

Rep. Esther Golar

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	09800HB0656ham002 LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 656
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 656 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The Affordable Housing Planning and Appeal Act
5	is amended by changing Sections 15, 20, 25, 30, and 50 as
6	follows:
7	(310 ILCS 67/15)
8	Sec. 15. Definitions. As used in this Act:
9	"Affordable housing" means housing that has a <u>value or cost</u>
10	sales price or rental amount that is within the means of a
11	household that may occupy moderate-income or low-income
12	housing. In the case of <u>owner-occupied</u> dwelling units for sale,
13	housing that is affordable means housing in which mortgage,
14	amortization, taxes, insurance, and condominium or association
15	fees, if any, constitute no more than 30% of the gross annual
16	household income for a household of the size that may occupy

the unit. In the case of dwelling units for rent, housing that as affordable means housing for which the rent and utilities constitute no more than 30% of the gross annual household income for a household of the size that may occupy the unit.

5 "Affordable housing developer" means a nonprofit entity, 6 limited equity cooperative or public agency, or private 7 individual, firm, corporation, or other entity seeking to build 8 an affordable housing development.

"Affordable housing development" means (i) any housing 9 10 that is subsidized by the federal or State government or (ii) 11 any housing in which at least 20% of the dwelling units are subject to covenants or restrictions that require that the 12 13 dwelling units be sold or rented at prices that preserve them 14 as affordable housing for a period of at least 15 years, in the 15 case of owner-occupied for sale housing, and at least 30 years, 16 in the case of rental housing.

17 "Approving authority" means the governing body of the 18 county or municipality.

19 "Area median household income" means the median household 20 income adjusted for family size for applicable income limit 21 areas as determined annually by the federal Department of 22 Housing and Urban Development under Section 8 of the United 23 States Housing Act of 1937.

"Community land trust" means a private, not-for-profit corporation organized exclusively for charitable, cultural, and other purposes and created to acquire and own land for the benefit of the local government, including the creation and
 preservation of affordable housing.

3 "Development" means any building, construction, 4 renovation, or excavation or any material change in any 5 structure or land, or change in the use of such structure or 6 land, that results in a net increase in the number of dwelling 7 units in a structure or on a parcel of land by more than one 8 dwelling unit.

9 "Exempt local government" means any local government in 10 which at least 10% of its total year-round housing units are 11 affordable, as determined by the Illinois Housing Development 12 Authority pursuant to Section 20 of this Act; or any 13 municipality under 1,000 population.

14 "Household" means the person or persons occupying a 15 dwelling unit.

16 "Housing trust fund" means a separate fund, either within a local government or between local governments pursuant to 17 intergovernmental agreement, established solely for the 18 19 purposes authorized in subsection (d) of Section 25, including, 20 without limitation, the holding and disbursing of financial 21 resources to address the affordable housing needs of 22 individuals or households that may occupy low-income or 23 moderate-income housing.

24 "Local government" means a county or municipality.
25 "Low-income housing" means housing that is affordable,
26 according to the federal Department of Housing and Urban

09800HB0656ham002 -4- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

Development, for either home ownership or rental, and that is occupied, reserved, or marketed for occupancy by households with a gross household income that does not exceed 50% of the area median household income.

5 "Moderate-income housing" means housing that is affordable, according to the federal Department of Housing and 6 7 Urban Development, for either home ownership or rental, and 8 that is occupied, reserved, or marketed for occupancy by 9 households with a gross household income that is greater than 10 50% but does not exceed 80% of the area median household 11 income.

"Non-appealable local government requirements" means all essential requirements that protect the public health and safety, including any local building, electrical, fire, or plumbing code requirements or those requirements that are critical to the protection or preservation of the environment. (Source: P.A. 93-595, eff. 1-1-04; 93-678, eff. 6-28-04; 94-303, eff. 7-21-05.)

19 (310 ILCS 67/20)

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Sec. 20. Determination of exempt local governments.

(a) Beginning October 1, 2004, the Illinois Housing
Development Authority shall determine which local governments
are exempt and not exempt from the operation of this Act based
on an identification of the total number of year-round housing
units in the most recent <u>data from the U.S. Census Bureau</u>

09800HB0656ham002 -5- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

decennial census for each local government within the State and by an inventory of <u>owner-occupied</u> for-sale and rental affordable housing units, as defined in this Act, for each local government from the <u>U.S. Census Bureau</u> decennial census and other relevant sources.

6 (b) The Illinois Housing Development Authority shall make7 this determination by:

8 (i) totaling the number of <u>owner-occupied</u> for sale 9 housing units in each local government that are affordable 10 to households with a gross household income that is less 11 than 80% of the median household income within the county 12 or primary metropolitan statistical area;

(ii) totaling the number of rental units in each local government that are affordable to households with a gross household income that is less than 60% of the median household income within the county or primary metropolitan statistical area;

(iii) adding the number of <u>owner-occupied</u> for sale and rental units for each local government from items (i) and (ii); and

(iv) dividing the sum of (iii) above by the total number of year-round housing units in the local government as contained in the latest <u>U.S. Census Bureau</u> decennial census and multiplying the result by 100 to determine the percentage of affordable housing units within the jurisdiction of the local government. 09800HB0656ham002 -6- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

1 (c) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly October 1, 2004, the Illinois 2 Housing Development Authority shall publish on an annual basis 3 4 a list of exempt and non-exempt local governments and the data 5 that it used to calculate its determination at least once every 6 5 years. The data shall be shown for each local government in the State and for the State as a whole. Upon publishing a list 7 8 of exempt and non-exempt local governments, the Illinois 9 Housing Development Authority shall notify a local government 10 that it is not exempt from the operation of this Act and 11 provide to it the data used to calculate its determination.

12 (d) A local government or developer of affordable housing 13 may appeal the determination of the Illinois Housing 14 Development Authority as to whether the local government is 15 exempt or non-exempt under this Act in connection with an 16 appeal under Section 30 of this Act.

17 (Source: P.A. 93-595, eff. 1-1-04; 93-678, eff. 6-28-04.)

18 (310 ILCS 67/25)

19 Sec. 25. Affordable housing plan.

(a) Prior to April 1, 2005, all non-exempt local
governments must approve an affordable housing plan. Any local
government that is determined by the Illinois Housing
Development Authority under Section 20 to be non-exempt for the
first time based on the recalculation of <u>U.S. Census Bureau</u>
decennial census data after 2010 shall have 18 months from the

09800HB0656ham002

1 date of notification of its non-exempt status to approve an 2 affordable housing plan under this Act.

3 4

(b) For the purposes of this Act, the affordable housing plan shall consist of at least the following:

5 (i) a statement of the total number of affordable 6 housing units that are necessary to exempt the local 7 government from the operation of this Act as defined in 8 Section 15 and Section 20;

within 9 (ii) an identification of lands the 10 jurisdiction that appropriate are most for the construction of affordable housing and of 11 existing appropriate for conversion 12 structures most to, or 13 rehabilitation for, affordable housing, including а 14 consideration of lands and structures of developers who 15 have expressed a commitment to provide affordable housing 16 and lands and structures that are publicly or semi-publicly 17 owned:

(iii) incentives that local governments may provide for the purpose of attracting affordable housing to their jurisdiction; and

(iv) a goal of a minimum of 15% of all new development or redevelopment within the local government that would be defined as affordable housing in this Act; or a minimum of a 3 percentage point increase in the overall percentage of affordable housing within its jurisdiction, as described in subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act; or a minimum 09800HB0656ham002 -8- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

of a total of 10% affordable housing within its jurisdiction as described in subsection (b) of Section 20 of this Act. These goals may be met, in whole or in part, through the creation of affordable housing units under intergovernmental agreements as described in subsection (e) of this Section.

7 (c) Within 60 days after the adoption of an affordable 8 housing plan or revisions to its affordable housing plan, the 9 local government must submit a copy of that plan to the 10 Illinois Housing Development Authority.

(d) In order to promote the goals of this Act and to maximize the creation, establishment, or preservation of affordable housing throughout the State of Illinois, a local government, whether exempt or non-exempt under this Act, may adopt the following measures to address the need for affordable housing:

17 (1) Local governments may individually or jointly
18 create or participate in a housing trust fund or otherwise
19 provide funding or support for the purpose of supporting
20 affordable housing, including, without limitation, to
21 support the following affordable housing activities:

(A) Housing production, including, without
limitation, new construction, rehabilitation, and
adaptive re-use.

(B) Acquisition, including, without limitation,
 land, single-family homes, multi-unit buildings, and

1 other existing structures that may be used in whole or in part for residential use. 2 3 (C) Rental payment assistance. (D) Home-ownership purchase assistance. 4 5 (E) Preservation of existing affordable housing. (F) Weatherization. 6 7 (G) Emergency repairs. 8 (H) Housing related support services, including homeownership education and financial counseling. 9 10 (I) Grants or loans to not-for-profit 11 organizations engaged in addressing the affordable housing needs of low-income and moderate-income 12 13 households. 14 Local governments may authorize housing trust funds to

accept and utilize funds, property, and other resources from all proper and lawful public and private sources so long as those funds are used solely for addressing the affordable housing needs of individuals or households that may occupy low-income or moderate-income housing.

20 (2) A local government may create a community land 21 trust, which may: acquire developed or undeveloped 22 interests in real property and hold them for affordable 23 housing purposes; convey such interests under long-term 24 leases, including ground leases; convey such interests for 25 affordable housing purposes; and retain an option to 26 reacquire any such real property interests at a price determined by a formula ensuring that such interests may be
 utilized for affordable housing purposes.

3 (3) A local government may use its zoning powers to
4 require the creation and preservation of affordable
5 housing as authorized under Section 5-12001 of the Counties
6 Code and Section 11-13-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code.

7 (4) A local government may accept donations of money or 8 land for the purpose of addressing the affordable housing 9 needs of individuals or households that may occupy 10 low-income or moderate-income housing. These donations may 11 include, without limitation, donations of money or land 12 from persons in lieu of building affordable housing.

13 (e) In order to encourage regional cooperation and the 14 maximum creation of affordable housing in areas lacking such 15 housing in the State of Illinois, any non-exempt local 16 government may enter into intergovernmental agreements under subsection (e) of Section 25 with local governments within 10 17 miles of its corporate boundaries in order to create affordable 18 19 housing units to meet the goals of this Act. A non-exempt local 20 government may not enter into an intergovernmental agreement, 21 however, with any local government that contains more than 25% 22 affordable housing as determined under Section 20 of this Act. 23 intergovernmental agreements entered into to create All 24 affordable housing units to meet the goals of this Act must 25 also specify the basis for determining how many of the 26 affordable housing units created will be credited to each local

09800HB0656ham002 -11- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

1 government participating in the agreement for purposes of 2 complying with this Act. All intergovernmental agreements entered into to create affordable housing units to meet the 3 4 goals of this Act must also specify the anticipated number of 5 newly created affordable housing units that are to be credited 6 to each local government participating in the agreement for purposes of complying with this Act. In specifying how many 7 affordable housing units will be credited to each local 8 9 government, the same affordable housing unit may not be counted 10 by more than one local government.

11 (Source: P.A. 93-595, eff. 1-1-04; 93-678, eff. 6-28-04; 12 94-303, eff. 7-21-05.)

13 (310 ILCS 67/30)

14 Sec. 30. Appeal to State Housing Appeals Board.

15 (a) (Blank).

(b) Beginning January 1, 2009, an affordable housing 16 17 developer whose application is either denied or approved with 18 conditions that in his or her judgment render the provision of 19 affordable housing infeasible may, within 45 days after the 20 decision, appeal to the State Housing Appeals Board challenging 21 that decision unless the municipality or county that rendered the decision is exempt under Section 15 of this Act. The 22 23 developer must submit information regarding why the developer 24 believes he or she was unfairly denied or unreasonable 25 conditions were placed upon the tentative approval of the 09800HB0656ham002 -12- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

1 development. In the case of local governments that are 2 determined by the Illinois Housing Development Authority under 3 Section 20 to be non-exempt for the first time based on the 4 recalculation of U.S. Census Bureau decennial census data after 5 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly 2010, no developer may appeal to the State Housing 6 Appeals Board until 60 months after a local government has been 7 8 notified of its non-exempt status.

9 (c) Beginning on the effective date of this amendatory Act 10 of the 98th General Assembly January 1, 2009, the Board shall, 11 whenever possible, render a decision on the appeal within 120 days after the appeal is filed. The Board may extend the time 12 13 by which it will render a decision where circumstances outside 14 the Board's control make it infeasible for the Board to render 15 a decision within 120 days. In any proceeding before the Board, 16 affordable housing developer bears the burden the of demonstrating that the proposed affordable housing development 17 (i) has been unfairly denied or (ii) has had unreasonable 18 19 conditions placed upon it by the decision of the local 20 government.

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(d) The Board shall dismiss any appeal if:

(i) the local government has adopted an affordable
housing plan as defined in Section 25 of this Act and
submitted that plan to the Illinois Housing Development
Authority within the time frame required by this Act; and
(ii) the local government has implemented its

1 affordable housing plan and has met its goal as established 2 in its affordable housing plan as defined in Section 25 of 3 this Act.

4 (e) The Board shall dismiss any appeal if the reason for
5 denying the application or placing conditions upon the approval
6 is a non-appealable local government requirement under Section
7 15 of this Act.

8 (f) The Board may affirm, reverse, or modify the conditions 9 of, or add conditions to, a decision made by the approving 10 authority. The decision of the Board constitutes an order 11 directed to the approving authority and is binding on the local 12 government.

13 (g) The appellate court has the exclusive jurisdiction to 14 review decisions of the Board. Any appeal to the Appellate 15 Court of a final ruling by the State Housing Appeals Board may 16 be heard only in the Appellate Court for the District in which 17 the local government involved in the appeal is located. The appellate court shall apply the "clearly erroneous" standard 18 19 when reviewing such appeals. An appeal of a final ruling of the 20 Board shall be filed within 35 days after the Board's decision and in all respects shall be in accordance with Section 3-113 21 22 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

23 (Source: P.A. 93-595, eff. 1-1-04; 94-303, eff. 7-21-05.)

24 (310 ILCS 67/50)

25 Sec. 50. Housing Appeals Board.

09800HB0656ham002

1 (a) Prior to January 1, 2008, a Housing Appeals Board shall be created consisting of 7 members appointed by the Governor as 2 follows: 3 4 (1) a retired circuit judge or retired appellate judge, 5 who shall act as chairperson; (2) a zoning board of appeals member; 6 7 (3) a planning board member; 8 (4) a mayor or municipal council or board member; 9 (5) a county board member; 10 (6) an affordable housing developer; and 11 (7) an affordable housing advocate. addition, the Chairman of the 12 In Illinois Housing 13 Development Authority, ex officio, shall serve as a non-voting 14 member. No more than 4 of the appointed members may be from the 15 same political party. Appointments under items (2), (3), and 16 (4) shall be from local governments that are not exempt under 17 this Act. 18 (b) Initial terms of 4 members designated by the Governor shall be for 2 years. Initial terms of 3 members designated by 19 20 the Governor shall be for one year. Thereafter, members shall 21 be appointed for terms of 2 years. After a member's term 22 expires, the member shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed. There shall be no limit to the number of terms an 23 24 appointee may serve. A member shall receive no compensation for 25 his or her services, but shall be reimbursed by the State for 26 all reasonable expenses actually and necessarily incurred in

09800HB0656ham002 -15- LRB098 03479 KTG 44361 a

1	the performance of his or her official duties. The board shall
2	hear all petitions for review filed under this Act and shall
3	conduct all hearings in accordance with the rules and
4	regulations established by the chairperson. The Illinois
5	Housing Development Authority shall provide space and clerical
6	and other assistance that the Board may require.
7	(c) (Blank).
8	(Source: P.A. 93-595, eff. 1-1-04; 94-303, eff. 7-21-05.)

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.".