

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB3387

Introduced 2/7/2012, by Sen. Martin A. Sandoval

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

New Act

Creates the Pavement Preservation Act. Contains legislative findings and a statement of intent. Defines terms. Provides that the Department of Transportation shall designate in fiscal year 2013 a minimum of \$20 million to be spent solely for the use of pavement preservation projects performed by outside contractors. Provides that the amount shall increase to \$30 million in fiscal year 2014 and \$40 million in fiscal year 2015. Provides that the Department shall issue an annual report by January 1 of each fiscal year which details the projects and amount of funding spent per district. Provides that the department shall designate a program coordinator to carry out specified functions. Provides that the Act is repealed on January 1, 2016. Effective immediately.

LRB097 19793 HEP 65063 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning transportation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the
- 5 Pavement Preservation Act.
- 6 Section 5. Findings; intent.
- The Federal Highway Administration supports 8 development and conduct of efficient pavement preservation 9 programs which address pavements in good condition before the onset of serious damage and allow states to reduce costly, 10 time-consuming rehabilitation and reconstruction projects with 11 12 safety and mobility, reduced congestion, improved and
- smoother, longer lasting pavements.
 - Pavement preservation techniques use significantly less energy and have reduced greenhouse gas emissions per year of pavement life compared to hot-mix asphalt overlays, warm mix asphalt overlays, and new construction.
- Benefits and attributes of implementing a pavement preservation program include no extra increase in budget, an increase in pavement network condition rating, increased user satisfaction, improvements in system safety, reduced cost per mile expenditures, a lowered life-cycle cost, no decrease in hot-mix or concrete volumes, no decrease in the number of

- 1 industry jobs, and freeing up additional cost resources for
- 2 other rehabilitation and construction.
- 3 It is the intent of the General Assembly to make use of
- 4 federally tested and supported, cost-effective, and green best
- 5 practices that will maintain the roadway systems of this State.
- 6 Section 10. Definitions.
- 7 As used in this Act:
- 8 "Department" means the Illinois Department of
- 9 Transportation.
- 10 "Pavement preservation projects" means ultra-thin hot-mix
- 11 overlays, crack treatments, hot in-place recycling,
- 12 micro-surfacing, chip seals, cape seals, fog seals, slurry
- 13 seals, diamond grinding and diamond grooving, as referenced in
- 14 Chapter 52 of the September 2010 edition of the Department of
- 15 Transportation Bureau of Design and Environment Manual;
- 16 Section 15. Designated funding. The Department shall
- designate in fiscal year 2013 a minimum of \$20,000,000 to be
- 18 spent solely for the use of pavement preservation projects
- 19 performed by outside contractors. This amount shall increase to
- 20 \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 2014 and \$40,000,000 in fiscal year
- 21 2015.
- 22 Section 20. Report. The Department shall issue an annual
- 23 report by January 1 of each fiscal year which details the

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coordinator shall:

- 1 projects and amount of funding spent per district.
- Section 25. Program coordinator. The Department shall designate an employee to serve as program coordinator. The
- (1) oversee selection of appropriate pavement preservation projects throughout the State, making use of the appropriate pavement preservation technique for each roadway project;
 - (2) educate Department employees on the benefits of pavement preservation and how to select ideal roadway candidates:
- 12 (3) ensure that the Department selects enough roadway 13 projects to satisfy the designated annual funding 14 requirements; and
- 15 (4) prepare the annual report required by Section 20.
- Section 30. Repealer. The Act is repealed on January 1, 2016.
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.