

97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2011 and 2012 SB3500

Introduced 2/8/2012, by Sen. John G. Mulroe

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/12-3.4

was 720 ILCS 5/12-30

Amends the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to violation of an order of protection. Provides that the Class 4 felony violation of an order of protection if the defendant had prior convictions for specified offenses applies to a prior conviction under the law of another jurisdiction for an offense which is substantially similar to specified Illinois offenses. Effective immediately.

LRB097 16550 RLC 61721 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by changing Section 12-3.4 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/12-3.4) (was 720 ILCS 5/12-30)
- 7 Sec. 12-3.4. Violation of an order of protection.
- 8 (a) A person commits violation of an order of protection
- 9 if:

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- 10 (1) He or she knowingly commits an act which was
 11 prohibited by a court or fails to commit an act which was
 12 ordered by a court in violation of:
 - (i) a remedy in a valid order of protection authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (14), or (14.5) of subsection (b) of Section 214 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986,
 - (ii) a remedy, which is substantially similar to the remedies authorized under paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (14) or (14.5) of subsection (b) of Section 214 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, in a valid order of protection, which is authorized under the laws of another state, tribe or United States territory,
- 23 (iii) any other remedy when the act constitutes a

crime against the protected parties as the term
protected parties is defined in Section 112A-4 of the
Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963; and

(2) Such violation occurs after the offender has been served notice of the contents of the order, pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or any substantially similar statute of another state, tribe or United States territory, or otherwise has acquired actual knowledge of the contents of the order.

An order of protection issued by a state, tribal or territorial court related to domestic or family violence shall be deemed valid if the issuing court had jurisdiction over the parties and matter under the law of the state, tribe or territory. There shall be a presumption of validity where an order is certified and appears authentic on its face. For purposes of this Section, an "order of protection" may have been issued in a criminal or civil proceeding.

- (a-5) Failure to provide reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard shall be an affirmative defense to any charge or process filed seeking enforcement of a foreign order of protection.
- (b) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to diminish the inherent authority of the courts to enforce their lawful orders through civil or criminal contempt proceedings.
- (c) The limitations placed on law enforcement liability by Section 305 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 apply

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to actions taken under this Section.

2 (d) Violation of an order of protection is a Class A misdemeanor. Violation of an order of protection is a Class 4 3 4 felony if the defendant has any prior conviction under this 5 Code for domestic battery (Section 12-3.2) or violation of an 6 order of protection (Section 12-3.4 or 12-30), or any prior conviction under the law of another jurisdiction for an offense 7 which is substantially similar. Violation of an order of 8 9 protection is a Class 4 felony if the defendant has any prior 10 conviction under this Code for first degree murder (Section 11 9-1), attempt to commit first degree murder (Section 8-4), 12 aggravated domestic battery (Section 12-3.3), aggravated 13 battery (Section 12-3.05 or 12-4), heinous battery (Section 14 12-4.1), aggravated battery with a firearm (Section 12-4.2), 15 aggravated battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped 16 with a silencer (Section 12-4.2-5), aggravated battery of a 17 child (Section 12-4.3), aggravated battery of an unborn child (subsection (a-5) of Section 12-3.1, or Section 12-4.4), 18 aggravated battery of a senior citizen (Section 12-4.6), 19 20 stalking (Section 12-7.3), aggravated stalking (Section 12-7.4), criminal sexual assault (Section 11-1.20 or 12-13), 21 22 aggravated criminal sexual assault (Section 11-1.30 or 12-14), 23 kidnapping (Section 10-1), aggravated kidnapping (Section 10-2), predatory criminal sexual assault of a child (Section 24 11-1.40 or 12-14.1), aggravated criminal sexual abuse (Section 25 11-1.60 or 12-16), unlawful restraint (Section 26 10-3),

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aggravated unlawful restraint (Section 10-3.1), aggravated arson (Section 20-1.1), aggravated discharge of a firearm (Section 24-1.2), or a violation of any former law of this State that is substantially similar to any listed offense, or any prior conviction under the law of another jurisdiction for an offense which is substantially similar to the offenses <u>listed in this Section</u>, when any of these offenses have been committed against a family or household member as defined in Section 112A-3 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. The court shall impose a minimum penalty of 24 hours imprisonment for defendant's second or subsequent violation of any order of protection; unless the court explicitly finds that an increased penalty or such period of imprisonment would be manifestly unjust. In addition to any other penalties, the court may order the defendant to pay a fine as authorized under Section 5-9-1 of the Unified Code of Corrections or to make restitution to the victim under Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections. In addition to any other penalties, including those imposed by Section 5-9-1.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections, the court shall impose an additional fine of \$20 as authorized by Section 5-9-1.11 of the Unified Code of Corrections upon any person convicted of or placed on supervision for a violation of this Section. The additional fine shall be imposed for each violation of this Section.

- (e) (Blank).
- 26 (f) A defendant who directed the actions of a third party

- 1 to violate this Section, under the principles of accountability
- 2 set forth in Article 5 of this Code, is guilty of violating
- 3 this Section as if the same had been personally done by the
- 4 defendant, without regard to the mental state of the third
- 5 party acting at the direction of the defendant.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 96-1551, Article 1, Section 5, eff. 7-1-11;
- 7 96-1551, Article 2, Section 1035, eff. 7-1-11; incorporates
- 8 97-311, eff. 8-11-11; revised 9-11-11.)
- 9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 10 becoming law.