1 AN ACT concerning health.

## Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code is amended by changing Sections 2-108 and
- 6 2-109 as follows:
- 7 (405 ILCS 5/2-108) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 2-108)
- 8 Sec. 2-108. Use of restraint. Restraint may be used only as
- 9 a therapeutic measure to prevent a recipient from causing
- 10 physical harm to himself or physical abuse to others. Restraint
- 11 may only be applied by a person who has been trained in the
- 12 application of the particular type of restraint to be utilized.
- 13 In no event shall restraint be utilized to punish or discipline
- 14 a recipient, nor is restraint to be used as a convenience for
- 15 the staff.
- 16 (a) Except as provided in this Section, restraint shall be
- 17 employed only upon the written order of a physician, clinical
- 18 psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical professional
- 19 <u>counselor</u>, or registered nurse with supervisory
- 20 responsibilities. No restraint shall be ordered unless the
- 21 physician, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker,
- 22 <u>clinical professional counselor</u>, or registered nurse with
- 23 supervisory responsibilities, after personally observing and

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1 examining the recipient, is clinically satisfied that the use

2 of restraint is justified to prevent the recipient from causing

physical harm to himself or others. In no event may restraint

continue for longer than 2 hours unless within that time period

a nurse with supervisory responsibilities or a physician

confirms, in writing, following a personal examination of the

recipient, that the restraint does not pose an undue risk to

the recipient's health in light of the recipient's physical or

9 medical condition. The order shall state the events leading up

10 to the need for restraint and the purposes for which restraint

is employed. The order shall also state the length of time

restraint is to be employed and the clinical justification for

that length of time. No order for restraint shall be valid for

more than 16 hours. If further restraint is required, a new

order must be issued pursuant to the requirements provided in

16 this Section.

(b) In the event there is an emergency requiring the immediate use of restraint, it may be ordered temporarily by a qualified person only where physician, clinical а psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical professional counselor, or registered nurse with supervisory responsibilities is not immediately available. In that event, an order by a nurse, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker, clinical professional counselor, or physician shall be obtained pursuant to the requirements of this Section as quickly as possible, and the recipient shall be examined by a

- 1 physician or supervisory nurse within 2 hours after the initial
- 2 employment of the emergency restraint. Whoever orders
- 3 restraint in emergency situations shall document its necessity
- 4 and place that documentation in the recipient's record.
- 5 (c) The person who orders restraint shall inform the
- 6 facility director or his designee in writing of the use of
- 7 restraint within 24 hours.
- 8 (d) The facility director shall review all restraint orders
- 9 daily and shall inquire into the reasons for the orders for
- 10 restraint by any person who routinely orders them.
- 11 (e) Restraint may be employed during all or part of one 24
- hour period, the period commencing with the initial application
- of the restraint. However, once restraint has been employed
- during one 24 hour period, it shall not be used again on the
- 15 same recipient during the next 48 hours without the prior
- written authorization of the facility director.
- 17 (f) Restraint shall be employed in a humane and therapeutic
- 18 manner and the person being restrained shall be observed by a
- 19 qualified person as often as is clinically appropriate but in
- 20 no event less than once every 15 minutes. The qualified person
- 21 shall maintain a record of the observations. Specifically,
- 22 unless there is an immediate danger that the recipient will
- 23 physically harm himself or others, restraint shall be loosely
- 24 applied to permit freedom of movement. Further, the recipient
- 25 shall be permitted to have regular meals and toilet privileges
- 26 free from the restraint, except when freedom of action may

result in physical harm to the recipient or others.

- (g) Every facility that employs restraint shall provide training in the safe and humane application of each type of restraint employed. The facility shall not authorize the use of any type of restraint by an employee who has not received training in the safe and humane application of that type of restraint. Each facility in which restraint is used shall maintain records detailing which employees have been trained and are authorized to apply restraint, the date of the training and the type of restraint that the employee was trained to use.
- (h) Whenever restraint is imposed upon any recipient whose primary mode of communication is sign language, the recipient shall be permitted to have his hands free from restraint for brief periods each hour, except when freedom may result in physical harm to the recipient or others.
- (i) A recipient who is restrained may only be secluded at the same time pursuant to an explicit written authorization as provided in Section 2-109 of this Code. Whenever a recipient is restrained, a member of the facility staff shall remain with the recipient at all times unless the recipient has been secluded. A recipient who is restrained and secluded shall be observed by a qualified person as often as is clinically appropriate but in no event less than every 15 minutes.
- (j) Whenever restraint is used, the recipient shall be advised of his right, pursuant to Sections 2-200 and 2-201 of this Code, to have any person of his choosing, including the

Guardianship and Advocacy Commission or the agency designated

2 pursuant to the Protection and Advocacy for Developmentally

Disabled Persons Act notified of the restraint. A recipient who

is under guardianship may request that any person of his

5 choosing be notified of the restraint whether or not the

6 quardian approves of the notice. Whenever the Guardianship and

Advocacy Commission is notified that a recipient has been

restrained, it shall contact that recipient to determine the

circumstances of the restraint and whether further action is

10 warranted.

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11 (Source: P.A. 92-651, eff. 7-11-02.)

12 (405 ILCS 5/2-109) (from Ch. 91 1/2, par. 2-109)

13 Sec. 2-109. Seclusion. Seclusion may be used only as a

therapeutic measure to prevent a recipient from causing

physical harm to himself or physical abuse to others. In no

event shall seclusion be utilized to punish or discipline a

recipient, nor is seclusion to be used as a convenience for the

18 staff.

19 (a) Seclusion shall be employed only upon the written order

of a physician, clinical psychologist, clinical social worker,

clinical professional counselor, or registered nurse with

supervisory responsibilities. No seclusion shall be ordered

unless the physician, clinical psychologist, clinical social

worker, clinical professional counselor, or registered nurse

with supervisory responsibilities, after personally observing

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and examining the recipient, is clinically satisfied that the use of seclusion is justified to prevent the recipient from causing physical harm to himself or others. In no event may seclusion continue for longer than 2 hours unless within that time period a nurse with supervisory responsibilities or a writing, following physician confirms in examination of the recipient, that the seclusion does not pose an undue risk to the recipient's health in light of the recipient's physical or medical condition. The order shall state the events leading up to the need for seclusion and the purposes for which seclusion is employed. The order shall also state the length of time seclusion is to be employed and the clinical justification for the length of time. No order for seclusion shall be valid for more than 16 hours. If further seclusion is required, a new order must be issued pursuant to the requirements provided in this Section.

- The person who orders seclusion shall inform the facility director or his designee in writing of the use of seclusion within 24 hours.
- (c) The facility director shall review all seclusion orders daily and shall inquire into the reasons for the orders for seclusion by any person who routinely orders them.
- (d) Seclusion may be employed during all or part of one 16 period, that period commencing with the application of the seclusion. However, once seclusion has been employed during one 16 hour period, it shall not be used again

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- on the same recipient during the next 48 hours without the prior written authorization of the facility director.
- 3 (e) The person who ordered the seclusion shall assign a 4 qualified person to observe the recipient at all times. A 5 recipient who is restrained and secluded shall be observed by a 6 qualified person as often as is clinically appropriate but in 7 no event less than once every 15 minutes.
  - (f) Safety precautions shall be followed to prevent injuries to the recipient in the seclusion room. Seclusion rooms shall be adequately lighted, heated, and furnished. If a door is locked, someone with a key shall be in constant attendance nearby.
  - (g) Whenever seclusion is used, the recipient shall be advised of his right, pursuant to Sections 2-200 and 2-201 of this Code, to have any person of his choosing, including the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission notified of the seclusion. A person who is under guardianship may request that any person of his choosing be notified of the seclusion whether or not the guardian approves of the notice. Whenever the Guardianship and Advocacy Commission is notified that a recipient has been secluded, it shall contact that recipient to determine the circumstances of the seclusion and whether further action is warranted.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 86-1013; 86-1402; 87-124; 87-530; 87-895.)
- 25 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 26 becoming law.