

Rep. Sara Feigenholtz

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09700SB0145ham001 LRB097 06311 ASK 55742 a 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 145 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 145 by replacing everything after the enacting clause. 3 "Section 5. The Illinois Act on the Aging is amended by 4 5 changing Section 4.04 as follows: 6 (20 ILCS 105/4.04) (from Ch. 23, par. 6104.04) 7 Sec. 4.04. Long Term Care Ombudsman Program. (a) Long Term Care Ombudsman Program. The Department shall 8 establish a Long Term Care Ombudsman Program, through the 9 10 Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman ("the Office"), in accordance with the provisions of the Older Americans Act of 11 12 1965, as now or hereafter amended. 13 (b) Definitions. As used in this Section, unless the 14 context requires otherwise:

(1) "Access" has the same meaning as in Section 1-104

of the Nursing Home Care Act, as now or hereafter amended;

1	that is, it means the right to:
2	(i) Enter any long term care facility or assisted
3	living or shared housing establishment or supportive
4	living facility;
5	(ii) Communicate privately and without restriction
6	with any resident, regardless of age, who consents to
7	the communication;
8	(iii) Seek consent to communicate privately and
9	without restriction with any resident, regardless of
10	age;
11	(iv) Inspect the clinical and other records of a
12	resident, regardless of age, with the express written
13	consent of the resident;
14	(v) Observe all areas of the long term care
15	facility or supportive living facilities, assisted
16	living or shared housing establishment except the
17	living area of any resident who protests the
18	observation.
19	(2) "Long Term Care Facility" means (i) any facility as
20	defined by Section 1-113 of the Nursing Home Care Act, as
21	now or hereafter amended; and (ii) any skilled nursing
22	facility or a nursing facility which meets the requirements
23	of Section 1819(a), (b), (c), and (d) or Section 1919(a),
24	(b), (c), and (d) of the Social Security Act, as now or
25	hereafter amended (42 U.S.C. 1395i-3(a), (b), (c), and (d)

and 42 U.S.C. 1396r(a), (b), (c), and (d)); and any

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facility as defined by Section 1-113 of the MR/DD Community Care Act, as now or hereafter amended.

- (2.5) "Assisted living establishment" and "shared housing establishment" have the meanings given those terms in Section 10 of the Assisted Living and Shared Housing Act.
- (2.7) "Supportive living facility" means a facility established under Section 5-5.01a of the Illinois Public Aid Code.
- (3) "State Long Term Care Ombudsman" means any person employed by the Department to fulfill the requirements of the Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman as required under the Older Americans Act of 1965, as now or hereafter amended, and Departmental policy.
- (3.1) "Ombudsman" means any designated representative of a regional long term care ombudsman program; provided that the representative, whether he is paid for or volunteers his ombudsman services, shall be qualified and designated by the Office to perform the duties of an ombudsman as specified by the Department in rules and in accordance with the provisions of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as now or hereafter amended.
- (c) Ombudsman; rules. The Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman shall be composed of at least one full-time ombudsman and shall include a system of designated regional long term care ombudsman programs. Each regional program shall be

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designated by the State Long Term Care Ombudsman as a subdivision of the Office and any representative of a regional program shall be treated as a representative of the Office.

The Department, in consultation with the Office, shall administrative rules in accordance promulgate with provisions of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as now or hereafter amended, to establish the responsibilities of the Department and the Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman and the designated regional Ombudsman programs. The administrative rules shall include the responsibility of the Office and designated regional programs to investigate and resolve complaints made by or on behalf of residents of long term care facilities, supportive living facilities, and assisted living and shared housing establishments, including the option to serve residents under the age of 60, relating to actions, inaction, or decisions of providers, or their representatives, of long term care facilities, of supported living facilities, of assisted living and shared housing establishments, of public agencies, or of social services agencies, which may adversely affect the health, safety, welfare, or rights of such residents. The Office and designated regional programs may represent all residents, but are not required by this Act to represent persons under 60 years of age, except to the extent required by federal law. When necessary and appropriate, representatives of the Office shall refer complaints to the appropriate regulatory State agency. The Department,

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consultation with the Office, shall cooperate with the Department of Human Services and other State agencies in providing information and training to designated regional long term care ombudsman programs about the appropriate assessment treatment (including information about appropriate supportive services, treatment options, and assessment of rehabilitation potential) of the residents they including children, persons with mental illness (other than Alzheimer's disease and related disorders), and persons with developmental disabilities.

The State Long Term Care Ombudsman and all other ombudsmen, as defined in paragraph (3.1) of subsection (b) must submit to background checks under the Health Care Worker Background Check Act and receive training, as prescribed by the Illinois Department on Aging, before visiting facilities. The training include information specific to assisted living establishments, supportive living facilities, and housing establishments and to the rights of residents quaranteed under the corresponding Acts and administrative rules.

- (c-5) Consumer Choice Information Reports. The Office 2.1 shall: 22
- 23 (1) In collaboration with the Attorney General, create 24 a Consumer Choice Information Report form to be completed 25 bv all licensed long term care facilities to aid 26 Illinoisans and their families in making informed choices

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1	about long term care. The Office shall create a Consumer
2	Choice Information Report for each type of licensed long
3	term care facility. The Office shall collaborate with the
4	Attorney General and the Department of Human Services to
5	create a Consumer Choice Information Report form for
6	facilities licensed under the MR/DD Community Care Act.
7	(2) Develop a database of Consumer Choice Information

- (2) Develop a database of Consumer Choice Information Reports completed by licensed long term care facilities that includes information in the following consumer categories:
 - (A) Medical Care, Services, and Treatment.
 - (B) Special Services and Amenities.
 - (C) Staffing.
 - (D) Facility Statistics and Resident Demographics.
 - (E) Ownership and Administration.
- 16 (F) Safety and Security.
 - (G) Meals and Nutrition.
- 18 (H) Rooms, Furnishings, and Equipment.
- 19 (I) Family, Volunteer, and Visitation Provisions.
 - (3) Make this information accessible to the public, including on the Internet by means of a hyperlink labeled "Resident's Right to Know" on the Office's World Wide Web home page. Information about facilities licensed under the MR/DD Community Care Act shall be made accessible to the public by the Department of Human Services, including on the Internet by means of a hyperlink labeled "Resident's

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and Families' Right to Know" on the Department of Human Services' "For Customers" website.

- (4) Have the authority, with the Attorney General, to verify that information provided by a facility is accurate.
- (5) Request a new report from any licensed facility whenever it deems necessary.
- (6) Include in the Office's Consumer Choice Information Report for each type of licensed long term care facility additional information on each licensed long term care facility in the State of Illinois, including information regarding each facility's compliance with the relevant State and federal statutes, rules, and standards; customer satisfaction surveys; and information generated from quality measures developed by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- (d) Access and visitation rights.
- (1) In accordance with subparagraphs (A) and (E) of paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of Section 1819 and subparagraphs (A) and (E) of paragraph (3) of subsection (c) of Section 1919 of the Social Security Act, as now or hereafter amended (42 U.S.C. 1395i-3 (c) (3) (A) and (E) and 42 U.S.C. 1396r (c) (3) (A) and (E)), and Section 712 of the Older Americans Act of 1965, as now or hereafter amended (42 U.S.C. 3058f), a long term care facility, supportive living facility, assisted living establishment, and shared housing establishment must:

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- (i) permit immediate access to any resident, regardless of age, by a designated ombudsman; and
 - (ii) permit representatives of the Office, with the permission of the resident's legal representative or legal guardian, to examine a resident's clinical and other records, regardless of the age of the resident, and if a resident is unable to consent to such review, and has no legal guardian, permit representatives of the Office appropriate access, as defined by the Department, in consultation with the Office, in administrative rules, to the resident's records.
 - (2) Each long term care facility, supportive living facility, assisted living establishment, and shared housing establishment shall display, in multiple, conspicuous public places within the facility accessible to both visitors and residents and in an easily readable format, the address and phone number of the Office of the Long Term Care Ombudsman, in a manner prescribed by the Office.
 - (e) Immunity. An ombudsman or any representative of the Office participating in the good faith performance of his or her official duties shall have immunity from any liability (civil, criminal or otherwise) in any proceedings (civil, criminal or otherwise) brought as a consequence of the performance of his official duties.
 - (f) Business offenses.

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(1) No person shall:

- Intentionally prevent, interfere with, or attempt to impede in any way any representative of the Office in the performance of his official duties under this Act and the Older Americans Act of 1965; or
- Intentionally retaliate, discriminate against, or effect reprisals against any long term care facility resident or employee for contacting or providing information to any representative of the Office.
- (2) A violation of this Section is a business offense, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$501.
- (3) The Director of Aging, in consultation with the Office, shall notify the State's Attorney of the county in which the long term care facility, supportive living assisted living or shared housing facility, or establishment is located, or the Attorney General, of any violations of this Section.
- Confidentiality of records and identities. The Department shall establish procedures for the disclosure by the State Ombudsman or the regional ombudsmen entities of files maintained by the program. The procedures shall provide that the files and records may be disclosed only at the discretion of the State Long Term Care Ombudsman or the person designated by the State Ombudsman to disclose the files and records, and the procedures shall prohibit the disclosure of the identity of

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- 1 any complainant, resident, witness, or employee of a long term care provider unless: 2
- (1) the complainant, resident, witness, or employee of 3 4 term care provider or his or her 5 representative consents to the disclosure and the consent is in writing; 6
 - (2) the complainant, resident, witness, or employee of a long term care provider gives consent orally; and the consent is documented contemporaneously in writing in accordance with such requirements as the Department shall establish: or
- (3) the disclosure is required by court order. 12
 - Legal representation. The Attorney General shall (h) provide legal representation to any representative of the Office against whom suit or other legal action is brought in connection with the performance of the representative's official duties, in accordance with the State Employee Indemnification Act.
 - (i) Treatment by prayer and spiritual means. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize or require the medical supervision, regulation or control of remedial care or treatment of any resident in a long term care facility operated exclusively by and for members or adherents of any church or religious denomination the tenets and practices of which include reliance solely upon spiritual means through prayer for healing.

- 1 (j) The Long Term Care Ombudsman Fund is created as a
- special fund in the State treasury to receive moneys for the 2
- express purposes of this Section. All interest earned on moneys 3
- 4 in the fund shall be credited to the fund. Moneys contained in
- 5 the fund shall be used to support the purposes of this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 95-620, eff. 9-17-07; 95-823, eff. 1-1-09; 6
- 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-758, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1372, eff. 7
- 8 7-29-10.)
- 9 Section 10. The Criminal Identification Act is amended by
- 10 changing Section 7.5 as follows:
- 11 (20 ILCS 2630/7.5)
- Sec. 7.5. Notification of outstanding warrant. If the 12
- 13 existence of an outstanding arrest warrant is identified by the
- 14 Department of State Police in connection with the criminal
- history background checks conducted pursuant to subsection (b) 15
- of Section 2-201.5 of the Nursing Home Care Act and Section 16
- 2-201.5 of the MR/DD Community Care Act or subsection (d) of 17
- 18 Section 6.09 of the Hospital Licensing Act, the Department
- shall notify the jurisdiction issuing the warrant of the 19
- 20 following:
- (1) Existence of the warrant. 21
- 22 (2) The name, address, and telephone number of the
- 23 licensed long term care facility in which the wanted person
- 24 resides.

- 1 Local issuing jurisdictions shall be aware that nursing
- facilities have residents who may be fragile or vulnerable or 2
- who may have a mental illness. When serving a warrant, law 3
- 4 enforcement shall make every attempt to mitigate the adverse
- 5 impact on other facility residents.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 96-1372, eff. 7-29-10.)
- 7 Section 15. The MR/DD Community Care Act is amended by
- 8 changing Sections 1-114.01, 1-117, 1-122, 1-129, 1-130, 2-104,
- 9 2-106.1, 2-201.5, 2-205, 2-208, 3-109, 3-110, 3-112, 3-117,
- 3-119, 3-202, 3-206, 3-206.01, 3-206.02, 3-212, 10 3-303.
- 3-303.2, 3-304.1, 3-304.2, 3-305, 3-306, 3-308, 3-309, 3-310, 11
- 12 3-318, 3-402, 3-501, 3-502, 3-504, 3-703, and 3-712 and by
- adding Sections 1-111.05, 1-114.001, 1-114.005, 1-120.3, 13
- 14 1-128.5, 1-132, 2-114, 2-115, 2-201.6, 2-217, 2-218, 3-119.1,
- 3-202.2a, 3-808, 3-808.5, 3-809, and 3-810 as follows: 15
- 16 (210 ILCS 47/1-111.05 new)
- 17 Sec. 1-111.05. Distressed facility. "Distressed facility"
- 18 means a facility determined by the Department to be a
- distressed facility pursuant to Section 3-304.2 of this Act. 19
- 20 (210 ILCS 47/1-114.001 new)
- 21 Sec. 1-114.001. Habilitation. "Habilitation" means an
- 22 effort directed toward increasing a person's level of physical,
- mental, social, or economic functioning. Habilitation may 23

1	include, but is not limited to, diagnosis, evaluation, medical
2	services, residential care, day care, special living
3	arrangements, training, education, employment services,
4	protective services, and counseling.
5	(210 ILCS 47/1-114.005 new)
6	Sec. 1-114.005. High risk designation. "High risk
7	designation" means a violation of a provision of the Illinois
8	Administrative Code that has been identified by the Department
9	through rulemaking to be inherently necessary to protect the
10	health, safety, and welfare of a resident.
11	(210 ILCS 47/1-114.01)
12	Sec. 1-114.01. Identified offender. "Identified offender"
13	means a person who meets any of the following criteria:
14	(1) Has been convicted of, found quilty of, adjudicated
15	delinquent for, found not quilty by reason of insanity for,
16	or found unfit to stand trial for any felony offense listed
17	in Section 25 of the Health Care Worker Background Check
18	Act, except for the following:
19	(i) a felony offense described in Section 10-5 of
20	the Nurse Practice Act;
21	(ii) a felony offense described in Section 4, 5, 6,
22	8, or 17.02 of the Illinois Credit Card and Debit Card
23	Act;

(iii) a felony offense described in Section 5, 5.1,

1	5.2, 7, or 9 of the Cannabis Control Act;
2	(iv) a felony offense described in Section 401,
3	401.1, 404, 405, 405.1, 407, or 407.1 of the Illinois
4	Controlled Substances Act; and
5	(v) a felony offense described in the
6	Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act.
7	(2) Has been convicted of, adjudicated delinquent for,
8	found not quilty by reason of insanity for, or found unfit
9	to stand trial for, any sex offense as defined in
10	subsection (c) of Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management
11	Board Act.
12	(3) Is any other resident as determined by the
13	Department of State Police. has been convicted of any
14	felony offense listed in Section 25 of the Health Care
15	Worker Background Check Act, is a registered sex offender,
16	or is serving a term of parole, mandatory supervised
17	release, or probation for a felony offense.
18	(Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
19	(210 ILCS 47/1-117)
20	Sec. 1-117. Neglect. "Neglect" means a <u>facility's failure</u>
21	to provide or willful withholding of any element identified in
22	the individual's service plan, adequate medical care,
23	habilitation, psychiatric services, therapeutic services,
24	personal care, or assistance with activities of daily living
25	that is necessary to avoid physical harm, mental anguish, or

- 1 mental illness of a resident failure in a facility
- 2 adequate medical or personal care or maintenance, which failure
- 3 results in physical or mental injury to a resident or in the
- 4 deterioration of a resident's physical or mental condition.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- (210 ILCS 47/1-120.3 new)6
- 7 Sec. 1-120.3. Provisional admission period. "Provisional
- 8 admission period" means the time between the admission of an
- 9 identified offender as defined in Section 1-114.01 of this Act
- 10 and 3 days following the admitting facility's receipt of an
- Identified Offender Report and Recommendation in accordance 11
- 12 with Section 2-201.6 of this Act.
- 13 (210 ILCS 47/1-122)
- 14 Sec. 1-122. Resident. "Resident" means a person receiving
- personal or medical care, including, but not limited to, 15
- habilitation, psychiatric services, therapeutic services, and 16
- assistance with activities of daily living from a facility 17
- 18 residing in and receiving personal care from a facility.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 19
- 20 (210 ILCS 47/1-128.5 new)
- 21 Sec. 1-128.5. Type "AA" violation. A "Type 'AA' violation"
- 22 means a violation of this Act or of the rules promulgated
- thereunder that creates a condition or occurrence relating to 23

- 1 the operation and maintenance of a facility that proximately
- caused a resident's death. 2
- 3 (210 ILCS 47/1-129)
- 4 Sec. 1-129. Type 'A' violation. A "Type 'A' violation"
- 5 means a violation of this Act or of the rules promulgated
- thereunder which creates a condition or occurrence relating to 6
- 7 the operation and maintenance of a facility that (i) creates a
- 8 substantial probability that the risk of death or serious
- 9 mental or physical harm to a resident will result therefrom or
- (ii) has resulted in actual physical or mental harm to a 10
- resident presenting a substantial probability that death or 11
- 12 serious mental or physical harm to a resident will result
- therefrom. 13
- 14 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- (210 ILCS 47/1-130) 15
- Sec. 1-130. Type 'B' violation. A "Type 'B' violation" 16
- means a violation of this Act or of the rules promulgated 17
- 18 thereunder which (i) creates a condition or occurrence relating
- 19 to the operation and maintenance of a facility that is more
- 20 likely than not to cause more than minimal physical or mental
- harm to a resident or (ii) is specifically designated as a Type 21
- 22 "B" violation in this Act directly threatening to the health,
- 23 safety or welfare of a resident.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)

1 (210 ILCS 47/1-132 new)

Sec. 1-132. Type "C" violation. A "Type 'C' violation"

means a violation of this Act or of the rules promulgated

thereunder that creates a condition or occurrence relating to

the operation and maintenance of a facility that creates a

substantial probability that less than minimal physical or

mental harm to a resident will result therefrom.

- 8 (210 ILCS 47/2-104)
- 9 Sec. 2-104. Medical treatment; records.
- (a) A resident shall be permitted to retain the services of 10 11 his or her own personal physician at his or her own expense or 12 under an individual or group plan of health insurance, or under 13 any public or private assistance program providing such 14 coverage. However, the facility is not liable for the negligence of any such personal physician. Every resident shall 15 be permitted to obtain from his or her own physician or the 16 17 physician attached to the facility complete and current 18 information concerning his or her medical diagnosis, treatment 19 and prognosis in terms and language the resident can reasonably 20 be expected to understand. Every resident shall be permitted to 21 participate in the planning of his or her total care and 22 medical treatment to the extent that his or her condition 23 permits. No resident shall be subjected to experimental 24 research or treatment without first obtaining his or her

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informed, written consent. The conduct of any experimental research or treatment shall be authorized and monitored by an institutional review board committee appointed by the Director administrator of the facility where such research and treatment is conducted. The membership, operating procedures and review criteria for the institutional review board committees shall be prescribed under rules and regulations of the Department and shall comply with the requirements for institutional review boards established by the federal Food and Drug Administration. No person who has received compensation in the prior 3 years from an entity that manufactures, distributes, or sells pharmaceuticals, biologics, or medical devices may serve on the institutional review board.

The institutional review board may approve only research or treatment that meets the standards of the federal Food and Drug Administration with respect to (i) the protection of human subjects and (ii) financial disclosure by clinical investigators. The Office of State Long Term Care Ombudsman and the State Protection and Advocacy organization shall be given an opportunity to comment on any request for approval before the board makes a decision. Those entities shall not be provided information that would allow a potential human subject to be individually identified, unless the board asks the Ombudsman for help in securing information from or about the resident. The board shall require frequent reporting of the progress of the approved research or treatment and its impact

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on residents, including immediate reporting of any adverse impact to the resident, the resident's representative, the Office of the State Long Term Care Ombudsman, and the State Protection and Advocacy organization. The board may not approve any retrospective study of the records of any resident about the safety or efficacy of any care or treatment if the resident was under the care of the proposed researcher or a business associate when the care or treatment was given, unless the study is under the control of a researcher without any business relationship to any person or entity who could benefit from the findings of the study.

No facility shall permit experimental research or treatment to be conducted on a resident or give access to any person or person's records for a retrospective study about the safety or efficacy of any care or treatment without the prior written approval of the institutional review board. No administrator, or person licensed by the State to provide medical care or treatment to any person may assist or participate in any experimental research on or treatment of a resident, including a retrospective study, that does not have the prior written approval of the board. Such conduct shall be grounds for professional discipline by the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation.

The institutional review board may exempt from ongoing review research or treatment initiated on a resident before the individual's admission to a facility and for which the board

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determines there is adequate ongoing oversight by another institutional review board. Nothing in this Section shall prevent a facility, any facility employee, or any other person from assisting or participating in any experimental research on or treatment of a resident if the research or treatment began before the person's admission to a facility, until the board has reviewed the research or treatment and decided to grant or deny approval or to exempt the research or treatment from ongoing review.

All medical treatment and procedures shall (b) administered as ordered by a physician. All new physician orders shall be reviewed by the facility's director of nursing or charge nurse designee within 24 hours after such orders have been issued to assure facility compliance with such orders.

According to rules adopted by the Department, every woman resident of child bearing age shall receive routine obstetrical and gynecological evaluations as well as necessary prenatal care.

- (c) Every resident shall be permitted to refuse medical treatment and to know the consequences of such action, unless such refusal would be harmful to the health and safety of others and such harm is documented by a physician in the resident's clinical record. The resident's refusal shall free the facility from the obligation to provide the treatment.
- (d) Every resident, resident's quardian, or parent if the resident is a minor shall be permitted to inspect and copy all

- 1 his or her clinical and other records concerning his or her
- care and maintenance kept by the facility or by his or her 2
- physician. The facility may charge a reasonable fee for 3
- 4 duplication of a record.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- (210 ILCS 47/2-106.1) 6
- 7 Sec. 2-106.1. Drug treatment.
- 8 (a) A resident shall not be given unnecessary drugs. An
- 9 unnecessary drug is any drug used in an excessive dose,
- 10 including in duplicative therapy; for excessive duration;
- without adequate monitoring; without adequate indications for 11
- 12 its use; or in the presence of adverse consequences that
- indicate the drugs should be reduced or discontinued. The 13
- 14 Department shall adopt, by rule, the standards for unnecessary
- 15 drugs contained in interpretive guidelines issued by the United
- States Department of Health and Human Services for the purposes 16
- of administering Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security 17
- 18 Act.
- 19 (b) Psychotropic medication shall not be administered
- prescribed without the informed consent of the resident, the 20
- 21 resident's quardian, or other authorized representative.
- 22 "Psychotropic medication" means medication that is used for or
- 23 listed as used for antipsychotic, antidepressant, antimanic,
- 24 or antianxiety behavior modification or behavior management
- 25 purposes in the latest editions of the AMA Drug Evaluations or

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the Physician's Desk Reference. The Department shall adopt, by rule, a protocol specifying how informed consent for psychotropic medication may be obtained or refused. The protocol shall require, at a minimum, a discussion between (1) the resident or the resident's authorized representative and (2) the resident's physician, a registered pharmacist who is not a dispensing pharmacist for the facility where the resident lives, or a licensed nurse about the possible risks and benefits of a recommended medication and the use of standardized consent forms designated by the Department. Each form developed by the Department (i) shall be written in plain language, (ii) shall be able to be downloaded from the Department's official website, (iii) shall include information specific to the psychotropic medication for which consent is being sought, and (iv) shall be used for every resident for whom psychotropic drugs are prescribed. In addition to creating those forms, the Department shall approve the use of any other informed consent forms that meet criteria developed by the Department. In addition to any other requirement prescribed by law, a facility that is found to have violated this subsection, or the federal certification requirement that informed consent be obtained before administering a psychotropic medication shall for 3 years after the notice of violation be required to (A) obtain the signatures of 2 licensed health care professionals

on every form purporting to give informed consent for the

- 1 administration of a psychotropic medication, certifying the
- personal knowledge of each health care professional that the 2
- consent was obtained in compliance with the requirements of 3
- 4 this subsection or (B) videotape or make a digital video record
- 5 of the procedures followed by the facility to comply with the
- requirements of this subsection. 6
- (c) The requirements of this Section are intended to 7
- 8 control in a conflict with the requirements of Sections 2-102
- 9 and 2-107.2 of the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
- 10 Code with respect to the administration of psychotropic
- 11 medication.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 12
- 13 (210 ILCS 47/2-114 new)
- 14 Sec. 2-114. Unlawful discrimination. No resident shall be
- subjected to unlawful discrimination as defined in Section 15
- 1-103 of the Illinois Human Rights Act by any owner, licensee, 16
- administrator, employee, or agent of a facility. Unlawful 17
- 18 discrimination does not include an action by any owner,
- 19 licensee, administrator, employee, or agent of a facility that
- is required by this Act or rules adopted under this Act. 20
- 21 (210 ILCS 47/2-115 new)
- 22 Sec. 2-115. Right to notification of violations. Residents
- and their quardians or other resident representatives, if any, 23
- shall be notified of any violation of this Act or the rules 24

- 1 promulgated thereunder pursuant to Section 2-217 of this Act,
- or of violations of the requirements of Titles 18 or 19 of the 2
- Social Security Act or rules promulgated thereunder, with 3
- 4 respect to the health, safety, or welfare of the resident.
- 5 (210 ILCS 47/2-201.5)

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- Sec. 2-201.5. Screening prior to admission. 6
- (a) All persons age 18 or older seeking admission to a 7 8 facility must be screened to determine the need for facility 9 services prior to being admitted, regardless of income, assets, 10 or funding source. In addition, any person who seeks to become eligible for medical assistance from the Medical Assistance 11 Program under the Illinois Public Aid Code to pay for services 12 while residing in a facility must be screened prior to 13 14 receiving those benefits. Screening for facility services 15 shall be administered through procedures established by administrative rule. Screening may be done by agencies other 16 17 than the Department as established by administrative rule.
 - (a-1) Any screening shall also include an evaluation of whether there are residential supports and services or an array of community services that would enable the person to live in the community. The person shall be told about the existence of any such services that would enable the person to live safely and humanely in the least restrictive environment, that is appropriate, that the individual or quardian chooses, and the person shall be given the assistance necessary to avail himself

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or herself of any available services.

- (b) In addition to the screening required by subsection (a), a facility shall, within 24 hours after admission, request a criminal history background check pursuant to the Uniform Conviction Information Act for all persons age 18 or older seeking admission to the facility. Background checks conducted pursuant to this Section shall be based on the resident's name, date of birth, and other identifiers as required by the Department of State Police. If the results of the background check are inconclusive, the facility shall initiate a fingerprint-based check, unless the fingerprint-based check is waived by the Director of Public Health based on verification by the facility that the resident is completely immobile or that the resident meets other criteria related to the resident's health or lack of potential risk which may be established by Departmental rule. A waiver issued pursuant to this Section shall be valid only while the resident is immobile or while the criteria supporting the waiver exist. The facility shall provide for or arrange for any required fingerprint-based checks. If a fingerprint-based check is required, the facility shall arrange for it to be conducted in a manner that is respectful of the resident's dignity and that minimizes any emotional or physical hardship to the resident.
- (c) If the results of a resident's criminal history background check reveal that the resident is an identified offender as defined in Section 1-114.01 of this Act, the

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facility shall do the following:

(1) Immediately notify the Department of State Police, in the form and manner required by the Department of State Police, in collaboration with the Department of Public Health that the resident is an identified offender.

(2) Within 72 hours, arrange for a fingerprint-based criminal history record inquiry to be requested on the identified offender <u>resident</u>. The inquiry shall be based on the subject's name, sex, race, date of birth, fingerprint images, and other identifiers required by the Department of State Police. The inquiry shall be processed through the files of the Department of State Police and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to locate any criminal history record information that may exist regarding the subject. The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall furnish to the Department of State Police, pursuant to an inquiry under this paragraph (2), any criminal history record information contained in its files. The facility shall comply with all applicable provisions contained in the Uniform Conviction Information Act. All name-based and fingerprint-based criminal history record inquiries shall be submitted to the Department of State Police electronically in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of State Police. The Department of State Police may charge the facility a fee for processing

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name-based and fingerprint-based criminal history 1 record inquiries. The fee shall be deposited into the 2 State Police Services Fund. The fee shall not exceed 3 4 the actual cost of processing the inquiry.

identified offenders who seek admission to a licensed facility shall not be admitted unless the licensed facility complies with the requirements of the Department's administrative rules adopted pursuant to Section 3 202.3.

(d) The Department shall develop and maintain a de-identified database of residents who have injured facility staff, facility visitors, or other residents, and the attendant circumstances, solely for the purposes of evaluating and improving resident pre-screening and assessment procedures (including the Criminal History Report prepared under Section 2-201.6 of this Act) and the adequacy of Department requirements concerning the provision of care and services to residents. A resident shall not be listed in the database until a Department survey confirms the accuracy of the listing. The names of persons listed in the database and information that would allow them to be individually identified shall not be made public. Neither the Department nor any other agency of State government may use information in the database to take any action against any individual, licensee, or other entity unless the Department or agency receives the information independent of this subsection (d). All information collected, maintained, or developed under the authority of this subsection

- 1 (d) for the purposes of the database maintained under this
- 2 subsection (d) shall be treated in the same manner as
- 3 information that is subject to Part 21 of Article VIII of the
- 4 Code of Civil Procedure.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- (210 ILCS 47/2-201.6 new) 6
- 7 Sec. 2-201.6. Criminal History Report.
- 8 (a) The Department of State Police shall prepare a Criminal
- 9 History Report when it receives information, through the
- 10 criminal history background check required pursuant to
- subsection (c) of Section 2-201.5 or through any other means, 11
- 12 that a resident of a facility is an identified offender.
- 13 (b) The Department of State Police shall complete the
- 14 Criminal History Report within 10 business days after receiving
- any information described under subsection (a) of this Act that 15
- 16 a resident is an identified offender.
- (c) The Criminal History Report shall include, but not be 17
- 18 limited to, all of the following:
- Copies of the identified offender's parole, 19 (1)
- mandatory supervised release, or probation orders. 2.0
- 21 (2) An interview with the identified offender.
- (3) A detailed summary of the entire criminal history 22
- 23 of the offender, including arrests, convictions, and the
- 24 date of the identified offender's last conviction relative
- 25 to the date of admission to a long-term care facility.

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(4) If the identified offender is a convicted or registered sex offender, then a review of any and all sex offender evaluations conducted on that offender. If there is no sex offender evaluation available, then the Department of State Police shall arrange, through the Department of Public Health, for a sex offender evaluation to be conducted on the identified offender. If the convicted or registered sex offender is under supervision by the Illinois Department of Corrections or a county probation department, then the sex offender evaluation shall be arranged by and at the expense of the supervising agency. All evaluations conducted on convicted or registered sex offenders under this Act shall be conducted by sex offender evaluators approved by the Sex Offender Management Board.

(d) The Department of State Police shall provide the Criminal History Report to a licensed forensic psychologist. The licensed forensic psychologist shall prepare an Identified Offender Report and Recommendation after (i) consideration of the Criminal History Report, (ii) consultation with the facility administrator or the facility medical director, or both, regarding the mental and physical condition of the identified offender, and (iii) reviewing the facility's file on the identified offender, including all incident reports, all information regarding medication and medication compliance, and all information regarding previous discharges or transfers

1	from other facilities. The Identified Offender Report and
2	Recommendation shall detail whether and to what extent the
3	identified offender's criminal history necessitates the
4	implementation of security measures within the facility. If the
5	identified offender is a convicted or registered sex offender,
6	or if the Identified Offender Report and Recommendation reveals
7	that the identified offender poses a significant risk of harm
8	to others within the facility, then the offender shall be
9	required to have his or her own room within the facility.
10	(e) The licensed forensic psychologist shall complete the
11	Identified Offender Report and Recommendation within 14
12	business days after receiving the Criminal History Report and
13	shall promptly provide the Identified Offender Report and
14	Recommendation to the Department of State Police, which shall
15	provide the Identified Offender Report and Recommendation to
16	<pre>the following:</pre>
17	(1) The facility within which the identified offender
18	<u>resides.</u>
19	(2) The Chief of Police of the municipality in which
20	the facility is located.
21	(3) The State of Illinois Long Term Care Ombudsman.
22	(4) The Department of Public Health.
23	(f) The Department of Public Health shall keep a continuing
24	record of all residents determined to be identified offenders
25	as defined in Section 1-114.01 and shall report the number of
26	identified offender residents annually to the General

1 Assembly.

- (q) The facility shall incorporate the Identified Offender 2
- Report and Recommendation into the identified offender's 3
- 4 individual program plan created pursuant to 42 CFR 483.440(c).
- 5 (h) If, based on the Identified Offender Report and
- 6 Recommendation, a facility determines that it cannot manage the
- identified offender resident safely within the facility, then 7
- it shall commence involuntary transfer or discharge 8
- 9 proceedings pursuant to Section 3-402.
- 10 (i) Except for willful and wanton misconduct, any person
- authorized to participate in the development of a Criminal 11
- History Report or Identified Offender Report 12 and
- 13 Recommendation is immune from criminal or civil liability for
- 14 any acts or omissions as the result of his or her good faith
- 15 effort to comply with this Section.
- (210 ILCS 47/2-205) 16
- 17 Sec. 2-205. Disclosure of information to public. The
- following information is subject to disclosure to the public 18
- 19 from the Department or the Department of Healthcare and Family
- Services: 2.0
- (1) Information submitted under Sections 3-103 and 21
- 22 3-207 except information concerning the remuneration of
- 23 personnel licensed, registered, or certified by the
- 24 Department of Financial and Professional Regulation (as
- successor to the Department of Professional Regulation) 25

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and monthly charges for an individual private resident;

- (2) Records of license and certification inspections, surveys, and evaluations of facilities, other reports of inspections, surveys, and evaluations of resident care, whether a facility is designated a distressed facility and the basis for the designation, and reports concerning a facility prepared pursuant to Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act, subject to the provisions of the Social Security Act;
- (3) Cost and reimbursement reports submitted by a facility under Section 3-208, reports of audits of facilities, and other public records concerning costs incurred by, revenues received by, and reimbursement of facilities; and
- (4) Complaints filed against a facility and complaint investigation reports, except that a complaint complaint investigation report shall not be disclosed to a person other than the complainant or complainant's representative before it is disclosed to a facility under Section 3-702, and, further, except that a complainant or resident's name shall not be disclosed except under Section 3-702. The Department shall disclose information under this Section in accordance with provisions for inspection and copying of public records required by the Freedom of Information Act. However, the disclosure of information described in subsection (1) shall not be restricted by any

- 1 provision of the Freedom of Information Act.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 2
- 3 (210 ILCS 47/2-208)
- 4 Sec. 2-208. Notice of imminent death, unusual incident,

(a) A facility shall immediately notify the identified

5 abuse, or neglect.

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- resident's next of kin, quardian, resident's representative, 7 8 and physician of the resident's death or when the resident's 9 death appears to be imminent. A facility shall immediately 10 notify the Department by telephone of a resident's death within 24 hours after the resident's death. The facility shall notify 11 12 the Department of the death of a facility's resident that does not occur in the facility immediately upon learning of the 13 14 death. A facility shall notify the coroner or medical examiner of a resident's death in a manner and form to be determined by 15 the Department after consultation with the coroner or medical 16 examiner of the county in which the facility is located. In 17 18 addition to notice to the Department by telephone, the 19 Department shall require the facility to submit written 20 notification of the death of a resident within 72 hours after 21 the death, including a report of any medication errors or other
- constitute a Type "B" violation. 24

incidents that occurred within 30 days of the resident's death.

A facility's failure to comply with this Section shall

25 (b) A facility shall immediately notify the resident's next

1 of kin, quardian, or resident representative of any unusual 2 incident, abuse, or neglect involving the resident. A facility shall immediately notify the Department by telephone of any 3 4 unusual incident, abuse, or neglect required to be reported 5 pursuant to State law or administrative rule. In addition to 6 notice to the Department by telephone, the Department shall require the facility to submit written notification of any 7 unusual incident, abuse, or neglect within one day after the 8 9 unusual incident, abuse, or neglect occurring. A facility's failure to comply with this Section shall constitute a Type "B" 10 11 violation. For purposes of this Section, "unusual incident" means serious injury; unscheduled hospital visit for treatment 12 13 of serious injury; 9-1-1 calls for emergency services directly 14 relating to a resident threat; or stalking of staff or person 15 served that raises health or safety concerns.

17 (210 ILCS 47/2-217 new)

(Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)

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Sec. 2-217. Notification of violations. When the Department issues any notice pursuant to Section 3-119, 3-119.1, 3-301, 3-303, 3-307, or 3-702 of this Act or a notice of federal Medicaid certification deficiencies, the facility shall provide notification of the violations and deficiencies within 10 days after receiving a notice described within this Section to every resident and the resident's representative or guardian identified or referred to anywhere within the

- 1 Department notice or the CMS 2567 as having received care or
- services that violated State or federal standards. The 2
- notification shall include a Department-prescribed 3
- 4 notification letter as determined by rule and a copy of the
- 5 notice and CMS 2567, if any, issued by the Department. A
- facility's failure to provide notification pursuant to this 6
- Section to a resident and the resident's representative or 7
- quardian, if any, shall constitute a Type "B" violation. 8
- 9 (210 ILCS 47/2-218 new)
- Sec. 2-218. Minimum staffing in long-term care facilities 10
- for under age 22 residents. Facility staffing shall be based 11
- on the all the needs of the residents and comply with 12
- 13 Department rules as set forth under Section 3-202 of this Act.
- 14 Facilities for under age 22 residents shall provide each
- resident, regardless of age, no less than 4.0 hours of nursing 15
- and personal care time each day. The Department shall establish 16
- by rule the amount of registered or other licensed nurse and 17
- professional care time from the total 4.0 nursing and personal 18
- 19 care time that shall be provided each day. A facility's failure
- to comply with this Section shall constitute a Type "B" 20
- 21 violation.
- 22 (210 ILCS 47/3-109)
- 2.3 Sec. 3-109. Issuance of license based on Director's
- 24 findings. Upon receipt and review of an application for a

- 1 license made under this Article and inspection of the applicant
- facility under this Article, the Director shall issue a license 2
- if he or she finds: 3

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- (1) That the individual applicant, or the corporation, partnership or other entity if the applicant is not an individual, is a person responsible and suitable to operate or to direct or participate in the operation of a facility by virtue of financial capacity, appropriate business or professional experience, a record of compliance with lawful orders of the Department and lack of revocation of a license during the previous 5 years and is not the owner of a facility designated pursuant to Section 3-304.2 as a
 - (2) That the facility is under the supervision of an administrator who is licensed, if required, under the Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act, as now or hereafter amended; and
 - (3) That the facility is in substantial compliance with this Act, and such other requirements for a license as the Department by rule may establish under this Act.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 2.1

distressed facility;

- 22 (210 ILCS 47/3-110)
- 23 Sec. 3-110. Contents and period of license.
- 24 (a) Any license granted by the Director shall state the 25 maximum bed capacity for which it is granted, the date the

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1	license was issued, and the expiration date. Except as provided
2	in subsection (b), such licenses shall normally be issued for a
3	period of one year. However, the Director may issue licenses or
4	renewals for periods of not less than 6 months nor more than 18
5	months for facilities with annual licenses and not less than 18
6	months nor more than 30 months for facilities with 2-year
7	licenses in order to distribute the expiration dates of such
8	licenses throughout the calendar year, and fees for such
9	licenses shall be prorated on the basis of the portion of a
10	year for which they are issued. Each license shall be issued
11	only for the premises and persons named in the application and
12	shall not be transferable or assignable.

The Department shall require the licensee to comply with the requirements of a court order issued under Section 3-515, as a condition of licensing.

- (b) A license for a period of 2 years shall be issued to a facility if the facility:
- (1) has not received a Type "AA" violation within the 18 19 last 12 months;
- (1.5) (1) has not received a Type "A" violation within 20 21 the last 24 months;
- (2) has not received a Type "B" violation within the 22 23 last 24 months;
 - (3) has not had an inspection, survey, or evaluation that resulted in the issuance of 10 or more administrative warnings in the last 24 months;

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1	(4) has not had an inspection, survey, or evaluation
2	that resulted in an administrative warning issued for a
3	violation of Sections 3-401 through 3-413 in the last 24
4	months;

- (5) has not been issued an order to reimburse a resident for a violation of Article II under subsection (6) of Section 3-305 in the last 24 months; and
- (6) has not been subject to sanctions or decertification for violations in relation to patient care of a facility under Titles XVIII and XIX of the federal Social Security Act within the last 24 months.
- If a facility with a 2-year license fails to meet the conditions in items (1) through (6) of this subsection, in addition to any other sanctions that may be applied by the Department under this Act, the facility's 2-year license shall be replaced by a one year license until such time as the facility again meets the conditions in items (1) through (6) of this subsection.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 20 (210 ILCS 47/3-112)
- Sec. 3-112. Transfer of ownership; license.
- 22 (a) Whenever ownership of a facility is transferred from 23 the person named in the license to any other person, the 24 transferee must obtain a new probationary license. The 25 transferee shall notify the Department of the transfer and

- 1 apply for a new license at least 30 days prior to final
- 2 transfer. The Department may not approve the transfer of
- 3 ownership to an owner of a facility designated pursuant to
- 4 Section 3-304.2 of this Act as a distressed facility.
- 5 (b) The transferor shall notify the Department at least 30
- 6 days prior to final transfer. The transferor shall remain
- 7 responsible for the operation of the facility until such time
- 8 as a license is issued to the transferee.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 10 (210 ILCS 47/3-117)
- 11 Sec. 3-117. Denial of license; grounds. An application for
- 12 a license may be denied for any of the following reasons:
- 13 (1) Failure to meet any of the minimum standards set
- forth by this Act or by rules and regulations promulgated
- by the Department under this Act.
- 16 (2) Conviction of the applicant, or if the applicant is
- a firm, partnership or association, of any of its members,
- or if a corporation, the conviction of the corporation or
- any of its officers or stockholders, or of the person
- 20 designated to manage or supervise the facility, of a
- 21 felony, or of 2 or more misdemeanors involving moral
- turpitude, during the previous 5 years as shown by a
- certified copy of the record of the court of conviction.
- 24 (3) Personnel insufficient in number or unqualified by
- 25 training or experience to properly care for the proposed

1 number and type of residents.

- (4) Insufficient financial or other resources to operate and conduct the facility in accordance with standards promulgated by the Department under this Act.
- (5) Revocation of a facility license during the previous 5 years, if such prior license was issued to the individual applicant, a controlling owner or controlling combination of owners of the applicant; or any affiliate of the individual applicant or controlling owner of the applicant and such individual applicant, controlling owner of the applicant or affiliate of the applicant was a controlling owner of the prior license; provided, however, that the denial of an application for a license pursuant to this subsection must be supported by evidence that such prior revocation renders the applicant unqualified or incapable of meeting or maintaining a facility in accordance with the standards and rules promulgated by the Department under this Act.
- (6) That the facility is not under the direct supervision of a full time administrator, as defined by regulation, who is licensed, if required, under the Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act.
- (7) That the facility is in receivership and the proposed licensee has not submitted a specific detailed plan to bring the facility into compliance with the requirements of this Act and with federal certification

1	requirements, if the facility is certified, and to keep the
2	facility in such compliance.
3	(8) The applicant is the owner of a facility designated
4	pursuant to Section 3-304.2 of this Act as a distressed
5	<u>facility.</u>
6	(Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
7	(210 ILCS 47/3-119)
8	Sec. 3-119. Suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew
9	license.
10	(a) The Department, after notice to the applicant or
11	licensee, may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew a license in
12	any case in which the Department finds any of the following:
13	(1) There has been a substantial failure to comply with
14	this Act or the rules and regulations promulgated by the
15	Department under this Act. <u>A substantial failure by a</u>
16	facility shall include, but not be limited to, any of the
17	<pre>following:</pre>
18	(A) termination of Medicare or Medicaid
19	certification by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
20	Services; or
21	(B) a failure by the facility to pay any fine
22	assessed under this Act after the Department has sent
23	to the facility and licensee at least 2 notices of
24	assessment that include a schedule of payments as
25	determined by the Department, taking into account

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extenuating circumstances and financial hardships of 1 2 the facility.

- (2) Conviction of the licensee, or of the person designated to manage or supervise the facility, of a felony, or of 2 or more misdemeanors involving moral turpitude, during the previous 5 years as shown by a certified copy of the record of the court of conviction.
- (3) Personnel is insufficient in number or unqualified by training or experience to properly care for the number and type of residents served by the facility.
- (4) Financial or other resources are insufficient to conduct and operate the facility in accordance with standards promulgated by the Department under this Act.
- (5) The facility is not under the direct supervision of a full time administrator, as defined by regulation, who is the if required, under licensed, Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act.
- (6) The facility has committed 2 Type "AA" violations within a 2-year period.
- (7) The facility has committed a Type "AA" violation while the facility is listed as a "distressed facility".
- (b) Notice under this Section shall include a clear and concise statement of the violations on which the nonrenewal or revocation is based, the statute or rule violated and notice of the opportunity for a hearing under Section 3-703.
 - (c) If a facility desires to contest the nonrenewal or

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- revocation of a license, the facility shall, within 10 days
 after receipt of notice under subsection (b) of this Section,
 notify the Department in writing of its request for a hearing
 under Section 3-703. Upon receipt of the request the Department
 shall send notice to the facility and hold a hearing as
 provided under Section 3-703.
 - (d) The effective date of nonrenewal or revocation of a license by the Department shall be any of the following:
 - (1) Until otherwise ordered by the circuit court, revocation is effective on the date set by the Department in the notice of revocation, or upon final action after hearing under Section 3-703, whichever is later.
 - (2) Until otherwise ordered by the circuit court, nonrenewal is effective on the date of expiration of any existing license, or upon final action after hearing under Section 3-703, whichever is later; however, a license shall not be deemed to have expired if the Department fails to timely respond to a timely request for renewal under this Act or for a hearing to contest nonrenewal under paragraph (c).
 - (3) The Department may extend the effective date of license revocation or expiration in any case in order to permit orderly removal and relocation of residents.

The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any

- 1 final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by
- any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, 2
- until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are 3
- 4 satisfied.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 5
- (210 ILCS 47/3-119.1 new)6
- 7 Sec. 3-119.1. Ban on new admissions.
- 8 (a) Upon a finding by the Department that there has been a
- 9 substantial failure to comply with this Act or the rules and
- regulations promulgated by the Department under this Act, 10
- including, without limitation, the circumstances set forth in 11
- subsection (a) of Section 3-119 of this Act, or if the 12
- 13 Department otherwise finds that it would be in the public
- 14 interest or the interest of the health, safety, and welfare of
- facility residents, the Department may impose a ban on new 15
- admissions to any facility licensed under this Act. The ban 16
- shall continue until such time as the Department determines 17
- 18 that the circumstances giving rise to the ban no longer exist.
- 19 (b) The Department shall provide notice to the facility and
- 20 license of any ban imposed pursuant to subsection (a) of this
- 21 Section. The notice shall provide a clear and concise statement
- of the circumstances on which the ban on new admissions is 22
- 23 based and notice of the opportunity for a hearing. If the
- 24 Department finds that the public interest or the health,
- 25 safety, or welfare of facility residents imperatively requires

- 1 immediate action and if the Department incorporates a finding
- to that effect in its notice, then the ban on new admissions 2
- 3 may be ordered pending any hearing requested by the facility.
- 4 Those proceedings shall be promptly instituted and determined.
- 5 The Department shall promulgate rules defining the
- circumstances under which a ban on new admissions may be 6
- 7 imposed.
- 8 (210 ILCS 47/3-202)
- 9 Sec. 3-202. Standards for facilities. The Department shall
- prescribe minimum standards for facilities. These standards 10
- shall regulate: 11
- 12 (1) Location and construction of the
- 13 including plumbing, heating, lighting, ventilation, and
- 14 other physical conditions which shall ensure the health,
- 15 safety, and comfort of residents and their protection from
- 16 fire hazard:
- (2) To the extent this Act has not established minimum 17
- staffing requirements within this Act, the numbers Number 18
- 19 and qualifications of all personnel, including management
- 20 and nursing personnel, having responsibility for any part
- 21 of the care given to residents; specifically,
- 22 Department shall establish staffing ratios for facilities
- 23 which shall specify the number of staff hours per resident
- 24 of care that are needed for professional nursing care for
- 25 various types of facilities or areas within facilities;

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- (3) All sanitary conditions within the facility and its surroundings, including water supply, sewage disposal, food handling, and general hygiene, which shall ensure the health and comfort of residents;
- (4) Diet related to the needs of each resident based on good nutritional practice and on recommendations which may be made by the physicians attending the resident;
- (5) Equipment essential to the health and welfare of the residents;
- (6) A program of habilitation and rehabilitation for those residents who would benefit from such programs;
- (7) A program for adequate maintenance of physical plant and equipment;
- (8) Adequate accommodations, staff and services for the number and types of residents for whom the facility is licensed to care, including standards for temperature and relative humidity within comfort zones determined by the Department based upon a combination of air temperature, relative humidity and air movement. Such standards shall also require facility plans that provide for health and comfort of residents at medical risk as determined by the attending physician whenever the temperature and relative humidity are outside such comfort zones established by the Department. The standards must include a requirement that areas of a facility used by residents of the facility be air-conditioned and heated by means of operable

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air-conditioning and heating equipment. The areas subject 1 to this air-conditioning and heating requirement include, 2 without limitation, bedrooms or common areas such as 3 4 sitting rooms, activity rooms, living rooms, community 5 rooms, and dining rooms;

- (9) Development of evacuation and other appropriate safety plans for use during weather, health, fire, physical plant, environmental and national defense emergencies; and
- (10)Maintenance of minimum financial or other resources necessary to meet the standards established under this Section, and to operate and conduct the facility in accordance with this Act.
- 13 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 14 (210 ILCS 47/3-202.2a new)

15 Sec. 3-202.2a. Comprehensive resident care plan. A facility, with the participation of the resident and the 16 resident's quardian or resident's representative, as 17 18 applicable, must develop and implement a comprehensive care 19 plan for each resident that includes measurable objectives and timetables to meet the resident's medical, nursing, mental 20 21 health, psychosocial, and habilitation needs that are identified in the resident's comprehensive assessment that 22 23 allows the resident to attain or maintain the highest 24 practicable level of independent functioning and provide for discharge planning to the least restrictive setting based on 25

- 1 the resident's care needs. The assessment shall be developed
- 2 with the active participation of the resident and the
- 3 resident's guardian or resident's representative, as
- 4 applicable.
- 5 (210 ILCS 47/3-206)
- Sec. 3-206. Curriculum for training nursing assistants and aides. The Department shall prescribe a curriculum for training nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and child care aides.
- 9 (a) No person, except a volunteer who receives no 10 compensation from a facility and is not included for the
- 11 purpose of meeting any staffing requirements set forth by the
- Department, shall act as a nursing assistant, habilitation
- 13 aide, or child care aide in a facility, nor shall any person,
- 14 under any other title, not licensed, certified, or registered
- 15 to render medical care by the Department of Financial and
- 16 Professional Regulation, assist with the personal, medical, or
- 17 nursing care of residents in a facility, unless such person
- 18 meets the following requirements:
- 19 (1) Be at least 16 years of age, of temperate habits
- 20 and good moral character, honest, reliable and
- 21 trustworthy.
- 22 (2) Be able to speak and understand the English
- language or a language understood by a substantial
- 24 percentage of the facility's residents.
- 25 (3) Provide evidence of employment or occupation, if

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1 any, and residence for 2 years prior to his or her present 2 employment.

- (4) Have completed at least 8 years of grade school or provide proof of equivalent knowledge.
- (5) Begin a current course of training for nursing assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides, approved by the Department, within 45 days of initial employment in the capacity of a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide at any facility. Such courses of training shall be successfully completed within 120 days of initial employment in the capacity of nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide at a facility. Nursing assistants, habilitation aides, child care aides who are enrolled in approved courses in community colleges or other educational institutions on a term, semester or trimester basis, shall be exempt from the 120-day completion time limit. The Department shall adopt rules for such courses of training. These rules shall include procedures for facilities to carry on an approved course of training within the facility.

The Department may accept comparable training in lieu of the 120-hour course for student nurses, foreign nurses, military personnel, or employees of the Department of Human Services.

The facility shall develop and implement procedures, which shall be approved by the Department, for an ongoing

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review process, which shall take place within the facility, for nursing assistants, habilitation aides, and child care aides.

At the time of each regularly scheduled licensure survey, or at the time of a complaint investigation, the Department may require any nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide to demonstrate, either through examination or action, or both, written sufficient knowledge in all areas of required training. If such knowledge is inadequate the Department shall require the nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide to complete inservice training and review in the facility until the nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide demonstrates to the Department, either through written examination or action, or both, sufficient knowledge in all areas of required training; and

- (6) Be familiar with and have general skills related to resident care.
- (a-0.5) An educational entity, other than a secondary school, conducting a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide training program shall initiate a UCIA criminal history record check in accordance with the Health Care Worker Background Check Act prior to entry of an individual into the training program. A secondary school may initiate a UCIA criminal history record check in accordance with the Health Care Worker Background Check Act at any time during or after

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prior to the entry of an individual into a training program.

- (a-1) Nursing assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides seeking to be included on the registry maintained under Section 3-206.01 of this Act must authorize the Department of Public Health or its designee that tests nursing assistants to request a UCIA criminal history record check in accordance with the Health Care Worker Background Check Act and submit all necessary information. An individual may not newly be included on the registry unless a criminal history record check has been conducted with respect to the individual.
- (b) Persons subject to this Section shall perform their duties under the supervision of a licensed nurse or other appropriately trained, licensed, or certified personnel.
- (c) It is unlawful for any facility to employ any person in the capacity of nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide, or under any other title, not licensed by the State of Illinois to assist in the personal, medical, or nursing care of residents in such facility unless such person has complied with this Section.
- Proof of compliance by each employee with requirements set out in this Section shall be maintained for each such employee by each facility in the individual personnel folder of the employee. Proof of training shall be obtained only from the health care worker registry.
- (e) Each facility shall obtain access to the health care worker registry's web application, maintain the employment and

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- demographic information relating to certify to the Department
 on a form provided by the Department the name and residence
 address of each employee, and verify by the category and type
 of employment that each employee subject to this Section meets
- 6 (f) Any facility that is operated under Section 3-803 shall 7 be exempt from the requirements of this Section.

all the requirements of this Section.

(g) Each skilled nursing and intermediate care facility that admits persons who are diagnosed as having Alzheimer's disease or related dementias shall require all nursing assistants, habilitation aides, or child care aides, who did not receive 12 hours of training in the care and treatment of such residents during the training required under paragraph (5) of subsection (a), to obtain 12 hours of in house training in the care and treatment of such residents. If the facility does not provide the training in house, the training shall be obtained from other facilities, community colleges or other educational institutions that have a recognized course for such training. The Department shall, by rule, establish a recognized course for such training.

The Department's rules shall provide that such training may be conducted in house at each facility subject to the requirements of this subsection, in which case such training shall be monitored by the Department. The Department's rules shall also provide for circumstances and procedures whereby any person who has received training that meets the requirements of

1 this subsection shall not be required to undergo additional 2 training if he or she is transferred to or obtains employment at a different facility or a facility other than those licensed 3 4 under this Act but remains continuously employed as a nursing 5 assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide. Individuals 6 who have performed no nursing, nursing-related services, or habilitation services for a period of 24 consecutive months 7 shall be listed as inactive and as such do not meet the 8 9 requirements of this Section. Licensed sheltered 10 facilities shall be exempt from the requirements of this

- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 12
- 13 (210 ILCS 47/3-206.01)

Section.

- 14 Sec. 3-206.01. Health care worker registry.
- 15 (a) The Department shall establish and maintain a registry of all individuals who (i) have satisfactorily completed the 16 training required by Section 3-206, (ii) have begun a current 17 course of training as set forth in Section 3-206, or (iii) are 18 19 otherwise acting as a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide. The registry shall 20 21 include the individual's name of the nursing assistant, 22 habilitation aide, or child care aide, his or her current 23 address, Social Security number, and whether the individual has 24 any of the disqualifying convictions listed in Section 25 of 25 the Health Care Worker Background Check Act from the date and

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location of the training course completed by the individual, and the date of the individual's last criminal records check. Any individual placed on the registry is required to inform the Department of any change of address within 30 days. A facility shall not employ an individual as a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide, or newly hired as an individual who may have access to a resident, a resident's living quarters, or a resident's personal, financial, or medical records, unless the facility has inquired of the Department's health care worker registry Department as to information in the registry concerning the individual. The facility and shall not employ an individual as a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide if that individual is anyone not on the registry unless the individual is enrolled in a training program under paragraph (5) of subsection (a) of Section 3-206 of this Act.

the Department finds that a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide, or an unlicensed individual, has abused or neglected a resident or an individual under his or her care, neglected a resident, or misappropriated resident property of a resident or an individual under his or her care in a facility, the Department shall notify the individual of this finding by certified mail sent to the address contained in the registry. The notice shall give the individual an opportunity to contest the finding in a hearing before the Department or to submit a written response

1 to the findings in lieu of requesting a hearing. If, after a 2 hearing or if the individual does not request a hearing, the Department finds that the individual abused a resident, 3 4 neglected a resident, or misappropriated resident property in a 5 facility, the finding shall be included as part of the registry 6 as well as a clear and accurate summary brief statement from the individual, if he or she chooses to make such a statement. 7 The Department shall make the following information in the 8 9 registry available to the public: an individual's full name; 10 the date an individual successfully completed a nurse aide 11 training or competency evaluation; and whether the Department has made a finding that an individual has been guilty of abuse 12 13 or neglect of a resident or misappropriation of resident's 14 property. In the case of inquiries to the registry concerning 15 an individual listed in the registry, any information disclosed 16 concerning such a finding shall also include disclosure of the individual's any statement in the registry relating to the 17 finding or a clear and accurate summary of the statement. 18

(b) The Department shall add to the health care worker registry records of findings as reported by the Inspector General or remove from the health care worker registry records of findings as reported by the Department of Human Services, under subsection (g-5) of Section 1-17 of the Department of Human Services Act.

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(Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)

1 (210 ILCS 47/3-206.02)

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- Sec. 3-206.02. Designation on registry for offense. 2
- 3 (a) The Department, after notice to the nursing assistant, 4 habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide, may 5 designate that the Department has found any of the following:
 - (1) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide has abused a resident.
 - (2) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide has neglected a resident.
 - (3) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide has misappropriated resident property.
 - (4) The nursing assistant, habilitation aide, health aide, or child care aide has been convicted of (i) a felony, (ii) a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or (iii) any crime that is directly related to the duties of a nursing assistant, habilitation aide, or child care aide.
 - (b) Notice under this Section shall include a clear and concise statement of the grounds denoting abuse, neglect, or theft and notice of the opportunity for a hearing to contest the designation.
 - (c) The Department may designate any nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide on the registry who fails (i) to file a return, (ii) to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or (iii) to pay

- 1 any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required
- by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of 2
- 3 Revenue, until the time the requirements of the tax Act are
- 4 satisfied.
- 5 (c-1) The Department shall document criminal background
- 6 check results pursuant to the requirements of the Health Care
- Worker Background Check Act. 7
- (d) At any time after the designation on the registry 8
- 9 pursuant to subsection (a), (b), or (c) of this Section, a
- 10 nursing assistant, habilitation aide, home health aide, or
- 11 child care aide may petition the Department for removal of a
- designation of neglect on the registry. The Department may 12
- 13 remove the designation of neglect of the nursing assistant,
- 14 habilitation aide, home health aide, or child care aide on the
- 15 registry unless, after an investigation and a hearing, the
- 16 Department determines that removal of designation is not in the
- 17 public interest.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 18
- 19 (210 ILCS 47/3-212)
- 20 Sec. 3-212. Inspection of facility by Department; report.
- 21 The Department, whenever it deems necessary in
- accordance with subsection (b), shall inspect, survey and 22
- 23 evaluate every facility to determine compliance with
- 24 applicable licensure requirements and standards. Submission of
- 25 a facility's current Consumer Choice Information Report

required by Section 2-214 shall be verified at the time of inspection. An inspection should occur within 120 days prior to license renewal. The Department may periodically visit a facility for the purpose of consultation. An inspection, survey, or evaluation, other than an inspection of financial records, shall be conducted without prior notice to the facility. A visit for the sole purpose of consultation may be announced. The Department shall provide training to surveyors about the appropriate assessment, care planning, and care of persons with mental illness (other than Alzheimer's disease or related disorders) to enable its surveyors to determine whether a facility is complying with State and federal requirements about the assessment, care planning, and care of those persons.

(a-1) An employee of a State or unit of local government agency charged with inspecting, surveying, and evaluating facilities who directly or indirectly gives prior notice of an inspection, survey, or evaluation, other than an inspection of financial records, to a facility or to an employee of a facility is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. An inspector or an employee of the Department who intentionally prenotifies a facility, orally or in writing, of a pending complaint investigation or inspection shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. Superiors of persons who have prenotified a facility shall be subject to the same penalties, if they have knowingly allowed the prenotification. A person found guilty of prenotifying a facility shall be subject to disciplinary action

- 1 by his or her employer. If the Department has a good faith
- belief, based upon information that comes to its attention, 2
- that a violation of this subsection has occurred, it must file 3
- 4 a complaint with the Attorney General or the State's Attorney
- 5 in the county where the violation took place within 30 days
- 6 after discovery of the information.
- (a-2) An employee of a State or unit of local government 7
- agency charged with inspecting, surveying, or evaluating 8
- 9 facilities who willfully profits from violating
- 10 confidentiality of the inspection, survey, or evaluation
- 11 process shall be quilty of a Class 4 felony and that conduct
- shall be deemed unprofessional conduct that may subject a 12
- 13 person to loss of his or her professional license. An action to
- 14 prosecute a person for violating this subsection (a-2) may be
- 15 brought by either the Attorney General or the State's Attorney
- 16 in the county where the violation took place.
- (b) In determining whether to make more than the required 17
- 18 number of unannounced inspections, surveys and evaluations of a
- 19 facility the Department shall consider one or more of the
- 20 following: previous inspection reports; the facility's history
- 21 of compliance with standards, rules and regulations
- promulgated under this Act and correction of violations, 22
- 23 penalties or other enforcement actions; the number and severity
- 24 of complaints received about the facility; any allegations of
- 25 resident abuse or neglect; weather conditions;
- 26 emergencies; other reasonable belief that deficiencies exist.

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(b-1) The Department shall not be required to determine whether a facility certified to participate in the Medicare program under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, or the Medicaid program under Title XIX of the Social Security Act, and which the Department determines by inspection under this Section or under Section 3-702 of this Act to be in compliance with the certification requirements of Title XVIII or XIX, is in compliance with any requirement of this Act that is less stringent than or duplicates a federal certification requirement. In accordance with subsection (a) of this Section or subsection (d) of Section 3-702, the Department shall determine whether a certified facility is in compliance with requirements of this Act that exceed federal certification requirements. If a certified facility is found to be out of compliance with federal certification requirements, the results of an inspection conducted pursuant to Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act may be used as the basis for enforcement remedies authorized and commenced, with the Department's discretion to evaluate whether penalties are warranted, under this Act. Enforcement of this Act against a certified facility shall be commenced pursuant to requirements of this Act, unless enforcement remedies sought pursuant to Title XVIII or XIX of the Social Security Act exceed those authorized by this Act. As used in this subsection. "enforcement remedy" means а sanction violating a federal certification requirement or this Act.

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Upon completion of each inspection, survey and evaluation, the appropriate Department personnel who conducted the inspection, survey or evaluation shall submit a copy of their report to the licensee upon exiting the facility, and shall submit the actual report to the appropriate regional office of the Department. Such report and any recommendations for action by the Department under this Act shall transmitted to the appropriate offices of the associate director of the Department, together with related comments or documentation provided by the licensee which may refute in report, which explain extenuating findings the circumstances that the facility could not reasonably have prevented, or which indicate methods and timetables for correction of deficiencies described in the report. Without affecting the application of subsection (a) of Section 3-303, any documentation or comments of the licensee shall be provided within 10 days of receipt of the copy of the report. Such report shall recommend to the Director appropriate action under this Act with respect to findings against a facility. The Director shall then determine whether the report's findings constitute a violation or violations of which the facility must be given notice. Such determination shall be based upon the severity of the finding, the danger posed to resident health and safety, the comments and documentation provided by the facility, the diligence and efforts to correct deficiencies, correction of the reported deficiencies, the frequency and

- 1 duration of similar findings in previous reports and the
- facility's general inspection 2 history. The Department
- Violations shall determine violations be determined under this 3
- subsection no later than 90 60 days after completion of each 4
- 5 inspection, survey and evaluation.
- 6 (d) The Department shall maintain all inspection, survey
- and evaluation reports for at least 5 years in a manner 7
- 8 accessible to and understandable by the public.
- 9 (e) The Department shall conduct a revisit to its licensure
- 10 and certification surveys, consistent with federal regulations
- 11 and quidelines.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 12
- 13 (210 ILCS 47/3-303)
- 14 Sec. 3-303. Correction of violations; hearing.
- 15 (a) The situation, condition or practice constituting a
- Type "AA" violation or a Type "A" violation shall be abated or 16
- eliminated immediately unless a fixed period of time, not 17
- 18 exceeding 15 days, as determined by the Department
- 19 specified in the notice of violation, is required for
- correction. 20
- (b) At the time of issuance of a notice of a Type "B" 21
- 22 violation, the Department shall request a plan of correction
- 23 which is subject to the Department's approval. The facility
- 24 shall have 10 days after receipt of notice of violation in
- 25 which to prepare and submit a plan of correction. The

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- Department may extend this period up to 30 days where correction involves substantial capital improvement. The plan shall include a fixed time period not in excess of 90 days within which violations are to be corrected. If the Department rejects a plan of correction, it shall send notice of the rejection and the reason for the rejection to the facility. The facility shall have 10 days after receipt of the notice of rejection in which to submit a modified plan. If the modified plan is not timely submitted, or if the modified plan is rejected, the facility shall follow an approved plan of correction imposed by the Department.
 - (c) If the violation has been corrected prior to submission and approval of a plan of correction, the facility may submit a report of correction in place of a plan of correction. Such report shall be signed by the administrator under oath.
 - (d) Upon a licensee's petition, the Department shall determine whether to grant a licensee's request for an extended correction time. Such petition shall be served on the Department prior to expiration of the correction originally approved. The burden of proof is on the petitioning facility to show good cause for not being able to comply with the original correction time approved.
 - (e) If a facility desires to contest any Department action under this Section it shall send a written request for a hearing under Section 3-703 to the Department within 10 days of receipt of notice of the contested action. The Department shall

- 1 commence the hearing as provided under Section 3-703. Whenever
- possible, all action of the Department under this Section 2
- arising out of a violation shall be contested and determined at 3
- 4 a single hearing. Issues decided after a hearing may not be
- 5 reheard at subsequent hearings under this Section.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 6
- 7 (210 ILCS 47/3-303.2)
- 8 Sec. 3-303.2. Administrative warning.
- 9 (a) If the Department finds a situation, condition or
- 10 practice which violates this Act or any rule promulgated
- thereunder which does not constitute a Type "AA", Type "A", 11
- 12 Type "B", or Type "C" violation directly threaten the health,
- safety or welfare of a resident, the Department shall issue an 13
- 14 administrative warning. Any administrative warning shall be
- 15 served upon the facility in the same manner as the notice of
- violation under Section 3-301. 16 The facility shall
- 17 responsible for correcting the situation, condition
- 18 practice; however, no written plan of correction need be
- 19 submitted for an administrative warning, except for violations
- 20 of Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated
- 21 thereunder. A written plan of correction is required to be
- 22 filed for an administrative warning issued for violations of
- 23 Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated
- 24 thereunder.
- 25 (b) If, however, the situation, condition or practice which

- 1 resulted in the issuance of an administrative warning, with the
- exception of administrative warnings issued pursuant to 2
- 3 Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated
- 4 thereunder, is not corrected by the next on site inspection by
- 5 the Department which occurs no earlier than 90 days from the
- issuance of the administrative warning, a written plan of 6
- correction must be submitted in the same manner as provided in 7
- 8 subsection (b) of Section 3-303.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 10 (210 ILCS 47/3-304.1)
- Sec. 3-304.1. Public computer access to information. 11
- 12 (a) The Department must make information regarding nursing
- 13 homes in the State available to the public in electronic form
- 14 on the World Wide Web, including all of the following
- 15 information:
- (1) who regulates facilities licensed under this Act; 16
- 17 (2) information in the possession of the Department
- that is listed in Sections 3-210 and 3-304; 18
- 19 (3) deficiencies and plans of correction;
- (4) enforcement remedies; 2.0
- 21 (5) penalty letters;
- 22 (6) designation of penalty monies;
- 23 (7) the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services'
- 24 Health Care Financing Administration special projects or
- 25 federally required inspections;

L (8)	advisory	standards;
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- (9) deficiency free surveys; and 2
- 3 (10) enforcement actions and enforcement summaries;
- 4 and-
- 5 (11) distressed facilities.
- (b) No fee or other charge may be imposed by the Department 6
- as a condition of accessing the information. 7
- 8 (c) The electronic public access provided through the World
- 9 Wide Web shall be in addition to any other electronic or print
- 10 distribution of the information.
- 11 (d) The information shall be made available as provided in
- this Section in the shortest practicable time after it is 12
- 13 publicly available in any other form.
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 14
- 15 (210 ILCS 47/3-304.2 new)
- Sec. 3-304.2. Designation of distressed facilities. 16
- (a) The Department shall, by rule, adopt criteria to 17
- 18 identify facilities that are distressed and shall publish this
- 19 list quarterly. No facility shall be identified as a distressed
- facility unless it has committed violations or deficiencies 20
- 21 that have actually harmed residents.
- 22 (b) The Department shall notify each facility and licensee
- of its distressed designation and of the calculation on which 23
- 24 it is based.
- 25 (c) A distressed facility may contract with an independent

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1 consultant meeting criteria established by the Department. If the distressed facility does not seek the assistance of an 2 independent consultant, then the Department shall place a 3

the Department's assessment of the condition of the facility.

monitor or a temporary manager in the facility, depending on

(d) A facility that has been designated a distressed facility may contract with an independent consultant to develop and assist in the implementation of a plan of improvement to bring and keep the facility in compliance with this Act and, if applicable, with federal certification requirements. A facility that contracts with an independent consultant shall have 90 days to develop a plan of improvement and demonstrate a good faith effort at implementation, and another 90 days to achieve compliance and take whatever additional actions are called for in the improvement plan to maintain compliance in this subsection (d) "Independent" consultant means an individual who has no professional or financial relationship with the facility, any person with a reportable ownership interest in the facility, or any related parties. In this subsection (d), "related parties" has the meaning attributed to it in the instructions for completing Medicaid cost reports.

(e) A distressed facility that does not contract with a consultant shall be assigned a monitor or a temporary manager at the Department's discretion. The cost of the temporary manager shall be paid by the Department. The authority afforded the temporary manager shall be determined through rulemaking.

- 1 If a distressed facility that contracts with an independent
- consultant but does not, in a timely manner, develop an 2
- adequate plan of improvement or comply with the plan of 3
- 4 improvement, then the Department may place a monitor in the
- 5 facility.
- 6 Nothing in this Section shall limit the authority of the
- Department to place a monitor in a distressed facility if 7
- 8 otherwise justified by law.
- 9 (f) The Department shall by rule establish a mentor program
- 10 for owners of distressed facilities. That a mentor program does
- 11 not exist, or that a mentor is not available to assist a
- distressed facility, shall not delay or prevent the imposition 12
- 13 of any penalties on a distressed facility, authorized by this
- 14 Act.
- 15 (210 ILCS 47/3-305)
- Sec. 3-305. Penalties or fines. The license of a facility 16
- which is in violation of this Act or any rule adopted 17
- thereunder may be subject to the penalties or fines levied by 18
- 19 the Department as specified in this Section.
- 20 (1) A Unless a greater penalty or fine is allowed under
- 21 subsection (3), a licensee who commits a Type "AA" "A"
- 22 violation as defined Section 1-128.51 - 129in is
- 23 automatically issued a conditional license for a period of
- 24 6 months to coincide with an acceptable plan of correction
- and assessed a fine of up to \$25,000 per violation. For a 25

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facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 100 residents, but no less than 17 residents, the fine shall be up to \$18,500 per violation. For a facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 17 residents, the fine shall be up to \$12,500 per violation. computed at a rate of \$5.00 per resident in the facility plus 20 cents per resident for each day of the violation, commencing on the date a notice of the violation is served under Section 3 301 and ending on the date the violation is corrected, or a fine of less than \$5,000, or when death, serious mental or physical harm, permanent disability, or disfigurement results, a fine of not less than \$10,000, whichever is greater.

- (1.5) A licensee who commits a Type "A" violation as defined in Section 1-129 is automatically issued a conditional license for a period of 6 months to coincide with an acceptable plan of correction and assessed a fine of up to \$12,500 per violation. For a facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 100 residents, but no less than 17 residents, the fine shall be up to \$10,000 per violation. For a facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 17 residents, the fine shall be up to \$6,250 per violation.
- (2) A licensee who commits a Type "B" violation as defined in Section 1-130 shall be assessed a fine of up to \$1,100 per violation. For a facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 100 residents, but no less than 17

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residents, the fine shall be up to \$750 per violation. For a facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 17 residents, the fine shall be up to \$550 per violation. or who is issued an administrative warning for a violation of Sections 3 401 through 3 413 or the rules promulgated thereunder is subject to a penalty computed at a rate of \$3 per resident in the facility, plus 15 cents per resident for each day of the violation, commencing on the date a notice of the violation is served under Section 3-301 and ending on the date the violation is corrected, or a fine not less than \$500, whichever is greater. Such fine shall be assessed on the date of notice of the violation and shall be suspended for violations that continue after such date upon completion of a plan of correction in accordance with Section 3 308 in relation to the assessment of and correction. Failure to correct such violation within the time period approved under a plan of correction shall result in a fine and conditional license as provided subsection (5).

(2.5) A licensee who commits 8 or more Type "C" violations as defined in Section 1-132 in a single survey shall be assessed a fine of up to \$250 per violation. A facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 100 residents, but no less than 17 residents, that commits 8 or more Type "C" violations in a single survey, shall be assessed a fine of up to \$200 per violation. A facility

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licensed to provide care to fewer than 17 residents, that commits 8 or more Type "C" violations in a single survey, shall be assessed a fine of up to \$175 per violation.

- (3) A licensee who commits a Type "AA" or Type "A" violation as defined in Section 1-128.5 or 1-129 which continues beyond the time specified in paragraph (a) of Section 3-303 which is cited as a repeat violation shall have its license revoked and shall be assessed a fine of 3 times the fine computed per resident per day under subsection (1).
- (4) A licensee who fails to satisfactorily comply with an accepted plan of correction for a Type "B" violation or an administrative warning issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder shall be automatically issued a conditional license for a period of not less than 6 months. A second or subsequent acceptable plan of correction shall be filed. A fine shall be assessed in accordance with subsection (2) when cited for the repeat violation. This fine shall be computed for all days of the violation, including the duration of the first plan of correction compliance time.
- (5) (Blank). For the purpose of computing a penalty under subsections (2) through (4), the number of residents per day shall be based on the average number of residents in the facility during the 30 days preceding the discovery of the violation.

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- (6) When the Department finds that a provision of Article II has been violated with regard to a particular resident, the Department shall issue an order requiring the facility to reimburse the resident for injuries incurred, or \$100, whichever is greater. In the case of a violation involving any action other than theft of money belonging to a resident, reimbursement shall be ordered only if a provision of Article II has been violated with regard to that or any other resident of the facility within the 2 years immediately preceding the violation in question.
- (7) For purposes of assessing fines under this Section, a repeat violation shall be a violation which has been cited during one inspection of the facility for which an accepted plan of correction was not complied with or. A repeat violation shall not be a new citation of the same if, unless the licensee is not substantially addressing the issue routinely throughout the facility.
- (8) If an occurrence results in more than one type of violation as defined in this Act (that is, a Type "AA", Type "A", Type "B", or Type "C" violation), then the maximum fine that may be assessed for that occurrence is the maximum fine that may be assessed for the most serious type of violation charged. For purposes of the preceding sentence, a Type "AA" violation is the most serious type of violation that may be charged, followed by a Type "A", Type "B", or Type "C" violation, in that order.

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- (10) If the Department finds that a facility has violated a provision of the Illinois Administrative Code that has a high risk designation or that a facility has violated the same provision of the Illinois Administrative Code 3 or more times in the previous 12 months, then the Department may assess a fine of up to 2 times the maximum fine otherwise allowed.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10.)
- 17 (210 ILCS 47/3-306)
- Sec. 3-306. Factors to be considered in determining penalty. In determining whether a penalty is to be imposed and in determining fixing the amount of the penalty to be imposed, if any, for a violation, the Director shall consider the following factors:
- 23 (1) The gravity of the violation, including the 24 probability that death or serious physical or mental harm 25 to a resident will result or has resulted; the severity of

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- 1 the actual or potential harm, and the extent to which the 2 provisions of the applicable statutes or regulations were violated; 3
 - (2) The reasonable diligence exercised by the licensee and efforts to correct violations;
- (3) Any previous violations committed by the licensee; 6 7 and
- 8 (4) The financial benefit to the facility of committing 9 or continuing the violation.
- 10 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 11 (210 ILCS 47/3-308)
- Sec. 3-308. Time of assessment; plan of correction. In the 12 case of a Type Type "AA" or "A" violation, a penalty may be 13 14 assessed from the date on which the violation is discovered. In 15 the case of a Type "B" or Type "C" violation or 16 administrative warning issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 17 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder, the facility shall submit a plan of correction as provided in Section 3-303. 18 19 In the case of a Type "B" violation or an administrative 2.0 warning issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the 21 rules promulgated thereunder, a penalty shall be assessed on 22 the date of notice of the violation, but the Director may reduce the amount or waive such payment for any of the 23 24 following reasons:
 - (a) The facility submits a true report of correction within

- 1 10 days;
- 2 (b) The facility submits a plan of correction within 10 days and subsequently submits a true report of correction
- 4 within 15 days thereafter;
- 5 (c) The facility submits a plan of correction within 10 days which provides for a correction time that is less than or
- 7 equal to 30 days and the Department approves such plan; or
- 8 (d) The facility submits a plan of correction for
- 9 violations involving substantial capital improvements which
- 10 provides for correction within the initial 90 day limit
- 11 provided under Section 3-303. The Director shall consider the
- 12 following factors in determinations to reduce or waive such
- 13 penalties:
- 14 (1) The violation has not caused actual harm to a
- 15 resident;
- 16 (2) The facility has made a diligent effort to correct
- 17 the violation and to prevent its recurrence;
- 18 (3) The facility has no record of a pervasive pattern
- of the same or similar violations; and
- 20 (4) The facility has a record of substantial compliance
- 21 with this Act and the regulations promulgated hereunder.
- If a plan of correction is approved and carried out for a
- 23 Type "C" violation, the fine provided under Section 3-305 shall
- 24 be suspended for the time period specified in the approved plan
- of correction. If a plan of correction is approved and carried
- 26 out for a Type "B" violation or an administrative warning

- 1 issued pursuant to Sections 3-401 through 3-413 or the rules
- promulgated thereunder, with respect to a violation that 2
- continues after the date of notice of violation, the fine 3
- 4 provided under Section 3-305 shall be suspended for the time
- 5 period specified in the approved plan of correction.
- 6 If a good faith plan of correction is not received within
- the time provided by Section 3-303, a penalty may be assessed 7
- from the date of the notice of the Type "B" or "C" violation or 8
- 9 an administrative warning issued pursuant to Sections 3-401
- 10 through 3-413 or the rules promulgated thereunder served under
- 11 Section 3-301 until the date of the receipt of a good faith
- plan of correction, or until the date the violation is 12
- 13 corrected, whichever is earlier. If a violation is not
- 14 corrected within the time specified by an approved plan of
- 15 correction or any lawful extension thereof, a penalty may be
- 16 assessed from the date of notice of the violation, until the
- date the violation is corrected. 17
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 18
- 19 (210 ILCS 47/3-309)
- 20 Sec. 3-309. Contesting assessment of penalty. A facility
- 21 may contest an assessment of a penalty by sending a written
- 22 request to the Department for hearing under Section 3-703. Upon
- 23 receipt of the request the Department shall hold a hearing as
- 24 provided under Section 3-703. Instead of requesting a hearing
- pursuant to Section 3-703, a facility may, within 10 business 25

- 1 days after receipt of the notice of violation and fine
- 2 assessment, transmit to the Department 65% of the amount
- 3 assessed for each violation specified in the penalty
- 4 assessment.

- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 6 (210 ILCS 47/3-310)
 - Sec. 3-310. Collection of penalties. All penalties shall be paid to the Department within 10 days of receipt of notice of assessment or, if the penalty is contested under Section 3-309, within 10 days of receipt of the final decision, unless the decision is appealed and the order is stayed by court order under Section 3-713. A facility choosing to waive the right to a hearing under Section 3-309 shall submit a payment totaling 65% of the original fine amount along with the written waiver. A penalty assessed under this Act shall be collected by the Department and shall be deposited with the State Treasurer into the Long Term Care Monitor/Receiver Fund. If the person or facility against whom a penalty has been assessed does not comply with a written demand for payment within 30 days, the Director shall issue an order to do any of the following:
 - (1) Direct the State Treasurer or Comptroller to deduct the amount of the fine from amounts otherwise due from the State for the penalty, including any payments to be made from the Developmentally Disabled Care Provider Fund established under Section 5C-7 of the Illinois Public Aid

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- (2) Add the amount of the penalty to the facility's licensing fee; if the licensee refuses to make the payment at the time of application for renewal of its license, the license shall not be renewed; or
- 6 (3) Bring an action in circuit court to recover the 7 amount of the penalty.

With the approval of the federal centers for Medicaid and Medicare services, the Director of Public Health shall set aside 50% of the federal civil monetary penalties collected each year to be used to award grants under the Innovations in Long-term Care Quality Grants Act.

13 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10; revised 10-19-10.)

14 (210 ILCS 47/3-318)

15 Sec. 3-318. Business offenses.

(a) No person shall:

- (1) Intentionally fail to correct or interfere with the correction of a <u>Type "AA"</u>, Type "A", or Type "B" violation within the time specified on the notice or approved plan of correction under this Act as the maximum period given for correction, unless an extension is granted and the corrections are made before expiration of extension;
- (2) Intentionally prevent, interfere with, or attempt to impede in any way any duly authorized investigation and enforcement of this Act;

- 1 (3) Intentionally prevent or attempt to prevent any
 2 examination of any relevant books or records pertinent to
 3 investigations and enforcement of this Act;
 - (4) Intentionally prevent or interfere with the preservation of evidence pertaining to any violation of this Act or the rules promulgated under this Act;
 - (5) Intentionally retaliate or discriminate against any resident or employee for contacting or providing information to any state official, or for initiating, participating in, or testifying in an action for any remedy authorized under this Act:
 - (6) <u>Willfully</u> Wilfully file any false, incomplete or intentionally misleading information required to be filed under this Act, or <u>willfully</u> wilfully fail or refuse to file any required information; or
 - (7) Open or operate a facility without a license.
 - (b) A violation of this Section is a business offense, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$10,000, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of Section 3-103 as to submission of false or misleading information in a license application.
 - (c) The State's Attorney of the county in which the facility is located, or the Attorney General, shall be notified by the Director of any violations of this Section.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)

- 1 Sec. 3-402. Notice of involuntary transfer or discharge.
- 2 Involuntary transfer or discharge of a resident from a facility
- 3 shall be preceded by the discussion required under Section
- 4 3-408 and by a minimum written notice of 21 days, except in one
- 5 of the following instances:
- 6 (a) When when an emergency transfer or discharge is ordered
- 7 by the resident's attending physician because of the resident's
- 8 health care needs.; or
- 9 (b) When when the transfer or discharge is mandated by the
- 10 physical safety of other residents, the facility staff, or
- 11 facility visitors, as documented in the clinical record. The
- 12 Department shall be notified prior to any such involuntary
- 13 transfer or discharge. The Department shall immediately offer
- 14 transfer, or discharge and relocation assistance to residents
- transferred or discharged under this subparagraph (b), and the
- 16 Department may place relocation teams as provided in Section
- 17 3-419 of this Act.
- 18 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 19 (210 ILCS 47/3-501)
- 20 Sec. 3-501. Monitor or receiver for facility; grounds. The
- 21 Department may place an employee or agent to serve as a monitor
- in a facility or may petition the circuit court for appointment
- of a receiver for a facility, or both, when any of the
- 24 following conditions exist:
- 25 (a) The facility is operating without a license;

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- 1 (b) The Department has suspended, revoked or refused to renew the existing license of the facility; 2
 - (c) The facility is closing or has informed the Department that it intends to close and adequate arrangements for relocation of residents have not been made at least 30 days prior to closure;
 - (d) The Department determines that an emergency exists, whether or not it has initiated revocation or nonrenewal procedures, if because of the unwillingness or inability of the licensee to remedy the emergency the Department believes a monitor or receiver is necessary; or
 - The Department is notified that the facility is terminated or will not be renewed for participation in the federal reimbursement program under either Title XVIII or Title XIX of the Social Security Act. As used in subsection (d) and Section 3-503, "emergency" means a threat to the health, safety or welfare of a resident that the facility is unwilling or unable to correct; -
 - (f) The facility has been designated a distressed facility by the Department and does not have a consultant employed pursuant to subsection (f) of Section 3-304.2 of this Act and an acceptable plan of improvement, or the Department has reason to believe the facility is not complying with the plan of improvement. Nothing in this paragraph (f) shall preclude the Department from placing a monitor in a facility if otherwise justified by law; or

- 1 (g) At the discretion of the Department when a review of
- 2 <u>facility compliance history</u>, incident reports, or reports of
- 3 financial problems raises a concern that a threat to resident
- 4 health, safety, or welfare exists.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 6 (210 ILCS 47/3-502)
- 7 Sec. 3-502. Placement of monitor by Department. In any
- 8 situation described in Section 3-501, the Department may place
- 9 a qualified person to act as monitor in the facility. The
- 10 monitor shall observe operation of the facility, assist the
- 11 facility by advising it on how to comply with the State
- regulations, and shall report periodically to the Department on
- 13 the operation of the facility. Once a monitor has been placed
- 14 the Department may retain the monitor until it is satisfied
- that the basis for the placement is resolved, and the threat to
- the health, safety, or welfare of a resident is not likely to
- 17 <u>recur.</u>
- 18 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)
- 19 (210 ILCS 47/3-504)
- 20 Sec. 3-504. Hearing on petition for receiver; grounds for
- 21 appointment of receiver. The court shall hold a hearing within
- 5 days of the filing of the petition. The petition and notice
- of the hearing shall be served on the owner, administrator or
- 24 designated agent of the facility as provided under the Civil

- 1 Practice Law, or the petition and notice of hearing shall be
- posted in a conspicuous place in the facility not later than 3 2
- days before the time specified for the hearing, unless a 3
- different period is fixed by order of the court. The court 4
- 5 shall appoint a receiver for a limited time period, not to
- exceed 180 days, if it finds that: 6
- (a) The facility is operating without a license; 7
- 8 (b) The Department has suspended, revoked or refused to
- 9 renew the existing license of a facility;
- 10 (c) The facility is closing or has informed the Department
- 11 that it intends to close and adequate arrangements for
- relocation of residents have not been made at least 30 days 12
- 13 prior to closure; or
- (d) An emergency exists, whether or not the Department has 14
- 15 initiated revocation or nonrenewal procedures, if because of
- 16 the unwillingness or inability of the licensee to remedy the
- emergency the appointment of a receiver is necessary. 17
- (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 18
- 19 (210 ILCS 47/3-703)
- 2.0 Sec. 3-703. Hearing to contest decision; applicable
- provisions. Any person requesting a hearing pursuant to 21
- Sections 2-110, 3-115, 3-118, 3-119, 3-119.1, 3-301, 3-303, 22
- 23 3-309, 3-410, 3-422 or 3-702 to contest a decision rendered in
- 24 a particular case may have such decision reviewed in accordance
- 25 with Sections 3-703 through 3-712.

1 (Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.)

2 (210 ILCS 47/3-712)

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Sec. 3-712. Certification of record; fee. The Department shall not be required to certify any record or file any answer or otherwise appear in any proceeding for judicial review under Section 3-713 of this Act unless there is filed with the party filing the complaint a receipt from the Department acknowledging payment of the costs of furnishing and certifying the record, which cost shall be computed at the rate of 95 cents per page of such record deposits with the clerk of the court the sum of 95 cents per page, representing the costs of such certification. Failure on the part of the plaintiff to file such receipt in Court make such deposit shall be grounds for dismissal of the action; provided, however, that persons proceeding in forma pauperis with the approval of the circuit court shall not be required to pay these fees.

(Source: P.A. 96-339, eff. 7-1-10.) 17

18 (210 ILCS 47/3-808 new)

> Sec. 3-808. Protocol for sexual assault victims; MR/DD facility. The Department shall develop a protocol for the care and treatment of residents who have been sexually assaulted in a MR/DD facility or elsewhere.

23 (210 ILCS 47/3-808.5 new)

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1 Sec. 3-808.5. Facility fraud, abuse, or neglect prevention 2 and reporting.

(a) A facility licensed to provide care to 17 or more residents that receives Medicaid funding shall prominently display in its lobby, in its dining areas, and on each floor of the facility information approved by the Illinois Medicaid Fraud Control Unit on how to report fraud, abuse, and neglect. A facility licensed to provide care to fewer than 17 residents that receives Medicaid funding shall prominently display in the facility so as to be easily seen by all residents, visitors, and employees information approved by the Illinois Medicaid Fraud Control Unit on how to report fraud, abuse, and neglect. In addition, information regarding the reporting of fraud, abuse, and neglect shall be provided to each resident at the time of admission and to the resident's quardian or resident's representative.

(b) Any owner or licensee of a facility licensed under this Act shall be responsible for the collection and maintenance of any and all records required to be maintained under this Section and any other applicable provisions of this Act and as a provider under the Illinois Public Aid Code, and shall be responsible for compliance with all of the disclosure requirements under this Section. All books and records and other papers and documents that are required to be kept, and all records showing compliance with all of the disclosure requirements to be made pursuant to this Section, shall be kept

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1 by the licensee and available at the facility and shall, at all

times during business hours, be subject to inspection by any

law enforcement or health oversight agency or its duly

authorized agents or employees.

- (c) Any report of abuse and neglect of residents made by any individual in whatever manner, including, but not limited to, reports made under Sections 2-107 and 3-610 of this Act, or as provided under the Abused and Neglected Long Term Care Facility Residents Reporting Act, that is made to an administrator, a director of nursing, or any other person with management responsibility at a facility must be disclosed to the owners and licensee of the facility within 24 hours of the report. The owners and licensee of a facility shall maintain all records necessary to show compliance with this disclosure requirement.
- (d) Any person with an ownership interest in a facility licensed by the Department must, within 30 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 97th General Assembly, disclose the existence of any ownership interest in any vendor who does business with the facility. The disclosures required by this subsection (d) shall be made in the form and manner prescribed by the Department. Licensed facilities that receive Medicaid funding shall submit a copy of the disclosures required by this subsection (d) to the Illinois Medicaid Fraud Control Unit. The owners and licensee of a facility shall maintain all records necessary to show compliance with this

- disclosure requirement. 1
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 3-318 of this 2
- Act and in addition thereto, any person, owner, or licensee who 3
- 4 willfully fails to keep and maintain, or willfully fails to
- 5 produce for inspection, books and records, or willfully fails
- to make the disclosures required by this Section, is quilty of 6
- 7 a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent violation of this
- 8 Section shall be punishable as a Class 4 felony.
- 9 (f) Any owner or licensee who willfully files or willfully
- 10 causes to be filed a document with false information with the
- Department, the Department of Healthcare and Family Services, 11
- 12 or the Illinois Medicaid Fraud Control Unit or any other law
- 13 enforcement agency is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- 14 (210 ILCS 47/3-809 new)
- 15 Sec. 3-809. Rules to implement changes. In developing rules
- 16 and regulations to implement changes made by this amendatory
- Act of the 97th General Assembly, the Department shall seek the 17
- 18 input of advocates for facility residents, representatives of
- 19 associations representing facilities, and representatives of
- 20 associations representing employees of facilities.
- 21 (210 ILCS 47/3-810 new)
- 22 Sec. 3-810. Whistleblower protection.
- 23 (a) In this Section, "retaliatory action" means the
- reprimand, discharge, suspension, demotion, denial of 24

1	promotion or transfer, or change in the terms and conditions or
2	employment of any employee of a facility that is taken in
3	retaliation for the employee's involvement in a protected
4	activity as set forth in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) or
5	subsection (b) of this Section.

- (b) A facility shall not take any retaliatory action against an employee of the facility, including a nursing home administrator, because the employee does any of the following:
 - (1) Discloses or threatens to disclose to a supervisor or to a public body an activity, inaction, policy, or practice implemented by a facility that the employee reasonably believes is in violation of a law, rule, or regulation.
 - (2) Provides information to or testifies before any public body conducting an investigation, hearing, or inquiry into any violation of a law, rule, or regulation by a nursing home administrator.
 - (3) Assists or participates in a proceeding to enforce the provisions of this Act.
- (c) A violation of this Section may be established only upon a finding that (1) the employee of the facility engaged in conduct described in subsection (b) of this Section and (2) this conduct was a contributing factor in the retaliatory action alleged by the employee. There is no violation of this Section, however, if the facility demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that it would have taken the same

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1	unfavorable personnel action in the absence of that conduct.
2	(d) The employee of the facility may be awarded all
3	remedies necessary to make the employee whole and to prevent
4	future violations of this Section. Remedies imposed by the
5	court may include, but are not limited to, all of the
6	<pre>following:</pre>
7	(1) Reinstatement of the employee to either the same
8	position held before the retaliatory action or to an
9	equivalent position.
10	(2) Two times the amount of back pay.
11	(3) Interest on the back pay.
12	(4) Reinstatement of full fringe benefits and
13	seniority rights.
14	(5) Payment of reasonable costs and attorney's fees.
15	(e) Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to diminish the
16	rights, privileges, or remedies of an employee of a facility
17	under any other federal or State law, rule, or regulation or
18	under any employment contract.
19	Section 20. The Hospital Licensing Act is amended by adding
20	Section 6.09a and by changing Section 7 and as follows:
21	(210 ILCS 85/6.09a new)
22	Sec. 6.09a. Report of Death. Every hospital shall, as soon

as possible, but no longer than 24 hours later, report the

death of a person readily known to be, without an investigation

- 1 by the hospital, a resident of a facility licensed under the
- MR/DD Community Care Act, to the coroner or medical examiner. 2
- The coroner or medical examiner shall promptly respond to the 3
- 4 report by accepting or not accepting the body
- 5 investigation.
- (210 ILCS 85/7) (from Ch. 111 1/2, par. 148) 6
- 7 Sec. 7. (a) The Director after notice and opportunity for 8 hearing to the applicant or licensee may deny, suspend, or 9 revoke a permit to establish a hospital or deny, suspend, or 10 revoke a license to open, conduct, operate, and maintain a hospital in any case in which he finds that there has been a 11 12 substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this Act, the Hospital Report Card Act, or the Illinois Adverse Health 13 14 Care Events Reporting Law of 2005 or the standards, rules, and 15 regulations established by virtue of any of those Acts. The Department may impose fines on hospitals, not to exceed \$500 16 per occurrence, for failing to (1) initiate a criminal 17 18 background check on a patient that meets the criteria for 19 hospital-initiated background checks or (2) report the death of a person known to be a resident of a facility licensed under 20 21 the MR/DD Community Care Act to the coroner or medical examiner within 24 hours as required by Section 6.09a of this Act. In 22 23 assessing whether to impose such a fine for failure to initiate 24 a criminal background check, the Department shall consider various factors including, but not limited to, whether the 25

- hospital has engaged in a pattern or practice of failing to initiate criminal background checks. Money from fines shall be deposited into the Long Term Care Provider Fund.
- 4 (b) Such notice shall be effected by registered mail or by 5 personal service setting forth the particular reasons for the proposed action and fixing a date, not less than 15 days from 6 the date of such mailing or service, at which time the 7 8 applicant or licensee shall be given an opportunity for a 9 hearing. Such hearing shall be conducted by the Director or by 10 an employee of the Department designated in writing by the 11 Director as Hearing Officer to conduct the hearing. On the basis of any such hearing, or upon default of the applicant or 12 13 licensee, the Director shall make a determination specifying 14 his findings and conclusions. In case of a denial to an 15 applicant of a permit to establish a hospital, such 16 determination shall specify the subsection of Section 6 under which the permit was denied and shall contain findings of fact 17 18 forming the basis of such denial. A copy of such determination 19 shall be sent by registered mail or served personally upon the 20 applicant or licensee. The decision denying, suspending, or 21 revoking a permit or a license shall become final 35 days after it is so mailed or served, unless the applicant or licensee, 22 within such 35 day period, petitions for review pursuant to 23 24 Section 13.
 - (c) The procedure governing hearings authorized by this Section shall be in accordance with rules promulgated by the

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Department and approved by the Hospital Licensing Board. A full and complete record shall be kept of all proceedings, including the notice of hearing, complaint, and all other documents in the nature of pleadings, written motions filed proceedings, and the report and orders of the Director and Hearing Officer. All testimony shall be reported but need not be transcribed unless the decision is appealed pursuant to Section 13. A copy or copies of the transcript may be obtained by any interested party on payment of the cost of preparing such copy or copies.

(d) The Director or Hearing Officer shall upon his own motion, or on the written request of any party to proceeding, issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and the giving of testimony by witnesses, and subpoenas duces tecum requiring the production of books, papers, records, memoranda. All subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum issued under the terms of this Act may be served by any person of full age. The fees of witnesses for attendance and travel shall be the same as the fees of witnesses before the Circuit Court of this State, such fees to be paid when the witness is excused from further attendance. When the witness is subpoenaed at the instance of the Director, or Hearing Officer, such fees shall be paid in the same manner as other expenses of the Department, and when the witness is subpoenaed at the instance of any other party to any such proceeding the Department may require that the cost of service of the subpoena or subpoena duces tecum and

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- the fee of the witness be borne by the party at whose instance the witness is summoned. In such case, the Department in its discretion, may require a deposit to cover the cost of such service and witness fees. A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued as aforesaid shall be served in the same manner as a subpoena issued out of a court.
 - (e) Any Circuit Court of this State upon the application of the Director, or upon the application of any other party to the proceeding, may, in its discretion, compel the attendance of witnesses, the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda and the giving of testimony before the Director or Hearing Officer conducting an investigation or holding a hearing authorized by this Act, by an attachment for contempt, or otherwise, in the same manner as production of evidence may be compelled before the court.
 - (f) The Director or Hearing Officer, or any party in an investigation or hearing before the Department, may cause the depositions of witnesses within the State to be taken in the manner prescribed by law for like depositions in civil actions in courts of this State, and to that end compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, records, or memoranda.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 96-1372, eff. 7-29-10.)
- Section 25. The Nursing Home Administrators Licensing and Disciplinary Act is amended by changing Section 17 as follows:

- 1 (225 ILCS 70/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 3667)
- (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 96-1551)
- 3 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- Sec. 17. Grounds for disciplinary action. 4
- (a) The Department may impose fines not to exceed \$10,000 5
- or may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, 6
- 7 place on probation, censure, reprimand or
- 8 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to the
- 9 license of any person, for any one or combination of the
- 10 following causes:
- (1) Intentional material misstatement in furnishing 11
- 12 information to the Department.
- 13 (2) Conviction of or entry of a plea of quilty or nolo
- 14 contendere to any crime that is a felony under the laws of
- 15 the United States or any state or territory thereof or a
- 16 misdemeanor of which an essential element is dishonesty or
- 17 that is directly related to the practice of the profession
- 18 of nursing home administration.
- 19 (3) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of
- obtaining a license, or violating any provision of this 20
- 21 Act.
- 22 (4) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such
- 23 sexual abuse or sexual misconduct, related to the
- 24 licensee's practice.
- 25 (5) Failing to respond within 30 days, to a written

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- 1 request made by the Department for information.
 - (6) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.
 - (7) Habitual use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which results in the inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (8) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth herein.
 - (9) A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status has violated the terms of probation.
 - (10) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with State agencies or departments.
 - Physical illness, mental illness, or other (11)impairment or disability, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
 - (12) Disregard or violation of this Act or of any rule issued pursuant to this Act.
 - (13) Aiding or abetting another in the violation of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this

1 Act.

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- 2 (14) Allowing one's license to be used by an unlicensed person.
 - (15) (Blank).
 - (16) Professional incompetence in the practice of nursing home administration.
 - (17) Conviction of a violation of Section 12-19 of the Criminal Code of 1961 for the abuse and gross neglect of a long term care facility resident.
 - (18) Violation of the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act or of any rule issued under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act. A final adjudication of a Type "AA" violation of the Nursing Home Care Act or MR/DD Community Care Act made by the Illinois Department of Public Health, as identified by rule, relating to the hiring, training, planning, organizing, directing, or supervising the operation of a nursing home and a licensee's failure to comply with this Act or the rules adopted under this Act, shall create a rebuttable presumption of a violation of this subsection.
 - (19) Failure to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against the licensee by a licensing authority of another state, territory of the United States, or foreign country; or by any governmental or law enforcement agency; or by any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds

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1 for disciplinary action under this Section.

- (20) Failure to report to the Department the surrender of a license or authorization to practice as a nursing home administrator in another state or jurisdiction for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Section.
- (21) Failure to report to the Department any adverse judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Section.

All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after receipt by the Department of (i) a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein or (ii) a referral for investigation under Section 3-108 of the Nursing Home Care Act.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a suspension of that license. That person may resume their practice only upon the entry of a Department order based upon a finding by the Board that they have been determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Board's

- 1 recommendation that they be permitted to resume their practice.
- 2 The Department, upon the recommendation of the Board, may
- adopt rules which set forth standards to be used in determining 3
- 4 what constitutes:
- 5 (i) when a person will be deemed sufficiently
- rehabilitated to warrant the public trust; 6
- (ii) dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct 7
- of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the 8
- 9 public;
- 10 (iii) immoral conduct in the commission of any act
- related to the licensee's practice; and 11
- (iv) professional incompetence in the practice of 12
- 13 nursing home administration.
- However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in 14
- 15 any civil action except for review of a licensing or other
- 16 disciplinary action under this Act.
- In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board, upon a 17
- showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual 18
- licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for 19
- 20 licensure pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or
- physical examination, or both, as required by and at the 21
- 22 expense of the Department. The examining physician
- 23 physicians shall be those specifically designated by the
- 24 Department or Board. The Department or Board may order the
- 25 examining physician to present testimony concerning this
- 26 mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No

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information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit to mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license until such time as the individual submits to the examination if the Department finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board shall require such individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. Any individual whose license was granted pursuant to this Act or continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions who shall fail to comply with such terms, conditions or restrictions shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to

whether the licensee shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Board within 30 days after such suspension and completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject administrator's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

- (b) Any individual or organization acting in good faith, and not in a wilful and wanton manner, in complying with this Act by providing any report or other information to the Department, or assisting in the investigation or preparation of such information, or by participating in proceedings of the Department, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.
- (c) Members of the Board, and persons retained under contract to assist and advise in an investigation, shall be

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1 indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the scope of services on or for the Board, done in good faith and 2 not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall 3 4 defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that 5 there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were 6 7 wilful and wanton.

Should the Attorney General decline representation, person entitled to indemnification under this Section shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton.

A person entitled to indemnification under this Section must notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a defense and indemnification.

The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to represent a person entitled to indemnification under this Section.

(d) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as

- 1 provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities
- 2 Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. Such
- suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the 3
- 4 patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or
- 5 judicial admission and issues an order so finding and
- 6 discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the
- Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume 7
- 8 his or her practice.
- 9 (e) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the
- 10 license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the
- 11 tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any
- final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by 12
- 13 any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until
- 14 such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are
- 15 satisfied.
- 16 (f) The Department of Public Health shall transmit to the
- Department a list of those facilities which receive an "A" 17
- 18 violation as defined in Section 1-129 of the Nursing Home Care
- 19 Act.
- 20 (Source: P.A. 95-703, eff. 12-31-07; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10;
- 96-1372, eff. 7-29-10.) 21
- 22 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 96-1551)
- 23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2018)
- 24 Sec. 17. Grounds for disciplinary action.
- 25 (a) The Department may impose fines not to exceed \$10,000

- 1 or may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend,
- 2 place on probation, censure, reprimand or take other
- 3 disciplinary or non-disciplinary action with regard to the
- 4 license of any person, for any one or combination of the
- 5 following causes:

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- (1) Intentional material misstatement in furnishing 6 7 information to the Department.
 - (2) Conviction of or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to any crime that is a felony under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof or a misdemeanor of which an essential element is dishonesty or that is directly related to the practice of the profession of nursing home administration.
 - (3) Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining a license, or violating any provision of this Act.
 - (4) Immoral conduct in the commission of any act, such sexual abuse or sexual misconduct, related to the licensee's practice.
 - (5) Failing to respond within 30 days, to a written request made by the Department for information.
 - (6) Engaging in dishonorable, unethical unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public.
 - (7) Habitual use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which

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- (8) Discipline by another U.S. jurisdiction if at least one of the grounds for the discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those set forth herein.
- (9) A finding by the Department that the licensee, after having his or her license placed on probationary status has violated the terms of probation.
- (10) Willfully making or filing false records or reports in his or her practice, including but not limited to false records filed with State agencies or departments.
- (11) Physical illness, mental illness, or other impairment or disability, including, but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill that results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgment, skill or safety.
- (12) Disregard or violation of this Act or of any rule issued pursuant to this Act.
- (13) Aiding or abetting another in the violation of this Act or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this Act.
- (14) Allowing one's license to be used by an unlicensed person.
- (15) (Blank).
- (16) Professional incompetence in the practice of nursing home administration.

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- (17) Conviction of a violation of Section 12-19 or subsection (a) of Section 12-4.4a of the Criminal Code of 1961 for the abuse and criminal neglect of a long term care facility resident.
- (18) Violation of the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act or of any rule issued under the Nursing Home Care Act or the MR/DD Community Care Act. A final adjudication of a Type "AA" violation of the Nursing Home Care Act made or MR/DD Community Care Act by the Illinois Department of Public Health, as identified by relating to the hiring, training, planning, rule, organizing, directing, or supervising the operation of a nursing home and a licensee's failure to comply with this Act or the rules adopted under this Act, shall create a rebuttable presumption of a violation of this subsection.
- (19) Failure to report to the Department any adverse final action taken against the licensee by a licensing authority of another state, territory of the United States, foreign country; or by any governmental or enforcement agency; or by any court for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Section.
- (20) Failure to report to the Department the surrender of a license or authorization to practice as a nursing home administrator in another state or jurisdiction for acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute

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1 grounds for disciplinary action under this Section.

> (21) Failure to report to the Department any adverse judgment, settlement, or award arising from a liability claim related to acts or conduct similar to acts or conduct that would constitute grounds for disciplinary action under this Section.

All proceedings to suspend, revoke, place on probationary status, or take any other disciplinary action as the Department may deem proper, with regard to a license on any of the foregoing grounds, must be commenced within 5 years next after receipt by the Department of (i) a complaint alleging the commission of or notice of the conviction order for any of the acts described herein or (ii) a referral for investigation under Section 3-108 of the Nursing Home Care Act.

The entry of an order or judgment by any circuit court establishing that any person holding a license under this Act is a person in need of mental treatment operates as a suspension of that license. That person may resume their practice only upon the entry of a Department order based upon a finding by the Board that they have been determined to be recovered from mental illness by the court and upon the Board's recommendation that they be permitted to resume their practice.

The Department, upon the recommendation of the Board, may adopt rules which set forth standards to be used in determining what constitutes:

> when a person will be deemed sufficiently (i)

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- 1 rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;
- (ii) dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct 2 of a character likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the 3 4 public;
- 5 (iii) immoral conduct in the commission of any act related to the licensee's practice; and 6
- (iv) professional incompetence in the practice of 7 8 nursing home administration.

However, no such rule shall be admissible into evidence in any civil action except for review of a licensing or other disciplinary action under this Act.

In enforcing this Section, the Department or Board, upon a showing of a possible violation, may compel any individual licensed to practice under this Act, or who has applied for licensure pursuant to this Act, to submit to a mental or physical examination, or both, as required by and at the expense of the Department. The examining physician physicians shall be those specifically designated by the Department or Board. The Department or Board may order the examining physician to present testimony concerning this mental or physical examination of the licensee or applicant. No information shall be excluded by reason of any common law or statutory privilege relating to communications between the licensee or applicant and the examining physician. The individual to be examined may have, at his or her own expense, another physician of his or her choice present during all

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1 aspects of the examination. Failure of any individual to submit 2 to mental or physical examination, when directed, shall be grounds for suspension of his or her license until such time as 3 4 the individual submits to the examination if the Department 5 finds, after notice and hearing, that the refusal to submit to 6 the examination was without reasonable cause.

If the Department or Board finds an individual unable to practice because of the reasons set forth in this Section, the Department or Board shall require such individual to submit to care, counseling, or treatment by physicians approved or designated by the Department or Board, as a condition, term, or restriction for continued, reinstated, or renewed licensure to practice; or in lieu of care, counseling, or treatment, the Department may file, or the Board may recommend to Department to file, a complaint to immediately suspend, revoke, or otherwise discipline the license of the individual. Any individual whose license was granted pursuant to this Act or continued, reinstated, renewed, disciplined or supervised, subject to such terms, conditions or restrictions who shall fail to comply with such terms, conditions or restrictions shall be referred to the Secretary for a determination as to whether the licensee shall have his or her license suspended immediately, pending a hearing by the Department. In instances in which the Secretary immediately suspends a license under this Section, a hearing upon such person's license must be convened by the Board within 30 days after such suspension and

completed without appreciable delay. The Department and Board shall have the authority to review the subject administrator's record of treatment and counseling regarding the impairment, to the extent permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations safeguarding the confidentiality of medical records.

An individual licensed under this Act, affected under this Section, shall be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate to the Department or Board that he or she can resume practice in compliance with acceptable and prevailing standards under the provisions of his or her license.

- (b) Any individual or organization acting in good faith, and not in a wilful and wanton manner, in complying with this Act by providing any report or other information to the Department, or assisting in the investigation or preparation of such information, or by participating in proceedings of the Department, or by serving as a member of the Board, shall not, as a result of such actions, be subject to criminal prosecution or civil damages.
- (c) Members of the Board, and persons retained under contract to assist and advise in an investigation, shall be indemnified by the State for any actions occurring within the scope of services on or for the Board, done in good faith and not wilful and wanton in nature. The Attorney General shall defend all such actions unless he or she determines either that there would be a conflict of interest in such representation or

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1 that the actions complained of were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton. 2

Should the Attorney General decline representation, a person entitled to indemnification under this Section shall have the right to employ counsel of his or her choice, whose fees shall be provided by the State, after approval by the Attorney General, unless there is a determination by a court that the member's actions were not in good faith or were wilful and wanton.

A person entitled to indemnification under this Section must notify the Attorney General within 7 days of receipt of notice of the initiation of any action involving services of the Board. Failure to so notify the Attorney General shall constitute an absolute waiver of the right to a defense and indemnification.

The Attorney General shall determine within 7 days after receiving such notice, whether he or she will undertake to represent a person entitled to indemnification under this Section.

(d) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code, as amended, operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and issues an order so finding and

- 1 discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the
- Board to the Secretary that the licensee be allowed to resume 2
- 3 his or her practice.
- 4 (e) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the
- 5 license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the
- tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any 6
- final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by 7
- 8 any tax Act administered by the Department of Revenue, until
- 9 such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are
- 10 satisfied.
- 11 (f) The Department of Public Health shall transmit to the
- Department a list of those facilities which receive an "A" 12
- 13 violation as defined in Section 1-129 of the Nursing Home Care
- 14 Act.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 95-703, eff. 12-31-07; 96-339, eff. 7-1-10;
- 16 96-1372, eff. 7-29-10; 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11.)
- 17 Section 30. The Illinois Public Aid Code is amended by
- 18 changing Section 5-5.12 as follows:
- (305 ILCS 5/5-5.12) (from Ch. 23, par. 5-5.12) 19
- Sec. 5-5.12. Pharmacy payments. 20
- 21 (a) Every request submitted by a pharmacy for reimbursement
- 22 under this Article for prescription drugs provided to a
- 23 recipient of aid under this Article shall include the name of
- 24 the prescriber or an acceptable identification number as

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- established by the Department.
- 2 (b) Pharmacies providing prescription drugs under this Article shall be reimbursed at a rate which shall include a 3 4 professional dispensing fee as determined by the Illinois 5 Department, plus the current acquisition cost of 6 prescription drug dispensed. The Illinois Department shall update its information on the acquisition costs of 7 prescription drugs no less frequently than every 30 days. 8 9 However, the Illinois Department may set the rate 10 reimbursement for the acquisition cost, by rule, at 11 percentage of the current average wholesale acquisition cost.
- 12 (c) (Blank).
 - (d) The Department shall not impose requirements for prior approval based on a preferred drug list for anti-retroviral, anti-hemophilic factor concentrates, or any atypical antipsychotics, conventional antipsychotics, anticonvulsants used for the treatment of serious mental illnesses until 30 days after it has conducted a study of the impact of such requirements on patient care and submitted a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President $\circ f$ the Senate. The Department shall utilization of narcotic medications in the medical assistance program and impose utilization controls that protect against abuse.
- 25 (e) When making determinations as to which drugs shall be 26 on a prior approval list, the Department shall include as part

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- of the analysis for this determination, the degree to which a drug may affect individuals in different ways based on factors including the gender of the person taking the medication.
- 4 (f) The Department shall cooperate with the Department of 5 Public Health and the Department of Human Services Division of Mental Health in identifying psychotropic medications that, 6 when given in a particular form, manner, duration, or frequency 7 (including "as needed") in a dosage, or in conjunction with 8 9 other psychotropic medications to a nursing home resident or to 10 a resident of a facility licensed under the MR/DD Community 11 may constitute a chemical restraint Care Act, an "unnecessary drug" as defined by the Nursing Home Care Act or 12 Titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act and the 13 14 implementing rules and regulations. The Department shall 15 require prior approval for any such medication prescribed for a 16 nursing home resident or to a resident of a facility licensed under the MR/DD Community Care Act, that appears to be a 17 chemical restraint or an unnecessary drug. The Department shall 18 consult with the Department of Human Services Division of 19 20 Mental Health in developing a protocol and criteria for 21 deciding whether to grant such prior approval.
 - (g) The Department may by rule provide for reimbursement of the dispensing of a 90-day supply of a generic, non-narcotic maintenance medication in circumstances where it is cost effective.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 96-1269, eff. 7-26-10; 96-1372, eff. 7-29-10;

- 96-1501, eff. 1-25-11.) 1
- 2 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes
- 3 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
- 4 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
- represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 5
- not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 6
- 7 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other
- 8 Public Act.
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- becoming law.". 10