

Rep. Esther Golar

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	09800HB0434ham001 LRB098 03253 OMW 43573 a											
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 434											
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 434 by replacing											
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:											
4	"Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by adding											
5	Section 5.826 as follows:											
6	(30 ILCS 105/5.826 new)											
7	Sec. 5.826. The Poison Response Fund.											
8	Section 10. The Wireless Emergency Telephone Safety Act is											
9	amended by changing Sections 17 and 70 as follows:											
10	(50 ILCS 751/17)											
11	(Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2013)											
12	Sec. 17. Wireless carrier surcharge.											
13	(a) Except as provided in Sections 45 and 80, each wireless											
14	carrier shall impose a monthly wireless carrier surcharge per											

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CMRS connection that either has a telephone number within an area code assigned to Illinois by the North American Numbering Plan Administrator or has a billing address in this State. No wireless carrier shall impose the surcharge authorized by this Section upon any subscriber who is subject to the surcharge imposed by a unit of local government pursuant to Section 45. Prior to January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-698), the surcharge amount shall be the amount set by the Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 Board. Beginning on January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-698), the monthly surcharge imposed under this Section shall be \$0.73 per CMRS connection. The wireless carrier that provides wireless service to the subscriber shall collect the surcharge from the subscriber. For mobile telecommunications services provided on and after August 1, 2002, any surcharge imposed under this Act shall be imposed based upon the municipality or county that encompasses the customer's place of primary use as defined in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Conformity Act. The surcharge shall be stated as a separate item subscriber's monthly bill. The wireless carrier shall begin collecting the surcharge on bills issued within 90 days after the Wireless Enhanced 9-1-1 Board sets the monthly wireless surcharge. State and local taxes shall not apply to the wireless carrier surcharge.

(b) Except as provided in Sections 45 and 80, a wireless

carrier shall, within 45 days of collection, remit, either by

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check or by electronic funds transfer, to the State Treasurer the amount of the wireless carrier surcharge collected from each subscriber. Of the amounts remitted under this subsection prior to January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-698), and for surcharges imposed before January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-698) but remitted after January 1, 2008, the State Treasurer shall deposit one-third into the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund and two-thirds into the Wireless Service Emergency Fund. For surcharges collected and remitted on or after January 1, 2008 (the effective date of Public Act 95-698), \$0.1475 per surcharge collected shall be deposited into the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund, and \$0.5825 per surcharge collected shall be deposited into the Wireless Service Emergency Fund. Of the amounts deposited into the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund under this subsection, \$0.01 per surcharge collected may be distributed to the carriers to cover their administrative costs. Of the amounts deposited into the Wireless Service Emergency Fund under this subsection, \$0.01 per surcharge collected may be disbursed to the Illinois Commerce Commission to cover its administrative costs.

For surcharges collected and remitted on or after July 1, 2013, \$0.68 per surcharge collected shall be deposited into the Wireless Service Emergency Fund for distribution to 9-1-1 authorities, \$0.02 per surcharge collected shall be deposited into the Wireless Service Emergency Fund for distribution to

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- 1 County Emergency Telephone System Boards in counties with a population under 250,000, \$0.02 per surcharge shall be 2 deposited in the Poison Response Fund for distribution to a 3 4 human poison control center as defined in Section 10 of the 5 Poison Control System Act, and \$0.01 per surcharge collected may be disbursed to the Illinois Commerce Commission for 6 7 administrative costs.
 - (c) The first such remittance by wireless carriers shall include the number of wireless subscribers by zip code, and the 9-digit zip code if currently being used or later implemented by the carrier, that shall be the means by which the Illinois Commerce Commission shall determine distributions from the Wireless Service Emergency Fund. This information shall be updated no less often than every year. Wireless carriers are not required to remit surcharge moneys that are billed to subscribers but not yet collected. Any carrier that fails to provide the zip code information required under this subsection (c) shall be subject to the penalty set forth in subsection (f) of this Section.
 - (d) Any funds collected under the Prepaid Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge Act shall be distributed using a prorated method based upon zip code information collected from post-paid wireless carriers under subsection (c) of this Section.
 - (e) If before midnight on the last day of the third calendar month after the closing date of the remit period a wireless carrier does not remit the surcharge or any portion

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thereof required under this Section, then the surcharge or portion thereof shall be deemed delinquent until paid in full, and the Illinois Commerce Commission may impose a penalty

against the carrier in an amount equal to the greater of:

- 5 (1) \$25 for each month or portion of a month from the 6 time an amount becomes delinquent until the amount is paid 7 in full; or
 - (2) an amount equal to the product of 1% and the sum of all delinquent amounts for each month or portion of a month that the delinquent amounts remain unpaid.

A penalty imposed in accordance with this subsection (e) for a portion of a month during which the carrier provides the number of subscribers by zip code as required under subsection (c) of this Section shall be prorated for each day of that month during which the carrier had not provided the number of subscribers by zip code as required under subsection (c) of this Section. Any penalty imposed under this subsection (e) is in addition to the amount of the delinquency and is in addition to any other penalty imposed under this Section.

(f) If, before midnight on the last day of the third calendar month after the closing date of the remit period, a wireless carrier does not provide the number of subscribers by zip code as required under subsection (c) of this Section, then the report is deemed delinquent and the Illinois Commerce Commission may impose a penalty against the carrier in an amount equal to the greater of:

	(1)	\$25	for	each	month	or	portion	of	а	month	that	the
rep	ort i	ls de	eling	uent;	or							

- (2) an amount equal to the product of 1/2¢ and the number of subscribers served by the wireless carrier. On and after July 1, 2013, an amount equal to the product of \$0.01 and the number of subscribers served by the wireless carrier.
- A penalty imposed in accordance with this subsection (f) for a portion of a month during which the carrier pays the delinquent amount in full shall be prorated for each day of that month that the delinquent amount was paid in full. \underline{A} penalty imposed and collected in accordance with subsection (f) of this Section shall be deposited into the Wireless Service Emergency Fund. Any penalty imposed under this subsection (f) is in addition to any other penalty imposed under this Section.
- (g) The Illinois Commerce Commission may enforce the collection of any delinquent amount and any penalty due and unpaid under this Section by legal action or in any other manner by which the collection of debts due the State of Illinois may be enforced under the laws of this State. The Executive Director of the Illinois Commerce Commission, or his or her designee, may excuse the payment of any penalty imposed under this Section if the Executive Director, or his or her designee, determines that the enforcement of this penalty is unjust.
 - (h) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,

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nothing shall impair the right of wireless carriers to recover compliance costs for all emergency communications services not reimbursed out of the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund directly from their wireless subscribers via line-item charges on the wireless subscriber's bill. Those compliance costs include all costs incurred by wireless carriers in complying with local, State, and federal regulatory or legislative mandates that require the transmission and receipt of emergency communications to and from the general public, including, but not limited to, E-911.

- (i) The Auditor General shall conduct, on an annual basis, an audit of the Wireless Service Emergency Fund, the Poison Response Fund, and the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund for compliance with the requirements of this Act. The audit shall include, but not be limited to, the following determinations:
 - (1) Whether the Commission is maintaining detailed records of all receipts and disbursements from the Wireless Carrier Emergency Fund, the Poison Response Fund, and the Wireless Carrier Reimbursement Fund.
- (2) Whether the Commission's administrative costs charged to the funds are adequately documented and are reasonable.
 - (3) Whether the Commission's procedures for making grants and providing reimbursements in accordance with the Act are adequate.
 - (4) The status of the implementation of wireless 9-1-1

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1 and E9-1-1 services in Illinois.

(5) The status of human poison response services in 2 3 Illinois.

The Commission, the Department of State Police, and any other entity or person that may have information relevant to the audit shall cooperate fully and promptly with the Office of the Auditor General in conducting the audit. The Auditor General shall commence the audit as soon as possible and distribute the report upon completion in accordance with Section 3-14 of the Illinois State Auditing Act.

- (j) The Illinois Commerce Commission may require an annual report of income and expenditures from each emergency telephone systems board or qualified governmental entity providing 9-1-1 service, and from each human poison control center as defined in Section 10 of the Poison Control System Act, in a form and manner prescribed by the Commission. The report may require the inclusion of a copy of the audited financial statements of each human poison control center as defined in Section 10 of the Poison Control System Act, and each emergency telephone systems board or qualified governmental entity providing 9-1-1 service.
- (Source: P.A. 97-463, eff. 1-1-12.) 22
- 23 (50 ILCS 751/70)
- 24 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2013)
- 25 Sec. 70. Repealer. This Act is repealed on July 1, 2018

- 1 2013.
- 2 (Source: P.A. 97-1163, eff. 2-4-13.)
- 3 Section 15. The Public Utilities Act is amended by changing
- 4 Sections 13-900 and 13-1200 as follows:
- 5 (220 ILCS 5/13-900)
- 6 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2013)
- 7 Sec. 13-900. Authority to serve as 9-1-1 system provider;
- 8 rules.
- 9 (a) The General Assembly finds that it is necessary to
- 10 require the certification of 9-1-1 system providers to ensure
- 11 the safety of the lives and property of Illinoisans and
- 12 Illinois businesses, and to otherwise protect and promote the
- 13 public safety, health, and welfare of the citizens of this
- 14 State and their property.
- 15 (b) For purposes of this Section:
- 16 "9-1-1 system" has the same meaning as that term is
- 17 defined in Section 2.19 of the Emergency Telephone System
- 18 Act.
- 19 "9-1-1 system provider" means any person, corporation,
- 20 limited liability company, partnership, sole
- 21 proprietorship, or entity of any description whatever that
- acts as a system provider within the meaning of Section
- 23 2.18 of the Emergency Telephone System Act.
- "Emergency Telephone System Board" has the same

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meaning as that term is defined in Sections 2.11 and 15.4

of the Emergency Telephone System Act.

"Public safety agency personnel" means personnel employed by a public safety agency, as that term is defined in Section 2.02 of the Emergency Telephone System Act, whose responsibilities include responding to requests for emergency services.

(c) Except as otherwise provided in this Section, beginning July 1, 2010, it is unlawful for any 9-1-1 system provider to offer or provide or seek to offer or provide to any emergency system board 9-1-1 telephone or system, or agent, representative, or designee thereof, any network and database service used or intended to be used by any emergency telephone system board or 9-1-1 system for the purpose of answering, transferring, or relaying requests for emergency services, or dispatching public safety agency personnel in response to requests for emergency services, unless the 9-1-1 system provider has applied for and received a Certificate of 9-1-1 System Provider Authority from the Commission. The Commission shall approve an application for a Certificate of 9-1-1 System Provider Authority upon a showing by the applicant, and a finding by the Commission, after notice and hearing, that the applicant possesses sufficient technical, financial, managerial resources and abilities to provide network service and database services that it seeks authority to provide in its application for service authority, in a safe, continuous, and

- 1 uninterrupted manner.
- 2 (d) No incumbent local exchange carrier that provides, as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th 3 4 General Assembly, any 9-1-1 network and 9-1-1 database service 5 used or intended to be used by any Emergency Telephone System 6 Board or 9-1-1 system, shall be required to obtain a Certificate of 9-1-1 System Provider Authority under this 7 Section. No entity that possesses, as of the effective date of 8 9 this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly, a Certificate 10 of Service Authority and provides 9-1-1 network and 9-1-1 11 database services to any incumbent local exchange carrier as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General 12 Assembly shall be required to obtain a Certificate of 9-1-1 13 System Provider Authority under this Section. 14
 - (e) Any and all enforcement authority granted to the Commission under this Section shall apply exclusively to 9-1-1 system providers granted a Certificate of Service Authority under this Section and shall not apply to incumbent local exchange carriers that are providing 9-1-1 service as of the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 96th General Assembly.
- 22 <u>(f) This Section is repealed on July 1, 2016.</u>
- 23 (Source: P.A. 96-25, eff. 6-30-09.)
- 24 (220 ILCS 5/13-1200)

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25 (Section scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2013)

- Sec. 13-1200. Repealer. This Article is repealed July 1, 1
- 2013, except as provided in Section 13-900 of this Article. 2
- (Source: P.A. 95-9, eff. 6-30-07; 96-24, eff. 6-30-09; 96-927, 3
- eff. 6-15-10.) 4
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 5
- becoming law.". 6