

HR0035

LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

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HOUSE RESOLUTION

2 HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES RESOLVED, ΒY THE OF THE 3 NINETY-SEVENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that 4 the following (which are the same as the Rules of the House of 5 Representatives of the 96th General Assembly except as 6 indicated by striking and underscoring) are adopted as the 7 Rules of the House of Representatives of the Ninety-Seventh 8 General Assembly:

9 ARTICLE I 10 ORGANIZATION

11 (House Rule 1)

12 1. Election of the Speaker.

13 (a) At the first meeting of the House of each General 14 Assembly, the Secretary of State shall convene the House at 12:00 noon, designate a Temporary Clerk of the House, and 15 16 preside during the nomination and election of the Speaker. As 17 the first item of business each day before the election of the 18 Speaker, the Secretary of State shall order the Temporary Clerk 19 to call the roll of the members to establish the presence of a quorum as required by the Constitution. If a majority of those 20 21 elected are not present, the House shall stand adjourned until 22 the next calendar day, excepting weekends, at the hour HR0035 -2- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r
prescribed in Rule 29. If a quorum of members elected is
present, the Secretary of State shall then call for nominations
of members for the Office of Speaker. All nominations require a
second. When the nominations are completed, the Secretary of
State shall direct the Temporary Clerk to call the roll of the
members to elect the Speaker.

7 (b) The election of the Speaker requires the affirmative 8 vote of a majority of those elected. Debate is not in order 9 following nominations and preceding or during the vote.

10 (c) No legislative measure may be considered and no 11 committees may be appointed or meet before the election of the 12 Speaker.

13 (d) When a vacancy in the Office of Speaker occurs, the 14 foregoing procedure shall be employed to elect a new Speaker; 15 when the Secretary of State is of a political party other than 16 that of the majority caucus, however, the Majority Leader shall 17 preside during the nomination and election of the successor Speaker. No legislative measures, other than for the nomination 18 and election of a successor Speaker, may be considered by the 19 20 House during a vacancy in the Office of Speaker.

21 (House Rule 2)

22 2. Election of the Minority Leader.

(a) The House shall elect a Minority Leader in a manner
 consistent with the laws of Illinois. The Minority Leader is
 the leader of the numerically strongest political party other

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2 (b) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote3 of 71 members elected.

4 (House Rule 3)

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3. Majority and Minority Leadership.

6 (a) The Speaker and the Minority Leader shall appoint from
7 within their respective caucuses the members of the Majority
8 and Minority Leaderships as allowed by law.

9 (b) Appointments are effective upon being filed with the 10 Clerk and remain effective at the pleasure of the Speaker and 11 Minority Leader, respectively, or until a vacancy occurs by 12 reason of resignation or because a leader has ceased to be a 13 Representative. Successor leaders shall be appointed in the 14 same manner as their predecessors. Leaders have those powers 15 delegated to them by the Speaker or Minority Leader, as the 16 case may be.

17 (House Rule 4)

18 4. The Speaker.

(a) The Speaker has those powers conferred upon him or her
by the Constitution, the laws of Illinois, and any motions or
resolutions adopted by the House or jointly by the House and
Senate.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by law, the Speaker is thechief administrative officer of the House and has those powers

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(c) The duties of the Speaker include the following:

4 (1) To preside at all sessions of the House, although
5 the Speaker may call on any member to preside temporarily
6 as Presiding Officer.

7 (2) To open the session at the time at which the House
8 is to meet by taking the chair and calling the members to
9 order. The Speaker may call on any member to open the
10 session as Presiding Officer.

11 (3) To announce the business before the House in the 12 order upon which it is to be acted. The Presiding Officer 13 shall perform this duty during the period that he or she is 14 presiding.

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(4) To recognize those members entitled to the floor.

16 (5) To state and put to a vote all questions that are
 17 regularly moved or that necessarily arise in the course of
 18 the proceedings, and to announce the result of the vote.

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(6) To preserve order and decorum.

20 (7) To decide all points of order, subject to appeal,
21 and to speak on these points in preference to other
22 members.

(8) To inform the House when necessary, or when any
question is raised, on any point of order or practice
pertinent to the pending business.

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(9) To sign or authenticate all acts, proceedings, or

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4 (10) To sign all bills passed by both chambers of the 5 General Assembly to certify that the procedural 6 requirements for passage have been met.

7 (11) To have general supervision of the House Chamber, 8 House galleries, House committee rooms and chapel, and 9 adjoining and connecting hallways and passages, including 10 the duty to protect their security and safety and the power 11 to clear them when necessary. The House Chamber shall not 12 be used without permission of the Speaker.

(12) To have general supervision of the Clerk and his 13 14 her assistants, the Doorkeeper and his or or her 15 assistants, the majority caucus staff, the 16 parliamentarians, and all employees of the House except the 17 minority caucus staff.

18 (13) To determine the number of majority caucus members 19 and minority caucus members to be appointed to all 20 committees, except the Rules Committee created by Rule 15 21 and those committees that may be created under Article XII 22 of these Rules.

(14) To appoint all Chairpersons, Co-Chairpersons, and
 Vice-Chairpersons of committees (from either the majority
 or minority caucus), and to appoint all majority caucus
 members of committees.

HR0035 -6- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (15) To enforce all constitutional provisions, statutes, rules, and regulations applicable to the House.

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(16) To guide and direct the proceedings of the House subject to the control and will of the members.

5 (17) To direct the Clerk to correct non-substantive
6 errors in the Journal.

7 (18) To assign meeting places and meeting times to
8 committees and subcommittees.

9 (19) To perform any other duties assigned to the 10 Speaker by these House Rules or jointly by the House and 11 Senate.

(20) To decide, subject to the control and will of the
 members, all questions relating to the priority of
 business.

15 (21) To issue, in cooperation with the Comptroller and
 16 after clearance with the United States Internal Revenue
 17 Service, written regulations covering administration of
 18 contingent expense allowances of members of the House.

19 (22) To appoint one or more parliamentarians to serve20 at the pleasure of the Speaker.

(d) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative voteof 71 members elected.

23 (House Rule 5)

24 5. Powers and Duties of the Minority Leader.

25 (a) The Minority Leader has those powers conferred upon him

HR0035 -7-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r or her by the Constitution, the laws of Illinois, and any 1 motions or resolutions adopted by the House or jointly by the House and Senate.

(b) The Minority Leader shall appoint to all committees the 4 5 members from the minority caucus and shall designate a Minority Spokesperson for each committee, except that the Speaker may 6 7 appoint a minority caucus member to be Chairperson of a 8 standing committee or Chairperson or Co-Chairperson of a 9 special committee.

10 (c) The Minority Leader has general supervision of the 11 minority caucus staff.

12 (House Rule 6)

13 6. Clerk of the House.

14 (a) The House shall elect a Clerk, who may adopt 15 appropriate policies or procedures for the conduct of his or 16 her office. The Speaker is the final arbiter of any dispute arising in connection with the operation of the Office of the 17 18 Clerk.

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(b) The duties of the Clerk include the following:

20 (1) To have custody of all bills, papers, and records 21 of the House, which shall not be taken out of the Clerk's 22 custody except in the regular course of business in the 23 House.

24 (2) To endorse on every original bill and each copy its 25 number, the names of sponsors, the date of introduction,

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(3) To cause each bill and resolution to be reproduced and placed on the desks of the members as soon as it is reproduced, as provided in Rule 16 and Rule 39.

7 (4) To keep the Journal of the proceedings of the House
8 and, under the direction of the Speaker, correct errors in
9 the Journal.

10 (5) To keep the transcripts of the debates of the House 11 and make them available to the public under reasonable 12 conditions.

13 (6) To keep the necessary records for the House and its
14 committees; and to prepare the House Calendar for each
15 legislative day, except perfunctory session days.

16 (7)To examine all House Bills and Constitutional 17 Amendment Resolutions following Second Reading and before 18 final passage for the purpose of correcting anv 19 non-substantive errors, and to report the same back to the 20 Speaker promptly; to supervise the enrolling and 21 engrossing of bills and resolutions, subject to the 22 direction of the Speaker; and to attest to the passage or 23 adoption of legislative measures, and to note thereon the 24 date of final House action. Any corrections made by the 25 Clerk and approved by the Speaker shall be entered on the 26 Journal.

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 (8) To transmit bills, other documents, and messages to the Senate and secure a receipt therefor, and to receive from the Senate bills, other documents, and messages and give receipt therefor.

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(9) To file with the Secretary of State debate transcripts and House documents as required by law.

7 (10) To attend every session of the House; record the
8 roll; and read all bills, resolutions, and other papers as
9 directed by the Speaker. Bills shall be read by title only.

(11) To supervise the Assistant Clerk, the Doorkeeper,
 pages, messengers, committee clerks, and other employees
 of his or her office.

13 (12) To establish the format for all documents, forms,
14 and committee records and tapes prepared by committee
15 clerks.

16 (13) Subject to approval by the Speaker, to establish
17 standards of decorum and other standards regarding written
18 statements filed under Rule 53.

19 (14) To serve as the Speaker's authorized designee for 20 purposes of the Freedom of Information Act. The Clerk shall 21 provide copies of all requests for information under the 22 Freedom of Information Act to the member subject to the 23 request, as well as any responses, notifications, or public 24 records included with responses and notifications.

25(15) To ensure each motion under consideration for a26roll call vote is accurately displayed on the public

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1	viewing board.	Accurate	and	appropriate	display	of items
2	shall be determ	nined by t	the st	andard pract	ices set	forth by
3	the Speaker	within t	che t	cechnological	L abilit	ies and
4	limitations of	the system	<u>m.</u>			

5 <u>(16)</u> (15) To perform other duties assigned by the 6 Speaker.

7 (c) The Clerk and those under the supervision of the Clerk, 8 including the Assistant Clerk, committee clerks, and other 9 employees, may accept a bill, amendment, conference committee 10 report, amendatory veto acceptance motion, or resolution for 11 filing only if (i) it is a document entered into the General 12 Assembly's computer system, at the direction of or with the 13 approval of a member, by the Legislative Reference Bureau, the 14 House or the Senate Democratic staff, the House or the Senate 15 Republican staff, or House or Senate Enrolling and Engrossing 16 or, with respect to appropriation documents only, entered into 17 the General Assembly's computer system by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget, (ii) it bears a bar coded document 18 number of the drafting entity that is compatible with the 19 20 computer system used by the House, and (iii) the bar coded document number does not duplicate one on another document that 21 22 has already been filed in the House or the Senate.

23 (House Rule 7)

Assistant Clerk of the House. The House shall, in a
 manner consistent with the laws of Illinois, elect an Assistant

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(House Rule 8)

8. Doorkeeper. The House shall elect a Doorkeeper who shall
perform those duties assigned by law, or as ordered by the
Speaker, Presiding Officer, or Clerk. Those duties shall
include the following:

7 (1) To attend the House during its sessions and execute
8 the commands of the Speaker or Presiding Officer.

9 (2) To maintain order among spectators admitted into 10 the House Chamber, galleries, and adjoining or connecting 11 hallways and passages.

12 (3) To take proper measures to prevent interruption of13 the House.

14 (4) To remove unruly persons from the House Chamber,
 15 galleries, and adjoining and connecting hallways and
 16 passages.

17 (5) To ensure that only authorized persons have access
18 to the House Chamber, galleries, and adjoining hallways and
19 passages, subject to the direction of the Speaker.

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(6) To supervise any Assistant Doorkeepers.

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(7) To perform other duties assigned by the Speaker.

22 (House Rule 9)

23 9. Schedule.

24 (a) The Speaker shall periodically establish a schedule of

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HR0035 -13- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (11) Final day for Third Reading and passage of Senate bills, except appropriation bills.

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3 (12) Final day for consideration of joint action
 4 motions and conference committee reports.

5 (c) The Speaker may schedule or reschedule any necessary deadlines for legislative action during any special session of 6 7 the House. The Speaker may establish a Weekly Order of Business 8 or a Daily Order of Business setting forth the date and 9 approximate time at which specific legislative measures may be 10 considered by the House. The Weekly Order of Business or Daily 11 Order of Business is effective upon being filed by the Speaker 12 with the Clerk and takes the place of the standing order of 13 business for the amount of time necessary for its completion. 14 Nothing in this Rule, however, limits the Speaker's or 15 Presiding Officer's powers under Rule 4(c)(3) or Rule 43(a).

(d) The foregoing deadlines, or any revisions to those
deadlines, are effective upon being filed by the Speaker with
the Clerk. The Clerk shall journalize those deadlines.

(e) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative voteof 71 members elected.

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ARTICLE II

COMMITTEES

23 (House Rule 10)

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1 10. Committees.

2 (a) The committees of the House are: (i) the standing committees listed in Rule 11; (ii) the special committees 3 created under Rule 13; (iii) subcommittees created under these 4 5 Rules; (iv) the Rules Committee created under Rule 15; (v) the 6 Election Contest or Qualifications Challenge Committees, if 7 any, created under Article X; (vi) any committees created under 8 Article XII; and (vii) any Committee of the Whole. 9 Subcommittees may not create subcommittees. Committees of the 10 Whole shall consist of all Representatives.

11 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this Rule and subject 12 to Rules 12 and 13, all committees shall have a Chairperson and Minority Spokesperson, who may be of the same political party. 13 14 A Minority Spokesperson may not be appointed until after a 15 Chairperson has been appointed. Standing committees that have 16 Co-Chairpersons from different political parties shall not 17 have a Minority Spokesperson. Special committees that have Co-Chairpersons from different political parties shall not 18 have a Minority Spokesperson. No member may be appointed to 19 20 serve as а Chairperson, Minority Spokesperson, or 21 Co-Chairperson of any committee unless the member is serving in 22 at least his or her third term as a member of the General 23 Assembly, including any terms in which the member was appointed to fill a vacancy in the office of Representative or Senator; 24 25 provided that this requirement does not apply if the member 26 received a stipend or additional amount during a previous

1 General Assembly as an "officer", "committee chairman", or 2 "committee minority spokesman" as provided in Section 1 of the General Assembly Compensation Act (25 ILCS 115/1) and in Rule 3 13(b). Each committee may have a Vice-Chairperson appointed by 4 5 the Speaker. The number of majority caucus members and minority 6 caucus members of all committees, except the Rules Committee created under Rule 15 and any committees that may be created 7 8 under Article XII, shall be determined by the Speaker. The 9 Speaker shall file a notice with the Clerk setting forth the 10 number of majority caucus and minority caucus members of each 11 committee, which shall be journalized. A member may be 12 temporarily replaced on a committee due to illness or if the 13 member is otherwise unavailable. All leaders are non-voting 14 ex-officio members of each standing committee and each special 15 committee, except that the leaders may also be appointed to 16 standing committees or special committees as voting members. 17 The Speaker may also appoint any member of the majority caucus, and the Minority Leader may appoint any member of the minority 18 caucus, as a non-voting ex-officio member of any standing 19 20 committee or special committee.

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(c) The Chairperson of a committee has the authority to call the committee to order, designate which bills and resolutions posted for hearing shall be taken up and in what order, order a record vote to be taken on each legislative measure called for a vote, preserve order and decorum during committee meetings, establish procedural rules (subject to

HR0035 -16-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 approval by the Speaker) governing the presentation and 2 consideration of legislative measures, and generally supervise the affairs of the committee. Any such procedural rules must be 3 filed with the Clerk and copies provided to all members of the 4 5 committee. The Vice-Chairperson of a committee or other member 6 of the committee from the majority caucus may preside over its meetings in the absence or at the direction of the Chairperson. 7 8 case of standing or special committees Ιn the with 9 Co-Chairpersons from different political parties, the 10 "Chairperson" for purposes of this Rule is the Co-Chairperson 11 from the majority caucus.

12 (d) A vacancy on a committee, or in the position of 13 Chairperson, Co-Chairperson, Vice-Chairperson, or Minority 14 Spokesperson on a committee, exists when a member resigns from 15 the position, ceases to be a Representative, or changes 16 political party affiliation. Resignations and notices of a 17 change in political party affiliation shall be made in writing to the Clerk, who shall promptly notify the Speaker and 18 19 Minority Leader. Absent concurrence by a majority of those 20 elected, except as otherwise provided in Rule 15 and except in connection with temporary replacements under Rule 10(b), no 21 22 member who resigns from a committee shall be re-appointed to 23 that committee for the remainder of the term. Replacement members shall be of the same political party as that of the 24 25 member who resigns, and shall be appointed in the same manner 26 as the original appointment, except that in the case of the

HR0035 -17-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 resignation of а Chairperson or Co-Chairperson, the 2 replacement member need not be from the same political party. In the case of vacancies on subcommittees, the parent committee 3 shall fill the vacancy in the same manner as the original 4 5 appointment.

6 (e) The Chairperson of a committee has the authority to 7 call meetings of that committee, subject to the approval of the 8 Speaker. In the case of standing or special committees with 9 Co-Chairpersons from different political parties, the 10 Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus has the authority to 11 call meetings of the special committee, subject to the approval 12 of the Speaker. Except as otherwise provided by these Rules, 13 committee meetings shall be convened in accordance with Rule 14 21.

15 (f) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 16 of 71 members elected.

17 (House Rule 11)

18 11. Standing Committees. The Standing Committees of the 19 House are as follows:

- 20 ACCESS TO FEDERAL FUNDING
- 21 AGING
- 22 AGRICULTURE & CONSERVATION

23 APPROPRIATIONS-ELEMENTARY & SECONDARY EDUCATION

24 APPROPRIATIONS-GENERAL SERVICES

25 APPROPRIATIONS-HIGHER EDUCATION

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1	APPROPRIATIONS-HUMAN SERVICES		
2	APPROPRIATIONS-PUBLIC SAFETY		
3	ARMED FORCES & MILITARY AFFAIRS		
4	BIO-TECHNOLOCY		
5	BUSINESS & OCCUPATIONAL LICENSES	5	
6	CITIES & VILLAGES		
7	COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY		
8	CONSUMER PROTECTION		
9	COUNTIES & TOWNSHIPS		
10	DISABILITY SERVICES		
11	ELECTIONS & CAMPAIGN REFORM		
12	ELECTRIC GENERATION & COMMERCE		
13	ELECTRIC UTILITY OVERSIGHT		
14	ELEMENTARY & SECONDARY EDUCATION	Ν	
15	ENVIRONMENT & ENERGY		
16	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH		
17	EXECUTIVE		
18	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		
19	HEALTH & HEALTHCARE DISPARITIES		
20	HEALTH CARE AVAILABILITY & ACCES	SSIBILITY	
21	HEALTH CARE LICENSES		
22	HIGHER EDUCATION		
23	HOMELAND SECURITY & EMERGENCY PR	REPAREDNESS	
24	HUMAN SERVICES		
25	INFRASTRUCTURE		
26	INSURANCE		

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1	INTERNATIONAL TRADE & COMMERCE		
2	JUDICIARY I-CIVIL LAW		
3	JUDICIARY II-CRIMINAL LAW		
4	LABOR		
5	MASS TRANSIT		
6	MEDICAID REFORM, FAMILY & CHILDREN SERVICES		
7	PERSONNEL & PENSIONS		
8	PUBLIC POLICY & ACCOUNTABILITY FOR EDUCATION		
9	PUBLIC UTILITIES		
10	RENEWABLE ENERGY		
11	REVENUE & FINANCE		
12	SMALL BUSINESS EMPOWERMENT & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	1	
13	STATE GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION		
14	TELECOMMUNICATIONS		
15	TOURISM & CONVENTIONS		
16	TRANSPORTATION & MOTOR VEHICLES		
17	TRANSPORTATION: $\overline{}$ REGULATION, ROADS & BRIDGES		
18	TRANSPORTATION: VEHICLES & SAFETY		
19	VETERANS 'AFFAIRS		
20	YOUTH & FAMILY		

21 (House Rule 12)

12. Members and Officers of Standing Committees. The members of each standing committee shall be appointed for the term by the Speaker and the Minority Leader. The Speaker, at his or her discretion, shall appoint a Chairperson or

1 Co-Chairpersons. The Speaker may appoint any member as a 2 Chairperson or Co-Chairperson of a standing committee, subject to Rule 10(b). If the Chairperson or Co-Chairperson is a member 3 of the majority or minority leadership or the Chairperson or 4 5 Minority Spokesperson of any other standing committee or of a 6 special committee, the member shall receive no additional 7 stipend or compensation for serving as Chairperson or Co-Chairperson of the standing committee. For purposes of 8 9 Section 1 of the General Assembly Compensation Act (25 ILCS 10 115/1), one Co-Chairperson of a standing committee shall be 11 considered "Chairman" and the other shall be considered 12 "Minority Spokesman" unless both Co-Chairpersons are members 13 of the majority caucus. The Speaker shall appoint the remaining 14 standing committee members of the majority caucus (one of whom 15 the Speaker may designate as Vice-Chairperson), and the 16 Minority Leader shall appoint the remaining standing committee 17 members of the minority caucus (one of whom the Minority Leader may designate as Minority Spokesperson), except that if the 18 19 standing committee has Co-Chairpersons from different 20 political parties, the standing committee shall not have a Minority Spokesperson. In that case, the Minority Leader shall 21 22 appoint the minority caucus members to the standing committee, 23 except the Co-Chairperson from the minority caucus, who shall be appointed by the Speaker. Appointments are effective upon 24 25 the delivery of appropriate correspondence from the respective leader to the Clerk, regardless of whether the House is in 26

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1	session, and shall remain effective for the duration of the			
2	term, subject to Rule 10(d). The Clerk shall journalize the			
3	appointments. Committees may conduct business when a majority			
4	of the total number of committee members has been appointed.			
5	(House Rule 13)			
6	13. Special Committees.			
7	(a) The following Special Committees are created:			
8	ADOPTION REFORM			
9	BIOTECHNOLOGY			
10	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH			
11	HEALTH & HEALTHCARE DISPARITIES			
12	HOUSING			
13	FIRE PROTECTION			
14	INVESTIGATIVE			
15	JUVENILE JUSTICE REFORM			
16	PRISON-REFORM			
17	RAILROAD INDUSTRY			
18	TOLLWAY OVERSIGHT			
19	TOURISM & CONVENTIONS			
20	VETERANS' AFFAIRS			
21	The Speaker may create additional special committees by			
22	filing a notice of the creation of the special committee with			
23	the Clerk. The notice creating an additional special committee			
24	shall specify the subject matter of the special committee and			
25	the number of members to be appointed.			

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1 (b) The Speaker shall determine the number of majority and 2 minority caucus members to be appointed to special committees in accordance with Rule 10(b). The Speaker, at his or her 3 discretion, shall appoint a Chairperson or Co-Chairpersons. 4 5 The Speaker may appoint any member as a Chairperson or 6 Co-Chairperson of a special committee, subject to Rule 10(b). If the Chairperson or Co-Chairperson is a member of the 7 8 majority or minority leadership or the Chairperson or Minority 9 Spokesperson of a standing committee, the member shall receive compensation for 10 additional stipend or serving no as 11 Chairperson or Co-Chairperson of the special committee. For 12 purposes of Section 1 of the General Assembly Compensation Act 13 (25 ILCS 115/1), (i) a special committee under these rules is considered a "select committee" and (ii) one Co-Chairperson of 14 a special committee shall be considered "Chairman" and the 15 16 other shall be considered "Minority Spokesman" unless both 17 Co-Chairpersons are members of the majority caucus. The appointed members of special committees shall be designated by 18 the Speaker and the Minority Leader in a like manner as 19 20 provided in Rule 12 with respect to standing committees. If the special committee has Co-Chairpersons from different political 21 22 parties, the special committee shall not have a Minority 23 Spokesperson. In that case, the Minority Leader shall appoint the minority caucus members to the special committee, except 24 the Co-Chairperson from the minority caucus who shall be 25 26 appointed by the Speaker. The Speaker may establish a reporting HR0035 -23- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r
1 date during the term for each special committee by filing a
2 notice of the reporting date with the Clerk. Unless an earlier
3 date is specified by the notice, special committees expire at
4 the end of the term.

5 (c) Special committees are empowered to conduct business 6 when a majority of the total number of committee members has 7 been appointed.

8 (d) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote9 of 71 members elected.

10 (House Rule 14)

11 14. Subcommittees.

12 (a) The Chairperson of a standing committee, a special 13 committee, or a committee created under Article X may create a subcommittee by filing a notice with the Clerk and the 14 15 committee clerk. The number of majority caucus and minority 16 caucus members to be appointed to a subcommittee shall be determined by the Committee Chairperson, and filed with the 17 Clerk and the committee clerk. In the case of standing or 18 19 special committees with Co-Chairpersons from different political parties, the creation of subcommittees and the number 20 21 of majority caucus and minority caucus members to be appointed 22 to the subcommittee shall be determined by the Co-Chairperson 23 from the majority caucus. Members of subcommittees must be 24 members of the parent committee, and shall be appointed in the 25 manner determined by the committee Chairperson, or in the case

HR0035 -24-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 of standing or special committees with Co-Chairpersons from different political parties, by the Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus.

The notice creating a subcommittee shall specify the 4 5 subject matter of the subcommittee and the number of members to be appointed, and may specify a reporting date during the term. 6 earlier date is 7 Unless specified by the notice, an 8 subcommittees expire at the end of the term.

9 (b) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 10 of 71 members elected.

11 (House Rule 15)

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15. Rules Committee.

13 The Rules Committee is created as a (a) permanent 14 committee. The Rules Committee shall consist of 5 members, 3 15 appointed by the Speaker and 2 appointed by the Minority 16 Leader. The Speaker and the Minority Leader are each eligible to be appointed to the Rules Committee. The Rules Committee may 17 conduct business when a majority of the total number of its 18 19 members has been appointed.

20 (b) The majority caucus members of the Rules Committee 21 shall serve at the pleasure of the Speaker, and the minority 22 caucus members shall serve at the pleasure of the Minority Leader. Appointments shall be by notice filed with the Clerk, 23 and shall be effective for the balance of the term or until a 24 25 replacement appointment is made, whichever first occurs.

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Appointments take effect upon filing with the Clerk, regardless
of whether the House is in session. Notwithstanding any other
provision of these Rules, any Representative who is replaced on
the Rules Committee may be re-appointed to the Rules Committee
without concurrence of the House.

6 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, the 7 Rules Committee may meet upon reasonable public notice that 8 includes a statement of the subjects to be considered. All 9 legislative measures pending before the Rules Committee are 10 eligible for consideration at any of its meetings, and all of 11 those legislative measures are deemed posted for hearing by the 12 Rules Committee for all of its meetings.

13 (d) Upon concurrence of a majority of those appointed, the Rules Committee may advance any legislative measure pending 14 15 before it to the House, without referral to another committee; 16 the Rules Committee, however, shall not so report any bill that 17 has never been favorably reported by or discharged from a standing committee or a special committee of the House or 18 recommended for action by a joint committee of the House and 19 20 Senate. A bill advanced to the House shall be placed on the Daily Calendar on the order on which it appeared before it was 21 22 re-referred to the Rules Committee. Notwithstanding any other 23 provision of these Rules, a floor amendment, joint action motion for final action, or conference committee report 24 25 advanced to the House by the Rules Committee may be considered for adoption no sooner than one hour after the Clerk announces 26

HR0035 -26- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r <u>the report of the Rules Committee referring such a legislative</u> <u>measure to the House.</u>

3 (e) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote4 of 71 members elected.

5 (House Rule 16)

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16. Referrals of Resolutions and Reorganization Orders.

7 (a) All resolutions, except adjournment resolutions and 8 resolutions considered under subsection (b) or (c) of this 9 Rule, after being initially read by the Clerk, shall be ordered 10 reproduced and automatically referred to the Rules Committee, 11 which may thereafter refer any resolution before it to the 12 House or to a standing committee or special committee. No 13 resolution, except adjournment resolutions and resolutions considered under subsection (b) or (c) of this Rule, may be 14 15 considered by the House unless (i) referred to the House by the Rules Committee under Rule 18, (ii) favorably reported by a 16 standing committee or special committee, (iii) authorized 17 18 under Article XII, or (iv) discharged from committee pursuant to Rule 18(g) or Rule 58. An adjournment resolution is subject 19 20 to Rule 66.

(b) Any member may file a congratulatory or death resolution for consideration by the House. The Principal Sponsor of each congratulatory or death resolution shall pay a reasonable fee, determined by the Clerk with the approval of the Speaker, to offset the actual cost of producing the

HR0035 -27-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 congratulatory or death resolution. The fee may be paid from 2 the office allowance provided by Section 4 of the General Assembly Compensation Act, or from any other funds available to 3 the member. Upon agreement of the Speaker and the Minority 4 5 Leader, congratulatory or death resolutions may be immediately 6 considered and adopted by the House without referral to the Rules Committee. Those resolutions may be adopted as a group by 7 8 a single motion. Congratulatory and death resolutions shall be 9 entered on the Journal only by number, sponsorship, and 10 subject. The provisions of this subsection requiring the 11 Principal Sponsor to pay a reasonable fee may not be suspended.

(c) Death resolutions in memory of former members of the General Assembly and former constitutional officers, upon introduction, may be immediately considered by the House without referral to the Rules Committee. Those resolutions shall be entered on the Journal in full.

17 (d) Executive reorganization orders of the Governor issued under Article V, Sec. 11 of the Constitution, upon being read 18 19 into the record by the Clerk, are automatically referred to the 20 Rules Committee for its referral to a standing committee or a special committee, which may issue a recommendation to the 21 22 House with respect to the Executive Order. The House may 23 disapprove of an Executive Order only by resolution adopted by a majority of those elected; no such resolution is in order 24 25 until a standing committee or a special committee has reported to the House on the executive reorganization, or until the 26

HR0035 -28- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r Executive Order has been discharged under Rule 58.

2 (House Rule 17)

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3 17. Sponsorship by the Rules Committee. The Rules Committee 4 may consider any legislative measure referred to it under these 5 Rules, by motion or resolution, or by order of the Presiding Officer upon initial reading. The Rules Committee may, with the 6 7 concurrence of a majority of those appointed, sponsor motions or resolutions; notwithstanding any other provision of these 8 9 Rules, any motion or resolution sponsored by the Rules 10 Committee may be immediately considered by the House without 11 referral to a committee. Any such motion or resolution shall be assigned standard debate status, subject to Rule 52. 12

- 13 (House Rule 18)
- 14 18. Referrals to Committees.

(a) All House Bills and Senate Bills, after being initially
read by the Clerk, are automatically referred to the Rules
Committee.

(b) During odd-numbered years, the Rules Committee shall thereafter refer any such bill before it to a standing committee or a special committee within 3 legislative days, provided that referral shall not be required for a House bill that is introduced after the introduction deadline for House bills or a Senate bill that is referred to the Rules Committee after the deadline for House committee consideration of Senate

HR0035 -29-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 bills. During even-numbered years, the Rules Committee shall 2 refer to a standing committee or a special committee only appropriation bills implementing the budget and bills deemed by 3 the Rules Committee, by the affirmative vote of a majority 4 5 appointed, to be of an emergency nature or to be of substantial 6 importance to the operation of government. This subsection (b) 7 applies equally to House Bills and Senate Bills introduced into 8 or received by the House.

9 (b-5) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the Rules Committee 10 may refer bills to a joint committee of the House and Senate 11 created by joint resolution. That joint committee shall report 12 back to the Rules Committee any recommendation for action made 13 by that joint committee. The Rules committee may, at any time, 14 however, refer the bill to a standing or special committee of 15 the House.

16 (c) A standing committee or a special committee may refer a 17 subject matter or a legislative measure pending in that 18 committee to a subcommittee of that committee.

19 (d) All legislative measures favorably reported by a 20 standing committee or a special committee, or discharged from a standing committee or a special committee under Rule 58, shall 21 22 be referred to the House and placed on the appropriate order of 23 business, which shall appear on the daily calendar. All legislative measures, except bills or resolutions on 24 the 25 Consent Calendar, bills or resolutions assigned short debate 26 status by a standing committee or special committee, and floor

HR0035 -30-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r amendments, so referred are automatically assigned standard 1 debate status, subject to Rule 52.

3 (e) All committee amendments, floor amendments, joint action motions for final action, conference committee reports, 4 5 and motions to table committee amendments, upon filing with the 6 Clerk, are automatically referred to the Rules Committee. The 7 Rules Committee may refer any committee amendment to the standing committee or the special committee to which the bill 8 9 or resolution it amends has been referred for its review and 10 consideration, provided the committee amendment is filed no 11 later than 3:00 p.m. the business day before a meeting at which 12 that bill or resolution may be considered. "Business day" does not include Saturday, Sunday, or State or federal holidays 13 14 unless the House is in session or the Clerk's office is otherwise open to the public on that day. The Rules Committee 15 16 may refer any floor amendment, joint action motion for final 17 action, conference committee report, or motion to table a committee amendment to the House or to a standing committee or 18 a special committee for its review and consideration (in those 19 20 instances, and notwithstanding any other provision of these 21 Rules, the standing committee or special committee may hold a 22 hearing on and consider those legislative measures pursuant to 23 a two-hour one-hour advance notice, and referrals to the House 24 shall be subject to the notice requirements of Rule 15(d)). Any 25 committee amendment, floor amendment, joint action motion for 26 final action, conference committee report, or motion to table a

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HR0035 -31-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 committee amendment that is not referred to the House by, or 2 discharged from, the Rules Committee is out of order, except 3 that any floor amendment, joint action motion for final action, 4 conference committee report, or motion to table a committee 5 amendment favorably reported by, or discharged from, a standing 6 committee or a special committee is deemed referred to the 7 House by the Rules Committee for purposes of this Rule. All joint action motions for final action, conference committee 8 9 reports and motions to table committee amendments so referred 10 are automatically assigned standard debate status, subject to Rule 52. Floor amendments referred to the House under this Rule 11 12 are automatically assigned amendment debate status.

13 (f) The Rules Committee may at any time refer or re-refer a 14 legislative measure from a committee to a Committee of the 15 Whole or to any other committee.

16 (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, any 17 bill pending before the Rules Committee shall be immediately discharged and referred to a standing committee, special 18 19 committee, or order of the Daily Calendar, as provided in this 20 Rule, if the Principal Sponsor of the bill files a motion that is signed by no less than three-fifths of the members of both 21 the majority and minority caucuses, provided each member 22 23 signing the motion is a sponsor of the underlying bill subject 24 to the motion and the motion specifies the appropriate standing 25 committee, special committee, or order on the Daily Calendar to which the bill shall be referred. Such a motion shall be filed, 26

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1	in writing, with the Clerk.	All other	legislative measures may
2	be discharged from the Ru	ules Commi	ttee only by unanimous
3	consent of the House. A bill	l or resolu	ution discharged from the
4	Rules Committee shall be r	eferred as	follows: (i) a bill or
5	resolution that was not pre	viously re	eferred shall be referred
6	to the standing committee of	or special	committee designated on
7	the motion, subject to the m	notice requ	uirement of Rule 21; (ii)
8	a bill or resolution re-refe	erred to tl	he Rules Committee from a
9	standing committee or specia	l committe	e shall be re-referred to
10	that committee, subject to	the notice	e requirement of Rule 21;
11	and (iii) a bill or reso	olution re	e-referred to the Rules
12	Committee from Second Rea	ding or	Third Reading shall be
13	re-referred to the proper	order of	business on the Daily
14	Calendar, provided the bill	or resolu	tion shall be carried on
15	the Daily Calendar for at 2	least one	legislative day prior to
16	consideration by the House.	. Legislat	ive measures, other than
17	bills or resolutions, tha	t are dis	scharged from the Rules
18	Committee shall be referred	as follows	: (i) an amendment, joint
19	action motion for final act:	ion, or com	nference committee report
20	shall be referred to the	e committe	ee that considered the
21	underlying bill or resoluti	on and (i	i) any other legislative
22	measure shall be referred t	to the pro	per order of business on
23	the Daily Calendar, provide	d the legi	slative measure shall be
24	carried on the Daily Calenda	ar for at 1	least one legislative day
25	prior to consideration by t	he House.	Rulings of the Presiding
26	Officer related to this su	bsection ((q) may not be appealed.

1 <u>This subsection may not be suspended.</u> Legislative measures may 2 <u>be discharged from the Rules Committee only by unanimous</u> 3 consent of the House. Any bill discharged from the Rules 4 <u>Committee shall be placed on the order of Second Reading and</u> 5 assigned standard debate status, subject to Rule 52.

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6 (h) Except for those provisions that <u>may not be suspended</u> 7 require unanimous consent, this Rule may be suspended only by 8 the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

9 (House Rule 19)

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19. Re-Referrals to the Rules Committee.

11 All legislative measures that fail to meet the (a) 12 applicable deadline established under Rule 9 for reporting to the House by a standing committee or a special committee, for 13 Third Reading and passage, or for consideration of joint action 14 15 motions and conference committee reports are automatically 16 re-referred to the Rules Committee unless: (i) the deadline has been suspended or revised by the Speaker, with re-referral to 17 the Rules Committee to occur if the bill has not been reported 18 to the House in accordance with a revised deadline; or (ii) the 19 20 Rules Committee has issued a written exception to the Clerk 21 with respect to a particular bill before the reporting 22 deadline, with re-referral to occur, if at all, in accordance with the written exception. When a bill is re-referred to the 23 24 Rules Committee after failure to meet the Third Reading deadline, any floor amendment to the bill remaining in a 25

HR0035 -34- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r standing or special committee shall also be re-referred to the Rules Committee.

(b) All legislative measures pending before the House or 3 any of its committees are automatically re-referred to the 4 5 Rules Committee on the 31st consecutive day that the House has not convened for session unless: (i) any deadline applicable to 6 7 the bill or resolution that has been designated by the Speaker under Rule 9 exceeds 31 days, with re-referral to occur, if at 8 9 all, in accordance with that deadline; (ii) this Rule is 10 suspended under Rule 67; or (iii) the Rules Committee, by the 11 affirmative vote of a majority appointed, issues a written 12 exception to the Clerk before that 31st day.

13 (House Rule 20)

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14 20. Reporting by Committees. Committees shall report to the 15 House, and subcommittees shall report to their parent 16 committees.

17 (House Rule 21)

18 21. Notice.

(a) Except as provided in Rule 18(e) or unless this Rule is suspended under Rule 67 or unless the Rules Committee by majority vote waives the notice requirement for a subject matter hearing of any committee, standing committees, special committees, committees created under Article X of these Rules, and subcommittees of those committees shall not consider or conduct a hearing with respect to a subject matter or a legislative measure absent notice first being given as follows:

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3 (1)The Chairperson of the committee, or the Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus of a standing or 4 5 special committee, shall, no later than 6 days before any proposed hearing, post a notice on the House bulletin board 6 7 identifying each subject matter and each legislative 8 measure, other than a committee amendment upon initial 9 consideration under Rule 40, that may be considered during 10 that hearing. The notice shall contain the day, hour, and 11 place of the hearing. Legislative measures and subject 12 matters posted for hearing as provided in this item (1) may 13 also be considered at any committee hearing re-convened 14 following a recess of the committee for which notice was 15 posted, but only if the House has met or was scheduled to 16 meet in regular, veto, or special session on each calendar 17 day from the time of the original committee hearing to the re-convened committee hearing. 18

19 (2) Meetings of the Rules Committee may be called under
20 Rule 15; meetings of the standing committees and special
21 committees to consider floor amendments, joint action
22 motions for final consideration, conference committee
23 reports, and motions to table committee amendments may be
24 called under Rule 18.

(3) The Chairperson, or Co-Chairperson from the
 majority caucus of a standing or special committee, shall,

HR0035 -36-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r in advance of a committee hearing, notify all Principal 1 2 Sponsors of legislative measures posted for that hearing of 3 the date, time, and place of hearing. When practical, the Clerk shall include a notice of all scheduled hearings, 4 5 together with all posted bills and resolutions, in the Daily Calendar of the House. Regardless of whether a 6 7 particular legislative measure or subject matter has been 8 posted for hearing, it is in order for a committee during 9 any of its meetings to refer a subject matter or 10 legislative measure pending before it to a subcommittee of 11 that committee.

(b) Other than the Rules Committee, no committee may meet during any session of the House, and no commission created by Illinois law that has legislative membership may meet during any session of the House.

16 (c) Regardless of whether notice has been previously given, 17 it is always in order for a committee to table any legislative 18 measure pending before it when the Principal Sponsor so 19 requests, subject to Rule 60.

20 (d) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote21 of 71 members elected, subject to Rule 25.

22 (House Rule 22)

23 22. Committee Procedure.

(a) A committee may consider any legislative measurereferred to it, except as provided in subsection (b), and may

HR0035 -37-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r make with respect to that legislative measure one of the 1 2 following reports to the House or to the parent committee, as 3 appropriate: (1) that the bill "do pass"; 4 5 (2) that the bill "do not pass"; 6 (3) that the bill "do pass as amended"; (4) that the bill "do not pass as amended"; 7 8 (5) that the resolution "be adopted"; 9 (6) that the resolution "be not adopted"; 10 (7) that the resolution "be adopted as amended"; 11 (8) that the resolution "be not adopted as amended"; 12 (9) that the floor amendment, joint action motion, 13 conference committee report, or motion to table a committee 14 amendment referred by the Rules Committee "be adopted"; (10) that the floor amendment, joint action motion, 15 16 conference committee report, or motion to table a committee 17 amendment referred by the Rules Committee "be not adopted"; (11) "without recommendation"; or 18 (12) "tabled". 19 20 Any of the foregoing reports may be made only upon the 21 concurrence of a majority of those appointed. All legislative 22 measures reported "do pass", "do pass as amended", "be 23 adopted", or "be adopted as amended" are favorably reported to 24 the House. Except as otherwise provided by these Rules, any 25 legislative measure referred or re-referred to a committee and

26 not reported under this Rule shall remain in that committee.

HR0035 -38-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 (b) No bill or committee amendment that provides for an 2 appropriation of money from the State Treasury may be 3 considered by an Appropriations Committee unless the bill or committee amendment is limited to appropriations to a single 4 5 department, office, or institution; this provision does not apply to floor amendments, joint action motions, or conference 6 7 committee reports. 8 No bill that provides for an appropriation of money from 9 the State Treasury may be considered for passage by the House favorably 10 unless it. has first been reported by an 11 Appropriations Committee or: 12 (1) the bill was discharged from an Appropriations 13 Committee under Rule 58; (2) the bill was exempted from this requirement by a 14 15 majority of those appointed to the Rules Committee; or 16 (3) this Rule was suspended under Rule 67. 17 (c) The Chairperson of each committee, or Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus of a standing or special committee, 18 shall keep, or cause to be kept by the Clerk's Office, a record 19 20 in which there shall be entered: 21 The time and place of each meeting of (1)the 22 committee.

23 (2) The attendance of committee members at each24 meeting.

(3) The votes cast by the committee members on all
legislative measures acted on by the committee.

(4) The "Record of Committee Witness" forms executed by 1 each person appearing or registering in each committee 2 shall include identification 3 meeting, which of the witness, the person, group, or firm represented by 4 5 appearance and the capacity in which the representation is made (if the person is representing someone other than 6 himself or herself), his or her position on the legislation 7 under consideration, and the nature of his or her desired 8 9 testimony.

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(5) An audio recording of the proceedings.

11 (6) Such additional information as may be requested by12 the Clerk.

(d) The committee Chairperson, or the Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus of a standing or special committee, shall file with the Clerk, along with every legislative measure reported upon, a written report containing such information as required by the Clerk. The Clerk may adopt forms, policies, and procedures with respect to the preparation, filing, and maintenance of the reports.

(e) When a committee fails to report a legislative measure pending before it to the House, or when a committee fails to hold a public hearing on a legislative measure pending before it, the exclusive means to bring that legislative measure directly before the House for its consideration is as provided in Rule 18 or Rule 58.

26 (f) No legislative measure may be called for a vote in a

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HR0035 -40-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 standing committee or special committee in the absence of the 2 Principal Sponsor. The committee Chairperson, the committee 3 Minority Spokesperson, or a chief co-sponsor may present a bill or resolution in committee with the approval of the Principal 4 5 Sponsor when the committee consents. In the case of standing or 6 special committees with Co-Chairpersons from different 7 political parties, the "Chairperson" means the Co-Chairperson 8 from the majority caucus, and the "Minority Spokesperson" means 9 the Co-Chairperson from the minority caucus. This subsection 10 may not be suspended.

(g) Motions for committee approval of bills and resolutions 11 12 are renewable, provided that no bill or resolution may be voted 13 on more than twice in any committee on motions to report the bill or resolution favorably, or to reconsider the vote by 14 15 which the committee adopted a motion to report the bill or 16 resolution unfavorably. A bill or resolution having failed to 17 receive a favorable recommendation after 2 such record votes automatically reported with 18 shall be the appropriate unfavorable recommendation. 19

(h) A bill or resolution shall be given short debate status by report of the committee if the bill or resolution was favorably reported by a three-fifths vote of the members present and voting, including those voting "present". Bills and resolutions receiving favorable reports may be placed upon the Consent Calendar as provided in Rule 42.

26 (i) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote

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1 of 71 members elected.

2 (House Rule 23)

3 23. Witnesses, Oaths, and Subpoenae.

4 (a) Standing committees may administer oaths and may
5 compel, by subpoena, any person to appear and give testimony as
6 a witness before the standing committee and produce papers,
7 documents, and other materials relating to a legislative
8 measure pending before the standing committee.

9 (b) Special committees may administer oaths and may compel, 10 by subpoena, any person to appear and give testimony before the 11 special committee and produce papers, documents, and other 12 materials relating to the subject matter for which the special 13 committee was created or relating to a legislative measure 14 pending before the special committee.

15 (c) A Committee of the Whole may administer oaths and may 16 compel, by subpoena, any person to appear and give testimony 17 before the committee of the whole and produce papers, 18 documents, and other materials relating to the subject matter 19 for which the committee of the whole was created or relating to 20 a legislative measure pending before the committee of the 21 whole.

(d) Oaths may be administered under this Rule by the
Presiding Officer or by the Chairperson of a committee or any
person sitting in his or her stead.

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(e) Subpoenae issued under this Rule must be issued and

HR0035 -42- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r signed by the Chairperson of the committee and must comply with Rule 4(c)(9).

3 (f) In the case of special committees with Co-Chairpersons 4 from different political parties, the term "Chairperson" for 5 purposes of this Rule means the Co-Chairperson from the 6 majority caucus.

7 (g) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote8 of 71 members elected.

9 (House Rule 24)

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24. Committee Reports.

(a) All bills favorably reported to the House from a committee, or with respect to which a committee has been discharged, shall be reported to the House and shall be placed on the order of Second Reading and assigned standard debate status, subject to Rule 52. Bills reported to the House from committee "do not pass", "do not pass as amended", "without recommendation", or "tabled" shall lie on the table.

18 (b) All floor amendments, joint action motions for final 19 action, conference committee reports, and motions to table 20 committee amendments favorably reported from a standing 21 committee or special committee shall be referred to the House 22 and eligible for consideration when the House is on an 23 appropriate order of business. Amendments to bills that are not on the order of Second Reading are out of order. All floor 24 25 amendments, joint action motions for final action, conference

-43-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r committee reports, and motions to table committee amendments 1 2 that are reported to the House from committee "be not adopted", "without recommendation", or "tabled" shall lie on the table. 3 When the Rules Committee refers a floor amendment, joint action 4 5 motion for final action, conference committee report, or motion to table a committee amendment to a standing committee or a 6 7 special committee that thereafter favorably reports that 8 legislative measure to the House, the legislative measure shall 9 be referred to the House, assigned standard debate status 10 subject to Rule 52 (except floor amendments, which shall be 11 assigned amendment debate status), and eliqible for 12 consideration when the House is on an appropriate order of 13 business.

(c) All resolutions favorably reported to the House from 14 the Rules Committee, a standing committee, or a special 15 16 committee, or with respect to which the committee has been 17 discharged, shall be referred to the House and placed on the order of Resolutions and assigned standard debate status, 18 19 subject to Rule 52. All resolutions that are reported to the 20 House from committee "be not adopted", "be not adopted as amended", "without recommendation", or "tabled" shall lie on 21 22 the table. Floor amendments to resolutions are subject to the 23 same procedure applicable to floor amendments to bills.

24 (House Rule 25)

25 25. Suspension of Posting Requirements.

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1 (a) A motion to suspend the posting requirements of Rule 21 2 must be in writing, specifying the committee and the bills or resolutions to which the motion applies, be carried on the 3 calendar before it may be taken up by the House, and adopted by 4 5 the affirmative vote of 60 members elected. The calendar requirements of this Rule may be suspended only by unanimous 6 7 consent. The requirement that the motion be in writing may not 8 be suspended.

9 (b) Except for those provisions that may not be suspended 10 or that require unanimous consent, this Rule may be suspended 11 only by the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

- 12 (House Rule 26)
- 13 26. Rights of the Public.

(a) If a bill or resolution has been properly set for hearing and witnesses are present and wish to testify, the committee shall hear the witnesses at the scheduled time and place, subject to Rule 10(c).

(b) Any person wishing to offer testimony to a committee 18 hearing of a bill or resolution shall be given a reasonable 19 20 opportunity to do so, orally or in writing. The Chairperson may 21 set time limits for presentation of oral testimony. No 22 testimony in writing is required of any witness, but any witness may submit a statement in writing for the committee 23 24 record. All persons offering testimony shall complete a "Record of Committee Witness" form and submit it to the committee clerk 25

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before testifying. In the case of standing or special
committees with Co-Chairpersons from different political
parties, the "Chairperson" means the Co-Chairperson from the
majority caucus.

5 (c) A motion to foreclose further oral testimony by 6 witnesses on a matter before a committee may be adopted only by a three-fifths majority of those voting on the motion. No such 7 8 motion is in order until both proponents and opponents 9 requesting to be heard have been given a fair and substantial 10 opportunity to express their positions. No one shall be 11 prohibited from filing for the record "Record of Committee 12 Witness" forms or written statements while the matter is before 13 the committee.

(d) Meetings of committees and subcommittees shall be open to the public. Committee meetings of the House may be closed to the public if two-thirds of the members elected to the House determine, by a record vote, that the public interest so requires.

19 (e) This Rule cannot be suspended retroactively.

20 (House Rule 27)

21 27. Smoking. Smoking is prohibited at any official 22 committee hearing, and no committee member, staff member, or 23 member of the public is permitted to smoke in the room in which 24 the hearing is being held. HR0035

ARTICLE III 1 CONDUCT OF BUSINESS 2 3 (House Rule 28) 28. Sessions of the House. 4 5 The House is in session whenever it convenes in (a) 6 perfunctory session, regular session, veto session, special 7 session, or joint session with the Senate. Members are entitled 8 to per diem expense reimbursements authorized by law only on 9 those regular, veto, special session, and joint session days 10 that they are in attendance at the House and either (i) are 11 recorded as present on the quorum roll call or (ii) personally appear before the Clerk or the Clerk's designee after the 12 13 quorum roll call but prior to the close of the Clerk's Office 14 for the day. Attendance by members is not required or recorded 15 on perfunctory session days. 16 (b) Regular and veto session days shall be scheduled with notice by the Speaker under Rule 9. Special session days shall 17

be scheduled in accordance with the Constitution and laws of Illinois. The Speaker may convene the House when deemed necessary, regardless of whether a different date or time has been established.

(c) The Speaker may schedule perfunctory session days
 during which the Clerk may read into the House record any
 legislative measure. Committees may meet and may consider and

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act upon legislative measures during a perfunctory session day,
and the Clerk may receive and read committee reports into the
House record during a perfunctory day. Except for automatic
referral under these Rules, no further action may be taken by
the House with respect to a legislative measure during a
perfunctory session day.

7 (House Rule 29)

8 29. Hour of Meeting. Unless otherwise ordered by the 9 Speaker or Presiding Officer or as provided in Rule 1, the 10 House shall regularly convene at 12:30 p.m. on the first day of 11 each week that the House convenes in regular, veto, or special 12 session and shall convene at noon on all other days.

- 13 (House Rule 30)
- 14 30. Access to the House Floor.

15 (a) Except as otherwise provided in these Rules, only the following persons shall be admitted to the House while it is in 16 session: members and officers of the General Assembly; elected 17 officers of the executive branch; justices of the Supreme 18 Court; the designated aide to the Governor, except as limited 19 20 by the Speaker; the parliamentarian; majority staff members and 21 minority staff members, except as limited by the Speaker or Presiding Officer; former members, except as limited by the 22 23 Speaker or prohibited under subsection (d); and employees of the Legislative Reference Bureau, except as limited by the 24

HR0035 -48-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r Speaker. Representatives of the press, while the House is in 1 2 session, may have access to the galleries and places allotted to them by the Speaker. No person is entitled to the floor 3 unless appropriately attired. Only members of the General 4 5 Assembly may use telephones at the members' desks. Smoking is prohibited on the floor of the House and in the House 6 7 galleries.

8 (b) On days during which the House is in session, the 9 Doorkeeper shall clear the floor of all persons not entitled to 10 access to the floor 15 minutes before the convening time, and 11 the Doorkeeper shall enforce all other provisions of this Rule.

12 (c) The Speaker may authorize the admission to the floor of13 any other person, except as prohibited under subsection (d).

(d) No person who is directly or indirectly interested in defeating or promoting any pending legislative measure, if required to be registered as a lobbyist, shall be allowed access to the floor of the House at any time during the session.

(e) When he or she deems it necessary for the preservation of order, the Presiding Officer may by order remove any person from the floor of the House. A Representative may be removed from the floor only under Article XI or XII of these Rules.

23 (House Rule 31)

31. Standing Order of Business. Unless otherwise
determined by the Presiding Officer, the standing daily order

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1	of business of the House is as follows:		
2	(1) Call to Order, Invocation, Pledge of Alle	giance,	
3	and Roll Call.		
4	(2) Approval of the Journal.		
5	(3) Reading of House Bills a first time.		
6	(4) Reports from committees, with reports fr	com the	
7	Rules Committee ordinarily made at any time.		
8	(5) Presentation of Resolutions, Petition	s, and	
9	Messages.		
10	(6) Introduction of House Bills.		
11	(7) Messages from the Senate, not including	reading	
12	Senate Bills a first time.		
13	(8) Reading of House Bills a second time.		
14	(9) Reading of House Bills a third time.	(9) Reading of House Bills a third time.	
15	(10) Reading of Senate Bills a third time.	(10) Reading of Senate Bills a third time.	
16	(11) Reading of Senate Bills a second time.		
17	(12) Reading of Senate Bills a first time.		
18	(13) House Bills on the Order of Concurrence.		
19	(14) Senate Bills on the Order of Non-Concurrenc	e.	
20	(15) Conference Committee Reports.		
21	(16) Motions in Writing.		
22	(17) Constitutional Amendment Resolutions.		
23	(18) Motions with respect to Vetoes.		
24	(19) Consideration of Resolutions.	(19) Consideration of Resolutions.	
25	(20) Motions to Discharge Committee.		
26	(21) Motions to Take from the Table.		

HR0035 -50- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (22) Motions to Suspend the Rules.

2 (23) Consideration of Bills on the Order of Postponed
3 Consideration.

4 (House Rule 32)

5 32. Quorum.

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6 (a) A majority of those elected constitutes a quorum of the 7 House, and a majority of those appointed constitutes a quorum 8 of a committee, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to 9 day, or recess for less than one day, and compel the attendance 10 of absent members. The attendance of absent members may also be 11 compelled by order of the Speaker.

12 (b) The question of the presence of a quorum in any 13 committee may not be raised on consideration of a legislative 14 measure by the House unless the same question was previously 15 raised before the committee with respect to that legislative 16 measure.

(c) Any member not answering the quorum roll call of the House on any session day who is in attendance and wishes to be added to that quorum roll call must file a request to be shown present on the quorum roll call with the Clerk. The request must be in writing and filed in person by the member on the same calendar day the quorum roll call was taken.

23 (House Rule 33)

24 33. Approval of the Journal. The Speaker or his or her

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designee shall periodically examine and report to the House any
corrections he or she deems should be made in the Journal
before it is approved. If those corrections are approved by the
House, they shall be made by the Clerk.

5 (House Rule 34)

6 34. Executive Sessions. The sessions of the House shall be 7 open to the public. Sessions and committee meetings of the 8 House may be closed to the public if two-thirds of the members 9 elected determine, by a record vote, that the public interest 10 so requires.

11 (House Rule 35)

12 35. Length of Adjournment. The House, without the consent 13 of the Senate, shall not adjourn for more than 3 days or to a 14 place other than where the 2 chambers of the General Assembly 15 are sitting. The House is in session on any day in which it 16 convenes in perfunctory session, regular session, veto 17 session, special session, or joint session with the Senate.

18 (House Rule 36)

19 36. Transcript of the House. Nothing contained in the 20 official transcript of the House shall be changed or expunged 21 except by written request of a Representative to the Clerk and 22 Speaker, and that request may be approved only by the record 23 vote of 71 members elected.

1	ARTICLE IV
2	BILLS AND AMENDMENTS
3	(House Rule 37)
4	37. Bills.
5	(a) A bill may be introduced in the House by sponsorship of
6	one or more members of the House, whose names shall be on the
7	reproduced copies of the bills, in the House Journal, and in
8	the Legislative Digest. The Principal Sponsor shall be the
9	first name to appear on the bill and may be joined by no more
10	than 4 chief co-sponsors with the approval of the Principal
11	Sponsor; other co-sponsors shall be separated from the
12	Principal Sponsor and any chief co-sponsors by a comma. The
13	Principal Sponsor may change the sponsorship of a bill to that
14	of one or more other Representatives, or to that of the
15	standing committee or special committee to which the bill was
16	referred or from which the bill was reported. Such change may
17	be made at any time the bill is pending before the House or any
18	of its committees by filing a notice with the Clerk, provided
19	that the addition of any member as a Principal Sponsor, chief
20	co-sponsor, or co-sponsor must be with that member's consent.
21	This subsection may not be suspended.

(b) The Principal Sponsor of a bill controls that bill. Acommittee-sponsored bill is controlled by the Chairperson, or

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1 if Co-Chairpersons have been appointed, by the Co-Chairperson
2 from the majority caucus, who for purposes of these Rules is
3 deemed the Principal Sponsor. Committee-sponsored bills may
4 not have individual co-sponsors.

5 (c) The Senate sponsor of a bill originating in the Senate may request substitute House sponsorship of that bill by filing 6 7 a notice with the Clerk. Such notice is automatically referred to the Rules Committee. The notice shall include the bill 8 9 number, signature of the Senate sponsor, signature of the 10 substitute House sponsor, and a statement that the original 11 House sponsor was provided with notice of intent to request a substitute House sponsor. A notice that satisfies the 12 requirements of this subsection shall be approved by the Rules 13 14 Committee. If the Rules Committee does not act on a notice that satisfies the requirements of this subsection within 3 15 16 legislative days after its referral, then the notice is deemed 17 approved and the Clerk shall substitute sponsorship. This subsection shall be in effect if, and only for so long as, the 18 Rules of the Senate include a reciprocal privilege for House 19 20 sponsors and the Senate complies with the rule. This subsection 21 may not be suspended. ; such a notice is automatically referred 22 to the Rules Committee and deemed adopted if approved by the 23 Committee. If disapproved by the Rules Rules-Committee notice shall lie on the table. If the Rules Committee fails 24 25 on a notice, that notice may be discharged by unanimous 26 consent.

(d) All bills introduced in the House shall be read by 1 2 title a first time, ordered reproduced, and automatically referred to the Rules Committee in accordance with Rule 18. 3 After a Senate Bill is received and a House member has 4 5 submitted notification to the Clerk of sponsorship of that bill, it shall be read by title, ordered reproduced, and 6 automatically referred to the Rules Committee in accordance 7 with Rule 18. 8

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9 (e) All bills introduced into the House shall be 10 accompanied by 6 copies. Any bill that amends a statute shall 11 indicate the particular changes in the following manner:

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(1) All new matter shall be underscored.

13 (2) All matter that is to be omitted or superseded14 shall be shown crossed with a line.

15 (f) No bill shall be passed by the House except on a record vote of a majority of those elected, subject to Rule 69. A bill 16 17 that has lost on third reading and has not been reconsidered may not thereafter be revived. If a motion for the adoption of 18 19 a first conference committee report fails and the motion is not 20 reconsidered, then a second conference committee may be appointed as provided in Rule 76(c). If a motion for the 21 22 adoption of a second conference committee report fails and is 23 not reconsidered, then the bill may not thereafter be revived.

24 (House Rule 37.5)

25 37.5. Amendments to Taxpayer Accountability and Budget

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1 Stabilization Act.

HR0035

2 (a) From the commencement of the 97th General Assembly 3 until June 30, 2015, no bill that amends or refers to Section 201.5 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, or that seeks to 4 5 appropriate or transfer money pursuant to a declaration of a 6 fiscal emergency under Section 201.5 of that Act, may be moved from the order of Second Reading to the order of Third Reading 7 8 unless a motion to approve such measure for consideration has 9 been adopted by a record vote of 71 members. If such a bill is 10 on the order of concurrence or in the form of a conference 11 committee report, no motion to concur or to adopt that 12 conference committee report is in order unless a motion to 13 approve such measure for consideration has been adopted by a record vote of 71 members. Nothing in this House Rule shall be 14 15 deemed to alter the vote requirement for final passage of a 16 legislative measure required by the Illinois Constitution.

17 (b) Any motion made pursuant to subsection (a) to approve a legislative measure for consideration must be in writing. Upon 18 receipt of the written motion, the Clerk shall immediately 19 20 notify the Speaker and the Minority Leader. The motion shall not be referred to a committee. The motion must be carried on 21 22 the calendar before it may be taken up by the House and may 23 then be immediately considered and adopted by the House. The motion is renewable and may be reconsidered, provided that once 24 25 that motion is adopted, it shall not be reconsidered.

26 (c) This Rule may not be suspended except by unanimous

HR0035 -56- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r consent.

2 (House Rule 37.6)

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3 37.6. Amendments to State Pension Funds Continuing4 Appropriation Act.

5 (a) From the commencement of the 97th General Assembly 6 until June 30, 2015, no bill that amends or refers to the State 7 Pension Funds Continuing Appropriation Act may be moved from 8 the order of Second Reading to the order of Third Reading 9 unless a motion to approve such measure for consideration has 10 been adopted by a record vote of 71 members. If such a bill is 11 on the order of concurrence or in the form of a conference 12 committee report, no motion to concur or to adopt that conference committee report is in order unless a motion to 13 14 approve such measure for consideration has been adopted by a 15 record vote of 71 members. Nothing in this House Rule shall be 16 deemed to alter the vote requirement for final passage of a legislative measure required by the Illinois Constitution. 17

18 (b) Any motion made pursuant to subsection (a) to approve a 19 legislative measure for consideration must be in writing. Upon 20 receipt of the written motion, the Clerk shall immediately 21 notify the Speaker and the Minority Leader. The motion shall 22 not be referred to a committee. The motion must be carried on the calendar before it may be taken up by the House and may 23 24 then be immediately considered and adopted by the House. The 25 motion is renewable and may be reconsidered, provided that once HR0035 -57- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r that motion is adopted, it shall not be reconsidered.

2 (c) This Rule may not be suspended except by unanimous3 consent.

4 (House Rule 38)

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5 38. Reading and Reproduction of Bills. Every bill shall be 6 read by title on 3 different days before passage by the House, 7 and the bill and all amendments adopted to it shall be 8 reproduced, under Rule 39, before the vote is taken on its 9 final passage.

10 (House Rule 39)

39. Reproduction and Distribution. The Clerk shall, as soon as any bill is reproduced, cause the bill to be placed upon the desks of the members. Reproduction and distribution may be done electronically, or the Clerk may establish a method that any member may use to secure a copy of any bill.

16 (House Rule 40)

17 40. Amendments.

(a) An amendment to a bill may be adopted by a standing
committee or special committee when the bill is before that
committee. An amendment to a bill may be adopted by the House
when a bill is on the order of Second Reading if: (i) the Rules
Committee has referred the floor amendment to the House for
consideration under Rule 18; (ii) a standing committee or

HR0035 -58-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 special committee has referred the floor amendment to the 2 House; or (iii) the floor amendment has been discharged from committee pursuant to Rule 18(g) or Rule 58. All amendments 3 must be in writing. All committee amendments that have been 4 5 referred to a standing committee or special committee by the Rules Committee timely filed, as determined by the Chairperson, 6 7 shall be considered by the committee or a subcommittee of that 8 committee prior to consideration by the committee of the bill 9 to which the amendment relates. All committee amendments not 10 adopted to a bill prior to the favorable reporting of the bill 11 by a standing committee or special committee or its re-referral 12 to the Rules Committee are automatically tabled. All floor 13 amendments not adopted to a bill and that are still pending in 14 a committee or before the House upon the passage or defeat of a 15 bill on Third Reading are automatically tabled, provided that 16 any floor amendment tabled pursuant to this Rule shall 17 automatically be taken from the table upon the adoption of a motion to reconsider the vote for the passage or defeat of the 18 19 bill on Third Reading.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in these Rules, committee amendments may be offered only by the Principal Sponsor or a member of the committee while the affected bill is before that committee, and shall be adopted by a majority of those appointed. Floor amendments may be offered for adoption only by a Representative while the bill is on the order of Second Reading, subject to Rule 18, and shall be adopted by a majority

1 vote of the House. The sponsor of a committee or floor 2 amendment may change the sponsorship of the amendment to that of another member, with that other member's consent. Such 3 change may be made at any time the amendment is pending before 4 5 the House or any of its committees by filing notice with the 6 Clerk. A committee amendment may be the subject of a motion to 7 "do adopt" or "do not adopt". A committee amendment may be adopted only by a successful motion to "do adopt". The 8 9 Chairperson of a committee may refer any committee amendment to 10 a subcommittee of that committee.

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11 (c) Committee amendments shall be filed with the Clerk no 12 later than 3:00 p.m. the business day before a meeting at which 13 the bill or resolution it amends may be considered Chairperson of the committee, and are in order only when sufficient copies 14 have been filed to provide each member of the committee with a 15 16 copy (which may be done in the same manner as distribution of 17 bills under Rule 39) and 6 additional copies for the Chairperson. Floor amendments shall be filed with the Clerk 18 only while the bill is on the order of Second Reading or Third 19 20 Reading. Amendments , and are in order only when 6 copies have been filed. The Clerk shall number amendments sequentially in 21 22 the order submitted, and all amendments that are in order shall 23 be considered in ascending numerical order.

(d) The Clerk shall have reproduced all adopted committee
amendments that come before the House. The Clerk shall also
have reproduced all floor amendments referred to the House by a

HR0035 -60- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r committee. No floor amendment may be adopted by the House unless it has been reproduced and placed on the members' desks in the same manner as for bills under Rule 39.

4 (e) No floor amendment is in order unless it has been first
5 referred to the House for consideration by the Rules Committee
6 under Rule 18, or favorably reported by, or discharged from, a
7 standing committee or special committee. A floor amendment may
8 be referred to the House for consideration, or to a standing or
9 special committee, only while the bill is on the order of
10 Second Reading or Third Reading.

(f) Amendments that propose to alter any existing law shall conform to the requirements of Rule 37(e).

(g) If a committee reports a bill "do pass as amended", the committee amendments are deemed adopted by the committee action and shall be reproduced and placed on the members' desks (which may be done in the same manner as provided for bills under Rule 39) before the bill may be read a second time.

(h) In the case of special committees with Co-Chairpersons from different political parties, the "Chairperson" for the purposes of this Rule is the Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus.

22 (House Rule 41)

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23 41. Note Requests; Quick Takes.

(a) The House shall comply with all Illinois laws requiringfiscal or other notes. The notes shall be filed with the Clerk,

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who shall affix each note with a time stamp endorsing the date
and time received, and attached to the original of the bill and
available for inspection by the members. As soon as practical,
the Clerk shall provide a copy of the note to the Legislative
Reference Bureau, which shall provide an informative summary of
the note in subsequent issues of the Legislative Digest.

7 (b) No bill authorizing or directing the conveyance by the 8 State of any particular interest in real estate to any 9 individual or entity other than a governmental unit or agency 10 may be voted upon in committee or upon Second Reading unless a 11 certified appraisal of the value of the interest has been 12 filed. The appraisal shall be filed with the Clerk of the 13 House, and shall be part of the permanent record for that bill.

14 (c) No bill authorizing the State or a unit of local 15 government to acquire property by eminent domain using 16 "quick-take" powers under the Eminent Domain Act may be voted 17 upon in committee or on Second Reading unless the State or the 18 unit of local government, as applicable, has complied with all 19 of the following procedures:

(1) The State or the unit of local government must notify each owner of an interest in the property, by certified mail, of the intention of the State or the unit of local government to request approval of legislation by the General Assembly authorizing the State or the unit of local government to acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers under Section 7-103 of the Code -62- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

1 of Civil Procedure.

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(2) The State or the unit of local government must
cause notice of its intention to request authorization to
acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take"
powers to be published in a newspaper of general
circulation in the territory sought to be acquired by the
State or the unit of local government.

8 (3) Following the notices required under paragraphs 9 (1) and (2), the State or the unit of local government must 10 hold at least one public hearing, at the place where the 11 unit of local government normally holds its business 12 meetings (or, in the case of property sought to be acquired by the State: (i) at a location in the county in which the 13 14 property sought to be acquired by the State is located, or 15 (ii) if the property is located in Cook County, at a 16 location in the township in which the property is located, 17 or (iii) if the property is located in 2 adjacent counties other than Cook County or in 2 adjacent townships in Cook 18 County, at a location in the county or in the township in 19 20 Cook County in which the majority of the property is located, or (iv) if the property is located in Cook County 21 22 and an adjacent county, at a location in the other county 23 or in the township in Cook County in which the majority of property is located), on the question of the 24 the 25 acquisition of the property by the State or the unit of 26 local government by eminent domain using "quick-take"

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powers.

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2 (4) In the case of property sought to be acquired by a 3 unit of local government, following the public hearing or hearings held under paragraph (3), the unit of local 4 5 government must adopt, by recorded vote, a resolution to request approval of legislation by the General Assembly 6 7 authorizing the unit of local government to acquire the property by eminent domain using "quick-take" powers under 8 9 the Eminent Domain Act. The resolution must include a 10 statement of the time period within which the unit of local 11 government requests authority to exercise "quick-take" 12 powers, which may not exceed one year.

13 (5) Following the public hearing or hearings held under 14 paragraph (3), the head of the appropriate State office, 15 department, or agency or the chief elected official of the 16 unit of local government, as applicable, must submit to the 17 Chairperson and Minority Spokesperson of the House Executive Committee a sworn, notarized affidavit that 18 19 contains, or has attached as an incorporated exhibit, all 20 of the following:

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(A) The legal description of the property.

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(B) The street address of the property.

(C) The name of each State Senator and State
Representative who represents the territory that is
the subject of the proposed taking.

26 (D) The date or dates on which the State or the

HR0035 -64-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r unit of local government contacted each such State 1 2 Senator and State Representative concerning the intention of the State or the unit of local government 3 to request approval of legislation by the General 4 5 Assembly authorizing the State or the unit of local government to acquire the property by eminent domain 6 7 using "quick-take" powers.

8 (E) The current name, address, and telephone 9 number of each owner of an interest in the property.

10 (F) A summary of all negotiations between the State 11 or the unit of local government and the owner or owners 12 of the property concerning the sale of the property to 13 the State or the unit of local government.

14 (G) A statement of the date and location of each15 public hearing held under paragraph (3).

16 (H) A statement of the public purpose for which the
17 State or the unit of local government seeks to acquire
18 the property.

19 (I) The certification of the head of the 20 appropriate State office, department, or agency or the chief elected official of the unit of local government, 21 22 as applicable, that (i) the property is located within 23 the territory under the jurisdiction of the State or the unit of local government and (ii) the State or the 24 25 unit of local government seeks to acquire the property 26 for a public purpose.

HR0035 -65- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (J) A map of the area in which the property to be acquired is located, showing the location of the property.

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(K) Photographs of the property.

5 (L) An appraisal of the property by a real estate 6 appraiser who is certified or licensed under the Real 7 Estate Appraiser Licensing Act of 2002.

8 (M) In the case of property sought to be acquired 9 by a unit of local government, a copy of the resolution 10 adopted by the unit of local government under paragraph 11 (4).

12 (N) Documentation of the public purpose for which
13 the State or the unit of local government seeks to
14 acquire the property.

(0) A copy of each notice sent to an owner of an
 interest in the property under paragraph (1).

17 A request for quick-take authority shall not be considered 18 by a House committee fewer than 30 days after the date of the 19 notice to each property owner as required by paragraph (1).

Every affidavit submitted by the State or a unit of local government pursuant to this Rule 41(c), together with all documents and other items submitted with the affidavit, must be made available to any person upon request for inspection and copying.

25 (House Rule 42)

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42. Consent Calendar.

2 (a) The Clerk shall include a Consent Calendar on the daily 3 calendar and designate it as a separate calendar. The Consent Calendar shall contain 3 orders of business: Consent Calendar -4 5 Second Reading, Consent Calendar - Third Reading, and Consent 6 Calendar - Resolutions. Within each order of business, bills or resolutions shall be listed in separate groups according to the 7 number of required days each has been on that order of business 8 on the Consent Calendar. No more than 80 bills and resolutions 9 10 shall be listed in each group. All bills or resolutions to 11 which amendments have been adopted shall be so designated.

(b) No debate is in order regarding any item on the Consent Calendar. The Presiding Officer, however, shall allow a reasonable time for questions from the floor and answers to those questions. No amendment from the floor is in order regarding any bill or resolution on the Consent Calendar.

17 (c) A bill on the Consent Calendar shall stand for 2 legislative days on the order of Consent Calendar - Second 18 Reading, and for at least 2 legislative days on the order of 19 20 Consent Calendar - Third Reading, before a vote on the final passage may be taken. Resolutions on the Consent Calendar shall 21 22 stand for at least 4 legislative days before a vote on adoption 23 may be taken. One record vote on final passage shall be taken on those bills called for final passage. Immediately before a 24 25 vote on the bills on the Consent Calendar, the Presiding Officer shall call to the attention of the members the fact 26

HR0035 -67- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 that the next legislative action will be the vote on the 2 Consent Calendar.

3 (d) A bill or resolution may be placed on the Consent 4 Calendar by report of a standing committee upon a motion 5 adopted by a unanimous vote of the members present. For 6 purposes of this subsection (d), a unanimous vote on the motion 7 is a vote with no member voting nay.

8 (e) No bill regarding revenue or appropriations may be 9 placed on the Consent Calendar. No resolution requiring more 10 than 60 affirmative votes for adoption and no bill requiring 11 more than 60 affirmative votes for passage by the House may be 12 placed on the Consent Calendar.

13 (f) The Speaker and the Minority Leader shall each appoint 14 3 members who may challenge the presence of any bill or resolution on the Consent Calendar. Before a vote on final 15 16 passage of any item on the Consent Calendar, an item shall be 17 removed from the Consent Calendar if (i) 4 or more members, (ii) the Principal Sponsor of the bill or resolution, or (iii) 18 19 one or more of the appointed challengers file with the Clerk 20 written objections to the presence of the bill or resolution on the Consent Calendar. Any bill or resolution so removed may not 21 22 be placed thereafter on the Consent Calendar during that 23 session of the General Assembly, unless the member or members who objected to the presence of the bill or resolution on the 24 25 Consent Calendar consent in writing to restoration of the bill or resolution on the Consent Calendar. 26

Any bill removed from the Consent Calendar shall stand on the order of Second Reading with short debate status, subject to Rule 52, and any resolution so removed shall stand on the order of Resolutions with short debate status, subject to Rule 5 52.

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6 (House Rule 43)

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7 43. Changing Order of Business.

8 (a) Any order of business may be changed at any time by the9 Speaker or Presiding Officer.

10 (b) Any order of business may be changed at any time upon 11 the motion of any member, supported by 5 additional members, if 12 the motion is adopted by an affirmative vote of 71 members 13 elected.

14 (c) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote15 of 71 members elected.

16 (House Rule 44)

17 44. Special Orders; Rules Committee.

(a) A special order of business may be set by the Rules Committee or by the Speaker. The Principal Sponsor of a bill or resolution must consent to the placement of the bill or resolution on a special order. A special order shall fix the day to which it applies and the matters to be included. The Speaker, or the Rules Committee by a vote of a majority of the members appointed, may establish time limits for a special

HR0035 -69-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 order and may establish limitations on debate during a special 2 order (notwithstanding Rule 52), in which event the allotted time shall be fairly divided between proponents and opponents 3 of the legislation to be considered. A special order of 4 5 business takes the place of the standing order for such time as 6 may be necessary for its completion. Only matters that may 7 otherwise properly be before the House may be included in a 8 special order.

9 (b) A special order shall appear on the Daily Calendar for 10 3 legislative days. This subsection (b) may be suspended only 11 by the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

(c) A special order may be suspended, amended, or modified by motion adopted by an affirmative vote of 60 members. A special order shall be suspended by a written objection signed by 3 members of the Rules Committee and filed during the first legislative day on which the special order appears on the calendar.

18

ARTICLE V

19 RESOLUTIONS AND CERTIFICATES OF RECOGNITION

20 (House Rule 45)

21 45. Resolutions.

(a) A resolution may be introduced in the House bysponsorship of one or more members of the House, and the names

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of all sponsors shall be included in the House Journal and in
the Legislative Digest. Each resolution introduced shall be
accompanied by 6 copies. Consideration of resolutions shall be
governed by Rule 16 and Rule 66.

5 (b) The Principal Sponsor of a resolution controls that The Principal Sponsor of a resolution, or the 6 resolution. sponsor of an amendment to a resolution, may change the 7 8 sponsorship of the resolution or amendment, as applicable, to 9 that of another member, with that other member's consent, by 10 filing notice with the Clerk. A standing committee-sponsored 11 resolution is controlled by the Chairperson of the committee, 12 if Co-Chairpersons have been appointed, or by the Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus, who for purposes of 13 14 these Rules is deemed the Principal Sponsor. A special 15 committee-sponsored resolution is controlled bv the 16 Chairperson, or if Co-Chairpersons have been appointed, by the 17 Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus, who for purposes of Rules is deemed the 18 these Principal Sponsor. 19 Committee-sponsored resolutions may not have individual 20 co-sponsors.

(c) Any resolution calling for the expenditure of State funds may be adopted only by a record vote of a majority of those elected.

24 (House Rule 46)

25 46. State Constitutional Amendments. All resolutions

HR0035 -71-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r introduced in the House proposing amendments to the Illinois 1 2 Constitution shall be reproduced and distributed in the same manner in which bills are reproduced and distributed under Rule 3 39. Every such resolution that originated in the Senate and is 4 5 presented to the House shall be ordered reproduced and 6 distributed in like manner. No such resolution shall pass unless read in full in its final form on 3 different days. 7 8 Amendments are in order only on First Reading and Second 9 Reading. Final passage requires the affirmative vote of 71 10 members elected. No resolution proposing a change in the 11 Constitution of the State of Illinois may be considered for 12 passage after the last day preceding the day marking the 13 beginning of the last 6 months before the general election occurring during the term of this General Assembly, and all 14 15 such resolutions still pending shall be tabled at the end of 16 business on that day.

17 (House Rule 47)

18 47. Federal Constitutional Amendments and Constitutional19 Conventions.

20 (a) The affirmative vote of 71 of the members elected is21 required to adopt any resolution:

(1) requesting Congress to call a federalconstitutional convention;

(2) ratifying a proposed amendment to the Constitution
 of the United States; or

HR0035 -72- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (3) calling a State convention to ratify a proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

3 (b) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote4 of 71 members elected.

5 (House Rule 48)

6 48. Certificates of Recognition. Any member may sponsor a 7 certificate of recognition to be signed by the Speaker and 8 attested by the Clerk to recognize any person, organization, or 9 event worthy of public commendation. The form of the 10 Certificate of Recognition shall be determined by the Clerk 11 with the approval of the Speaker.

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ARTICLE VI

13

PARLIAMENTARY PRACTICE

14 (House Rule 49)

15 49. Voting. The Presiding Officer shall put all questions distinctly, as follows: "All those in favor vote AYE, and those 16 opposed vote NAY." No member may vote on any question before 17 the House unless on the floor before the vote is announced. No 18 19 member of a committee may vote except in person at the time of the call of the committee vote. Any vote of the House shall be 20 21 by record vote whenever 5 Representatives shall so request or whenever the Presiding Officer shall so order. 22

1 (House Rule 50)

50. Announcing a Record Vote. When a record vote is 2 3 requested, the Presiding Officer shall put the question and 4 then announce to the House: "The voting is open." While the 5 vote is being taken, the Presiding Officer shall state: "Have 6 all voted who wish?" The voting is closed when the Presiding Officer announces: "Take the Record." The Presiding Officer, 7 8 unless an intervening motion to postpone consideration by the 9 Principal Sponsor is made, shall then announce the results of 10 the record vote. After the record is taken, no member may vote, 11 change his or her vote, or remove his or her vote as recorded; 12 except that when a record vote is taken on more than one 13 legislative measure at the same time, each member has the right 14 to have his or her votes recorded separately for each of those 15 legislative measures by filing a signed document with the Clerk 16 on the same legislative day.

17 (House Rule 51)

18 51. Decorum.

(a) When any member is about to speak to the House, he or she shall rise and address the Presiding Officer as "Speaker". The Presiding Officer, upon recognizing the member, shall address him or her by name, and thereupon the engineer in charge of operating the microphones in the House shall give the use of the microphone to the member who has been so recognized. HR0035 -74- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r The member in speaking shall confine himself or herself to the subject matter under discussion and avoid personalities.

3 (b) Questions affecting the rights, reputation, and 4 conduct of members of the House in their representative 5 capacity are questions of personal privilege. A matter of 6 personal explanation does not constitute a question of personal 7 privilege.

8 (c) If 2 or more members rise at once, the Presiding 9 Officer shall name the member who is to speak first.

10 (d) No person shall give any signs of approbation or11 disapprobation while the House is in session.

(e) Recognition of guests by any member is prohibited,
except that the Speaker or Presiding Officer may recognize an
honored guest.

(f) While the Presiding Officer is putting a question, no member shall leave or walk across the House Chamber. When a member is addressing the House, no member or other person entitled to the floor shall entertain private discourse or pass between the member speaking and the Presiding Officer.

(g) In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct, the
Speaker or Presiding Officer may order that the lobby, gallery,
or hallways adjoining the House Chamber be cleared.

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(h) No literature may be distributed on the House floor.

(i) No member may be absent from a session of the House
unless he or she has leave or is sick or his or her absence is
unavoidable. The switch to the electrical roll call recording

HR0035 -75- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r equipment located on the desk of any member who has been excused or is absent shall be locked by the Clerk and shall not be unlocked until the member returns and files with the Clerk a request to be shown as present on the quorum roll call as provided in Rule 32(c).

6 (House Rule 52)

7 52. Debate.

8 (a) All legislative measures, except those legislative 9 measures that are not debatable as provided in these Rules, are 10 subject to a debate status as follows:

11 (1) Short Debate: Debate is limited to a 2-minute 12 presentation by the Principal Sponsor or а member 13 designated by the Principal Sponsor, а 2-minute 14 presentation by a member in response, and one minute for 15 the Principal Sponsor to close debate, or yield to other 16 members; provided that at the request of 7 members before the close of debate, the debate status shall be opened to 17 18 standard debate;

(2) Standard Debate: Debate is limited to a 5-minute 19 20 presentation by the Principal Sponsor or а member 21 designated by the Principal Sponsor, debate by each of 2 22 additional proponents of the legislative measure and by 3 members in response to the legislative measure, and 3 23 24 minutes for the Principal Sponsor to close debate, or yield 25 to other members;

(3) Extended Debate: Debate is limited to a 5-minute
presentation by the Principal Sponsor or a member
designated by the Principal Sponsor, debate by each of 4
proponents of the legislative measure and 5 members in
response, and 5 minutes for the Principal Sponsor to close
debate, or yield to other members;

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7 (4) Unlimited Debate: Debate shall consist of a 8 10-minute presentation by the Principal Sponsor or a member 9 designated by the Principal Sponsor, debate by each 10 proponent and member in response who seeks recognition, and 11 5 minutes for the Principal Sponsor to close debate, or 12 yield to other members; or

13 Amendment Debate: Debate on floor amendments (5) referred to the House from a committee, or discharged from 14 15 a committee, is limited to a 3-minute presentation by the 16 Principal Sponsor, or a member designated by the Principal 17 Sponsor, debate by one proponent, debate by each of 2 members in response, and 3 minutes for the Principal 18 19 Sponsor to close debate, or yield to other members.

No debate is in order on bills or resolutions on the order of First Reading or Second Reading, except for debate on floor amendments as provided in this Rule.

(b) All legislative measures, except floor amendments, referred to the House from a committee, or discharged from a committee, are automatically assigned standard debate status, subject to subsection (c) of this Rule, except those assigned to the Consent Calendar or short debate status by a standing committee or a special committee. All floor amendments referred to the House from a committee, or discharged from a committee, are automatically assigned amendment debate status, subject to subsection (c) of this Rule.

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6 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules to 7 the contrary, the debate status of any legislative measure may 8 be changed only (i) by the Speaker, as defined in item (27) of 9 Rule 102, by filing a notice with the Clerk, or (ii) by the 10 Rules Committee by motion approved by a majority of those 11 appointed. While a legislative measure is being considered by 12 the House, the debate status may also be changed by unanimous 13 consent. No legislative measure, however, may be placed on the 14 Consent Calendar under this Rule. No legislative measure, except a floor amendment, may be assigned amendment debate 15 16 status under this Rule.

(d) The Speaker or Rules Committee, as the case may be, shall notify the Clerk of any action to change the debate status of any legislative measure. The Clerk shall cause that information to be reflected on the Daily Calendar on subsequent legislative days, provided the legislative measure is still before the House.

(e) No member shall speak longer than 5 minutes at one time
or more than once on the same question except by leave of the
House. The Principal Sponsor of a measure or a member
designated by the Principal Sponsor, however, shall be allowed

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to open the debate and to close the debate in accordance with
subsection (a) of this Rule. The provisions of this subsection
(e) are subject to and limited by subsections (a), (b), and (c)
of this Rule. A member may yield to another member the time
allotted for the member's debate.

6 (f) The Presiding Officer shall allocate the debate on each 7 legislative measure alternately, if possible, between 8 proponents and opponents of the legislative measure under 9 debate.

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(g) This Rule may not be suspended.

11 (House Rule 53)

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53. Written Statements.

13 (a) Any member may submit a written statement regarding any 14 bill, resolution, or floor amendment considered by the House, submitting that statement to the Clerk within 15 one by 16 legislative day or 3 business days, whichever is shorter, after the day on which the bill, resolution, or floor amendment to 17 18 which the comments relate was considered by the House. The 19 Clerk shall affix a time stamp to each statement indicating the 20 date on which the statement was submitted. Each statement shall 21 indicate the member or members on whose behalf the statement is 22 submitted, the bill, resolution, or floor amendment to which it 23 applies, the names of any other members mentioned in the 24 statement, and the person who actually submits the statement to 25 the Clerk. Each member on whose behalf a statement is submitted HR0035 -79- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

1 is under an obligation to ensure that all required information, 2 specifically including the names of any other members mentioned in the statement, is indicated at the time a statement is 3 submitted. Each statement shall comply with standards as may be 4 5 established by the Clerk with the approval of the Speaker. The standards established by the Clerk, however, shall not relate 6 to the contents of the written statement. The Clerk shall 7 maintain statements that comply with this Rule and established 8 9 standards in files for each bill and resolution. A statement is 10 not considered filed until the Clerk has determined that it 11 complies with this Rule and established standards. The Clerk 12 shall notify the member or members on whose behalf a statement 13 was submitted if the statement is determined not to comply. Statements filed under this Rule shall be considered part of 14 15 the transcript and made available to the public.

16 (b) If a statement mentions another member, the statement 17 shall not be considered filed until the member mentioned has an opportunity to respond as a matter of personal privilege. The 18 Clerk shall notify each member who is identified at the time a 19 20 statement is submitted as being mentioned in the statement. The member identified as mentioned in the statement shall have one 21 22 legislative day or 3 business days, whichever is shorter, after 23 notification by the Clerk in which to file a written response to the statement. The original statement and any responsive 24 25 statement shall both be considered filed at the close of 26 business on the final day on which a response may be filed. If,

HR0035 -80- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r however, a statement is submitted mentioning another member and the name of the member mentioned is not indicated to the Clerk at the time of submission, the statement shall be stricken at the request of the member mentioned in the statement. The Clerk shall notify each member on whose behalf the statement was submitted that the statement has been stricken from the record.

7 (c) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote8 of 71 members elected.

9 (House Rule 54)

10 54. Motions.

11 (a) The following are general rules for all motions:

Every motion, except to adjourn, recess, 12 (1)or 13 postpone consideration, shall be reduced to writing if Presiding Officer. Unless otherwise 14 ordered by the 15 provided in these Rules, no second is required to any 16 motion presented to the House, or in any committee. The Presiding Officer may refer any motion to the Rules 17 18 Committee.

19 (2) Before the House debates a motion, the Presiding
20 Officer shall state an oral motion and the Clerk shall read
21 aloud a written motion. Each motion, unless otherwise
22 provided in these Rules, is assigned standard debate
23 status, subject to Rule 52.

24 (3) After a motion is stated by the Presiding Officer
25 or read by the Clerk, it is deemed in the possession of the

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3 (4) If a motion is divisible, any member may call for a
4 division of the question.

5 (5) Any question taken under consideration may be 6 withdrawn, postponed, or tabled by unanimous consent or, if 7 unanimous consent is denied, by a motion adopted by a 8 majority of the members elected.

9 (b) The Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 10 of 71 members elected.

11 (House Rule 55)

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12 55. Precedence of Motions.

13 (a) When a question is under debate, no motion may be14 entertained except:

15 (1) to adjourn to a time certain;

16 (2) to adjourn;

17 (3) to question the presence of a quorum;

18 (4) to recess;

19 (5) to lay on the table;

20 (6) for the previous question;

21 (7) to postpone consideration;

22 (8) to commit or recommit; or

23 (9) to amend, except as otherwise provided in these24 Rules.

25 The foregoing motions have precedence in the order in which

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1 they are listed.

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2 (b) During a record vote, no motion (except a motion to 3 postpone consideration) is in order until after the 4 announcement of the result of the vote.

5 (c) A motion to commit or re-commit, until it is decided, 6 precludes all amendments and debate on the main question. A 7 motion to postpone consideration, until it is decided, 8 precludes all amendments and debate on the main question.

9 (House Rule 56)

10 56. Verification.

11 (a) After any record vote, except for a vote that requires 12 a specific number of affirmative votes and that has not received the required votes, and before intervening business, 13 14 it is in order for any member to request verification of the 15 results of the record vote, except that (i) a member voting in 16 the affirmative may not request verification of the affirmative votes and (ii) a member voting in the negative may not request 17 18 a verification of the negative votes. If a member is disqualified from requesting a verification because of his or 19 20 her vote, a qualifying member who makes a subsequent request 21 for a verification shall be allowed to proceed with the 22 verification.

(b) In verifying a record vote, the Presiding Officer shall
instruct the Clerk to call the names of those members whose
votes are to be verified. The member requesting the

HR0035 -83-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r verification may thereafter identify those members he or she 1 2 wishes to verify. If a member does not answer, his or her vote shall be stricken; the member's vote shall be restored to the 3 roll, however, if his or her presence is recognized before the 4 5 Presiding Officer announces the final result of the Presiding Officer 6 verification. The shall determine the 7 presence or absence of each member whose name is called, and shall then announce the results of the verification. 8

9 (c) While the results of any record vote are being 10 verified, it is in order for any member to announce his or her 11 presence on the floor and thereby have his or her vote 12 verified.

13 (d) A request for a verification of the affirmative and 14 negative results of a record vote may be made only once on each 15 record vote.

16 (House Rule 57)

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17 57. Appealing a Ruling.
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(a) If any appeal is taken from a ruling of the Presiding 18 Officer, the Presiding Officer shall be sustained unless 71 of 19 20 the members elected vote to overrule the Presiding Officer. 21 Notwithstanding Rule 52, debate on a motion to appeal is 22 limited to a 2-minute presentation by the Principal Sponsor or a member designated by the Principal Sponsor, a 2-minute 23 24 presentation by a member in response, and one-minute for the 25 Principal Sponsor to close debate, or yield to other members. A HR0035 -84- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r motion to appeal is not in order if the House has conducted intervening business since the ruling at issue was made.

3 (b) If any appeal is taken from a ruling of a committee Chairperson, the Chairperson shall be sustained unless 4 5 three-fifths of those appointed vote to overrule the 6 Chairperson. A motion to appeal is not in order if the 7 committee has adjourned or recessed, or if intervening business 8 occurred. In the case of special committees has with 9 Co-Chairpersons from different political parties, the "Chairperson" for purposes of this Rule is the Co-Chairperson 10 11 from the majority caucus.

12 (c) In an appeal of a ruling of the Presiding Officer or 13 Chairperson, the question is: "Shall the ruling of the Chair be 14 sustained?"

15 (d) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote16 of 71 members elected.

17 (House Rule 58)

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18 58. Discharge of Committee.

19 (a) Any member may move that a standing committee or a 20 special committee be discharged from consideration of any 21 legislative measure assigned to it and not reported back 22 unfavorably.

(b) The motion must be in writing and shall be carried on the Daily Calendar for the next legislative day under the order of "Motions". No action shall be taken on the motion until it HR0035 -85- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

1 is on the calendar.

2 (c) If the motion receives an affirmative vote of 60 3 members, the legislative measure subject to the motion shall be 4 referred to the House and placed on the appropriate order of 5 business.

6 (d) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote7 of 71 members elected.

8 (House Rule 59)

9 59. Previous Question.

10 (a) A motion for the previous question may be made at any 11 time, except that a member may not move the previous question 12 while participating in debate pursuant to Rule 52. A motion for 13 the previous question is not debatable and requires the 14 affirmative vote of 60 members elected.

(b) The previous question shall be stated in the following form: "Shall the main question be put?" Until the previous question is decided, all amendments and debate are precluded. When it is decided that the main question shall not be put, the main question remains under debate.

20 (c) The effect of the main question being ordered is to put 21 an end to all debate and bring the House to a direct vote on the 22 immediately pending motion. After a motion for the previous 23 question has been approved, it is not in order to move for 24 adjournment or to make any other motion before a decision on 25 the main question. HR0035 -86- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (d) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

3 (House Rule 60)

4 60. Tabling.

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5 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (d) and 6 (e), a motion to lay on the table applies only to the 7 particular proposition and is neither debatable nor amendable.

8 (b) A motion to table a bill or resolution shall identify 9 the bill or resolution by number. The Principal Sponsor of a 10 bill or resolution may, with leave of the House, table that 11 bill or resolution at any time. A motion to table a committee 12 bill that is before the House may be adopted only by the 13 affirmative vote of a majority of those elected.

(c) The Principal Sponsor of a bill or resolution before a committee may, with leave of the committee, table the bill or resolution. Upon tabling, the Chairperson of the committee shall return the bill or resolution to the Clerk, noting thereon that it has been tabled.

(d) If a floor amendment to a bill has been adopted by the House, then a motion to table that amendment is in order and may be adopted only when the bill is on Second Reading. If a floor amendment to a resolution has been adopted by the House, then a motion to table that amendment is in order and may be adopted only when the resolution is pending before the House. Motions to table floor amendments are debatable and may be HR0035 -87- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

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adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of those elected.

2 (e) If a committee amendment to a bill has been adopted by a committee, then a motion to table that amendment is in order 3 and may be adopted (i) by that committee at any time while the 4 5 bill is before that committee or (ii) by the House only when 6 the bill is on Second Reading. If a committee amendment to a 7 resolution has been adopted by a committee, then a motion to 8 table that amendment is in order and may be adopted (i) by the 9 committee at any time while the resolution is before that 10 committee or (ii) by the House only when the resolution is 11 pending before the House. No motion to table a committee 12 amendment to a bill or resolution before the House is in order 13 has been first referred to the House unless it for consideration by the Rules Committee under Rule 18, or by a 14 15 standing or special committee. Motions to table committee 16 amendments are debatable and may be adopted by the affirmative 17 vote of a majority of the members elected to the House or appointed to the committee, as applicable. 18

19 (House Rule 61)

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61. Motion to Take from Table.

(a) A motion to take from the table requires the affirmative vote of a majority of those elected if the Rules Committee has previously recommended that action by written notice filed with the Clerk; otherwise, a motion to take from the table requires the affirmative vote of 71 members elected. -88- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

1 (b) A bill taken from the table shall, as applicable, (i) 2 be placed on the Daily Calendar on the order on which it 3 appeared before it was tabled or (ii) be returned to the 4 committee to which it was assigned before it was tabled.

5 (b-5) An amendment taken from the table shall be returned 6 to the position it held before it was tabled, provided that a 7 floor amendment may be taken from the table only while the bill 8 is on the order of Second Reading and a committee amendment may 9 be taken from the table only while the bill is in committee.

10 (c) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 11 of 71 members elected.

12 (House Rule 62)

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13 62. Motion to Postpone Consideration. A motion to postpone 14 consideration on a bill or resolution may not be made more than once on the same bill or resolution. Unless otherwise provided 15 16 by these Rules, a motion to postpone consideration shall be granted as a matter of privilege; no motion to postpone 17 consideration is in order, however, if the bill or resolution 18 initially received a vote of fewer than 47 of the members 19 elected. 20

21 (House Rule 63)

63. Motion on Different Subject. No motion or other legislative measure on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment. 1

(House Rule 64)

If 2 64. Division of Question. the question under 3 consideration contains several points, any member may have the 4 question divided. On a motion to strike out and insert, it is not in order to move for a division of the question. The 5 rejection of a motion to strike out and insert one proposition 6 7 does not prevent a motion to strike out and insert a different 8 proposition.

9 (House Rule 65)

10 65. Reconsideration.

11 (a) A member who voted on the prevailing side of a record vote on a legislative measure still within the control of the 12 13 House may on the same or the following legislative day move to 14 reconsider the vote. The motion to reconsider may be laid on 15 the table without affecting the vote to which it refers. When 16 the motion to reconsider is made during the last 3 days of 17 April or any time thereafter during the regular session, or at 18 any time during a veto or special session, any member may move 19 that the vote on reconsideration be taken immediately. A 20 question that requires the affirmative vote of a majority of 21 those elected or more to carry requires a majority of those 22 elected to reconsider.

(b) A motion to reconsider a record vote on the adoption ofan amendment to a bill may be made only on Second Reading.

(c) If a motion to reconsider is made under this Rule and the motion is later tabled, the question shall not be further reconsidered. This subsection (c) may be suspended only by the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

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5 (d) When a motion to reconsider is made within the time 6 prescribed by these Rules, the Clerk shall not allow the bill 7 or other subject matter of the motion to pass out of the 8 possession of the House until after the motion has been decided 9 or withdrawn. Such a motion shall be deemed rejected if laid on 10 the table.

(e) A Representative who voted "present" or failed to vote on a question does not have the right to move for reconsideration.

14 (House Rule 66)

15 66. Motion to Adjourn.

16 (a) A motion to adjourn is in order at any time, except 17 when a prior motion to adjourn has been defeated and no 18 intervening business has transpired.

(b) A motion to adjourn is neither debatable nor amendable.
(c) The Clerk shall enter in the Journal the hour at which
every motion to adjourn is made.

(d) Unless the Presiding Officer otherwise orders, the standing hour to which the House adjourns is 12:00 noon, except on the last day of a week in which the House convenes in regular, veto, or special session, in which case the standing

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HR0035 -91- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r hour to which the House adjourns is 12:30 p.m.

2 (e) A motion to adjourn for more than 3 days is not in order unless both chambers of the General Assembly have adopted 3 resolution permitting that adjournment. 4 а joint 5 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Rules, a resolution filed under this Rule may be referred to the Rules 6 7 Committee by the Presiding Officer or may be immediately 8 considered and adopted by the House.

9 (House Rule 67)

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67. Adoption and Amendment to or Suspension of Rules.

(a) Adoption of Rules. At the commencement of a term, the House shall adopt new rules of organization and procedure by resolution setting forth those rules in their entirety. The resolution must be adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of those elected. These Rules of the House of Representatives are subject to revision or amendment only in accordance with this Rule.

(b) Rules may be amended only by resolution. Any resolution to amend these Rules shall show the proposed changes in the existing rules by underscoring all new matter and by crossing out with a line all matter that is to be omitted or superseded.

(c) Any resolution proposing to amend a House Rule or any Joint House-Senate Rule, upon initial reading by the Clerk, is automatically referred to the Rules Committee. Resolutions to amend the House Rules or any Joint House-Senate Rules may be HR0035 -92- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r
1 initiated and sponsored by the Rules Committee and may be
2 amended by the Rules Committee; those resolutions shall not be
3 referred to a committee and may be immediately considered and
4 adopted by the House. Those resolutions shall be assigned
5 standard debate status, subject to Rule 52.

6 (d) A resolution to amend the House Rules or any Joint House-Senate Rules that has been reported "do adopt" or "do 7 8 adopt as amended" by a majority of those appointed to the Rules 9 Committee requires the affirmative vote of a majority of those 10 elected for adoption by the House. Any other resolution 11 proposing to amend the House Rules or any Joint House-Senate 12 Rules requires the affirmative vote of 71 of the members 13 elected for adoption by the House.

(e) No House Rule or any Joint House-Senate Rule may be suspended except by unanimous consent of the members present or upon a motion supported by the affirmative vote of a majority of those elected unless a higher number is required in the Rule sought to be suspended. A committee may not suspend any Rule.

19 (f) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 20 of 71 members elected.

21 (House Rule 68)

68. Motion to Commit or Recommit. No motion to commit or recommit a legislative measure to committee, being decided in the negative, shall again be allowed on the same day, or at the same stage of the legislative measure. HR0035

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1 (House Rule 69)

69. Effective Date.

3 (a) A bill passed after May 31 of a calendar year shall not 4 become effective prior to June 1 of the next calendar year 5 unless an earlier effective date is specified in the bill and 6 it is approved by the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

7 (b) If a majority of those elected, but fewer than 71, vote 8 affirmatively for a bill on Third Reading after May 31 and the 9 bill specifies an effective date earlier than the following 10 June 1, the bill has not passed, but the Principal Sponsor has 11 the right to have the bill automatically reconsidered and 12 returned to the order of Second Reading for an amendment to remove the earlier effective date. The amendment, if offered 13 and referred to the House by a committee, shall be reproduced 14 15 and placed on the desks of the members, in the same manner as 16 provided for bills under Rule 39, before the bill is taken up again on the order of Third Reading. 17

18 (House Rule 70)

19 70. Home Rule. No bill denies or limits any power or 20 function of a home rule unit under paragraph (g), (h), (i), 21 (j), or (k) of Sec. 6 of Article VII of the Constitution unless 22 there is specific language limiting or denying the power or 23 function and the language specifically sets forth in what 24 manner and to what extent it is a denial or limitation of the

HR0035 -94-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r power or function of a home rule unit. If a majority of those 1 2 elected, but fewer than 71, vote affirmatively for a bill on 3 Third Reading that requires the affirmative vote of 71 members elected to deny or limit a power of a home rule unit, the bill 4 5 has not passed, but the Principal Sponsor has the right to have 6 the bill automatically reconsidered and returned to the order of Second Reading for an amendment to remove those effects of 7 8 the bill. The amendment, if referred to the House by a 9 committee, shall be reproduced and placed on the desks of the 10 members, in the same manner as provided for bills under Rule 11 39, before the bill is taken up again on the order of Third 12 Reading.

- 13ARTICLE VII14(RESERVED)
- 15 (House Rule 71)
- 16 71. (Blank.)
- 17ARTICLE VIII18JOINT ACTION
- 19 (House Rule 72)
- 20 72. Concurring in or Receding from Amendments.

(a) If a bill or resolution is received back in the House 1 2 with one or more amendments added by the Senate, it is in order 3 for the Principal Sponsor to present a motion "to concur" or "not to concur and to ask the Senate to recede" with respect to 4 each, several, or all of those amendments, subject to Rules 18 5 and 75. A motion to concur shall be by record vote and shall be 6 7 adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of those elected, 8 subject to Rule 69. Any 2 members may demand a separate vote or 9 a separate record vote, as applicable, on any of those 10 amendments.

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11 (b) When the Senate has refused to concur in one or more 12 amendments added to a bill or resolution by the House and has 13 returned the bill or resolution to the House with a message 14 requesting the House to recede from one or more of its 15 amendments, it is in order for the Principal Sponsor to present 16 a motion "to recede" from the House amendments or "not to 17 recede and to request a conference", subject to Rules 18 and 75. A motion to recede shall be by record vote and shall be 18 adopted by the affirmative vote of a majority of those elected, 19 20 subject to Rule 69. Any 2 members may demand a separate vote or 21 a separate record vote, as applicable, on any of those 22 amendments.

(c) Motions authorized by this Rule are renewable and may
be reconsidered, provided that no such motion may be voted on
more than twice by the House.

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1 (House Rule 73)

2 73. Conference Committees.

(a) A disagreement between the House and Senate exists with
 respect to any bill or resolution in the following situations:

5 (1) when the Senate refuses to recede from the adoption 6 of any amendment, after the House has previously refused to 7 concur in the amendment; or

8 (2) when the House refuses to recede from the adoption 9 of any amendment, after the Senate has previously refused 10 to concur in the amendment.

In those cases of disagreement between the House and Senate, the House may request a conference. When such a request is made, both chambers of the General Assembly shall appoint members to a committee to confer on the subject of the bill or resolution giving rise to the disagreement. The combined membership of the 2 chambers appointed for that purpose is the conference committee.

(b) The conference committee shall consist of 5 members
 from each chamber of the General Assembly. The number of
 majority caucus members from each chamber shall be one more
 than the number of minority caucus members from each chamber.

(c) Each conference committee shall be comprised of 5 members of the House, 3 appointed by the Speaker and 2 appointed by the Minority Leader. No conference committee report may be filed with the Clerk until a majority of the House conferees has been appointed. 1 (House Rule 74)

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74. Conference Committee Reports.

3 (a) No subject matter shall be included in any conference 4 committee report on any bill unless that subject matter 5 directly relates to the matters of difference between the House 6 and Senate that have been referred to the conference committee unless the Rules Committee, by a majority vote of the members 7 8 appointed, determines that the proposed subject matter is of an 9 emergency nature, is of substantial importance to the operation 10 of government, or is in the best interests of Illinois.

(b) No conference committee report shall be received by the Clerk or acted upon by the House unless it has been signed by at least 6 conferees. The report shall be signed in duplicate. One of the reports shall be filed with the Secretary of the Senate and one with the Clerk. The report shall contain the agreements reached by the committee.

17 (c) If the conference committee determines that it is 18 unable to reach agreement, the committee shall so report to 19 each chamber of the General Assembly and request appointment of 20 a second conference committee. If there is agreement, the 21 committee shall so report to each chamber.

(d) No conference committee report shall be adopted by the
House except on a record vote of a majority of those elected,
subject to Rule 69.

1 (House Rule 75)

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75. House Consideration of Joint Action.

(a) No joint action motion for final action or conference 3 committee report may be considered by the House unless it has 4 5 first been referred to the House by the Rules Committee or a 6 standing committee or special committee in accordance with Rule 7 18, or unless the joint action motion or conference committee report has been discharged from the Rules Committee under Rule 8 18. Joint action motions for final consideration and conference 9 10 committee reports referred to a standing committee or special 11 committee by the Rules Committee may not be discharged from the 12 standing committee or special committee. This subsection (a) 13 may be suspended by unanimous consent.

(b) No conference committee report may be considered by the 14 15 House unless it has been reproduced and placed on the members' 16 desks, in the same manner as provided for bills under Rule 39, 17 for one full day during the period beginning with the convening of the House on the 2nd Wednesday of January each year and 18 ending on the 30th day prior to the scheduled adjournment of 19 20 the regular session established each year by the Speaker pursuant to Rule 9(a), and for one full hour on any other day. 21

(c) Before any conference committee report on an appropriation bill is considered by the House, the conference committee report shall first be the subject of a public hearing by a standing Appropriations Committee or a special committee (the conference committee report need not be referred to an

HR0035 -99-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r Appropriations Committee or special committee, but instead may 1 2 remain before the Rules Committee or the House, as the case may 3 be). The hearing shall be held pursuant to not less than one hour advance notice by announcement on the House floor, or one 4 5 day advance notice by posting on the House bulletin board. An Appropriations Committee or special committee shall not issue 6 7 any report with respect to the conference committee report 8 following the hearing.

9 (d) Any House Bill amended in the Senate and returned to 10 the House for concurrence in the Senate amendment shall lie 11 upon the desk of the Clerk for not less than one hour before 12 being further considered.

(e) No House Bill that is returned to the House with Senate amendments may be called except by the Principal Sponsor, or by chief co-sponsor with the consent of the Principal Sponsor. This subsection may not be suspended.

17 (f) Except as otherwise provided in Rule 74, the report of non-appropriation 18 conference committee on а bill а or 19 resolution shall be confined to the subject of the bill or resolution referred to the conference committee. The report of 20 a conference committee on an appropriation bill shall be 21 22 confined to the subject of appropriations.

23 (House Rule 76)

24 76. Action on Conference Committee Reports.

25 (a) Each chamber of the General Assembly shall inform the

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other by message of any action taken with respect to a
conference committee report. Copies of all papers necessary for
a complete understanding of the action shall accompany the
message. The original bill or resolution shall remain in the
chamber of origin.

6 (b) No conference committee report may be called except by 7 the Principal Sponsor of the bill for which the conference 8 committee was appointed. A chief co-sponsor may call a 9 conference committee report with the consent of the Principal 10 Sponsor. This subsection may not be suspended.

11 (c) If either chamber refuses to adopt the report of the 12 conference committee, the report of the conference committee is laid on the table, or the first conference committee is unable 13 14 to reach agreement, either chamber may request a second 15 conference committee. When such a request is made, each chamber 16 shall again appoint a conference committee. If either chamber 17 refuses to adopt the report of a second conference committee, the 2 chambers shall have adhered to their disagreement, and 18 the bill or resolution is lost. 19

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ARTICLE IX VETOES

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22 (House Rule 77)

23 77. Recording of Vetoes. Upon the receipt by the House of

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any bill returned by the Governor under any of the provisions
of Article IV, Sec. 9 of the Constitution, the Clerk shall
enter the objections of the Governor on the Journal, and shall
distribute copies of all veto messages to each member's desk,
together with copies of the vetoed bill or item, as soon as
practical, in the same manner as for bills under Rule 39.

7 (House Rule 78)

8 78. Amendatory Vetoes.

9 (a) The Principal Sponsor of a bill that has been passed by 10 the General Assembly may request the Clerk to notify the 11 Governor that the Principal Sponsor wishes to be consulted by 12 the Governor or his or her designee before the Governor returns 13 the bill together with specific recommendations for change 14 under subsection (e) of Section 9 of Article IV of the Illinois 15 Constitution.

16 (b) Any bill returned by the Governor together with 17 specific recommendations for change under subsection (e) of 18 Section 9 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution shall 19 automatically be placed on the Daily Calendar on the order of 20 amendatory vetoes, and shall be considered as provided in this 21 Rule.

(c) The Governor's specific recommendations for change with respect to a bill returned under subsection (e) of Section 9 of Article IV of the Illinois Constitution shall be limited to addressing the Governor's objections to portions of a bill HR0035 -102- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r the general merit of which the Governor recognizes and shall not alter the fundamental purpose or legislative scheme set forth in the bill as passed.

Any motion to accept the Governor's specific 4 (d) 5 recommendations for change shall be automatically referred to the Rules Committee. The Rules Committee shall examine the 6 7 Governor's specific recommendations for change and determine 8 majority of the members appointed whether those by a 9 recommendations comply with the standard set forth in 10 subsection (c). Any motion to accept specific recommendations 11 for change that the Rules Committee determines are in 12 compliance with subsection (c) of this Rule shall be subject to 13 action by the Rules Committee in the same manner as floor amendments, joint action motions, conference committee reports 14 15 and motions to table committee amendments under Rule 18(e).

16 (e) Any motion to override the Governor's specific 17 recommendations for change shall not be referred to a committee 18 and may be immediately considered and adopted by the House 19 subject to Rule 80(d).

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(f) This rule may not be suspended.

21 (House Rule 79)

79. Motions to Consider Vetoes. For purposes of this Article, the term "motions" means motions to accept or override a veto of the Governor. Motions with respect to bills returned by the Governor may be made by the Principal Sponsor, the

HR0035 -103- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r committee Chairperson in the case of a committee-sponsored 1 2 bill, or if Co-Chairpersons have been appointed, by the 3 Co-Chairperson of the majority caucus in the case of special committee-sponsored bills. Motions shall be filed in writing 4 5 with the Clerk. Any motion to override a veto of the Governor 6 shall not be referred to a committee and may be immediately considered and adopted by the House subject to Rule 80. All 7 8 motions shall be assigned standard debate status, subject to 9 Rule 52, are renewable, and may be reconsidered, provided that 10 no motion may be voted on more than twice by the House.

11 (House Rule 80)

12 80. Consideration of Motions.

(a) The vote to override a veto of a bill vetoed in its entirety shall be by record vote and shall be entered on the Journal. The form of motion with respect to these bills shall be: "I move that _____ Bill ____ do pass, notwithstanding the veto of the Governor."

(b) The vote to override an item veto shall be by record vote as to each item separately and shall be entered on the Journal. The form of motion with respect to an item shall be: "I move that the item on page ____, line ____, of ____ Bill do pass, notwithstanding the item veto of the Governor."

an item that has been reduced shall be by record vote as to each item separately and shall be entered on the Journal. The HR0035 -104- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r form of motion with respect to an item shall be: "I move that the item on page ____, line ____, of ____ Bill ____ be restored, notwithstanding the item reduction of the Governor."

4 (d) A bill returned together with specific recommendations
5 of the Governor may be acted upon, by record vote, in either of
6 the following manners:

7 (1) By a motion to accept the specific recommendations
8 of the Governor. The form of motion shall be: "I move to
9 accept the specific recommendations of the Governor as to
10 ______ Bill ______ in manner and form as follows: (inserting
11 herein the language deemed necessary to effectuate the
12 specific recommendations)."; or

13 (2) By considering the bill as a vetoed bill and 14 overriding the recommendation and passing the bill in its 15 original form. The form of motion shall be: "I move that 16 ______ Bill _____ do pass, notwithstanding the specific 17 recommendations of the Governor.".

18 (House Rule 81)

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19 81. Vetoed Bills Considered in Entirety. If a bill is 20 returned by the Governor containing more than one item veto, 21 reduction veto, specific recommendation for change, or 22 combination of them, the bill shall be acted upon in its 23 entirety before the bill is released from the custody of the 24 House. -105- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r

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1 (House Rule 82)

2 82. Disposition of Vetoes. When a bill or item has received the affirmative vote of the number of members elected necessary 3 under the Constitution, the Presiding Officer shall declare 4 5 that the bill or item has been passed or restored over the veto of the Governor, or that the specific recommendations for 6 change have been approved, as the case may be. The bill shall 7 8 then be attested to by the Clerk who shall note thereon the day 9 the bill passed. The bill and the objections of the Governor 10 shall then be immediately delivered to the Senate. When 11 specific recommendations have been accepted, then the 12 accepting language shall be attached to the original bill, and the bill shall be delivered to the Senate. 13

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ARTICLE X

15 ELECTION CONTESTS AND QUALIFICATIONS CHALLENGES

16 (House Rule 83)

17 83. Election Contests and Qualifications Challenges.

(a) An election contest places in issue only the validity
of the results of an election of a member to the House in a
representative district. An election contest may result only in
a determination of which candidate in that election was
properly elected to the House and shall be seated.

23 (b) A qualifications challenge places in issue only the

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qualifications of an incumbent member of the House under the
Constitution, or the legality of an appointment of a person as
a member of the House to fill a vacancy. A qualifications
challenge may result only in a determination of whether a
member of the House is properly seated.

6 (c) Election contests and qualifications challenges shall
7 be brought and conducted as provided in these Rules.

8 (d) If an election contest or qualifications challenge is 9 filed with the Clerk, the Speaker shall create an Election 10 Contest or Qualifications Challenge Committee, as the case may 11 be, within 3 legislative days by filing a notice with the 12 Clerk. The creation of any committee under this Rule shall be 13 governed by Rule 10. The election contest or qualifications 14 challenge shall be automatically referred to the Election 15 Contest or Qualifications Challenge Committee, as the case may be. For purposes of this Article, the term "committee" means 16 17 Election Contest or Qualifications only the Challenge Committees created under this Rule. This subsection may not be 18 19 suspended.

(e) The committee may adopt rules to govern election contests and qualifications challenges, but those committee rules must be consistent with these Rules, must be filed with the Clerk, and must be made available to all parties and to the public. Any committee rule shall be subject to amendment, suspension, or repeal by House resolution. 1 (House Rule 84)

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84. Initiating Election Contests.

3 (a) Election contests may be brought only by a registered
4 voter of the representative district or by a member of the
5 House.

6 (b) Election contests may be brought only by the procedures and within the time limits established by the Election Code. 7 Notice of intention to contest shall be served on the person 8 9 certified as elected to the House from the representative 10 district within the time limits established by the Election 11 Code. The requirements of this subsection apply to a member of 12 the House appointed to fill a vacancy the same as if that 13 member had been elected to the House.

(c) Within 10 days after the convening of the House in 14 15 January following the general election contested, each 16 contestant shall file with the Clerk a petition of election 17 contest and shall serve the petition on the incumbent member of the House from the representative district. A petition of 18 19 election contest shall allege the contestant's qualifications 20 to bring the contest and to serve as a member of the House, that he or she believes that a mistake or fraud has been 21 22 committed in specified precincts in the counting, return, or 23 canvass of the votes, or that there was some other specified irregularity in the conduct of the election in specified 24 25 precincts. A petition of election contest shall contain a 26 prayer specifying the relief requested and the precincts in

HR0035 -108-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 which a recount or other inquiry is desired. A petition of 2 election contest shall be verified by affidavit swearing to the truth of the allegations or based upon information and belief, 3 shall be accompanied by proof of service 4 and on all 5 respondents.

6 (d) A notice of intent to contest may not be amended to 7 cure a defect under the statutory requirements. A petition of 8 election contest, if filed and served after the notice of 9 intention to contest, may not raise points not expressed in the 10 notice.

11 (e) The incumbent member of the House from the 12 representative district is a necessary party to the initiation 13 of an election contest.

14 (House Rule 85)

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(a) Qualifications challenges may be brought only by a
 registered voter of the representative district of the

representative challenged or by a member of the House.

85. Initiating Qualifications Challenges.

(b) Qualifications challenges must be brought within 90 days after the day the challenged member takes his or her oath of office as a member of the House, or within 90 days after the day the petitioner first learns of the information on which the

(c) A qualifications challenge shall be brought by filing a
 petition of qualifications challenge with the Clerk, and by

challenge is based, whichever occurs later.

HR0035 -109-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 serving a copy of the petition on the respondent member of the 2 House. The petition must be accompanied by proof of personal service upon the respondent member and must be verified by 3 affidavit swearing to the truth of the allegations or based 4 5 upon information and belief. A petition of qualifications 6 challenge shall set forth the grounds on which the respondent 7 member is alleged to be constitutionally unqualified, or on which his or her appointment to the House is claimed to be 8 9 legally improper, the qualifications of the petitioner to bring 10 the challenge, and a prayer for relief.

11 (House Rule 86)

12 86. Contests and Challenges; Due Process.

(a) Election contests and challenges shall be heard and determined as expeditiously as possible under adversary procedures wherein each party to the proceedings has a reasonable opportunity to present his or her claim, to present any defense and arguments, and to respond to those of his or her opponents. All parties may be represented by counsel.

(b) Election contests and qualifications challenges shall be heard and determined in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Election Code and other Illinois statutes, the Illinois Constitution, and the United States Constitution. Judicial decisions that bear on a point of law in a contest or challenge shall be admissible in the arguments of the parties and the deliberations and decisions of the committee. Judicial HR0035 -110- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r decisions applicable to a point of law or to a fact situation to the committee shall be given weight as precedent.

(c) In addition to notice of meetings required under these 3 Rules, the committee and any subcommittee shall give notice to 4 5 all parties reasonably in advance of each meeting or other proceeding. The committee shall also give notice of all rules, 6 7 timetables, or deadlines adopted by the committee. Notice under 8 this subsection shall be in writing and shall be given either 9 personally with receipt, or by certified mail (return receipt 10 requested) addressed to the party at his or her place of 11 residence, and to his or her attorney of record at the 12 attorney's office if so requested by the party.

13 (House Rule 87)

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14 87. Committee Proceedings and Powers in Contests and 15 Challenges.

(a) All proceedings of the committee and any subcommittees
concerning election contests and qualifications challenges
shall be transcribed by a certified court reporter. Copies of
the transcript shall be made available to the members of the
committee and to the parties.

(b) The committee may dismiss an election contest or qualifications challenge, or may determine to proceed to a recount or other inquiry. The committee may limit the issues to be determined in a contest or challenge, except that when a recount is conducted in an election contest, any precinct HR0035 -111- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r timely requested by any party to be recounted shall be recounted by the committee.

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(c) In conducting inquiries, investigations, and recounts 3 in election contests and qualifications challenges, 4 the 5 committee has the power to send for and compel the attendance 6 of witnesses and the production of books, papers, ballots, 7 documents, and records by subpoena signed by the Chairperson of the committee as provided by law and subject to Rule 4(c)(9). 8 9 conducting proceedings in election contests Ιn and 10 qualifications challenges, the Chairperson of the committee 11 and the Chairperson of any subcommittee may administer oaths to 12 witnesses, as provided by law, and for this purpose a 13 subcommittee is deemed to be a committee of the House.

(d) The committee may issue commissions by its Chairperson 14 15 to any officer authorized to take depositions of any necessary 16 witnesses as may be permitted by law. In recounting the ballots 17 in any election contest, however, no person other than a member of the committee shall handle any ballots, tally sheets, or 18 other election materials without consent of the committee or 19 20 subcommittee. The responsibility for the actual recounting of 21 ballots may not be delegated.

22 (e) The committee shall maintain an accurate and complete 23 proceedings in every election record of contest and 24 qualifications challenge. That record shall include all 25 notices and pleadings, the transcripts and roll call votes, all 26 reports and dissents, and all documents that were admitted into HR0035 -112- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r
the proceeding. The committee shall file the record with the
Clerk of the House upon the adoption of its final report. The
record shall then be available for examination in the Clerk's
office.

5 (f) With the approval of the Speaker, the committee may 6 employ clerks, stenographers, court reporters, professional 7 staff, and messengers.

8 (House Rule 88)

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88. Adoption of Reports in Contests and Challenges.

10 (a) All final decisions of the committee regarding an 11 election contest or qualification challenge shall be approved 12 by a majority of the members appointed to the committee and 13 reported in writing to the House. Reports shall include a 14 specific recommendation to the House as to the disposition of 15 the contest or challenge. Final reports following full inquiry 16 on the merits of a contest or challenge shall contain findings of fact and, when necessary, conclusions of law. 17

(b) Any member of the committee may file a dissent from a report of the committee, a minority report, or a special concurrence with the majority report or with any minority report.

(c) A subcommittee shall report to the committee in writing
in the same form as required for the committee report.
Subcommittee members may file dissents, reports, and special
concurrences.

1 (d) Reports shall not be adopted by the committee or a 2 subcommittee until a hearing has been held thereon, with notice 3 to all parties and a reasonable opportunity to examine and 4 respond to a proposed majority report.

5 (e) Reports of the committee shall be filed with the Clerk, 6 reproduced, and placed on the members' desks, along with any 7 dissents, minority reports, or special concurrences, in the same manner as provided for bills under Rule 39. The report 8 9 shall be listed on the calendar under the heading "Report of 10 Election Contest" or "Report of Qualifications Challenge". The 11 report shall be carried on the Daily Calendar for 2 legislative 12 days before any action by the House.

(f) The House shall adopt the majority report or a minority report in an election contest or qualifications challenge or shall refuse to adopt any report filed and re-refer the contest or challenge to the committee for further proceedings or for a modified report. A report that has the effect of unseating an incumbent member of the House shall be adopted only by the affirmative vote of 60 members elected.

(g) Each party to a contest or challenge shall file with 20 the Clerk of the committee within 10 days after the filing of 21 22 the final report a detailed statement of attorney's fees and 23 expenses incurred by that party in connection with the case. committee shall make recommendations to 24 The the House 25 concerning reimbursement of attorney's fees and the expenses of 26 the parties. The recommendation shall not exceed a sum that is

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1 reasonable, just, and proper.

ARTICLE XI

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DISCIPLINE AND PROTEST

4 (House Rule 89)

5 89. Disorderly Behavior.

6 (a) In accordance with Article IV, Sec. 6(d) of the 7 Constitution, the House may punish any of its members for 8 disorderly behavior and, with the concurrence of two-thirds of 9 the members elected, expel a member (but not for a second time 10 for the same offense). The reason for expulsion shall be 11 entered upon the Journal with the names and votes of those 12 members voting on the guestion.

13 (b) In accordance with Article IV, Sec. 6(d) of the 14 Constitution, the House during its session may punish by imprisonment any person, not a member, guilty of disrespect to 15 16 the House by disorderly or contemptuous behavior in its 17 presence. That imprisonment shall not extend beyond 24 hours at 18 one time unless the person persists in disorderly or 19 contemptuous behavior.

20 (House Rule 90)

90. Protest. Any 2 members have the right to dissent and
protest, in respectful language, against any act or resolution

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1 that they may think injurious to the public or to any
2 individual, and have the reason of their protest entered upon
3 the Journal. When by motion a majority of members determines
4 that the language of a protest is not respectful, the protest
5 shall be referred back to the protesting members.

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ARTICLE XII

DISCIPLINARY PROCEEDINGS

8 (House Rule 91)

9 91. Initiating Disciplinary Proceedings.

10 (a) Disciplinary proceedings may be commenced by filing with the Speaker a petition for a special investigating 11 12 committee. The petition must be signed by at least one member 13 of the House, and shall contain suggested charges which, if 14 true, may subject the member named in the petition to disciplinary action by the House. If the petition is signed by 15 3 or more members of the House, the Speaker shall appoint 3 16 17 members of the majority caucus and the Minority Leader shall appoint 3 members of the minority caucus to a special 18 19 investigating committee. If the petition is signed by fewer 20 than 3 members of the House, the Speaker shall consult the member named in the petition, and unless that member objects in 21 22 writing, the Speaker and the Minority Leader shall appoint a special investigating committee. If the member named in the 23

HR0035 -116-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 petition objects to the appointment of a special investigating 2 signed a petition for an committee, any member who investigation under this Rule may introduce a resolution to 3 4 disciplinary proceedings. Unless а resolution initiate 5 initiating disciplinary proceedings is introduced under this 6 Rule, the contents of a petition for a special investigating 7 committee shall be confidential except as to the member named, 8 the members signing it, the Speaker, and the members of a 9 special investigating committee.

10 (b) A resolution to initiate disciplinary proceedings11 shall be substantially in the following form:

12 "BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE 13 GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS, that a Special Investigating Committee be appointed to investigate 14 15 allegations concerning the conduct of Representative 16 , which, if true, may subject that 17 member to disciplinary action by the House of Representatives." 18 A resolution to initiate disciplinary proceedings may be introduced only as permitted under this Rule. It is improper to 19 20 attempt to initiate disciplinary proceedings in any manner not authorized by this Rule. 21

(c) A resolution to initiate disciplinary proceedingsshall be referred to the Rules Committee.

24 (d) A resolution to initiate disciplinary proceedings is25 debatable.

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(e) A resolution initiating disciplinary proceedings may

HR0035 -117- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r be adopted only by the affirmative vote of 60 members elected.

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(f) This Rule may be suspended only by unanimous consent.

3 (House Rule 92)

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92. Preliminary Investigation.

5 (a) Pursuant to a petition or upon the adoption of a resolution initiating disciplinary proceedings, as provided in 6 7 Rule 91, a special investigating committee consisting of 6 8 members shall be appointed, of whom 3 shall be appointed by the 9 Speaker from the majority caucus and 3 shall be appointed by 10 the Minority Leader from the minority caucus. The Speaker shall 11 appoint the Chairperson of the special investigating committee 12 from among the 6 members. Sponsors of the initiating resolution 13 may not be appointed to the special investigating committee.

14 (b) The special investigating committee shall conduct a 15 thorough investigation of all allegations and charges of 16 impropriety concerning the member named in the initiating resolution that are brought to its attention to determine if 17 reasonable grounds exist to bring charges against the member 18 19 for formal disciplinary proceedings by the House. The special 20 investigating committee shall meet with the Principal Sponsor 21 of the initiating resolution at its initial meeting.

At the initial meeting, the Principal Sponsor of the initiating resolution shall submit to the special investigating committee a written list of suggested charges. The list shall define the scope of the inquiry or investigation

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The Principal Sponsor of the initiating resolution shall 4 5 also submit to the special investigating committee all information he or she may have relevant to the charges and 6 7 allegations.

(c) The special investigating committee shall conduct all 8 9 of its proceedings in executive session, and shall maintain 10 strict confidence as to all of its proceedings and all 11 witnesses, testimony, information, and exhibits that may come 12 before it. No transcript or record of proceedings shall be 13 taken. This subsection shall be adopted and effective upon an affirmative vote of 79 members. This subsection may not be 14 15 suspended.

16 (d) Except for its initial meeting, any posting or notice 17 requirements do not apply to meetings of the special investigating committee, but the Chairperson shall give notice 18 of all meetings to the member named in and the Principal 19 20 Sponsor of the initiating resolution and shall give reasonable notice to the public. The member who is the subject of the 21 22 initiating resolution has the right to counsel during 23 proceedings of the special investigating committee.

(e) Except for subsection (c), this Rule may be suspended 24 25 only by the affirmative vote of 71 members elected.

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1 (House Rule 93)

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93. Report of Special Investigating Committee.

3 (a) The special investigating committee shall report in 4 writing. All reports shall be signed by the members supporting 5 the report.

6 (b) If a majority of those appointed determines to prefer charges, it shall file with the Clerk a formal statement of 7 charges and specifications, and shall appoint 2 members of the 8 9 House, one from the majority caucus and one from the minority 10 caucus, who are not members of the special investigating 11 committee to be managers for the House at the hearing on the 12 charges. The statement of charges shall constitute the report 13 of the special committee, but the special committee in its discretion may file a supplementary report stating its reasons 14 15 for not bringing any other charges that may have been suggested 16 to it.

(c) If the special committee determines not to prefer charges, it shall file with the Clerk a resolution exonerating the member named in the initiating resolution together with a report stating its reasons for not preferring charges.

(d) If the special committee cannot by majority vote of those appointed determine whether to prefer charges, the committee shall file with the Clerk a resolution of exoneration and a report stating the affirmative reasons for not preferring charges. That report shall be signed by all members of the special investigating committee, regardless of their original HR0035 -120- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r
vote in the committee proceedings on whether to prefer charges.
(e) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote
of 71 members elected.

4 (House Rule 94)

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94. Select Committee on Discipline.

6 (a) When charges are preferred against any member of the 7 House under Rule 93, the Speaker and the Minority Leader shall 8 appoint a committee, to be known as a select committee on 9 discipline, to hear and determine the charges. The select 10 committee shall consist of 12 members of the House, 6 of whom 11 shall be appointed by the Speaker from the majority caucus and 12 6 of whom shall be appointed by the Minority Leader from the 13 minority caucus. The Speaker shall appoint a Chairperson of the 14 select committee from among the 12 members. No member who 15 served on the special investigating committee or any sponsor of 16 the initiating resolution may be appointed to the select committee. 17

(b) All appointments to a select committee on discipline shall be completed and the select committee shall convene within 30 days after the filing of charges for which the committee is appointed.

(c) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative voteof 79 members elected.

24 (House Rule 95)

HR0035 -121- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 95. Hearings on Disciplinary Charges.

2 (a) Proceedings before the select committee on discipline 3 shall be adversary in form, with the managers for the House 4 presenting the case for disciplinary action. The respondent 5 member may be represented by counsel.

6 (b) Stipulations of fact shall be encouraged by the select 7 committee.

8 (c) The rules of evidence applicable to criminal 9 proceedings apply except as may be waived by the managers or 10 respondent, as may be appropriate.

11 (House Rule 96)

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12 96. Report of Select Committee.

(a) The committee shall vote on each specification and charge, except that a vote of exoneration on a charge shall be a vote as to all specifications under that charge. All final votes on the merits of a charge or specification shall be by record vote.

(b) A finding of fault or exoneration on any specification
 or charge requires an affirmative vote of a majority of the
 members appointed to the select committee.

(c) The committee shall file a report of its findings on each specification and charge and a recommendation as to penalty with the Clerk. The report shall state the reasons for each conclusion and recommendation. If the committee finds the respondent member exonerated regarding any charge, it shall

HR0035 -122-LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 report a resolution of exoneration together with its report. If 2 the select committee finds the respondent member at fault regarding any charge, it shall report a resolution embodying its findings and recommended penalty.

5 (d) If a select committee reports a finding of fault regarding any charge, any member of the select committee may 6 file a minority report with the Clerk either dissenting from a 7 8 finding, reason, or recommendation in the majority report or 9 stating a concurrence on different grounds. A dissenting report 10 may include a resolution of exoneration as to any charge or 11 specifications.

12 (e) When a select committee has found a member at fault 13 regarding a charge, the committee shall adopt a recommendation for disciplinary action. The committee may recommend a 14 15 reprimand, a censure, expulsion from the House, or that no 16 penalty be invoked. The recommendation on disciplinary action 17 requires an affirmative vote of the majority of the members appointed to the select committee. 18

19 (f) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 20 of 71 members elected.

21 (House Rule 97)

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22 97. House Action on Disciplinary Reports.

(a) The report of a select committee, together with any 23 dissenting or concurring reports, and any 24 accompanying 25 resolution, shall be reproduced and placed on the members'

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desks, in the same manner as for bills under Rule 39. The
report shall be placed on the calendar under the heading
"Report of Select Committee on Discipline". The report shall be
carried on the Daily Calendar for 2 legislative days before any
action by the House.

6 (b) If the report of a select committee or a special 7 investigating committee exonerates the respondent member, the 8 House shall take up the resolution or re-refer the case to the 9 committee for further proceedings.

10 (c) If the select committee reports a finding of fault as 11 to any charge, the House shall take up the resolution for 12 disciplinary action together with any minority resolutions. 13 The House may amend a resolution for disciplinary action to 14 decrease the recommended penalty.

15 (d) The House shall take action by a record vote on each 16 resolution. Adoption of a resolution finding the respondent 17 member at fault regarding charges and specifications shall dispose of any minority resolution of exoneration on those 18 19 charges and specifications. If the House adopts a resolution of 20 exoneration as to any charge or specification, a majority resolution shall be amended in accord with that disposition of 21 22 those charges and specifications before it may be called for a 23 final vote. If the adoption of exoneration resolutions disposes of all the charges and specifications in a majority resolution 24 25 for disciplinary action, the majority resolution shall be 26 tabled.

HR0035 -124- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r 1 (e) Following record votes on all majority and minority 2 resolutions arising out of a select committee finding of fault on a charge or specification, if there remains any charge or 3 specification on which the House has neither exonerated the 4 5 member or adopted a finding of fault, then any member may introduce and move a resolution of exoneration on that charge 6 7 or specification.

8 (f) A resolution finding a member at fault regarding a 9 charge may be adopted only by the affirmative vote of 71 10 members elected, except that a resolution the effect of which 11 is to expel a member may be adopted only by the affirmative 12 vote of 79 members elected.

13 (g) This Rule may be suspended only by the affirmative vote 14 of 79 members elected.

- 15 ARTICLE XIII
- 17 (House Rule 98)

16

98. Applicability. The meetings and actions of the House,
including all of its committees, are governed by these House
Rules.

FORCE AND EFFECT

(House Rule 99)
99. Parliamentary Authority. The rules of parliamentary

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practice appearing in the latest edition of Robert's Rules of
Order govern the House in all cases to which they apply so long
as they are not inconsistent with these Rules.

4 (House Rule 100)

5 100. Certification by Speaker. With respect to each bill 6 that is certified by the Speaker in accordance with Article IV, 7 Sec. 8(d) of the Constitution, there is an irrebuttable 8 presumption that the procedural requirements for passage have 9 been met.

10 (House Rule 101)

101. Effective Date. These rules are in full force and 12 effect upon their adoption, and shall remain in full force and 13 effect except as amended in accordance with these Rules, or 14 until superseded by new rules adopted as part of the 15 organization of a newly-constituted General Assembly at the 16 commencement of a term.

17

ARTICLE XIV DEFINITIONS

18

19 (House Rule 102)

20 102. Definitions. As used in these Rules, terms have the 21 meanings ascribed to them as follows, unless the context HR0035 -126- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r clearly requires a different meaning:

2 (1) Chairperson. "Chairperson" means that 3 Representative designated by the Speaker to serve as chair 4 of a committee.

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5 (2) Co-Chairperson. "Co-Chairperson" means a 6 Representative designated by the Speaker to serve as 7 co-chair of a standing or special committee.

8 (3) Clerk. "Clerk" means the elected Clerk of the9 House.

10 (4) Committee. "Committee" means a committee of the 11 House and includes a standing committee, the Rules 12 Committee, a special committee, committees created under Article X and Article XII of these Rules, and 13 а subcommittee of a committee. "Committee" does not mean a 14 15 conference committee, and the procedural and notice 16 requirements applicable to committees do not apply to 17 conference committees.

18 (4.5) Committee amendment. "Committee amendment" means 19 an amendment referred by the Rules Committee to a standing 20 committee or special committee while the bill or resolution 21 it amends is before that committee.

(5) Constitution. "Constitution" means theConstitution of the State of Illinois.

24 (6) General Assembly. "General Assembly" means the
 25 current General Assembly of the State of Illinois.

(7) House. "House" means the House of Representatives

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1 of the General Assembly.

(8) Joint Action Motions. "Joint action motions" means
the following motions before the House: to concur in a
Senate amendment, to non-concur in a Senate amendment, to
recede from a House amendment, to refuse to recede from a
House amendment, to request that a conference committee be
appointed, and to adopt a conference committee report.

8 (9) Legislative Digest. "Legislative Digest" means the 9 Legislative Synopsis and Digest that is prepared by the 10 Legislative Reference Bureau of the General Assembly.

11 (10)Legislative Measures. "Legislative measures" 12 all matters brought before the House for means 13 consideration, whether originated in the House or Senate, 14 and includes bills, amendments, resolutions, conference 15 committee reports, motions, messages, notices, and 16 Executive Orders from the executive branch.

(11) Majority. "Majority" means a majority of those members present and voting on a question. Unless otherwise specified with respect to a particular House Rule, for purposes of determining the number of members present and voting on a question, a "present" vote shall not be counted.

(12) Majority Caucus. "Majority caucus" means that
 group of Representatives from the numerically strongest
 political party in the House.

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(13) Majority of those Appointed. "Majority of those

HR0035 -128- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r appointed" means a majority of the total number of Representatives authorized under these Rules to be appointed to a committee.

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(14) Majority of those Elected. "Majority of those 4 5 elected" means a majority of the total number of 6 Representatives entitled to be elected to the House, number of 7 regardless of the elected or appointed 8 Representatives actually serving in office. So long as 118 9 Representatives are entitled to be elected to the House, 10 "majority of those elected" means 60 affirmative votes; 71 11 affirmative votes means three-fifths of the members 12 elected; and 79 affirmative votes means two-thirds of the 13 members elected.

14 (15) Member. "Member" means a Representative. Where
 15 the context so requires, "member" may also mean a Senator
 16 of the Illinois Senate.

17 (16) Members Appointed. "Members appointed" means the
18 total number of Representatives authorized under these
19 Rules to be appointed to a committee.

20 (17) Members Elected. "Members elected" means the 118
21 Representatives entitled to be elected to the House,
22 regardless of the number of elected or appointed
23 Representatives actually serving in office.

(18) Minority Caucus. "Minority caucus" means that
 group of Representatives from the second numerically
 strongest political party in the House.

HR0035 -129- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (19) Minority Leader. "Minority Leader" means the Minority Leader of the House elected under Rule 2.

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3 (20) Minority Spokesperson. "Minority spokesperson" 4 means that Representative designated by the Minority 5 Leader to serve as the minority spokesperson of a 6 committee.

7 (21) Perfunctory Session. "Perfunctory session" means
8 the convening of the House, pursuant to the scheduling of
9 the Speaker, for purposes consistent with Rule 28.

10 (22) Presiding Officer. "Presiding Officer" means that 11 Representative serving as the presiding officer of the 12 House, whether that Representative is the Speaker or 13 another Representative designated by the Speaker under 14 Rule 4.

(23) Principal Sponsor. "Principal sponsor" means the 15 16 first listed House sponsor of any legislative measure; with 17 respect to a committee-sponsored bill or resolution, it of 18 means the Chairperson the committee or the 19 Co-Chairperson from the majority caucus.

20 (24) Record Vote. "Record vote" means a vote by ayes21 and nays entered on the journal.

(25) Representative. "Representative" means any duly
elected or duly appointed Illinois State Representative,
and means the same as "member".

25 (26) Senate. "Senate" means the Senate of the General26 Assembly.

HR0035 -130- LRB097 09758 AMC 49902 r (27) Speaker. "Speaker" means the Speaker of the House elected as provided in Rule 1.

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3 (28) Term. "Term" means the 2-year term of a General
4 Assembly.

5 (29) Vice-Chairperson. "Vice-Chairperson" means that 6 Representative designated by the Speaker to serve as 7 Vice-Chairperson of a committee.