SB0100 Enrolled

1 AN ACT concerning safety.

## 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Industrial Hygienists Licensure Act is 5 amended by changing Section 35 as follows:

6 (225 ILCS 52/35)

7

Sec. 35. Industrial Hygiene Examining Board.

8 (1) The Director shall appoint an Industrial Hygiene 9 Examining Board consisting of 5 persons who shall serve in an 10 advisory capacity to the Director. The Board shall be composed 11 of 4 certified or licensed industrial hygienists, one of whom 12 shall serve as the chairperson, and one member of the public 13 who is not regulated under this Act or a similar Act and who 14 clearly represent consumer interests.

(2) Members shall serve for a term of 4 years and until 15 16 their successors are appointed and qualified, except for the 17 initial appointments. Of the initial appointments one member shall be appointed for one year, one shall be appointed to 18 19 serve 2 years, one shall be appointed to serve 3 years, and 2 20 shall be appointed to serve for 4 years, and until their 21 successors are appointed and qualified. No member shall be 22 reappointed if that reappointment would cause that person's service on the Board to be longer than 8 successive years. 23

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1 Appointments to fill vacancies for the unexpired portion of a 2 vacated term shall be made in the same manner as original 3 appointments. Initial terms shall begin 30 days after the 4 effective date of this Act.

5 (3) The Director may terminate the appointment of any 6 member for cause set forth in writing which, in the opinion of 7 the Director, justifies termination.

8 (4) The Director shall consider the recommendation of the 9 Board on all matters and questions relating to this Act.

10 (5)The Board is charged with the duties and 11 responsibilities of recommending to the Director the adoption 12 of all policies, procedures, and rules which may be required or 13 deemed advisable in order to perform the duties and functions 14 conferred on the Board, the Director, and the Department to 15 carry out the provisions of this Act.

16 (6) The Board shall meet at the call of the Director.

17 (Source: P.A. 88-414.)

Section 10. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by changing Sections 17.7, 21, 22.2, 44, and 47 and adding Section 20 22.50a as follows:

21 (415 ILCS 5/17.7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1017.7)
22 Sec. 17.7. Community water supply testing fee.

(a) The Agency shall collect an annual nonrefundabletesting fee from each community water supply for participating

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in the laboratory fee program for analytical services to 1 2 determine compliance with contaminant levels specified in State or federal drinking water regulations. A community water 3 supply may commit to participation in the laboratory fee 4 5 program. If the community water supply makes such a commitment, 6 it shall commit for a period consistent with the participation 7 requirements established by the Agency and the Community Water Supply Testing Council (Council). If a community water supply 8 9 elects not to participate, it must annually notify the Agency 10 in writing of its decision not to participate in the laboratory 11 fee program.

12 (b) The Agency, with the concurrence of the Council, shall 13 determine the fee for participating in the laboratory fee 14 program for analytical services. The Agency, with the concurrence of the Council, may establish 15 multi-vear 16 participation requirements for community water supplies and 17 establish fees accordingly. The Agency shall base its annual fee determination upon the actual and anticipated costs for 18 testing under State and federal drinking water regulations and 19 20 the associated administrative costs of the Agency and the 21 Council. By October 1 of each year, the Agency shall submit its 22 fee determination and supporting documentation for the 23 forthcoming year to the Council. Before the following January 1, the Council shall hold at least one regular meeting to 24 consider the Agency's determination. If the Council concurs 25 26 with the Agency's determination, it shall thereupon take

1 effect. The Agency and the Council may establish procedures for 2 resolution of disputes in the event the Council does not concur 3 with the Agency's fee determination.

4 (c) Community water supplies that choose not to participate 5 in the laboratory fee program or do not pay the fees shall have 6 the duty to analyze all drinking water samples as required by 7 State or federal safe drinking water regulations established 8 after the federal Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1986.

9 (d) There is hereby created in the State Treasury an 10 interest-bearing special fund to be known as the Community 11 Water Supply Laboratory Fund. All fees collected by the Agency 12 under this Section shall be deposited into this Fund and shall be used for no other purpose except those established in this 13 14 Section. In addition to any monies appropriated from the 15 General Revenue Fund, monies in the Fund shall be appropriated 16 to the Agency in amounts deemed necessary for laboratory 17 testing of samples from community water supplies, and for the associated administrative expenses of the Agency and the 18 19 Council.

(e) The Agency is authorized to adopt reasonable and necessary rules for the administration of this Section. The Agency shall submit the proposed rules for review by the Council before submission of the rulemaking for the First Notice under Section 5-40 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.

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(f) The Director shall establish a Community Water Supply

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1 Testing Council, consisting of 5 persons who are elected municipal officials, 5 persons representing community water 2 supplies, one person representing the engineering profession, 3 one person representing investor-owned utilities, one person 4 5 representing the Illinois Association of Environmental 6 Laboratories, and 2 persons representing municipalities and 7 community water supplies on a statewide basis, all appointed by 8 the Director. Beginning in 1994, the Director shall appoint the 9 following to the Council: (i) 2 elected municipal officials, 2 10 community water supply representatives, and 1 investor-owned 11 utility representative, each for a one-year term; (ii) 2 12 elected municipal officials and 2 community water supply 13 representatives, each for a 2 year term; and (iii) one elected 14 municipal official, one community water supply representative, 15 one person representing the engineering profession, and 2 16 persons representing municipalities and community water 17 supplies on a statewide basis, each for a 3 year term. As soon as possible after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 18 19 the 92nd General Assembly, the Director shall appoint one 20 person representing the Illinois Association of Environmental Laboratories to a term of 3 years. Thereafter, the Director 21 22 shall appoint successors in each position to 3 year terms. In 23 case of a vacancy, the Director may appoint a successor to fill the remaining term of the vacancy. Members of the Council shall 24 25 serve until a successor is appointed by the Director. The 26 Council shall select from its members a chairperson and such

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other officers as it deems necessary. The Council shall <u>meet at</u> <u>the call of the Director or the Chairperson of the Council hold</u> <del>at least 2 regular meetings each year</del>. The Agency shall provide the Council with such supporting services as the Director and the Chairperson may designate, and members shall be reimbursed for ordinary and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties. The Council shall have the following duties:

8 (1) to consider any fee determinations submitted by the 9 Agency pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section, and to 10 hold regular and special meetings at a time and place 11 designated by the Director or the Chairperson of the 12 Council;

13 (2) to consider appropriate means for long-term 14 financial support of water supply testing, and to make 15 recommendations to the Agency regarding a preferred 16 approach;

17 (3) to review and evaluate the financial implications
18 of current and future federal requirements for monitoring
19 of public water supplies;

20 (4) to review and evaluate management and financial 21 audit reports related to the testing program, and to make 22 recommendations regarding the Agency's efforts to 23 implement the fee system and testing provided for by this 24 Section;

(5) to require an external audit as may be deemednecessary by the Council; and

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(6) to conduct such other activities as may be deemed
 appropriate by the Director.

3 (Source: P.A. 92-147, eff. 7-24-01.)

4 (415 ILCS 5/21) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1021)

5 Sec. 21. Prohibited acts. No person shall:

6 (a) Cause or allow the open dumping of any waste.

7 (b) Abandon, dump, or deposit any waste upon the public 8 highways or other public property, except in a sanitary 9 landfill approved by the Agency pursuant to regulations adopted 10 by the Board.

11 (c) Abandon any vehicle in violation of the "Abandoned 12 Vehicles Amendment to the Illinois Vehicle Code", as enacted by 13 the 76th General Assembly.

14 (d) Conduct any waste-storage, waste-treatment, or 15 waste-disposal operation:

16 (1) without a permit granted by the Agency or in violation of any conditions imposed by such permit, 17 18 including periodic reports and full access to adequate records and the inspection of facilities, as may be 19 necessary to assure compliance with this Act and with 20 21 regulations and standards adopted thereunder; provided, 22 however, that, except for municipal solid waste landfill units that receive waste on or after October 9, 1993, no 23 24 permit shall be required for (i) any person conducting a 25 waste-storage, waste-treatment, or waste-disposal SB0100 Enrolled - 8 - LRB097 00454 JDS 40472 b

operation for wastes generated by such person's own 1 2 activities which are stored, treated, or disposed within 3 the site where such wastes are generated, or (ii) a facility located in a county with a population over 700,000 4 5 as of January 1, 2000, operated and located in accordance with Section 22.38 of this Act, and used exclusively for 6 7 transfer, storage, or treatment of the general 8 construction or demolition debris, provided that the 9 facility was receiving construction or demolition debris 10 on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th 11 General Assembly;

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(2) in violation of any regulations or standards adopted by the Board under this Act; or

14 (3) which receives waste after August 31, 1988, does 15 not have a permit issued by the Agency, and is (i) a 16 landfill used exclusively for the disposal of waste 17 generated at the site, (ii) a surface impoundment receiving special waste not listed in an NPDES permit, (iii) a waste 18 19 pile in which the total volume of waste is greater than 100 20 cubic yards or the waste is stored for over one year, or 21 (iv) a land treatment facility receiving special waste 22 generated at the site; without giving notice of the 23 operation to the Agency by January 1, 1989, or 30 days 24 after the date on which the operation commences, whichever 25 is later, and every 3 years thereafter. The form for such 26 notification shall be specified by the Agency, and shall be SB0100 Enrolled - 9 - LRB097 00454 JDS 40472 b

limited to information regarding: the name and address of 1 2 the location of the operation; the type of operation; the types and amounts of waste stored, treated or disposed of 3 an annual basis; the remaining capacity 4 on of the life 5 operation; and the remaining expected of the 6 operation.

7 Item (3) of this subsection (d) shall not apply to any 8 person engaged in agricultural activity who is disposing of a 9 substance that constitutes solid waste, if the substance was 10 acquired for use by that person on his own property, and the 11 substance is disposed of on his own property in accordance with 12 regulations or standards adopted by the Board.

13 This subsection (d) shall not apply to hazardous waste.

14 (e) Dispose, treat, store or abandon any waste, or 15 transport any waste into this State for disposal, treatment, 16 storage or abandonment, except at a site or facility which 17 meets the requirements of this Act and of regulations and 18 standards thereunder.

19 (f) Conduct any hazardous waste-storage, hazardous
20 waste-treatment or hazardous waste-disposal operation:

(1) without a RCRA permit for the site issued by the Agency under subsection (d) of Section 39 of this Act, or in violation of any condition imposed by such permit, including periodic reports and full access to adequate records and the inspection of facilities, as may be necessary to assure compliance with this Act and with SB0100 Enrolled - 10 - LRB097 00454 JDS 40472 b

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regulations and standards adopted thereunder; or

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(2) in violation of any regulations or standardsadopted by the Board under this Act; or

4 (3) in violation of any RCRA permit filing requirement
5 established under standards adopted by the Board under this
6 Act; or

7 (4) in violation of any order adopted by the Board8 under this Act.

9 Notwithstanding the above, no RCRA permit shall be required 10 under this subsection or subsection (d) of Section 39 of this 11 Act for any person engaged in agricultural activity who is 12 disposing of a substance which has been identified as a 13 hazardous waste, and which has been designated by Board 14 regulations as being subject to this exception, if the 15 substance was acquired for use by that person on his own 16 property and the substance is disposed of on his own property 17 in accordance with regulations or standards adopted by the Board. 18

19

(g) Conduct any hazardous waste-transportation operation:

(1) without registering with and obtaining a <u>special</u>
 <u>waste hauling</u> permit from the Agency in accordance with the
 <u>regulations adopted by the Board under this Act</u> Uniform
 Program implemented under subsection (1-5) of Section
 22.2; or

(2) in violation of any regulations or standardsadopted by the Board under this Act.

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(h) Conduct any hazardous waste-recycling or hazardous
 waste-reclamation or hazardous waste-reuse operation in
 violation of any regulations, standards or permit requirements
 adopted by the Board under this Act.

5 (i) Conduct any process or engage in any act which produces 6 hazardous waste in violation of any regulations or standards 7 adopted by the Board under subsections (a) and (c) of Section 8 22.4 of this Act.

9 (j) Conduct any special waste transportation operation in 10 violation of any regulations, standards or permit requirements 11 adopted by the Board under this Act. However, sludge from a 12 water or sewage treatment plant owned and operated by a unit of 13 local government which (1) is subject to a sludge management 14 plan approved by the Agency or a permit granted by the Agency, 15 and (2) has been tested and determined not to be a hazardous 16 waste as required by applicable State and federal laws and 17 regulations, may be transported in this State without a special waste hauling permit, and the preparation and carrying of a 18 manifest shall not be required for such sludge under the rules 19 20 of the Pollution Control Board. The unit of local government which operates the treatment plant producing such sludge shall 21 22 file a semiannual report with the Agency identifying the volume 23 of such sludge transported during the reporting period, the hauler of the sludge, and the disposal sites to which it was 24 25 transported. This subsection (j) shall not apply to hazardous 26 waste.

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(k) Fail or refuse to pay any fee imposed under this Act.

2 (1) Locate a hazardous waste disposal site above an active or inactive shaft or tunneled mine or within 2 miles of an 3 active fault in the earth's crust. In counties of population 4 5 less than 225,000 no hazardous waste disposal site shall be located (1) within 1 1/2 miles of the corporate limits as 6 7 defined on June 30, 1978, of any municipality without the 8 approval of the governing body of the municipality in an 9 official action; or (2) within 1000 feet of an existing private 10 well or the existing source of a public water supply measured 11 from the boundary of the actual active permitted site and 12 excluding existing private wells on the property of the permit 13 applicant. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to publicly-owned sewage works or the disposal or utilization of 14 15 sludge from publicly-owned sewage works.

16 (m) Transfer interest in any land which has been used as a 17 hazardous waste disposal site without written notification to 18 the Agency of the transfer and to the transferee of the 19 conditions imposed by the Agency upon its use under subsection 20 (g) of Section 39.

(n) Use any land which has been used as a hazardous waste disposal site except in compliance with conditions imposed by the Agency under subsection (g) of Section 39.

(o) Conduct a sanitary landfill operation which is required
to have a permit under subsection (d) of this Section, in a
manner which results in any of the following conditions:

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(1) refuse in standing or flowing waters; 1 2 (2) leachate flows entering waters of the State; (3) leachate flows exiting the landfill confines (as 3 determined by the boundaries established for the landfill 4 by a permit issued by the Agency); 5 (4) open burning of refuse in violation of Section 9 of 6 7 this Act; 8 (5) uncovered refuse remaining from any previous 9 operating day or at the conclusion of any operating day, 10 unless authorized by permit; 11 (6) failure to provide final cover within time limits 12 established by Board regulations; 13 (7) acceptance of wastes without necessary permits; 14 (8) scavenging as defined by Board regulations; 15 (9) deposition of refuse in any unpermitted portion of 16 the landfill; 17 (10) acceptance of a special waste without a required manifest; 18 (11) failure to submit reports required by permits or 19 20 Board regulations; (12) failure to collect and contain litter from the 21 22 site by the end of each operating day; 23 (13) failure to submit any cost estimate for the site or any performance bond or other security for the site as 24 25 required by this Act or Board rules. 26 The prohibitions specified in this subsection (o) shall be enforceable by the Agency either by administrative citation under Section 31.1 of this Act or as otherwise provided by this Act. The specific prohibitions in this subsection do not limit the power of the Board to establish regulations or standards applicable to sanitary landfills.

- 6 (p) In violation of subdivision (a) of this Section, cause 7 or allow the open dumping of any waste in a manner which 8 results in any of the following occurrences at the dump site:
- 9 (1) litter;
- 10 (2) scavenging;
- 11

(3) open burning;

- 12 (4) deposition of waste in standing or flowing waters;
- 13 (5) proliferation of disease vectors;

14 (6) standing or flowing liquid discharge from the dump 15 site;

16

(7) deposition of:

- (i) general construction or demolition debris as
  defined in Section 3.160(a) of this Act; or
- (ii) clean construction or demolition debris asdefined in Section 3.160(b) of this Act.

The prohibitions specified in this subsection (p) shall be enforceable by the Agency either by administrative citation under Section 31.1 of this Act or as otherwise provided by this Act. The specific prohibitions in this subsection do not limit the power of the Board to establish regulations or standards applicable to open dumping. SB0100 Enrolled - 15 - LRB097 00454 JDS 40472 b

1 (q) Conduct a landscape waste composting operation without 2 an Agency permit, provided, however, that no permit shall be 3 required for any person:

4 (1) conducting a landscape waste composting operation 5 for landscape wastes generated by such person's own 6 activities which are stored, treated or disposed of within 7 the site where such wastes are generated; or

8 (2) applying landscape waste or composted landscape
9 waste at agronomic rates; or

10 (3) operating a landscape waste composting facility on 11 a farm, if the facility meets all of the following 12 criteria:

13 (A) the composting facility is operated by the 14 farmer on property on which the composting material is 15 utilized, and the composting facility constitutes no 16 more than 2% of the property's total acreage, except 17 that the Board Agency may allow a higher percentage for individual sites where the owner or operator has 18 19 demonstrated to the Board Agency that the site's soil 20 characteristics or crop needs require a higher rate;

(B) the property on which the composting facility
is located, and any associated property on which the
compost is used, is principally and diligently devoted
to the production of agricultural crops and is not
owned, leased or otherwise controlled by any waste
hauler or generator of nonagricultural compost

1 materials, and the operator of the composting facility 2 is not an employee, partner, shareholder, or in any way 3 connected with or controlled by any such waste hauler 4 or generator;

5 (C) all compost generated by the composting 6 facility is applied at agronomic rates and used as 7 mulch, fertilizer or soil conditioner on land actually 8 farmed by the person operating the composting 9 facility, and the finished compost is not stored at the 10 composting site for a period longer than 18 months 11 prior to its application as mulch, fertilizer, or soil 12 conditioner;

13 (D) the owner or operator, by January 1, 1990 (or 14 the January 1 following commencement of operation, 15 whichever is later) and January 1 of each year 16 thereafter, (i) registers the site with the Agency, 17 (ii) reports to the Agency on the volume of composting material received and used at the site, (iii) certifies 18 19 to the Agency that the site complies with the 20 requirements set forth in subparagraphs (A), (B) and 21 (C) of this paragraph (q)(3), and (iv) certifies to the 22 Agency that all composting material was placed more 23 than 200 feet from the nearest potable water supply 24 well, was placed outside the boundary of the 10-year 25 floodplain or on a part of the site that is 26 floodproofed, was placed at least 1/4 mile from the nearest residence (other than a residence located on the same property as the facility) and there are not more than 10 occupied non-farm residences within 1/2 mile of the boundaries of the site on the date of application, and was placed more than 5 feet above the water table.

For the purposes of this subsection (q), "agronomic rates" means the application of not more than 20 tons per acre per year, except that the <u>Board Agency</u> may allow a higher rate for individual sites where the owner or operator has demonstrated to the <u>Board Agency</u> that the site's soil characteristics or crop needs require a higher rate.

13 (r) Cause or allow the storage or disposal of coal 14 combustion waste unless:

(1) such waste is stored or disposed of at a site or
facility for which a permit has been obtained or is not
otherwise required under subsection (d) of this Section; or

18 (2) such waste is stored or disposed of as a part of
19 the design and reclamation of a site or facility which is
20 an abandoned mine site in accordance with the Abandoned
21 Mined Lands and Water Reclamation Act; or

(3) such waste is stored or disposed of at a site or
facility which is operating under NPDES and Subtitle D
permits issued by the Agency pursuant to regulations
adopted by the Board for mine-related water pollution and
permits issued pursuant to the Federal Surface Mining

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1 Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (P.L. 95-87) or the 2 rules and regulations thereunder or any law or rule or 3 regulation adopted by the State of Illinois pursuant 4 thereto, and the owner or operator of the facility agrees 5 to accept the waste; and either

6 (i) such waste is stored or disposed of in 7 accordance with requirements applicable to refuse 8 disposal under regulations adopted by the Board for 9 mine-related water pollution and pursuant to NPDES and 10 Subtitle D permits issued by the Agency under such 11 regulations; or

12 the owner or operator of the (ii) facility 13 demonstrates all of the following to the Agency, and 14 the facility is operated in accordance with the 15 demonstration as approved by the Agency: (1) the 16 disposal area will be covered in a manner that will 17 support continuous vegetation, (2) the facility will be adequately protected from wind and water erosion, 18 19 (3) the pH will be maintained so as to prevent 20 excessive leaching of metal ions, and (4) adequate 21 containment or other measures will be provided to 22 surface water groundwater protect and from 23 contamination at levels prohibited by this Act, the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act, or regulations 24 25 adopted pursuant thereto.

26 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Title, the

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disposal of coal combustion waste pursuant to item (2) or (3) of this subdivision (r) shall be exempt from the other provisions of this Title V, and notwithstanding the provisions of Title X of this Act, the Agency is authorized to grant experimental permits which include provision for the disposal of wastes from the combustion of coal and other materials pursuant to items (2) and (3) of this subdivision (r).

8 (s) After April 1, 1989, offer for transportation, 9 transport, deliver, receive or accept special waste for which a 10 manifest is required, unless the manifest indicates that the 11 fee required under Section 22.8 of this Act has been paid.

(t) Cause or allow a lateral expansion of a municipal solid waste landfill unit on or after October 9, 1993, without a permit modification, granted by the Agency, that authorizes the lateral expansion.

16 (u) Conduct any vegetable by-product treatment, storage, 17 disposal or transportation operation in violation of any regulation, standards or permit requirements adopted by the 18 Board under this Act. However, no permit shall be required 19 20 under this Title V for the land application of vegetable by-products conducted pursuant to Agency permit issued under 21 22 Title III of this Act to the generator of the vegetable 23 by-products. In addition, vegetable by-products may be transported in this State without a special waste hauling 24 25 permit, and without the preparation and carrying of a manifest. 26 (v) (Blank).

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(w) Conduct any generation, transportation, or recycling 1 2 of construction or demolition debris, clean or general, or uncontaminated soil generated during construction, remodeling, 3 repair, and demolition of utilities, structures, and roads that 4 5 is not commingled with any waste, without the maintenance of 6 documentation identifying the hauler, generator, place of 7 origin of the debris or soil, the weight or volume of the 8 debris or soil, and the location, owner, and operator of the 9 facility where the debris or soil was transferred, disposed, 10 recycled, or treated. This documentation must be maintained by 11 the generator, transporter, or recycler for 3 years. This 12 subsection (w) shall not apply to (1) a permitted pollution 13 control facility that transfers or accepts construction or demolition debris, clean or general, or uncontaminated soil for 14 final disposal, recycling, or treatment, (2) a public utility 15 16 (as that term is defined in the Public Utilities Act) or a 17 municipal utility, (3) the Illinois Department of Transportation, or (4) a municipality or a county highway 18 department, with the exception of any municipality or county 19 20 highway department located within a county having a population of over 3,000,000 inhabitants or located in a county that is 21 22 contiguous to a county having a population of over 3,000,000 23 inhabitants; but it shall apply to an entity that contracts with a public utility, a municipal utility, the Illinois 24 25 Department of Transportation, or a municipality or a county highway department. The terms "generation" and "recycling" as 26

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used in this subsection do not apply to clean construction or 1 2 demolition debris when (i) used as fill material below grade if covered by 3 outside of a setback zone sufficient uncontaminated soil to support vegetation within 30 days of the 4 5 completion of filling or if covered by a road or structure, 6 (ii) solely broken concrete without protruding metal bars is used for erosion control, or (iii) milled asphalt or crushed 7 8 concrete is used as aggregate in construction of the shoulder 9 of a roadway. The terms "generation" and "recycling", as used 10 in this subsection, do not apply to uncontaminated soil that is 11 not commingled with any waste when (i) used as fill material 12 below grade or contoured to grade, or (ii) used at the site of 13 generation.

14 (Source: P.A. 96-611, eff. 8-24-09.)

15 (415 ILCS 5/22.2) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1022.2)

16 Sec. 22.2. Hazardous waste; fees; liability.

(a) There are hereby created within the State Treasury 2 special funds to be known respectively as the "Hazardous Waste Fund" and the "Hazardous Waste Research Fund", constituted from the fees collected pursuant to this Section. In addition to the fees collected under this Section, the Hazardous Waste Fund shall include other moneys made available from any source for deposit into the Fund.

(b) (1) On and after January 1, 1989, the Agency shallcollect from the owner or operator of each of the following

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1 sites a fee in the amount of:

2 (A) 9 cents per gallon or \$18.18 per cubic yard, if 3 the hazardous waste disposal site is located off the site where such waste was produced. The maximum amount 4 5 payable under this subdivision (A) with respect to the 6 hazardous waste generated by a single generator and 7 deposited in monofills is \$30,000 per year. If, as a result of the use of multiple monofills, waste fees in 8 9 excess of the maximum are assessed with respect to a 10 single waste generator, the generator may apply to the 11 Agency for a credit.

(B) 9 cents or \$18.18 per cubic yard, if the
hazardous waste disposal site is located on the site
where such waste was produced, provided however the
maximum amount of fees payable under this paragraph (B)
is \$30,000 per year for each such hazardous waste
disposal site.

(C) If the hazardous waste disposal site is an
underground injection well, \$6,000 per year if not more
than 10,000,000 gallons per year are injected, \$15,000
per year if more than 10,000,000 gallons but not more
than 50,000,000 gallons per year are injected, and
\$27,000 per year if more than 50,000,000 gallons per
year are injected.

(D) 3 cents per gallon or \$6.06 per cubic yard of
 hazardous waste received for treatment at a hazardous

waste treatment site, if the hazardous waste treatment 1 site is located off the site where such waste was 2 3 produced and if such hazardous waste treatment site is owned, controlled and operated by a person other than 4 5 the generator of such waste. After treatment at such hazardous waste treatment site, the waste shall not be 6 7 subject to any other fee imposed by this subsection (b). For purposes of this subsection (b), the term 8 9 "treatment" is defined as in Section 3.505 but shall 10 not include recycling, reclamation or reuse.

(2) The General Assembly shall annually appropriate to
 the Fund such amounts as it deems necessary to fulfill the
 purposes of this Act.

14 (3) The Agency shall have the authority to accept,
15 receive, and administer on behalf of the State any moneys
16 made available to the State from any source for the
17 purposes of the Hazardous Waste Fund set forth in
18 subsection (d) of this Section.

19 (4) Of the amount collected as fees provided for in 20 this Section, the Agency shall manage the use of such funds to assure that sufficient funds are available for match 21 22 towards federal expenditures for response action at sites 23 which are listed on the National Priorities List; provided, 24 however, that this shall not apply to additional monies 25 appropriated to the Fund by the General Assembly, nor shall 26 it apply in the event that the Director finds that revenues

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in the Hazardous Waste Fund must be used to address conditions which create or may create an immediate danger to the environment or public health or to the welfare of the people of the State of Illinois.

5 (5) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection (b), sludge from a publicly-owned sewage works 6 7 generated in Illinois, coal mining wastes and refuse generated in Illinois, bottom boiler ash, flyash and flue 8 9 gas desulphurization sludge from public utility electric 10 generating facilities located in Illinois, and bottom 11 boiler ash and flyash from all incinerators which process 12 solely municipal waste shall not be subject to the fee.

13 (6) For the purposes of this subsection (b), "monofill" 14 means a facility, or a unit at a facility, that accepts 15 only wastes bearing the same USEPA hazardous waste 16 identification number, or compatible wastes as determined 17 by the Agency.

(c) The Agency shall establish procedures, not later than 18 19 January 1, 1984, relating to the collection of the fees 20 authorized by this Section. Such procedures shall include, but 21 not be limited to: (1) necessary records identifying the 22 quantities of hazardous waste received or disposed; (2) the 23 form and submission of reports to accompany the payment of fees 24 to the Agency; and (3) the time and manner of payment of fees 25 to the Agency, which payments shall be not more often than 26 quarterly.

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1 (d) Beginning July 1, 1996, the Agency shall deposit all 2 such receipts in the State Treasury to the credit of the 3 Hazardous Waste Fund, except as provided in subsection (e) of 4 this Section. All monies in the Hazardous Waste Fund shall be 5 used by the Agency for the following purposes:

6 (1) Taking whatever preventive or corrective action is 7 necessary or appropriate, in circumstances certified by 8 the Director, including but not limited to removal or 9 remedial action whenever there is a release or substantial 10 threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide; 11 provided, the Agency shall expend no more than \$1,000,000 12 on any single incident without appropriation by the General 13 Assembly.

14 (2) To meet any requirements which must be met by the
15 State in order to obtain federal funds pursuant to the
16 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and
17 Liability Act of 1980, (P.L. 96-510).

(3) In an amount up to 30% of the amount collected as
fees provided for in this Section, for use by the Agency to
conduct groundwater protection activities, including
providing grants to appropriate units of local government
which are addressing protection of underground waters
pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

(4) To fund the development and implementation of the
model pesticide collection program under Section 19.1 of
the Illinois Pesticide Act.

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1 (5) To the extent the Agency has received and deposited 2 monies in the Fund other than fees collected under 3 subsection (b) of this Section, to pay for the cost of 4 Agency employees for services provided in reviewing the 5 performance of response actions pursuant to Title XVII of 6 this Act.

7 (6) In an amount up to 15% of the fees collected
8 annually under subsection (b) of this Section, for use by
9 the Agency for administration of the provisions of this
10 Section.

(e) The Agency shall deposit 10% of all receipts collected under subsection (b) of this Section, but not to exceed \$200,000 per year, in the State Treasury to the credit of the Hazardous Waste Research Fund established by this Act. Pursuant to appropriation, all monies in such Fund shall be used by the University of Illinois for the purposes set forth in this subsection.

The University of Illinois may enter into contracts with 18 19 business, industrial, university, governmental or other qualified individuals or organizations to assist in the 20 21 research and development intended to recycle, reduce the volume 22 of, separate, detoxify or reduce the hazardous properties of 23 hazardous wastes in Illinois. Monies in the Fund may also be used by the University of Illinois for technical studies, 24 25 monitoring activities, and educational and research activities 26 which are related to the protection of underground waters.

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Monies in the Hazardous Waste Research Fund may be used to 1 2 administer the Illinois Health and Hazardous Substances 3 Registry Act. Monies in the Hazardous Waste Research Fund shall not be used for any sanitary landfill or the acquisition or 4 construction of any facility. This does not preclude the 5 purchase of equipment for the purpose of public demonstration 6 projects. The University of Illinois shall adopt guidelines for 7 8 cost sharing, selecting, and administering projects under this 9 subsection.

10 (f) Notwithstanding any other provision or rule of law, and 11 subject only to the defenses set forth in subsection (j) of 12 this Section, the following persons shall be liable for all 13 costs of removal or remedial action incurred by the State of 14 Illinois or any unit of local government as a result of a 15 release or substantial threat of a release of a hazardous 16 substance or pesticide:

(1) the owner and operator of a facility or vessel from
which there is a release or substantial threat of release
of a hazardous substance or pesticide;

(2) any person who at the time of disposal, transport,
storage or treatment of a hazardous substance or pesticide
owned or operated the facility or vessel used for such
disposal, transport, treatment or storage from which there
was a release or substantial threat of a release of any
such hazardous substance or pesticide;

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(3) any person who by contract, agreement, or otherwise

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has arranged with another party or entity for transport, storage, disposal or treatment of hazardous substances or pesticides owned, controlled or possessed by such person at a facility owned or operated by another party or entity from which facility there is a release or substantial threat of a release of such hazardous substances or pesticides; and

8 (4) any person who accepts or accepted any hazardous 9 substances or pesticides for transport to disposal, 10 storage or treatment facilities or sites from which there 11 is a release or a substantial threat of a release of a 12 hazardous substance or pesticide.

Any monies received by the State of Illinois pursuant to this subsection (f) shall be deposited in the State Treasury to the credit of the Hazardous Waste Fund.

In accordance with the other provisions of this Section, costs of removal or remedial action incurred by a unit of local government may be recovered in an action before the Board brought by the unit of local government under subsection (i) of this Section. Any monies so recovered shall be paid to the unit of local government.

(g) (1) No indemnification, hold harmless, or similar agreement or conveyance shall be effective to transfer from the owner or operator of any vessel or facility or from any person who may be liable for a release or substantial threat of a release under this Section, to any other person SB0100 Enrolled - 29 -

the liability imposed under this Section. Nothing in this Section shall bar any agreement to insure, hold harmless or indemnify a party to such agreements for any liability under this Section.

5 (2) Nothing in this Section, including the provisions 6 of paragraph (g)(1) of this Section, shall bar a cause of 7 action that an owner or operator or any other person 8 subject to liability under this Section, or a guarantor, 9 has or would have, by reason of subrogation or otherwise 10 against any person.

- 11 (h) For purposes of this Section:
- 12

(1) The term "facility" means:

(A) any building, structure, installation,
equipment, pipe or pipeline including but not limited
to any pipe into a sewer or publicly owned treatment
works, well, pit, pond, lagoon, impoundment, ditch,
landfill, storage container, motor vehicle, rolling
stock, or aircraft; or

(B) any site or area where a hazardous substance
has been deposited, stored, disposed of, placed, or
otherwise come to be located.

22

(2) The term "owner or operator" means:

(A) any person owning or operating a vessel orfacility;

(B) in the case of an abandoned facility, any
 person owning or operating the abandoned facility or

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1any person who owned, operated, or otherwise2controlled activities at the abandoned facility3immediately prior to such abandonment;

4 (C) in the case of a land trust as defined in 5 Section 2 of the Land Trustee as Creditor Act, the 6 person owning the beneficial interest in the land 7 trust;

8 (D) in the case of a fiduciary (other than a land 9 trustee), the estate, trust estate, or other interest in property held in a fiduciary capacity, and not the 10 11 fiduciary. For the purposes of this Section, 12 "fiduciary" means a trustee, executor, administrator, 13 quardian, receiver, conservator or other person 14 holding a facility or vessel in a fiduciary capacity;

15 (E) in the case of a "financial institution", 16 meaning the Illinois Housing Development Authority and 17 that term as defined in Section 2 of the Illinois Banking Act, that has acquired ownership, operation, 18 19 management, or control of a vessel or facility through 20 foreclosure or under the terms of a security interest held by the financial institution or under the terms of 21 22 extension of credit made by the financial an 23 institution, the financial institution only if the 24 financial institution takes possession of the vessel or facility and the financial institution exercises 25 26 actual, direct, and continual or recurrent managerial 1 control in the operation of the vessel or facility that 2 causes a release or substantial threat of a release of 3 a hazardous substance or pesticide resulting in 4 removal or remedial action;

In the case of an owner of residential 5 (F) 6 property, the owner if the owner is a person other than 7 an individual, or if the owner is an individual who owns more than 10 dwelling units in Illinois, or if the 8 9 owner, or an agent, representative, contractor, or 10 employee of the owner, has caused, contributed to, or 11 allowed the release or threatened release of а 12 hazardous pesticide. substance The or term "residential property" means single family residences 13 14 of one to 4 dwelling units, including accessory land, 15 buildings, or improvements incidental to those 16 dwellings that exclusively used for the are 17 residential use. For purposes of this subparagraph (F), the term "individual" means a natural person, and 18 19 shall not include corporations, partnerships, trusts, 20 or other non-natural persons.

(G) In the case of any facility, title or control
of which was conveyed due to bankruptcy, foreclosure,
tax delinquency, abandonment, or similar means to a
unit of State or local government, any person who
owned, operated, or otherwise controlled activities at
the facility immediately beforehand.

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1 (H) The term "owner or operator" does not include a 2 unit of State or local government which acquired 3 ownership control through or bankruptcy, tax delinquency, abandonment, or other circumstances in 4 5 which the government acquires title by virtue of its function as sovereign. The exclusion provided under 6 7 this paragraph shall not apply to any State or local government which has caused or contributed to the 8 9 release or threatened release of a hazardous substance 10 from the facility, and such a State or local government 11 shall be subject to the provisions of this Act in the 12 same manner and to the same extent, both procedurally 13 and substantively, as any nongovernmental entity, 14 including liability under Section 22.2(f).

(i) The costs and damages provided for in this Section may
be imposed by the Board in an action brought before the Board
in accordance with Title VIII of this Act, except that Section
33(c) of this Act shall not apply to any such action.

(j) (1) There shall be no liability under this Section for a person otherwise liable who can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the release or substantial threat of release of a hazardous substance and the damages resulting therefrom were caused solely by:

24 (A) an act of God;

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25 (B) an act of war;

26 (C) an act or omission of a third party other than an

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employee or agent of the defendant, or other than one whose 1 2 act or omission occurs in connection with a contractual 3 relationship, existing directly or indirectly, with the defendant (except where the sole contractual arrangement 4 5 arises from a published tariff and acceptance for carriage by a common carrier by rail), if the defendant establishes 6 7 by a preponderance of the evidence that (i) he exercised 8 due care with respect to the hazardous substance concerned, 9 taking into consideration the characteristics of such 10 hazardous substance, in light of all relevant facts and 11 circumstances, and (ii) he took precautions against 12 foreseeable acts or omissions of any such third party and 13 the consequences that could foreseeably result from such 14 acts or omissions; or

15

(D) any combination of the foregoing paragraphs.

16 (2) There shall be no liability under this Section for any17 release permitted by State or federal law.

(3) There shall be no liability under this Section for 18 19 damages as a result of actions taken or omitted in the course 20 of rendering care, assistance, or advice in accordance with 21 this Section or the National Contingency Plan pursuant to the 22 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and 23 Liability Act of 1980 (P.L. 96-510) or at the direction of an 24 on-scene coordinator appointed under such plan, with respect to 25 an incident creating a danger to public health or welfare or the environment as a result of any release of a hazardous 26

substance or a substantial threat thereof. This subsection 1 2 shall not preclude liability for damages as the result of gross 3 negligence or intentional misconduct on the part of such person. For the purposes of the preceding sentence, reckless, 4 willful, or 5 wanton misconduct shall constitute gross 6 negligence.

7 (4) There shall be no liability under this Section for any 8 person (including, but not limited to, an owner of residential 9 property who applies a pesticide to the residential property or 10 who has another person apply a pesticide to the residential 11 property) for response costs or damages as the result of the 12 storage, handling and use, or recommendation for storage, 13 handling and use, of a pesticide consistent with:

14 (A) its directions for storage, handling and use as15 stated in its label or labeling;

16 (B) its warnings and cautions as stated in its label or17 labeling; and

18 (C) the uses for which it is registered under the
19 Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act and the
20 Illinois Pesticide Act.

(4.5) There shall be no liability under subdivision (f)(1) of this Section for response costs or damages as the result of a release of a pesticide from an agrichemical facility site if the Agency has received notice from the Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 19.3 of the Illinois Pesticide Act, the owner or operator of the agrichemical facility is proceeding with a corrective action plan under the Agrichemical Facility Response Action Program implemented under that Section, and the Agency has provided a written endorsement of a corrective action plan.

5 (4.6) There shall be no liability under subdivision (f)(1)6 of this Section for response costs or damages as the result of 7 a substantial threat of a release of a pesticide from an 8 agrichemical facility site if the Agency has received notice 9 from the Department of Agriculture pursuant to Section 19.3 of 10 the Illinois Pesticide Act and the owner or operator of the 11 agrichemical facility is proceeding with a corrective action 12 plan under the Agrichemical Facility Response Action Program 13 implemented under that Section.

14 (5) Nothing in this subsection (j) shall affect or modify 15 in any way the obligations or liability of any person under any 16 other provision of this Act or State or federal law, including 17 common law, for damages, injury, or loss resulting from a 18 release or substantial threat of a release of any hazardous 19 substance or for removal or remedial action or the costs of 20 removal or remedial action of such hazardous substance.

(6) (A) The term "contractual relationship", for the purpose of this subsection includes, but is not limited to, land contracts, deeds or other instruments transferring title or possession, unless the real property on which the facility concerned is located was acquired by the defendant after the disposal or placement of the hazardous substance on, in, or at the facility, and one or more of the circumstances described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of this paragraph is also established by the defendant by a preponderance of the evidence:

5 (i) At the time the defendant acquired the facility the 6 defendant did not know and had no reason to know that any 7 hazardous substance which is the subject of the release or 8 threatened release was disposed of on, in or at the 9 facility.

10 (ii) The defendant is a government entity which 11 acquired the facility by escheat, or through any other 12 involuntary transfer or acquisition, or through the 13 exercise of eminent domain authority by purchase or 14 condemnation.

15 (iii) The defendant acquired the facility by 16 inheritance or bequest.

17 In addition to establishing the foregoing, the defendant 18 must establish that he has satisfied the requirements of 19 subparagraph (C) of paragraph (l) of this subsection (j).

(B) To establish the defendant had no reason to know, as provided in clause (i) of subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the defendant must have undertaken, at the time of acquisition, all appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and uses of the property consistent with good commercial or customary practice in an effort to minimize liability. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the court shall take into account any SB0100 Enrolled - 37 - LRB097 00454 JDS 40472 b

1 specialized knowledge or experience on the part of the 2 defendant, the relationship of the purchase price to the value 3 of the property if uncontaminated, commonly known or reasonably 4 ascertainable information about the property, the obviousness 5 of the presence or likely presence of contamination at the 6 property, and the ability to detect such contamination by 7 appropriate inspection.

8 (C) Nothing in this paragraph (6) or in subparagraph (C) of 9 paragraph (1) of this subsection shall diminish the liability 10 of any previous owner or operator of such facility who would 11 otherwise be liable under this Act. Notwithstanding this 12 paragraph (6), if the defendant obtained actual knowledge of 13 the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance at such facility when the defendant owned the real property and 14 15 then subsequently transferred ownership of the property to 16 another person without disclosing such knowledge, such 17 defendant shall be treated as liable under subsection (f) of this Section and no defense under subparagraph (C) of paragraph 18 (1) of this subsection shall be available to such defendant. 19

20 (D) Nothing in this paragraph (6) shall affect the 21 liability under this Act of a defendant who, by any act or 22 omission, caused or contributed to the release or threatened 23 release of a hazardous substance which is the subject of the 24 action relating to the facility.

(E) (i) Except as provided in clause (ii) of this
subparagraph (E), a defendant who has acquired real property

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1 shall have established a rebuttable presumption against all 2 State claims and a conclusive presumption against all private 3 party claims that the defendant has made all appropriate 4 inquiry within the meaning of subdivision (6)(B) of this 5 subsection (j) if the defendant proves that immediately prior 6 to or at the time of the acquisition:

7 (I) the defendant obtained a Phase I Environmental 8 Audit of the real property that meets or exceeds the 9 requirements of this subparagraph (E), and the Phase I 10 Environmental Audit did not disclose the presence or likely 11 presence of a release or a substantial threat of a release 12 of a hazardous substance or pesticide at, on, to, or from 13 the real property; or

(II) the defendant obtained a Phase II Environmental Audit of the real property that meets or exceeds the requirements of this subparagraph (E), and the Phase II Environmental Audit did not disclose the presence or likely presence of a release or a substantial threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide at, on, to, or from the real property.

(ii) No presumption shall be created under clause (i) of this subparagraph (E), and a defendant shall be precluded from demonstrating that the defendant has made all appropriate inquiry within the meaning of subdivision (6)(B) of this subsection (j), if:

26

(I) the defendant fails to obtain all Environmental

Audits required under this subparagraph (E) or any such Environmental Audit fails to meet or exceed the requirements of this subparagraph (E);

4 (II) a Phase I Environmental Audit discloses the 5 presence or likely presence of a release or a substantial 6 threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide 7 at, on, to, or from real property, and the defendant fails 8 to obtain a Phase II Environmental Audit;

9 (III) a Phase II Environmental Audit discloses the 10 presence or likely presence of a release or a substantial 11 threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide 12 at, on, to, or from the real property;

(IV) the defendant fails to maintain a written compilation and explanatory summary report of the information reviewed in the course of each Environmental Audit under this subparagraph (E); or

17 there is any evidence of fraud, (V) material 18 concealment, or material misrepresentation by the 19 defendant of environmental conditions or of related 20 information discovered during the course of an Environmental Audit. 21

(iii) For purposes of this subparagraph (E), the term "environmental professional" means an individual (other than a practicing attorney) who, through academic training, occupational experience, and reputation (such as engineers, industrial hygienists, or geologists) can objectively conduct 1 one or more aspects of an Environmental Audit and who either:

(I) maintains at the time of the Environmental Audit
and for at least one year thereafter at least \$500,000 of
environmental consultants' professional liability
insurance coverage issued by an insurance company licensed
to do business in Illinois; or

7 (II) is an Illinois licensed professional engineer or
8 an Illinois licensed industrial hygienist.

9 An environmental professional may employ persons who are 10 not environmental professionals to assist in the preparation of 11 an Environmental Audit if such persons are under the direct 12 supervision and control of the environmental professional.

(iv) For purposes of this subparagraph (E), the term "real property" means any interest in any parcel of land, and includes, but is not limited to, buildings, fixtures, and improvements.

17 (v) For purposes of this subparagraph (E), the term "Phase I Environmental Audit" means an investigation of real property, 18 conducted by environmental professionals, to discover the 19 20 presence or likely presence of a release or a substantial threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide at, 21 22 on, to, or from real property, and whether a release or a 23 substantial threat of a release of a hazardous substance or 24 pesticide has occurred or may occur at, on, to, or from the 25 real property. Until such time as the United States 26 Environmental Protection Agency establishes standards for

making appropriate inquiry into the previous ownership and uses 1 2 of the facility pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601(35)(B)(ii), the 3 investigation shall comply with the procedures of the American Society for Testing and Materials, including the document known 4 5 Standard E1527-97, entitled "Standard Procedures for as Environmental Site Assessment: Phase 1 Environmental Site 6 7 Assessment Process". Upon their adoption, the standards 8 promulgated by USEPA pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601(35)(B)(ii) 9 shall govern the performance of Phase I Environmental Audits. 10 In addition to the above requirements, the Phase Ι 11 Environmental Audit shall include a review of recorded land 12 title records for the purpose of determining whether the real property is subject to an environmental land use restriction 13 14 such as a No Further Remediation Letter, Environmental Land Use 15 Control, or Highway Authority Agreement.

(vi) For purposes of subparagraph (E), the term "Phase II Environmental Audit" means an investigation of real property, conducted by environmental professionals, subsequent to a Phase I Environmental Audit. If the Phase I Environmental Audit discloses the presence or likely presence of a hazardous substance or a pesticide or a release or a substantial threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide:

(I) In or to soil, the defendant, as part of the Phase
II Environmental Audit, shall perform a series of soil
borings sufficient to determine whether there is a presence
or likely presence of a hazardous substance or pesticide

and whether there is or has been a release or a substantial
 threat of a release of a hazardous substance or pesticide
 at, on, to, or from the real property.

(II) In or to groundwater, the defendant, as part of 4 5 the Phase ΤI Environmental Audit, shall: review 6 information regarding local geology, water well locations, 7 and locations of waters of the State as may be obtained from State, federal, and local government 8 records, 9 including but not limited to the United States Geological 10 Survey, the State Geological Survey of the University of 11 Illinois, and the State Water Survey of the University of 12 Illinois; and perform groundwater monitoring sufficient to 13 determine whether there is a presence or likely presence of 14 a hazardous substance or pesticide, and whether there is or has been a release or a substantial threat of a release of 15 16 a hazardous substance or pesticide at, on, to, or from the 17 real property.

(III) On or to media other than soil or groundwater, 18 the defendant, as part of the Phase II Environmental Audit, 19 20 shall perform an investigation sufficient to determine 21 whether there is a presence or likely presence of a 22 hazardous substance or pesticide, and whether there is or 23 has been a release or a substantial threat of a release of 24 a hazardous substance or pesticide at, on, to, or from the 25 real property.

26 (vii) The findings of each Environmental Audit prepared

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under this subparagraph (E) shall be set forth in a written 1 2 audit report. Each audit report shall contain an affirmation by the defendant and by each environmental professional who 3 prepared the Environmental Audit that the facts stated in the 4 5 report are true and are made under a penalty of perjury as 6 defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961. It is 7 perjury for any person to sign an audit report that contains a 8 false material statement that the person does not believe to be 9 true.

10 (viii) The Agency is not required to review, approve, or 11 certify the results of any Environmental Audit. The performance 12 of an Environmental Audit shall in no way entitle a defendant 13 to a presumption of Agency approval or certification of the 14 results of the Environmental Audit.

The presence or absence of a disclosure document prepared under the Responsible Property Transfer Act of 1988 shall not be a defense under this Act and shall not satisfy the requirements of subdivision (6) (A) of this subsection (j).

(7) No person shall be liable under this Section for 19 20 response costs or damages as the result of a pesticide release if the Agency has found that a pesticide release occurred based 21 22 Health Advisory issued by the U.S. Environmental а on 23 Protection Agency or an action level developed by the Agency, 24 unless the Agency notified the manufacturer of the pesticide 25 and provided an opportunity of not less than 30 days for the manufacturer to comment on the technical and scientific 26

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justification supporting the Health Advisory or action level.

(8) No person shall be liable under this Section for
response costs or damages as the result of a pesticide release
that occurs in the course of a farm pesticide collection
program operated under Section 19.1 of the Illinois Pesticide
Act, unless the release results from gross negligence or
intentional misconduct.

8 If any person who is liable for a release (k) or 9 substantial threat of release of a hazardous substance or 10 pesticide fails without sufficient cause to provide removal or 11 remedial action upon or in accordance with a notice and request 12 by the Agency or upon or in accordance with any order of the 13 Board or any court, such person may be liable to the State for 14 punitive damages in an amount at least equal to, and not more 15 than 3 times, the amount of any costs incurred by the State of 16 Illinois as a result of such failure to take such removal or 17 remedial action. The punitive damages imposed by the Board shall be in addition to any costs recovered from such person 18 pursuant to this Section and in addition to any other penalty 19 20 or relief provided by this Act or any other law.

21 Any monies received by the State pursuant to this 22 subsection (k) shall be deposited in the Hazardous Waste Fund.

(1) Beginning January 1, 1988, the Agency shall annually
collect a \$250 fee for each Special Waste Hauling Permit
Application and, in addition, shall collect a fee of \$20 for
each waste hauling vehicle identified in the annual permit

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application and for each vehicle which is added to the permit 1 2 during the annual period. The Agency shall deposit 85% of such fees collected under this subsection in the State Treasury to 3 the credit of the Hazardous Waste Research Fund; and shall 4 5 deposit the remaining 15% of such fees collected in the State 6 Treasury to the credit of the Environmental Protection Permit 7 and Inspection Fund. The majority of such receipts which are deposited in the Hazardous Waste Research Fund pursuant to this 8 subsection shall be used by the University of Illinois for 9 10 activities which relate to the protection of underground 11 waters. Persons engaged in the offsite transportation of 12 hazardous waste by highway and participating in the Uniform Program under subsection (1-5) are not required 13 Special Waste Hauling Permit Application. 14

15

(1-5) (Blank). (1) As used in this subsection:

"Base state" means the state selected by a transporter
 according to the procedures established under the Uniform
 Program.

19 "Base state agreement" means an agreement between 20 participating states electing to register or permit 21 transporters.

22 "Participating state" means a state electing to 23 participate in the Uniform Program by entering into a base 24 state agreement.

25 "Transporter" means a person engaged in the offsite
 26 transportation of hazardous waste by highway.

1	"Uniform application" means the uniform registration
2	and permit application form prescribed under the Uniform
3	Program.
4	"Uniform Program" means the Uniform State Hazardous
5	Materials Transportation Registration and Permit Program
6	established in the report submitted and amended pursuant to
7	49 U.S.C. Section 5119(b), as implemented by the Agency
8	under this subsection.
9	"Vehicle" means any self propelled motor vehicle,
10	except a truck tractor without a trailer, designed or used
11	for the transportation of hazardous waste subject to the
12	hazardous waste manifesting requirements of 40 U.S.C.
13	Section 6923(a)(3).
14	(2) Beginning July 1, 1998, the Agency shall implement
15	the Uniform State Hazardous Materials Transportation
16	Registration and Permit Program. On and after that date, no
17	person shall engage in the offsite transportation of
18	hazardous waste by highway without registering and
19	obtaining a permit under the Uniform Program. A transporter
20	with its principal place of business in Illinois shall
21	register with and obtain a permit from the Agency. A
22	transporter that designates another participating state in
23	the Uniform Program as its base state shall likewise
24	register with and obtain a permit from that state before
25	transporting hazardous waste in Illinois.
26	(3) Beginning July 1, 1998, the Agency shall annually

- 1 collect no more than a \$250 processing and audit fee from
  2 cach transporter of hazardous waste who has filed a uniform
  3 application and, in addition, the Agency shall annually
  4 collect an apportioned vehicle registration fee of \$20. The
  5 amount of the apportioned vehicle registration fee shall be
  6 calculated consistent with the procedures established
  7 under the Uniform Program.
- 8 All moneys received by the Agency from the collection 9 of fees pursuant to the Uniform Program shall be deposited 10 into the Hazardous Waste Transporter account hereby 11 created within the Environmental Protection Permit and 12 Inspection Fund. Moneys remaining in the account at the 13 close of the fiscal year shall not lapse to the General Revenue Fund. The State Treasurer may receive money or 14 15 other assets from any source for deposit into the account. 16 The Agency may expend moneys from the account, upon 17 appropriation, for the implementation of the Uniform Program, including the costs to the Agency of fee 18 collection and administration. In addition, funds not 19 20 expended for the implementation of the Uniform Program may 21 be utilized for emergency response and eleanup activities related to hazardous waste transportation that are 22 23 initiated by the Agency.

24 Whenever the amount of the Hazardous Waste Transporter
25 account exceeds by 115% the amount annually appropriated by the
26 General Assembly, the Agency shall credit participating

transporters an amount, proportionately based on the amount of the vehicle fee paid, equal to the excess in the account, and shall determine the need to reduce the amount of the fee charged transporters in the subsequent fiscal year by the amount of the credit.

6 (4) (A) The Agency may propose and the Board shall adopt 7 rules as necessary to implement and enforce the Uniform 8 Program. The Agency is authorized to enter into agreements 9 with other agencies of this State as necessary to carry out 10 administrative functions or enforcement of the Uniform 11 Program.

12 (B) The Agency shall recognize a Uniform Program 13 registration as valid for one year from the date a notice 14 of registration form is issued and a permit as valid for 3 15 years from the date issued or until a transporter fails to 16 renew its registration, whichever occurs first.

17 (C) The Agency may inspect or examine any motor vehicle or facility operated by a transporter, including papers, 18 19 books, records, documents, or other materials to determine if a transporter is complying with the Uniform Program. The 20 21 Agency may also conduct investigations and audits as 22 necessary to determine if a transporter is entitled to a 23 permit or to make suspension or revocation determinations consistent with the standards of the Uniform Program. 24

25 (5) The Agency may enter into agreements with federal
 26 agencies, national repositories, or other participating

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1	states as necessary to allow for the reciprocal		
2	registration and permitting of transporters pursuant to		
3	the Uniform Program. The agreements may include procedures		
4	for determining a base state, the collection and		
5	distribution of registration fees, dispute resolution, the		
6	exchange of information for reporting and enforcement		
7	purposes, and other provisions necessary to fully		
8	implement, administer, and enforce the Uniform Program.		
9	(m) (Blank).		
10	(n) (Blank).		
11	(Source: P.A. 95-728, eff. 7-1-08 - See Sec. 999.)		
12	(415 ILCS 5/22.50a new)		
13	Sec. 22.50a. Compliance with environmental covenants. No		
14	person shall use, or cause or allow the use of, any site		
15	subject to an environmental covenant created under the Uniform		
16	Environmental Covenants Act in a manner that is inconsistent		
17	with the activity and use limitations imposed under the		
18	environmental covenant. For purposes of this Section, the terms		
19	"activity and use limitations" and "environmental covenant"		
20	shall mean "activity and use limitations" and "environmental		
21	covenant" as those terms are defined in the Uniform		
22	Environmental Covenants Act.		

- 23 (415 ILCS 5/44) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1044)
- 24 Sec. 44. Criminal acts; penalties.

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(a) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, it shall 1 2 be a Class A misdemeanor to violate this Act or regulations 3 thereunder, or any permit or term or condition thereof, or knowingly to submit any false information under this Act or 4 5 regulations adopted thereunder, or under any permit or term or condition thereof. A court may, in addition to any other 6 7 penalty herein imposed, order a person convicted of any 8 violation of this Act to perform community service for not less 9 than 100 hours and not more than 300 hours if community service 10 is available in the jurisdiction. It shall be the duty of all State and local law-enforcement officers to enforce such Act 11 12 and regulations, and all such officers shall have authority to issue citations for such violations. 13

14

(b) Calculated Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste.

15 (1) A person commits the offense of Calculated Criminal 16 Hazardous Waste when, Disposal of without lawful justification, he knowingly disposes of hazardous waste 17 18 while knowing that he thereby places another person in 19 danger of great bodily harm or creates an immediate or 20 long-term danger to the public health or the environment.

(2) Calculated Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste is
a Class 2 felony. In addition to any other penalties
prescribed by law, a person convicted of the offense of
Calculated Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste is subject
to a fine not to exceed \$500,000 for each day of such

1 offense.

2

(c) Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste.

3 (1) A person commits the offense of Criminal Disposal
4 of Hazardous Waste when, without lawful justification, he
5 knowingly disposes of hazardous waste.

6 (2) Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste is a Class 3 7 felony. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by 8 law, a person convicted of the offense of Criminal Disposal 9 of Hazardous Waste is subject to a fine not to exceed 10 \$250,000 for each day of such offense.

11 (d) Unauthorized Use of Hazardous Waste.

12 (1) A person commits the offense of Unauthorized Use of 13 Hazardous Waste when he, being required to have a permit, 14 registration, or license under this Act or any other law 15 regulating the treatment, transportation, or storage of 16 hazardous waste, knowingly:

17 (A) treats, transports, or stores any hazardous
18 waste without such permit, registration, or license;

(B) treats, transports, or stores any hazardous
waste in violation of the terms and conditions of such
permit or license;

(C) transports any hazardous waste to a facility
which does not have a permit or license required under
this Act; or

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1 (D) transports by vehicle any hazardous waste 2 without having in each vehicle credentials issued to 3 the transporter by the transporter's base state 4 pursuant to procedures established under the Uniform 5 Program.

6 (2) A person who is convicted of a violation of 7 subdivision (1)(A), (1)(B) or (1)(C) of this subsection is 8 quilty of a Class 4 felony. A person who is convicted of a 9 violation of subdivision (1)(D) is quilty of a Class A 10 misdemeanor. In addition to any other penalties prescribed 11 by law, a person convicted of violating subdivision (1)(A), 12 (1) (B) or (1) (C) is subject to a fine not to exceed \$100,000 for each day of such violation, and a person who 13 14 is convicted of violating subdivision (1)(D) is subject to 15 a fine not to exceed \$1,000.

16

(e) Unlawful Delivery of Hazardous Waste.

17 (1) Except as authorized by this Act or the federal
18 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, and the
19 regulations promulgated thereunder, it is unlawful for any
20 person to knowingly deliver hazardous waste.

(2) Unlawful Delivery of Hazardous Waste is a Class 3
felony. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by
law, a person convicted of the offense of Unlawful Delivery
of Hazardous Waste is subject to a fine not to exceed
\$250,000 for each such violation.

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For purposes of this Section, "deliver" 1 (3) or "delivery" means the actual, constructive, or attempted 2 3 transfer of possession of hazardous waste, with or without consideration, whether or not there 4 is an agency 5 relationship.

6 (f) Reckless Disposal of Hazardous Waste.

7 (1) A person commits Reckless Disposal of Hazardous Waste if he disposes of hazardous waste, and his acts which 8 9 cause the hazardous waste to be disposed of, whether or not 10 those acts are undertaken pursuant to or under color of any 11 permit or license, are performed with a conscious disregard 12 of a substantial and unjustifiable risk that such disposing 13 of hazardous waste is a gross deviation from the standard 14 of care which a reasonable person would exercise in the 15 situation.

16 (2) Reckless Disposal of Hazardous Waste is a Class 4
17 felony. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by
18 law, a person convicted of the offense of Reckless Disposal
19 of Hazardous Waste is subject to a fine not to exceed
20 \$50,000 for each day of such offense.

21

(g) Concealment of Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste.

(1) A person commits the offense of Concealment of
 Criminal Disposal of Hazardous Waste when he conceals,
 without lawful justification, the disposal of hazardous

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waste with the knowledge that such hazardous waste has been
 disposed of in violation of this Act.

3 (2) Concealment of Criminal Disposal of a Hazardous 4 Waste is a Class 4 felony. In addition to any other 5 penalties prescribed by law, a person convicted of the 6 offense of Concealment of Criminal Disposal of Hazardous 7 Waste is subject to a fine not to exceed \$50,000 for each 8 day of such offense.

9 (h) Violations; False Statements.

10 (1) Any person who knowingly makes a false material 11 statement in an application for a permit or license 12 required by this Act to treat, transport, store, or dispose 13 of hazardous waste commits the offense of perjury and shall 14 be subject to the penalties set forth in Section 32-2 of 15 the Criminal Code of 1961.

16 (2) Any person who knowingly makes a false material 17 statement or representation in any label, manifest, 18 record, report, permit or license, or other document filed, 19 maintained or used for the purpose of compliance with this 20 Act in connection with the generation, disposal, 21 treatment, storage, or transportation of hazardous waste 22 commits a Class 4 felony. A second or any subsequent 23 offense after conviction hereunder is a Class 3 felony.

24 (3) Any person who knowingly destroys, alters or
 25 conceals any record required to be made by this Act in

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connection with the disposal, treatment, storage, or
 transportation of hazardous waste, commits a Class 4
 felony. A second or any subsequent offense after a
 conviction hereunder is a Class 3 felony.

5 (4) Any person who knowingly makes a false material 6 statement or representation in any application, bill, 7 invoice, or other document filed, maintained, or used for 8 the purpose of receiving money from the Underground Storage 9 Tank Fund commits a Class 4 felony. A second or any 10 subsequent offense after conviction hereunder is a Class 3 11 felony.

12 (5) Any person who knowingly destroys, alters, or 13 conceals any record required to be made or maintained by 14 this Act or required to be made or maintained by Board or 15 Agency rules for the purpose of receiving money from the 16 Underground Storage Tank Fund commits a Class 4 felony. A 17 second or any subsequent offense after a conviction 18 hereunder is a Class 3 felony.

(6) A person who knowingly and falsely certifies under
Section 22.48 that an industrial process waste or pollution
control waste is not special waste commits a Class 4 felony
for a first offense and commits a Class 3 felony for a
second or subsequent offense.

(7) In addition to any other penalties prescribed by
law, a person convicted of violating this subsection (h) is
subject to a fine not to exceed \$50,000 for each day of

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1 such violation.

2 (8) Any person who knowingly makes a false, fictitious, 3 or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Agency, or to a unit of local government to which the 4 Agency has delegated authority under subsection (r) of 5 Section 4 of this Act, related to or required by this Act, 6 7 a regulation adopted under this Act, any federal law or 8 regulation for which the Agency has responsibility, or any 9 permit, term, or condition thereof, commits a Class 4 10 felony, and each such statement or writing shall be 11 considered a separate Class 4 felony. A person who, after 12 being convicted under this paragraph (8), violates this 13 paragraph (8) a second or subsequent time, commits a Class 14 3 felony.

15

(i) Verification.

16 (1) Each application for a permit or license to dispose of, transport, treat, store or generate hazardous waste 17 18 under this Act shall contain an affirmation that the facts 19 are true and are made under penalty of perjury as defined 20 in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961. It is perjury 21 for a person to sign any such application for a permit or 22 license which contains a false material statement, which he 23 does not believe to be true.

24 (2) Each request for money from the Underground Storage
 25 Tank Fund shall contain an affirmation that the facts are

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true and are made under penalty of perjury as defined in Section 32-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961. It is perjury for a person to sign any request that contains a false material statement that he does not believe to be true.

5

(j) Violations of Other Provisions.

6

(1) It is unlawful for a person knowingly to violate:

7

8

(A) subsection (f) of Section 12 of this Act;

(B) subsection (q) of Section 12 of this Act;

9 (C) any term or condition of any Underground 10 Injection Control (UIC) permit;

(D) any filing requirement, regulation, or order
 relating to the State Underground Injection Control
 (UIC) program;

14 (E) any provision of any regulation, standard, or
15 filing requirement under subsection (b) of Section 13
16 of this Act;

17 (F) any provision of any regulation, standard, or 18 filing requirement under subsection (b) of Section 39 19 of this Act;

20 (G) any National Pollutant Discharge Elimination
21 System (NPDES) permit issued under this Act or any term
22 or condition of such permit;

23 (H) subsection (h) of Section 12 of this Act;
24 (I) subsection 6 of Section 39.5 of this Act;
25 (J) any provision of any regulation, standard or

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filing requirement under Section 39.5 of this Act;

2 (K) a provision of the Procedures for Asbestos
3 Emission Control in subsection (c) of Section 61.145 of
4 Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations; or

5 (L) the standard for waste disposal for 6 manufacturing, fabricating, demolition, renovation, 7 and spraying operations in Section 61.150 of Title 40 8 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

9 (2) A person convicted of a violation of subdivision 10 (1) of this subsection commits a Class 4 felony, and in 11 addition to any other penalty prescribed by law is subject 12 to a fine not to exceed \$25,000 for each day of such 13 violation.

14 (3) A person who negligently violates the following
15 shall be subject to a fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each
16 day of such violation:

(A) subsection (f) of Section 12 of this Act;

(B) subsection (g) of Section 12 of this Act;

(C) any provision of any regulation, standard, or
filing requirement under subsection (b) of Section 13
of this Act;

(D) any provision of any regulation, standard, or
filing requirement under subsection (b) of Section 39
of this Act;

(E) any National Pollutant Discharge Elimination
 System (NPDES) permit issued under this Act;

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(F) subsection 6 of Section 39.5 of this Act; or

2 (G) any provision of any regulation, standard, or 3 filing requirement under Section 39.5 of this Act.

4

(4) It is unlawful for a person knowingly to:

5 (A) make any false statement, representation, or 6 certification in an application form, or form 7 pertaining to, a National Pollutant Discharge 8 Elimination System (NPDES) permit;

9 (B) render inaccurate any monitoring device or 10 record required by the Agency or Board in connection 11 with any such permit or with any discharge which is 12 subject to the provisions of subsection (f) of Section 13 12 of this Act;

14 (C) make any false statement, representation, or
15 certification in any form, notice or report pertaining
16 to a CAAPP permit under Section 39.5 of this Act;

(D) render inaccurate any monitoring device or
record required by the Agency or Board in connection
with any CAAPP permit or with any emission which is
subject to the provisions of Section 39.5 of this Act;
or

(E) violate subsection 6 of Section 39.5 of this
Act or any CAAPP permit, or term or condition thereof,
or any fee or filing requirement.

(5) A person convicted of a violation of subdivision(4) of this subsection commits a Class A misdemeanor, and

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in addition to any other penalties provided by law is subject to a fine not to exceed \$10,000 for each day of violation.

4 (k) Criminal operation of a hazardous waste or PCB
5 incinerator.

(1) A person commits the offense of criminal operation 6 7 of a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator when, in the course 8 of operating a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator, he 9 knowingly and without justification operates the 10 incinerator (i) without an Agency permit, or in knowing 11 violation of the terms of an Agency permit, and (ii) as a 12 result of such violation, knowingly places any person in 13 danger of great bodily harm or knowingly creates an 14 immediate or long term material danger to the public health 15 or the environment.

16 (2) Any person who commits the offense of criminal 17 operation of a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator for the 18 first time commits a Class 4 felony and, in addition to any 19 other penalties prescribed by law, shall be subject to a 20 fine not to exceed \$100,000 for each day of the offense.

21 Any person who commits the offense of criminal 22 operation of a hazardous waste or PCB incinerator for a 23 second or subsequent time commits a Class 3 felony and, in 24 addition to any other penalties prescribed by law, shall be 25 subject to a fine not to exceed \$250,000 for each day of SB0100 Enrolled - 61 - LRB097 00454 JDS 40472 b

1 the offense.

2 (3) For the purpose of this subsection (k), the term "hazardous waste or PCB incinerator" means a pollution 3 control facility at which either hazardous waste or PCBs, 4 5 or both, are incinerated. "PCBs" means any substance or substances that 6 mixture of contains one or more 7 polychlorinated biphenyls in detectable amounts.

8 (1) It shall be the duty of all State and local law 9 enforcement officers to enforce this Act and the regulations 10 adopted hereunder, and all such officers shall have authority 11 to issue citations for such violations.

(m) Any action brought under this Section shall be brought by the State's Attorney of the county in which the violation occurred, or by the Attorney General, and shall be conducted in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963.

(n) For an offense described in this Section, the period for commencing prosecution prescribed by the statute of limitations shall not begin to run until the offense is discovered by or reported to a State or local agency having the authority to investigate violations of this Act.

22 (o) In addition to any other penalties provided under this

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Act, if a person is convicted of (or agrees to a settlement in an enforcement action over) illegal dumping of waste on the person's own property, the Attorney General, the Agency or local prosecuting authority shall file notice of the conviction, finding or agreement in the office of the Recorder in the county in which the landowner lives.

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(p) Criminal Disposal of Waste.

8 (1) A person commits the offense of Criminal Disposal 9 of Waste when he or she:

10 (A) if required to have a permit under subsection 11 (d) of Section 21 of this Act, knowingly conducts a 12 waste-storage, waste-treatment, or waste-disposal 13 operation in a quantity that exceeds 250 cubic feet of 14 waste without a permit; or

(B) knowingly conducts open dumping of waste in violation of subsection (a) of Section 21 of this Act.

(2) (A) A person who is convicted of a violation of 17 18 item (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection is guilty of 19 a Class 4 felony for a first offense and, in addition to 20 any other penalties provided by law, is subject to a fine 21 not to exceed \$25,000 for each day of violation. A person 22 who is convicted of a violation of item (A) of subdivision (1) of this subsection is guilty of a Class 3 felony for a 23 24 second or subsequent offense and, in addition to any other penalties provided by law, is subject to a fine not to 25

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exceed \$50,000 for each day of violation.

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2 (B) A person who is convicted of a violation of item (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection is 3 quilty of a Class A misdemeanor. However, a person who 4 5 is convicted of a second or subsequent violation of item (B) of subdivision (1) of this subsection for the 6 7 open dumping of waste in a quantity that exceeds 250 cubic feet is quilty of a Class 4 felony and, in 8 9 addition to any other penalties provided by law, is 10 subject to a fine not to exceed \$5,000 for each day of 11 violation.

12 (q) Criminal Damage to a Public Water Supply.

13 (1) A person commits the offense of Criminal Damage to a Public Water Supply when, without lawful justification, 14 15 he knowingly alters, damages, or otherwise tampers with the 16 equipment or property of a public water supply, or knowingly introduces a contaminant into the distribution 17 18 system of a public water supply so as to cause, threaten, or allow the distribution of water from any public water 19 20 supply of such quality or quantity as to be injurious to 21 human health or the environment.

(2) Criminal Damage to a Public Water Supply is a Class
 4 felony. In addition to any other penalties prescribed by
 law, a person convicted of the offense of Criminal Damage
 to a Public Water Supply is subject to a fine not to exceed

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## \$250,000 for each day of such offense.

2	(r) Aggravated Criminal Damage to a Public Water Supply.
3	(1) A person commits the offense of Aggravated Criminal
4	Damage to a Public Water Supply when, without lawful
5	justification, he commits Criminal Damage to a Public Water
6	Supply while knowing that he thereby places another person
7	in danger of serious illness or great bodily harm, or
8	creates an immediate or long-term danger to public health
9	or the environment.
10	(2) Aggravated Criminal Damage to a Public Water Supply
11	is a Class 2 felony. In addition to any other penalties
12	prescribed by law, a person convicted of the offense of
13	Aggravated Criminal Damage to a Public Water Supply is
14	subject to a fine not to exceed \$500,000 for each day of
15	such offense.
16	(Source: P.A. 96-603, eff. 8-24-09.)

17 (415 ILCS 5/47) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1047)

Sec. 47. (a) The State of Illinois and all its agencies, institutions, officers and subdivisions shall comply with all requirements, prohibitions, and other provisions of the Act and of regulations adopted thereunder.

(b) (Blank). Each state agency or institution shall
annually assess the environmental problems created by its
operations and the extent to which its operations are in

violation of this Act or of regulations adopted thereunder, and 1 2 shall report to the Environmental Protection Agency on or before December 1 of each year as to the findings of such 3 assessment, the progress made in eliminating such violations, 4 5 and the steps to be taken in the future to assure compliance. 6 (c) (Blank). Each state agency or institution shall submit 7 to the Environmental Protection Agency complete plans, 8 specifications and cost estimates for any -proposed 9 installation or facility that may cause a violation of this Act 10 or of regulations adopted thereunder by December 1 of each 11 <del>year.</del> 12 (Source: P.A. 76-2429.)

13 (415 ILCS 5/25b-4 rep.)

Section 15. The Environmental Protection Act is amended by repealing Section 25b-4.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.

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1		INDEX
2	Statutes amend	ed in order of appearance
3	225 ILCS 52/35	
4	415 ILCS 5/17.7	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1017.7
5	415 ILCS 5/21	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1021
6	415 ILCS 5/22.2	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1022.2
7	415 ILCS 5/22.50a new	
8	415 ILCS 5/44	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1044
9	415 ILCS 5/47	from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 1047
10	415 ILCS 5/25b-4 rep.	