vote for each ballot voted in his ward or part of a ward, as the case may be, in the judicial 13 subcircuit by the primary electors of his party at the primary 14 election immediately preceding the meeting of the judicial 15 16 subcircuit committee.

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### Municipal Central Committee

(h) The municipal central committee of each political party 18 19 shall be composed of the precinct, township or ward committeemen, as the case may be, of such party representing 20 the precincts or wards, embraced in such city, incorporated 21 22 town or village. The voting strength of each precinct, township 23 or ward committeeman on the municipal central committee shall be the same as his voting strength on the county central 24 25 committee.

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For political parties, other than a statewide political

party, established only within a municipality or township, the 1 2 municipal or township managing committee shall be composed of the party officers of the local established party. The party 3 officers of a local established party shall be as follows: the 4 5 chairman and secretary of the caucus for those municipalities 6 and townships authorized by statute to nominate candidates by caucus shall serve as party officers for the purpose of filling 7 vacancies in nomination under Section 7-61; for municipalities 8 9 and townships authorized by statute or ordinance to nominate 10 candidates by petition and primary election, the party officers 11 shall be the party's candidates who are nominated at the 12 primary. If no party primary was held because of the provisions of Section 7-5, vacancies in nomination shall be filled by the 13 party's remaining candidates who shall serve as the party's 14 15 officers.

#### Powers

17 (i) Each committee and its officers shall have the powers usually exercised by such committees and by the officers 18 19 thereof, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article. 20 The several committees herein provided for shall not have power to delegate any of their powers, or functions to any other 21 22 person, officer or committee, but this shall not be construed 23 to prevent a committee from appointing from its own membership 24 proper and necessary subcommittees.

(j) The State central committee of a political party which
 elects it members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this

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Section shall adopt a plan to give effect to the delegate
 selection rules of the national political party and file a copy
 of such plan with the State Board of Elections when approved by
 a national political party.

5 (k) For the purpose of the designation of a proxy by a 6 Congressional Committee to vote in place of an absent State 7 central committeeman or committeewoman at meetings of the State 8 central committee of a political party which elects its members 9 by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this Section, the proxy 10 shall be appointed by the vote of the ward and township 11 committeemen, if any, of the wards and townships which lie 12 entirely or partially within the Congressional District from 13 which the absent State central committeeman or committeewoman was elected and the vote of the chairmen of the county central 14 15 committees of those counties which lie entirely or partially 16 within that Congressional District and in which there are no 17 ward or township committeemen. When voting for such proxy the county chairman, ward committeeman or township committeeman, 18 as the case may be shall have one vote for each ballot voted in 19 20 his county, ward or township, or portion thereof within the Congressional District, by the primary electors of his party at 21 22 the primary at which he was elected. However, the absent State 23 central committeeman or committeewoman may designate a proxy when permitted by the rules of a political party which elects 24 25 its members by Alternative B under paragraph (a) of this 26 Section.

Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a person is ineligible to hold the position of committeeperson in any committee established pursuant to this Section if he or she is statutorily ineligible to vote in a general election because of conviction of a felony. When a committeeperson is convicted of a felony, the position occupied by that committeeperson shall automatically become vacant.

8 (Source: P.A. 94-645, eff. 8-22-05; 95-6, eff. 6-20-07; 95-699, 9 eff. 11-9-07.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.