## 97TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

# State of Illinois

## 2011 and 2012

### SB3529

Introduced 2/8/2012, by Sen. Toi W. Hutchinson

## SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

See Index

Amends the Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee Regulation Act of 2011. Makes changes in provisions concerning definitions; license requirements and injunctions; rules; reports; personnel; formal charges; and disciplinary sanctions and hearings. Creates a provision that permits the State Fire Marshal to investigate the actions of any applicant or any person, firm, association, or corporation holding or claiming to hold a licensee under the Act. Creates a provision so the State Fire Marshal may adopt rules to permit the issuance of citations for certain violations of the Act. Repeals provisions concerning the Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee Advisory Board; examinations; and licensure without examination. Amends the Regulatory Sunset Act to extend the repeal of the Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee Regulation Act of 2011 from January 1, 2013 to January 1, 2023. Effective immediately.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1

AN ACT concerning regulation.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 1. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by changing
Section 4.23 and by adding Section 4.33 as follows:

6 (5 ILCS 80/4.23)
7 Sec. 4.23. Acts and Sections repealed on January 1, 2013.
8 The following Acts and Sections of Acts are repealed on January
9 1, 2013:
10 The Dietetic and Nutrition Services Practice Act.
11 The Elevator Safety and Regulation Act.

12 The Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee Regulation Act 13 of 2011.

- 14 The Funeral Directors and Embalmers Licensing Code.
- 15 The Naprapathic Practice Act.

16 The Professional Counselor and Clinical Professional

17 Counselor Licensing Act.

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18 The Wholesale Drug Distribution Licensing Act.
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19 Section 2.5 of the Illinois Plumbing License Law.

20 (Source: P.A. 95-331, eff. 8-21-07; 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

21 (5 ILCS 80/4.33 new)

22 Sec. 4.33. Act repealed on January 1, 2023. The following

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Act is repealed on January 1, 2023:
 The Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee Regulation Act
 of 2011.

4 Section 5. The Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee 5 Regulation Act of 2011 is amended by changing Sections 5, 10, 6 30, 35, 40, 75, 85, and 90 and by adding Sections 82 and 83 as 7 follows:

8 (225 ILCS 217/5)

9 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)

10 Sec. 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:

(a) "Employee" means a licensee or a person who is currently employed by a distributor licensed under this Act whose full or part-time duties include servicing, recharging, hydro-testing, installing, maintaining, or inspecting all types of fire extinguishing devices or systems, other than water sprinkler systems.

17 (b) "Board" means the Fire Equipment Distributor and18 Employee Advisory Board.

(c) "Person" means a natural person or any company,corporation, or other business entity.

(d) "Fire equipment distributor" means any person, company
 or corporation that services, recharges, hydro-tests,
 inspects, installs, maintains, alters, repairs, replaces, or
 services fire extinguishing devices or systems, other than

water sprinkler systems, for customers, clients, or other third parties. "Fire equipment distributor" does not include a person, company, or corporation employing 2,000 or more employees within the State of Illinois that engages in these activities incidental to its own business.

(e) "Public member" means a person who is not a licensee or
a relative of a licensee, or who is not an employer or employee
of a licensee. The term "relative" shall be determined by rules
of the State Fire Marshal.

10 (f) "Residency" means an actual domicile in Illinois for a 11 period of not less than one year.

(g) "Inspection" means a determination that a fire extinguisher is available in its designated place and has not been actuated or tampered with. "Inspection" does not include the inspection that may be performed by the building owner, tenant, or insurance representative.

17 "Maintenance" means а determination (h) that an extinguisher will operate effectively and safely. It includes a 18 19 thorough examination and any necessary repair or replacement. It also includes checking the date of manufacture or last 20 hydrostatic test to see if internal inspection of the cylinder 21 22 or hydrostatic testing is necessary, and checking for cuts, 23 bulges, dents, abrasions, corrosion, condition of paint, shell 24 hanger attachment, maintenance of nameplate, weight of 25 contents, pressure gauge, valve, removal of pull pin, discharge 26 nozzle, hose assembly, and operating instructions.

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(i) "NAFED" means the National Association of Fire
 Equipment Distributors located in Chicago, Illinois.
 (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

4 (225 ILCS 217/10)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)

Sec. 10. License requirement; injunction; cease and desist
order.

8 <u>(a)</u> No person shall act as a fire equipment distributor or 9 employee, or advertise or assume to act as such, or use any 10 title implying that such person is engaged in such practice or 11 occupation unless licensed by the State Fire Marshal.

No firm, association, or corporation shall act as an agency licensed under this Act, or advertise or assume to act as such, or use any title implying that the firm, association, or corporation is engaged in such practice, unless licensed by the State Fire Marshal.

(b) The State Fire Marshal, in the name of the People and 17 18 through the Attorney General, the State's Attorney of any county, any interested resident of the State, or any interested 19 20 legal entity within the State, may petition the court with 21 appropriate jurisdiction for an order seeking injunctive 22 relief to enjoin from practicing a licensed activity in 23 violation of this Act any person, firm, association, or 24 corporation who has not been issued a license, or whose license has been suspended, revoked, or not renewed. If any person, 25

1	firm, association, or corporation holds itself out as being a
2	licensee under this Act and is not licensed to do so, then any
3	licensee, interested party, or any person injured thereby may
4	petition for relief as provided in this Section. Upon the
5	filing of a verified complaint, a copy shall be served upon the
6	defendant and the proceedings shall thereafter be conducted as
7	in other civil cases. The court with appropriate jurisdiction
8	may issue a temporary restraining order without notice or bond.
9	apply for injunctive relief in any court to enjoin any person
10	who has not been issued a license or whose license has been
11	suspended, revoked, or not renewed from practicing a licensed
12	activity, and upon the filing of a verified petition, the
13	court, if satisfied by affidavit or otherwise, that such person
14	is or has been practicing in violation of this Act may enter a
15	temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction, without
16	bond, enjoining the defendant from such further activity. A
17	copy of the verified complaint shall be served upon the
18	defendant and the proceedings shall thereafter be conducted as
19	in other civil cases. If it is established that the defendant
20	has been or is practicing in violation of this Act, the court
21	may enter a judgment permanently perpetually enjoining the
22	defendant from such further activity. In case of violation of
23	any injunctive order or judgment entered under the provisions
24	of this Section, the court may summarily try and punish the
25	offender for contempt of court. Such injunctive proceeding
26	shall be in addition to all penalties and other remedies in

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1 this Act.

2 (c) Whenever, in the opinion of the State Fire Marshal, a 3 person, firm, association, or corporation violates any provision of this Act, the State Fire Marshal may issue an 4 5 order to show cause why an order to cease and desist should not be entered against that person, firm, association, or 6 corporation. The order shall clearly set forth the grounds 7 8 relied upon by the State Fire Marshal and shall allow the 9 person, firm, association, or corporation at least 7 days after 10 the date of the order to file an answer satisfactory to the 11 State Fire Marshal. A failure to answer an order to show cause 12 to the satisfaction of the State Fire Marshal shall result in the issuance of an order to cease and desist. 13

14 <u>(d)</u> The State Fire Marshal may refuse to issue a license 15 to, or may suspend the license of, any person who fails to file 16 a return, to pay the tax, penalty, or interest shown in a filed 17 return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty, or 18 interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the 19 Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the 20 requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

21 (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

#### 22 (225 ILCS 217/30)

23 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)

24 Sec. 30. Rules; report.

25 (a) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules consistent

with the provisions of this Act for the administration and enforcement thereof, and may prescribe forms that shall be issued in connection therewith. The rules shall include standards and criteria for registration, professional conduct, and discipline. The State Fire Marshal shall consult with the Board in adopting all rules under this Act.

7 (b) <u>(Blank).</u> The Board shall propose to the State Fire 8 Marshal additions or modifications to administrative rules 9 whenever a majority of the members believes the rules are 10 deficient for the proper administration of this Act.

11 (c) <u>(Blank).</u> The State Fire Marshal may solicit the advice 12 and expert knowledge of the Board on any matter relating to the 13 administration and enforcement of this Act.

(d) In the adopting of rules relating to fire equipment distributors and employees, the State Fire Marshal shall be guided by the national fire safety standards and codes and fire equipment and facility standards and code, including, but not limited to, those adopted by the National Fire Protection Association and the National Association of Fire Equipment Distributors.

(e) In the adopting of rules relating to the maintenance
and operation of hydrostatic testing equipment and tools for
all fire equipment distributors and employees, the State Fire
Marshal shall be guided by the requirements of the United
States Department of Transportation as set forth in Section
173.34(e)(1) of Title 49 of Code of Federal Regulations.

1 (f) The State Fire Marshal shall by rule establish 2 procedures for an applicant for any class fire equipment 3 employee license to work for a licensed fire equipment 4 distributor for training.

5 (g) The rules adopted by the Office of the State Fire 6 Marshal under the Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee 7 Regulation Act of 2000 shall remain in effect until such time 8 as the Office of the State Fire Marshal adopts rules under this 9 Act.

(h) <u>(Blank).</u> The State Fire Marshal shall issue to the
Board prior to each Board meeting, but not less than quarterly,
a report of the status of all convictions related to the
profession received by the State Fire Marshal.

14 (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

15 (225 ILCS 217/35)

16 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)
17 Sec. 35. Personnel. The State Fire Marshal may employ, in
18 conformity with the Personnel Code, such professional,
19 technical, investigative, or clerical help, on either a full or
20 part-time basis, as may be necessary for the enforcement of
21 this Act. Each investigator shall have a minimum of 2 years'
22 investigative experience out of the preceding 5 years.

An investigator may not hold an active license issued under this Act or have any fiduciary interest in any business licensed under this Act. This prohibition does not, however,

prohibit an investigator from holding stock in a publicly-traded business licensed or regulated under this Act, provided that the investigator does not hold more than 5% of the stock in the business.

5 (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

6 (225 ILCS 217/40)

7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)

8 Sec. 40. Qualifications for licensure; fees.

9 (a) No person shall engage in practice as a fire equipment 10 distributor or fire equipment employee without first applying 11 for and obtaining a license for that purpose from the Office of 12 the State Fire Marshal.

(b) To qualify for a Class A Fire Equipment Distributor License to service, recharge, hydro-test, install, maintain, or inspect all types of fire extinguishers, an applicant must provide all of the following:

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(1) An annual license fee of \$100.

18 (2) Evidence of registration as an Illinois
19 corporation or evidence of compliance with the Assumed
20 Business Name Act.

(3) Evidence of financial responsibility in a minimum
amount of \$300,000 through liability insurance,
self-insurance, group insurance, group self-insurance, or
risk retention groups.

25 (c) To qualify for a Class B Fire Equipment Distributor

License to service, recharge, hydro-test, install, maintain,
 or inspect all types of pre-engineered fire extinguishing
 systems, an applicant must provide all of the following:

4

(1) An annual license fee of \$200.

5 (2) Evidence of registration as an Illinois 6 corporation or evidence of compliance with the Assumed 7 Business Name Act.

8 (3) Evidence of financial responsibility in a minimum 9 amount of \$300,000 through liability insurance, 10 self-insurance, group insurance, group self-insurance, or 11 risk retention groups.

(4) Evidence of owning, leasing, renting, or having
access to proper testing equipment that is in compliance
with the national standards adopted by the State Fire
Marshal for the maintenance and operation of testing tools
for use with all Class B fire equipment.

17 (d) To qualify for a Class C Fire Equipment Distributor 18 License to service, repair, hydro-test, inspect, and engineer 19 all types of engineered fire suppression systems, an applicant 20 must provide all of the following:

21

(1) An annual license fee of \$300.

(2) Evidence of registration as an Illinois
 corporation or evidence of compliance with the Assumed
 Business Name Act.

(3) Evidence of financial responsibility in a minimum
 amount of \$300,000 through liability insurance,

self-insurance, group insurance, group self-insurance, or risk retention groups.

3 (4) Evidence of owning, leasing, renting, or having
4 access to proper testing equipment that is in compliance
5 with the national standards adopted by the State Fire
6 Marshal for the maintenance and operation of testing tools
7 for use with all Class C fire equipment.

8 (e) To qualify for a Class 1 Fire Equipment Employee 9 License to service, recharge, hydro-test, install, maintain, 10 or inspect all types of fire extinguishers, an applicant must 11 complete all of the following:

(1) Pass the examination <u>administered by the NAFED as a</u>
 <u>technician certified to service a Portable Fire</u>
 <u>Extinguisher</u>.

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(2) Pay an annual license fee of \$20.

16 (3) Provide <u>2 copies of</u> a current photograph at least 17 1" x 1" in size.

(f) To qualify for a Class <u>2I</u> <del>2</del> Fire Equipment Employee License to service, recharge, hydro-test, install, maintain, or inspect all types of pre-engineered <u>industrial</u> fire extinguishing systems, an applicant must complete all of the following:

(1) Pass the examination <u>administered by the NAFED as a</u>
 technician certified to service Pre-Engineered Industrial
 <u>Fire Suppression Systems</u>.

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(2) Pay an annual license fee of \$20.

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1	(3) Provide <u>2 copies of</u> a current photograph at least
2	1" x 1" in size.
3	(f-5) To qualify for a Class 2K Fire Equipment Employee
4	License to service, recharge, hydro-test, install, maintain,
5	or inspect all types of pre-engineered kitchen fire
6	extinguishing systems, an applicant must complete all of the
7	following:
8	(1) Pass the examination administered by the NAFED as a
9	technician certified to service Pre-Engineered Kitchen
10	Fire Extinguishing Systems.
11	(2) Pay an annual fee of \$20.
12	(3) Provide 2 copies of a current photograph at least
13	<u>1" x 1" in size.</u>
14	(g) To qualify for a Class 3 Fire Equipment Employee
15	License to service, recharge, hydro-test, maintain, inspect,
16	or engineer all types of engineered fire extinguishing systems,
17	an applicant must complete all of the following:
18	(1) Pass the examination.
19	(2) Pay an annual license fee of \$20.
20	(3) Provide a current photograph at least 1" x 1" in
21	size.
22	(h) All licenses issued under this Act shall remain in
23	effect unless the licensee is otherwise notified by the Office
24	of the State Fire Marshal.
25	(Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

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1 (225 ILCS 217/75)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)

Sec. 75. Grounds for disciplinary sanctions. Licensees 3 subject to this Act shall conduct their practice in accordance 4 5 with this Act and with any rules adopted under this Act. The State Fire Marshal may refuse to issue or renew any license and 6 7 it may suspend or revoke any license or may place on probation, 8 censure, reprimand, or take other disciplinary action deemed 9 appropriate by the State Fire Marshal and enumerated in this 10 Act, including the imposition of fines not to exceed \$5,000 for 11 each violation, with regard to any license issued under this 12 Act for any one or more of the reasons enumerated in this 13 Section. Any civil penalty assessed by the State Fire Marshal 14 pursuant to this Act shall be paid within 60 days after the effective date of the order imposing the civil penalty. The 15 16 order shall constitute a judgment and may be filed and executed 17 in the same manner as any judgment from any court of record.

18 <u>Grounds for discipline under this Act are:</u> Licensees shall 19 be subject to the exercise of the disciplinary sanctions 20 enumerated in Section 90 if the State Fire Marshal finds that a 21 licensee is guilty of any of the following:

(1) fraud or material deception in obtaining or
 renewing of a license;

24 (2) professional incompetence as manifested by poor
 25 standards of service;

26 (3) engaging in dishonorable, unethical, or

unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive,
 defraud, or harm the public in the course of professional
 services or activities;

(4) conviction of any crime by a licensee that has a 4 5 substantial relationship to his or her practice or an essential element of which is misstatement, fraud, or 6 7 dishonesty, or conviction in this or another state of any 8 crime that is a felony under the laws of Illinois or 9 conviction of a felony in a federal court, unless the 10 person demonstrates that he or she has been sufficiently 11 rehabilitated to warrant the public trust;

12 (5) performing any services in a grossly negligent 13 manner or permitting any of his or her licensed employees 14 to perform services in a grossly negligent manner, 15 regardless of whether actual damage or damages to the 16 public is established;

17 (6) habitual drunkenness or habitual addiction to the 18 use of morphine, cocaine, controlled substances, or other 19 habit-forming drugs;

20 (7) directly or indirectly willfully receiving 21 compensation for any professional services not actually 22 rendered;

23 (8) having disciplinary action taken against his or her
24 license in another state;

(9) making differential treatment against any person
to his or her detriment because of race, color, creed, sex,

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1 religion, or national origin; 2 (10) engaging in unprofessional conduct; (11) engaging in false or misleading advertising; 3 (12) contracting or assisting unlicensed persons to 4 5 perform services for which a license is required under this 6 Act; 7 (13) permitting the use of his or her license to enable 8 any unlicensed person or agency to operate as a licensee; 9 (14) performing and charging for services without 10 having authorization to do so from the member of the public 11 being served; 12 (15) failure to comply with any provision of this Act 13 or the rules adopted under this Act; (16) conducting business regulated by this Act without 14 15 a currently valid license. (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.) 16 17 (225 ILCS 217/82 new) 18 Sec. 82. Investigations. The State Fire Marshal may investigate the actions of any applicant or any person, firm, 19 20 association, or corporation holding or claiming to hold a license under this Act. Before revoking, suspending, 21 22 reprimanding, or taking any other disciplinary action permitted under this Act, the State Fire Marshal may issue a 23 24 citation, refer the matter for prosecution, or institute formal 25 charges as provided for in this Act.

2 <u>Sec. 83. Citations.</u>

3 (a) The State Fire Marshal may adopt rules to permit the 4 issuance of citations for certain violations of this Act or the 5 rules adopted under this Act. The citation shall be issued to 6 the licensee and shall contain the licensee's name and address, 7 the licensee's license number, a brief factual statement, the 8 Sections of the law or rules allegedly violated, and the 9 penalty imposed. The citation must clearly state that the licensee may choose, in lieu of accepting the citation, to 10 11 request a hearing on the date and at the place specified on the citation. The citation shall not provide a hearing date less 12 13 than 30 days after the citation's issuance date. Any dispute filed by the licensee with the State Fire Marshal shall comply 14 15 with the requirements for a written answer set forth in 16 subsection (a) of Section 85 of this Act. If the licensee does not dispute the citation with the State Fire Marshal within 20 17 18 days after the citation is served, then the citation shall become a final order and shall constitute discipline. The 19 penalty shall be a fine or other conditions as established by 20 21 rule.

(b) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules designating violations for which a citation may be issued. Such rules shall identify citation violations for those violations for which there is, in the determination of the State Fire Marshal or his

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or her designee, no substantial threat to the public health,
 safety, or welfare. Citations shall not be utilized if, in the
 determination of the State Fire Marshal or his or her designee,
 significant consumer harm resulted from the violation.

5 (c) A citation must be issued within 6 months after the 6 State Fire Marshal became first aware of the facts forming the 7 basis for the citation.

8 <u>(d) Service of a citation may be made by personal service</u> 9 <u>or certified mail to the licensee at the licensee's address of</u> 10 <u>record.</u>

11 (225 ILCS 217/85)

12 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)

13 Sec. 85. Formal charges.

14 (a) <u>Before revoking, suspending, annulling, withdrawing,</u>
15 <u>amending materially, or refusing to renew any valid license,</u>
16 Following the investigative process, the State Fire Marshal
17 <u>shall may</u> file formal charges against the licensee. The formal
18 charges shall, at a minimum, inform the licensee of the facts
19 that make up the basis of the charge and that are specific
20 enough to enable the licensee to defend himself.

(b) Each licensee whose conduct is the subject of a formal charge that seeks to impose disciplinary action against the licensee shall be served notice of said formal charge at least 30 days before the date of the hearing, which shall be presided over by a hearing officer authorized by the State Fire Marshal. 1 Service shall be considered to have been given if the notice 2 was personally received by the licensee or if the notice was 3 sent by certified mail, return receipt requested to the 4 licensee at the licensee's last known address, as listed with 5 the State Fire Marshal.

6 (c) The notice of formal charges shall consist at a minimum7 of the following information:

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(1) the time, place, and date of the hearing;

9 (2) that the licensee shall appear personally at the 10 hearing and may be represented by counsel;

(3) that the licensee shall have the right to produce witnesses and evidence in his behalf and shall have the right to cross-examine witnesses and refute evidence produced against him or her;

15 (4) that the hearing could result in disciplinary
16 action being taken against his or her license;

17 (5) that rules for the conduct of these hearings exist 18 and it may be in the licensee's best interest to obtain a 19 copy;

(6) that a hearing officer authorized by the State Fire
Marshal shall preside at the hearing and following the
conclusion of said hearing shall make findings of fact,
conclusions of law, and recommendations, separately
stated, to the State Fire Marshal as to what disciplinary
action, if any, should be imposed on the licensee; and
(7) that the State Fire Marshal may continue such

hearing; -1 2 (8) that the licensee shall file a written answer to 3 the charges with the State Fire Marshal under oath within 20 days after service of the notice; and 4 5 (9) that if the accused fails to answer, a default judgment shall be taken against him, her, or it, or that 6 7 his, her, or it's license may be suspended, revoked, placed on probationary status, or subject to other disciplinary 8 9 action as the State Fire Marshal deems proper, without a 10 hearing, if the act or acts charged constitute sufficient

11 grounds for such action under this Act.

12 (d) The hearing officer authorized by the State Fire 13 Marshal shall hear evidence produced in support of the formal charges and contrary evidence produced by the licensee, if any. 14 15 At the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer shall make findings of fact, conclusions of law, and recommendations, 16 17 separately stated, and submit them to the State Fire Marshal and to all parties to the proceeding. Submission to the 18 licensee shall be considered as having been made if done in a 19 20 similar fashion as service of the notice of formal charges. Within 20 days after such service, any party to the proceeding 21 22 may present to the State Fire Marshal a motion, in writing, for 23 a rehearing which written motion shall specify the particular 24 grounds therefor.

(e) The State Fire Marshal, following the time allowed forfiling a motion for rehearing, shall review the hearing

of fact, conclusions 1 officer's findings of law, and 2 recommendations, and any motions filed subsequent thereto. After review of such information the State Fire Marshal may 3 hear oral arguments and thereafter shall issue an order. The 4 5 report of findings of fact, conclusions of law. and recommendations of the hearing officer shall be the basis for 6 the State Fire Marshal's order. If the State Fire Marshal finds 7 8 that substantial justice was not done, he or she may issue an 9 order in contravention of the findings of fact, conclusions of 10 law, and recommendations of the hearing officer. The State Fire 11 Marshal shall provide the Board with written explanation of any 12 such deviation, and shall specify with particularity the reasons for said action. The finding is not admissible in 13 14 evidence against the person in criminal prosecution brought for the violation of this Act, but the hearing and findings are not 15 16 a bar to a criminal prosecution brought for the violation of 17 this Act.

18 (f) All proceedings under this Section are matters of 19 public record and shall be preserved.

20 (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

(225 ILCS 217/90)
(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2013)
Sec. 90. Disciplinary sanctions; hearings.
(a) The State Fire Marshal shall impose any of the
following sanctions, singly or in combination, when he or she

1 finds that a licensee is guilty of any offense described in
2 Section 75:

3 (1) revocation;

(2) suspension for any period of time;

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(3) reprimand or censure;

(4) placement on probationary status and the requirement of the submission of any of the following:

(i) report regularly to the Board or State FireMarshal upon matters that are the basis of the probation;

(ii) continuation or renewal of professional education until a satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas that are the basis of the probation; or

(iii) such other reasonable requirements or
 restrictions as are proper;

(5) refusal to issue, renew, or restore;

18 (6) revocation of probation that has been granted and 19 imposition of any other discipline in this subsection (a) 20 when the requirements of probation have not been fulfilled 21 or have been violated; or -

(7) imposition of a fine not to exceed \$5,000 for each
 violation of this Act or the rules adopted under this Act.
 (b) The State Fire Marshal may summarily suspend a license

25 under this Act, without a hearing, simultaneously with the 26 filing of a formal complaint and notice for a hearing provided 1 under this Section if the State Fire Marshal finds that the 2 continued operations of the individual would constitute an 3 immediate danger to the public. In the event the State Fire 4 Marshal suspends a license under this subsection, a hearing by 5 the hearing officer designated by the State Fire Marshal shall 6 begin within 20 days after such suspension begins, unless 7 continued at the request of the licensee.

8 (c) Disposition may be made of any formal complaint by 9 consent order between the State Fire Marshal and the licensee<del>,</del> 10 <del>but the Board must be apprised of the full consent order in a</del> 11 <del>timely way</del>.

(d) The State Fire Marshal shall reinstate any license to good standing under this Act, upon recommendation to the State Fire Marshal, after a hearing before the hearing officer authorized by the State Fire Marshal. The State Fire Marshal shall be satisfied that the applicant's renewed practice is not contrary to the public interest.

(e) The State Fire Marshal may order a licensee to submit to a reasonable physical examination if his or her physical capacity to practice safely is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a State Fire Marshal order to submit to a physical examination shall render a licensee liable to the summary suspension procedures described in this Section.

(f) The State Fire Marshal may conduct hearings and issue
 cease and desist orders to persons who engage in activities

prohibited by this Act without having a valid license, certificate, or registration. Any person in violation of a cease and desist order entered by the State Fire Marshal shall be subject to all of the remedies provided by law, and in addition, shall be subject to a civil penalty payable to the party injured by the violation.

7 (g) The State Fire Marshal shall seek to achieve 8 consistency in the application of the foregoing sanctions and 9 consent orders and significant departure from prior decisions 10 involving similar conduct shall be explained in the State Fire 11 Marshal's orders.

12 (Source: P.A. 96-1499, eff. 1-18-11.)

13 (225 ILCS 217/25 rep.)

14 (225 ILCS 217/50 rep.)

15 (225 ILCS 217/55 rep.)

Section 10. The Fire Equipment Distributor and Employee Regulation Act of 2011 is amended by repealing Sections 25, 50, and 55.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
 becoming law.

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2	Statutes amended	in order	of appea	rance			
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6	225 ILCS 217/10						
7	225 ILCS 217/30						
8	225 ILCS 217/35						
9	225 ILCS 217/40						
10	225 ILCS 217/75						
11	225 ILCS 217/82 new						
12	225 ILCS 217/83 new						
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16	225 ILCS 217/50 rep.						
17	225 ILCS 217/55 rep.						