97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2011 and 2012

HB2933

Introduced 2/23/2011, by Rep. William D. Burns

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

20 ILCS 2630/5.2 730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.3 new

Amends the Criminal Identification Act and the Unified Code of Corrections. Creates Offender Initiative Probation. Provides that whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of, or placed on probation or conditional discharge for, any felony offense, other than a violent offense, under the laws of this State, the laws of any other state, or the laws of the United States, pleads guilty to, or is found guilty of, a probationable felony offense of theft, retail theft, forgery, possession of a stolen motor vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, possession of cannabis, possession of a controlled substance, or possession of methamphetamine, the court, with the consent of both the defendant and the State's Attorney, may, without entering a judgment, sentence the defendant to probation. Establishes the terms and conditions of the probation. Provides that upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the proceedings against the person. Provides that upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and proceed as otherwise provided by law.

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CORRECTIONAL BUDGET AND IMPACT NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

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2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by 5 changing Section 5.2 as follows:

6 (20 ILCS 2630/5.2)

7 Sec. 5.2. Expungement and sealing.

8 (a) General Provisions.

9 (1) Definitions. In this Act, words and phrases have 10 the meanings set forth in this subsection, except when a 11 particular context clearly requires a different meaning.

12 (A) The following terms shall have the meanings
13 ascribed to them in the Unified Code of Corrections,
14 730 ILCS 5/5-1-2 through 5/5-1-22:

15	(i) Business Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-2),
16	(ii) Charge (730 ILCS 5/5-1-3),
17	(iii) Court (730 ILCS 5/5-1-6),
18	(iv) Defendant (730 ILCS 5/5-1-7),
19	(v) Felony (730 ILCS 5/5-1-9),
20	(vi) Imprisonment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-10),
21	(vii) Judgment (730 ILCS 5/5-1-12),
22	(viii) Misdemeanor (730 ILCS 5/5-1-14),
23	(ix) Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-15),

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1 (x) Parole (730 ILCS 5/5-1-16), 2 (xi) Petty Offense (730 ILCS 5/5-1-17), 3 (xii) Probation (730 ILCS 5/5-1-18), 4 (xiii) Sentence (730 ILCS 5/5-1-19), 5 (xiv) Supervision (730 ILCS 5/5-1-21), and 6 (xv) Victim (730 ILCS 5/5-1-22).

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(B) As used in this Section, "charge not initiated
by arrest" means a charge (as defined by 730 ILCS
5/5-1-3) brought against a defendant where the
defendant is not arrested prior to or as a direct
result of the charge.

12 (C) "Conviction" means a judgment of conviction or 13 sentence entered upon a plea of guilty or upon a 14 verdict or finding of guilty of an offense, rendered by 15 a legally constituted jury or by a court of competent 16 jurisdiction authorized to try the case without a jury. 17 An order of supervision successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of qualified 18 19 probation (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (J)) 20 successfully completed by the petitioner is not a conviction. An order of supervision or an order of 21 22 qualified probation is terminated that 23 unsatisfactorily conviction, is а unless the 24 unsatisfactory termination is reversed, vacated, or 25 modified and the judgment of conviction, if any, is 26 reversed or vacated.

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1 (D) "Criminal offense" means a petty offense, 2 business offense, misdemeanor, felony, or municipal 3 ordinance violation (as defined in subsection 4 (a)(1)(H)). As used in this Section, a minor traffic 5 offense (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(G)) shall not 6 be considered a criminal offense.

7 (E) "Expunge" means to physically destroy the 8 records or return them to the petitioner and to 9 obliterate the petitioner's name from any official 10 index or public record, or both. Nothing in this Act 11 shall require the physical destruction of the circuit 12 court file, but such records relating to arrests or 13 charges, or both, ordered expunged shall be impounded 14 required by subsections (d)(9)(A)(ii) as and 15 (d)(9)(B)(ii).

16 (F) As used in this Section, "last sentence" means 17 the sentence, order of supervision, or order of 18 qualified probation (as defined by subsection 19 (a) (1) (J), for a criminal offense (as defined by 20 subsection (a)(1)(D)) that terminates last in time in any jurisdiction, regardless of whether the petitioner 21 has included the criminal offense for which the 22 23 order of supervision sentence or or qualified 24 probation was imposed in his or her petition. If 25 multiple sentences, orders of supervision, or orders 26 of qualified probation terminate on the same day and are last in time, they shall be collectively considered
 the "last sentence" regardless of whether they were
 ordered to run concurrently.

4 (G) "Minor traffic offense" means a petty offense, 5 business offense, or Class C misdemeanor under the 6 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a 7 municipal or local ordinance.

8 (H) "Municipal ordinance violation" means an 9 offense defined by a municipal or local ordinance that 10 is criminal in nature and with which the petitioner was 11 charged or for which the petitioner was arrested and 12 released without charging.

(I) "Petitioner" means an adult or a minor
prosecuted as an adult who has applied for relief under
this Section.

16 (J) "Qualified probation" means an order of 17 probation under Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, 18 19 Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and 20 Community Protection Act, Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections, Section 12-4.3(b)(1) and 21 22 (2) of the Criminal Code of 1961 (as those provisions 23 existed before their deletion by Public Act 89-313), Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other 24 25 Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism 26 and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10

of the Steroid Control Act. For the purpose of this 1 2 Section, "successful completion" of an order of 3 qualified probation under Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act and 4 5 Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act means that the probation was 6 7 terminated satisfactorily and the judgment of 8 conviction was vacated.

9 (K) "Seal" means to physically and electronically 10 maintain the records, unless the records would 11 otherwise be destroyed due to age, but to make the 12 records unavailable without a court order, subject to 13 the exceptions in Sections 12 and 13 of this Act. The 14 petitioner's name shall also be obliterated from the 15 official index required to be kept by the circuit court 16 clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 17 any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order to seal shall not be affected. 18

(L) "Sexual offense committed against a minor"
includes but is not limited to the offenses of indecent
solicitation of a child or criminal sexual abuse when
the victim of such offense is under 18 years of age.

(M) "Terminate" as it relates to a sentence or
 order of supervision or qualified probation includes
 either satisfactory or unsatisfactory termination of
 the sentence, unless otherwise specified in this

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1 Section.

(2) Minor Traffic Offenses. Orders of supervision or
convictions for minor traffic offenses shall not affect a
petitioner's eligibility to expunge or seal records
pursuant to this Section.

6 (3) Exclusions. Except as otherwise provided in 7 subsections (b)(5), (b)(6), and (e) of this Section, the 8 court shall not order:

9 (A) the sealing or expungement of the records of 10 arrests or charges not initiated by arrest that result 11 in an order of supervision for or conviction of: (i) 12 any sexual offense committed against a minor; (ii) 13 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or 14 (iii) Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 15 16 similar provision of a local ordinance.

(B) the sealing or expungement of records of minor
traffic offenses (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (G)),
unless the petitioner was arrested and released
without charging.

(C) the sealing of the records of arrests or
charges not initiated by arrest which result in an
order of supervision, an order of qualified probation
(as defined in subsection (a) (1) (J)), or a conviction
for the following offenses:

(i) offenses included in Article 11 of the

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Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, except Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

(ii) Section 12-15, 12-30, or 26-5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

8 (iii) offenses defined as "crimes of violence" 9 in Section 2 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act 10 or a similar provision of a local ordinance;

(iv) offenses which are Class A misdemeanors
 under the Humane Care for Animals Act; or

(v) any offense or attempted offense that
would subject a person to registration under the
Sex Offender Registration Act.

16 (D) the sealing of the records of an arrest which 17 results in the petitioner being charged with a felony 18 offense or records of a charge not initiated by arrest 19 for a felony offense, regardless of the disposition, 20 unless:

(i) the charge is amended to a misdemeanor and is otherwise eligible to be sealed pursuant to subsection (c);

(ii) the charge is brought along with another
charge as a part of one case and the charge results
in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when the

conviction was reversed or vacated, and another charge brought in the same case results in a disposition for a misdemeanor offense that is eligible to be sealed pursuant to subsection (c) or a disposition listed in paragraph (i), (iii) or (iv) of this subsection;

(iii) the charge results in first offender probation as set forth in subsection (c)(2)(E); or

9 (iv) the charge is for a Class 4 felony offense 10 listed in subsection (c) (2) (F) or the charge is 11 amended to a Class 4 felony offense listed in 12 subsection (c)(2)(F). Records of arrests which 13 result in the petitioner being charged with a Class 14 4 felony offense listed in subsection (c)(2)(F), 15 records of charges not initiated by arrest for 16 Class 4 felony offenses listed in subsection 17 (c)(2)(F), and records of charges amended to a Class 4 felony offense listed in (c)(2)(F) may be 18 19 sealed, regardless of the disposition, subject to 20 any waiting periods set forth in subsection (c)(3). 21

22 (b) Expungement.

(1) A petitioner may petition the circuit court to
expunge the records of his or her arrests and charges not
initiated by arrest when:

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(A) He or she has never been convicted of a

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criminal offense; and

2 (B) Each arrest or charge not initiated by arrest sought to be expunged resulted in: (i) acquittal, 3 dismissal, or the petitioner's release 4 without 5 charging, unless excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (ii) a conviction which was vacated or reversed, unless 6 7 excluded by subsection (a)(3)(B); (iii) an order of 8 supervision and such supervision was successfully 9 completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by 10 subsection (a) (3) (A) or (a) (3) (B); or (iv) an order of 11 qualified probation (as defined in subsection 12 (a) (1) (J)) and such probation was successfully 13 completed by the petitioner.

(2) Time frame for filing a petition to expunge.

(A) When the arrest or charge not initiated by
arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an acquittal,
dismissal, the petitioner's release without charging,
or the reversal or vacation of a conviction, there is
no waiting period to petition for the expungement of
such records.

(B) When the arrest or charge not initiated by
arrest sought to be expunded resulted in an order of
supervision, successfully completed by the petitioner,
the following time frames will apply:

(i) Those arrests or charges that resulted in
 orders of supervision under Section 3-707, 3-708,

3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 1 2 similar provision of a local ordinance, or under Section 12-3.2, 12-15 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code 3 1961 or a similar provision of a local 4 of 5 ordinance, shall not be eligible for expungement 6 until 5 years have passed following the 7 satisfactory termination of the supervision.

8 (ii) Those arrests or charges that resulted in 9 orders of supervision for any other offenses shall 10 not be eligible for expungement until 2 years have 11 passed following the satisfactory termination of 12 the supervision.

13 (C) When the arrest or charge not initiated by 14 arrest sought to be expunged resulted in an order of 15 qualified probation, successfully completed by the 16 petitioner, such records shall not be eligible for 17 expungement until 5 years have passed following the 18 satisfactory termination of the probation.

19 (3) Those records maintained by the Department for 20 persons arrested prior to their 17th birthday shall be 21 expunged as provided in Section 5-915 of the Juvenile Court 22 Act of 1987.

(4) Whenever a person has been arrested for or
convicted of any offense, in the name of a person whose
identity he or she has stolen or otherwise come into
possession of, the aggrieved person from whom the identity

1 was stolen or otherwise obtained without authorization, 2 upon learning of the person having been arrested using his 3 or her identity, may, upon verified petition to the chief judge of the circuit wherein the arrest was made, have a 4 5 court order entered nunc pro tunc by the Chief Judge to correct the arrest record, conviction record, if any, and 6 7 all official records of the arresting authority, the 8 Department, other criminal justice agencies, the 9 prosecutor, and the trial court concerning such arrest, if 10 any, by removing his or her name from all such records in 11 connection with the arrest and conviction, if any, and by 12 inserting in the records the name of the offender, if known or ascertainable, in lieu of the aggrieved's name. The 13 14 records of the circuit court clerk shall be sealed until 15 further order of the court upon good cause shown and the 16 name of the aggrieved person obliterated on the official 17 index required to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but the order shall 18 19 not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk 20 before the entry of the order. Nothing in this Section shall limit the Department of State Police or other 21 22 criminal justice agencies or prosecutors from listing 23 under an offender's name the false names he or she has 24 used.

(5) Whenever a person has been convicted of criminal
 sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual assault,

predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, criminal 1 2 sexual abuse, or aggravated criminal sexual abuse, the 3 victim of that offense may request that the State's Attorney of the county in which the conviction occurred 4 5 file a verified petition with the presiding trial judge at the petitioner's trial to have a court order entered to 6 7 seal the records of the circuit court clerk in connection 8 with the proceedings of the trial court concerning that 9 offense. However, the records of the arresting authority 10 and the Department of State Police concerning the offense 11 shall not be sealed. The court, upon good cause shown, 12 shall make the records of the circuit court clerk in proceedings of 13 connection with the the trial court 14 concerning the offense available for public inspection.

15 (6) If a conviction has been set aside on direct review 16 or on collateral attack and the court determines by clear 17 and convincing evidence that the petitioner was factually 18 innocent of the charge, the court shall enter an 19 expungement order as provided in subsection (b) of Section 20 5-5-4 of the Unified Code of Corrections.

21 (7)Nothing in this Section shall prevent the 22 Department of State Police from maintaining all records of 23 any person who is admitted to probation upon terms and 24 conditions and who fulfills those terms and conditions 25 pursuant to Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 26 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, Section 70

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of the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, <u>Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections</u>, Section 12-4.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, Section 10-102 of the Illinois Alcoholism and Other Drug Dependency Act, Section 40-10 of the Alcoholism and Other Drug Abuse and Dependency Act, or Section 10 of the Steroid Control Act.

(c) Sealing.

8 (1) Applicability. Notwithstanding any other provision 9 of this Act to the contrary, and cumulative with any rights 10 to expungement of criminal records, this subsection 11 authorizes the sealing of criminal records of adults and of 12 minors prosecuted as adults.

13 (2) Eligible Records. The following records may be14 sealed:

15 (A) All arrests resulting in release without16 charging;

(B) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
resulting in acquittal, dismissal, or conviction when
the conviction was reversed or vacated, except as
excluded by subsection (a) (3) (B) or (a) (3) (D);

(C) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of supervision successfully completed by the petitioner, unless excluded by subsection (a) (3);

(D) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest
 resulting in convictions unless excluded by subsection

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(a) (3); 1 2 (E) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in orders of first offender probation under 3 Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, Section 410 of 4 5 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or Section 70 6 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community 7 Protection Act, or Section 5-6-3.3 of the Unified Code of Corrections; and 8 9 (F) Arrests or charges not initiated by arrest resulting in Class 4 felony convictions for the 10 11 following offenses: 12 (i) Section 11-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961; 13 (ii) Section 4 of the Cannabis Control Act; (iii) Section 402 of the Illinois Controlled 14 15 Substances Act; 16 (iv) the Methamphetamine Precursor Control 17 Act; and (v) the Steroid Control Act. 18 19 (3) When Records Are Eligible to Be Sealed. Records identified as eligible under subsection (c)(2) may be 20 sealed as follows: 21 22 (A) Records identified as eligible under 23 subsection (c)(2)(A) and (c)(2)(B) may be sealed at any 24 time. 25 (B) Records identified as eligible under 26 subsection (c) (2) (C) may be sealed (i) 3 years after

the termination of petitioner's last sentence 1 (as 2 defined in subsection (a) (1) (F)) if the petitioner has never been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined 3 in subsection (a)(1)(D)); or (ii) 4 years after the 4 5 termination of the petitioner's last sentence (as 6 defined in subsection (a)(1)(F) if the petitioner has 7 ever been convicted of a criminal offense (as defined in subsection (a) (1) (D)). 8

9 (C) Records identified eligible as under 10 subsections (c)(2)(D), (c)(2)(E), and (c)(2)(F) may be 11 sealed 4 years after the termination of the 12 petitioner's last sentence (as defined in subsection 13 (a) (1) (F)).

(4) Subsequent felony convictions. A person may not 14 15 have subsequent felony conviction records sealed as 16 provided in this subsection (c) if he or she is convicted 17 of any felony offense after the date of the sealing of 18 prior felony convictions as provided in this subsection 19 (c). The court may, upon conviction for a subsequent felony 20 offense, order the unsealing of prior felony conviction 21 records previously ordered sealed by the court.

(5) Notice of eligibility for sealing. Upon entry of a
disposition for an eligible record under this subsection
(c), the petitioner shall be informed by the court of the
right to have the records sealed and the procedures for the
sealing of the records.

1 (d) Procedure. The following procedures apply to 2 expungement under subsections (b) and (e), and sealing under 3 subsection (c):

(1) Filing the petition. Upon becoming eligible to 4 5 petition for the expungement or sealing of records under the petitioner shall file a 6 this Section, petition 7 requesting the expungement or sealing of records with the 8 clerk of the court where the arrests occurred or the 9 charges were brought, or both. If arrests occurred or 10 charges were brought in multiple jurisdictions, a petition 11 must be filed in each such jurisdiction. The petitioner 12 shall pay the applicable fee, if not waived.

13 (2) Contents of petition. The petition shall be 14 verified and shall contain the petitioner's name, date of 15 birth, current address and, for each arrest or charge not 16 initiated by arrest sought to be sealed or expunged, the 17 case number, the date of arrest (if any), the identity of the arresting authority, and such other information as the 18 19 court may require. During the pendency of the proceeding, 20 the petitioner shall promptly notify the circuit court clerk of any change of his or her address. 21

22 (3) Drug test. The petitioner must attach to the 23 petition proof that the petitioner has passed a test taken within 30 days before the filing of the petition showing 24 25 absence within his or her body of all illegal the 26 substances as defined by the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, the Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act, and the Cannabis Control Act if he or she is petitioning to seal felony records pursuant to clause (c)(2)(E) or (c)(2)(F)(ii)-(v) or if he or she is petitioning to expunge felony records of a qualified probation pursuant to clause (b)(1)(B)(iv).

(4) Service of petition. The circuit court clerk shall
promptly serve a copy of the petition on the State's
Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of prosecuting
the offense, the Department of State Police, the arresting
agency and the chief legal officer of the unit of local
government effecting the arrest.

(5) Objections.

(A) Any party entitled to notice of the petition
may file an objection to the petition. All objections
shall be in writing, shall be filed with the circuit
court clerk, and shall state with specificity the basis
of the objection.

(B) Objections to a petition to expunge or seal
must be filed within 60 days of the date of service of
the petition.

(6) Entry of order.

(A) The Chief Judge of the circuit wherein the
charge was brought, any judge of that circuit
designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less
than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the presiding trial judge

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at the petitioner's trial, if any, shall rule on the petition to expunge or seal as set forth in this subsection (d)(6).

4 (B) Unless the State's Attorney or prosecutor, the 5 Department of State Police, the arresting agency, or 6 the chief legal officer files an objection to the 7 petition to expunge or seal within 60 days from the 8 date of service of the petition, the court shall enter 9 an order granting or denying the petition.

10 (7) Hearings. If an objection is filed, the court shall 11 set a date for a hearing and notify the petitioner and all 12 parties entitled to notice of the petition of the hearing date at least 30 days prior to the hearing, and shall hear 13 14 evidence on whether the petition should or should not be 15 granted, and shall grant or deny the petition to expunge or 16 seal the records based on the evidence presented at the 17 hearing.

(8) Service of order. After entering an order to 18 19 expunge or seal records, the court must provide copies of 20 the order to the Department, in a form and manner 21 prescribed by the Department, to the petitioner, to the 22 State's Attorney or prosecutor charged with the duty of 23 prosecuting the offense, to the arresting agency, to the chief legal officer of the unit of local government 24 25 effecting the arrest, and to such other criminal justice 26 agencies as may be ordered by the court.

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(9) Effect of order.

(A) Upon entry of an order to expunge records pursuant to (b)(2)(A) or (b)(2)(B)(ii), or both:

(i) the records shall be expunded (as defined in subsection (a)(1)(E)) by the arresting agency, the Department, and any other agency as ordered by the court, within 60 days of the date of service of the order, unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of this Section;

11 (ii) the records of the circuit court clerk 12 shall be impounded until further order of the court good cause shown and the name of 13 the upon 14 petitioner obliterated on the official index 15 required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 16 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 17 the order shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk before the entry of the order; 18 19 and

(iii) in response to an inquiry for expunded
records, the court, the Department, or the agency
receiving such inquiry, shall reply as it does in
response to inquiries when no records ever
existed.

(B) Upon entry of an order to expunge records
pursuant to (b) (2) (B) (i) or (b) (2) (C), or both:

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(i) the records shall be expunded (as defined
in subsection (a) (1) (E)) by the arresting agency
and any other agency as ordered by the court,
within 60 days of the date of service of the order,
unless a motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider
the order is filed pursuant to paragraph (12) of
subsection (d) of this Section;

8 (ii) the records of the circuit court clerk 9 shall be impounded until further order of the court 10 upon good cause shown and the name of the 11 petitioner obliterated on the official index 12 required to be kept by the circuit court clerk 13 under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts Act, but 14 the order shall not affect any index issued by the 15 circuit court clerk before the entry of the order;

16 (iii) the records shall be impounded by the 17 Department within 60 days of the date of service of 18 the order as ordered by the court, unless a motion 19 to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order is filed 20 pursuant to paragraph (12) of subsection (d) of 21 this Section;

(iv) records impounded by the Department may
be disseminated by the Department only as required
by law or to the arresting authority, the State's
Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the
same or a similar offense or for the purpose of

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sentencing for any subsequent felony, and to the Department of Corrections upon conviction for any offense; and

4 (v) in response to an inquiry for such records 5 from anyone not authorized by law to access such 6 records the court, the Department, or the agency 7 receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in 8 response to inquiries when no records ever 9 existed.

10 (C) Upon entry of an order to seal records under 11 subsection (c), the arresting agency, any other agency 12 as ordered by the court, the Department, and the court 13 shall seal the records (as defined in subsection 14 (a) (1) (K)). In response to an inquiry for such records 15 from anyone not authorized by law to access such 16 records the court, the Department, or the agency 17 receiving such inquiry shall reply as it does in response to inquiries when no records ever existed. 18

19 (10) Fees. The Department may charge the petitioner a 20 fee equivalent to the cost of processing any order to 21 expunge or seal records. Notwithstanding any provision of 22 the Clerks of Courts Act to the contrary, the circuit court 23 clerk may charge a fee equivalent to the cost associated 24 with the sealing or expungement of records by the circuit 25 court clerk. From the total filing fee collected for the 26 petition to seal or expunge, the circuit court clerk shall

deposit \$10 into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and 1 2 Administrative Fund, to be used to offset the costs incurred by the circuit court clerk in performing the 3 additional duties required to serve the petition to seal or 4 5 expunge on all parties. The circuit court clerk shall collect and forward the Department of State Police portion 6 of the fee to the Department and it shall be deposited in 7 the State Police Services Fund. 8

9 (11) Final Order. No court order issued under the 10 expungement or sealing provisions of this Section shall 11 become final for purposes of appeal until 30 days after 12 service of the order on the petitioner and all parties 13 entitled to notice of the petition.

14 (12) Motion to Vacate, Modify, or Reconsider. The 15 petitioner or any party entitled to notice may file a 16 motion to vacate, modify, or reconsider the order granting 17 or denying the petition to expunge or seal within 60 days 18 of service of the order.

19 (e) Whenever a person who has been convicted of an offense 20 is granted a pardon by the Governor which specifically 21 authorizes expungement, he or she may, upon verified petition 22 to the Chief Judge of the circuit where the person had been 23 convicted, any judge of the circuit designated by the Chief Judge, or in counties of less than 3,000,000 inhabitants, the 24 25 presiding trial judge at the defendant's trial, have a court 26 order entered expunging the record of arrest from the official

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records of the arresting authority and order that the records 1 2 of the circuit court clerk and the Department be sealed until 3 further order of the court upon good cause shown or as otherwise provided herein, and the name of the defendant 4 5 obliterated from the official index requested to be kept by the circuit court clerk under Section 16 of the Clerks of Courts 6 7 Act in connection with the arrest and conviction for the offense for which he or she had been pardoned but the order 8 9 shall not affect any index issued by the circuit court clerk 10 before the entry of the order. All records sealed by the 11 Department may be disseminated by the Department only as 12 required by law or to the arresting authority, the State's 13 Attorney, and the court upon a later arrest for the same or 14 similar offense or for the purpose of sentencing for any 15 subsequent felony. Upon conviction for any subsequent offense, 16 the Department of Corrections shall have access to all sealed 17 records of the Department pertaining to that individual. Upon entry of the order of expungement, the circuit court clerk 18 19 shall promptly mail a copy of the order to the person who was 20 pardoned.

(f) Subject to available funding, the Illinois Department of Corrections shall conduct a study of the impact of sealing, especially on employment and recidivism rates, utilizing a random sample of those who apply for the sealing of their criminal records under Public Act 93-211. At the request of the Illinois Department of Corrections, records of the Illinois

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Department of Employment Security shall be utilized 1 as 2 appropriate to assist in the study. The study shall not 3 manner that would allow disclose any data in а the 4 identification of any particular individual or employing unit. 5 The study shall be made available to the General Assembly no 6 later than September 1, 2010.

7 (Source: P.A. 96-409, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1401, eff. 7-29-10.)

8 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
9 adding Section 5-6-3.3 as follows:

10 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-3.3 new)

11 Sec. 5-6-3.3. Offender Initiative Probation.

12 (a) Whenever any person who has not previously been convicted of, or placed on probation or conditional discharge 13 for, any felony offense under the laws of this State, the laws 14 15 of any other state, or the laws of the United States, pleads 16 quilty to, or is found quilty of, a probationable felony offense of theft, retail theft, forgery, possession of a stolen 17 motor vehicle, burglary, possession of burglary tools, 18 possession of cannabis, possession of a controlled substance, 19 20 or possession of methamphetamine, the court, with the consent 21 of both the defendant and the State's Attorney, may, without 22 entering a judgment, sentence the defendant to probation. 23 (a-1) Exemptions. A defendant shall not be eligible for

24 this probation if the offense he or she has pled guilty to, or

1	has been found guilty of, is a violent offense. For purposes of
2	this probation, a "violent offense" is any offense where bodily
3	harm was inflicted or where force was used against any person
4	or threatened against any person, any offense involving sexual
5	conduct, sexual penetration, or sexual exploitation, any
6	offense of domestic violence, domestic battery, violation of an
7	order of protection, stalking, hate crime, driving under the
8	influence of drugs or alcohol, and any offense involving the
9	possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon. A defendant shall
10	not be eligible for this probation if he or she has previously
11	been adjudicated a delinquent minor for the commission of a
12	violent offense as defined in this subsection.
13	(b) When a defendant is placed on probation, the court
14	shall enter an order specifying a period of probation of not
15	less than 24 months and shall defer further proceedings in the
16	case until the conclusion of the period or until the filing of
17	a petition alleging violation of a term or condition of
18	probation.
19	(c) The conditions of probation shall be that the
20	defendant:
21	(1) not violate any criminal statute of this State or
22	any other jurisdiction;
23	(2) refrain from possessing a firearm or other
24	dangerous weapon;
25	(3) make full restitution to the victim or property
26	owner pursuant to Section 5-5-6 of this Code;

1	(4) obtain employment or perform not less than 30 hours
2	of community service, provided community service is
3	available in the county and is funded and approved by the
4	county board;
5	(5) pay fines and costs;
6	(6) attend educational courses designed to prepare the
7	<u>defendant for obtaining a high school diploma or to work</u>
8	toward passing the high school level test of General
9	Educational Development (G.E.D.) or to work toward
10	completing a vocational training program; and
11	(7) submit to periodic drug testing at a time and in a
12	manner as ordered by the court, but no less than 3 times
13	during the period of probation, with the cost of the
14	testing to be paid by the defendant.
15	(d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require
15 16	(d) The court may, in addition to other conditions, require that the defendant:
16	that the defendant:
16 17	<u>that the defendant:</u> (1) make a report to and appear in person before or
16 17 18	that the defendant: (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or
16 17 18 19	<u>that the defendant:</u> <u>(1) make a report to and appear in person before or</u> <u>participate with the court or such courts, person, or</u> <u>social service agency as directed by the court in the order</u>
16 17 18 19 20	<u>that the defendant:</u> <u>(1) make a report to and appear in person before or</u> <u>participate with the court or such courts, person, or</u> <u>social service agency as directed by the court in the order</u> <u>of probation;</u>
16 17 18 19 20 21	<u>that the defendant:</u> <u>(1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation;</u> <u>(2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or</u>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	<pre>that the defendant: (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation; (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois</pre>
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	<pre>that the defendant: (1) make a report to and appear in person before or participate with the court or such courts, person, or social service agency as directed by the court in the order of probation; (2) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, or treatment or rehabilitation approved by the Illinois Department of Human Services;</pre>

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1	(5) refrain from having in his or her body the presence
2	of any illicit drug prohibited by the Methamphetamine
3	Control and Community Protection Act, the Cannabis Control
4	Act or the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, unless
5	prescribed by a physician, and submit samples of his or her
6	blood or urine or both for tests to determine the presence
7	of any illicit drug; or
8	(6) if a minor:
9	(i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster
10	home;
11	(ii) attend school;
12	(iii) attend a non-residential program for youth;
13	or
14	(iv) contribute to his or her own support at home
15	or in a foster home.
16	(e) Upon violation of a term or condition of probation, the
17	court may enter a judgment on its original finding of guilt and
18	proceed as otherwise provided by law.
19	(f) Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions of
20	probation, the court shall discharge the person and dismiss the
21	proceedings against the person.
22	(g) A disposition of probation is considered to be a
23	conviction for the purposes of imposing the conditions of
24	probation and for appeal; however, a discharge and dismissal
25	under this Section is not a conviction for purposes of this
26	Code or for purposes of disqualifications or disabilities

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1	imposed by law upon conviction of a crime.
2	(h) There may be only one discharge and dismissal under
3	this Section, Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances
4	Act, Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community
5	Protection Act, Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, and
6	Section 11-14.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 with respect to
7	any person.
8	(i) If a person is convicted of any offense which occurred
9	within 5 years subsequent to a discharge and dismissal under
10	this Section, the discharge and dismissal under this Section
11	shall be admissible in the sentencing proceeding for that
12	conviction as evidence in aggravation.
13	(j) Section 410 of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act,
14	Section 70 of the Methamphetamine Control and Community
15	Protection Act, Section 10 of the Cannabis Control Act, and
16	Section 11-14.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 provide the
17	conditions of probation regarding the offenses specified
18	therein.