

## Sen. Michael E. Hastings

## Filed: 5/6/2013

1

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

09800HB1010sam001

LRB098 07990 MLW 45260 a

2 AMENDMENT NO. \_\_\_\_\_. Amend House Bill 1010 by replacing 3 everything after the enacting clause with the following:

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 1010

"Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by changing Section 5-6-1 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1)

7 (Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 97-831)

Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of

1 supervision.

- (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, and to the history, character and condition of the offender, the court is of the opinion that:
  - (1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is necessary for the protection of the public; or
  - (2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be inconsistent with the ends of justice; or
  - (3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

(b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment nor of probation supervision is appropriate.

(b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.

(c) The court may, upon a plea of quilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of quilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012: Sections 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 11-1.50 or 12-15; 26-5 or 48-1; 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of Section 21-1; paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (iii) a felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in this subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history,

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

2.5

- 1 character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the 2 opinion that:
- (1) the offender is not likely to commit further 3 crimes; 4
  - (2) the defendant and the public would be best served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and
  - (3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.
  - (c-5) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit or privileges were revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
  - (d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been:
    - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
      - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

26

1 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of 2 another state; or 3

> (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.

The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this Section.

- (e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 16-25 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if said defendant has within the last 5 years been:
- (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16-25 or 16A-3 17 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; 18 19 or
- 20 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 16-25 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 2.1 Code of 2012. 22

23 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 24 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 2.5 Section.

(f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a

- defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112,
- 2 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, Section
- 3 11-1002.5, or Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a
- 4 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 5 (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this
- 6 Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
- defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710,
- 8 or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision
- 9 of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5
- 10 years been:
- 11 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708,
- 12 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar
- provision of a local ordinance; or
- 14 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
- 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 16 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 17 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting
- 18 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this
- 19 Section.
- 20 (h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
- 21 defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a
- 22 serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the
- 23 Illinois Vehicle Code:
- 24 (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines,
- penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and
- successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or

- (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph (c) on or after January 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 14 (h-1) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 15 defendant under the age of 21 years charged with an offense 16 against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the 17 Illinois Vehicle Code, unless the defendant, upon payment of 18 19 the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to 20 attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program 2.1 approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of 22 Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for 23 payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused 24 fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or 25 before the termination date of the supervision order, the 26 supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered.

2.1

- The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision.
  - (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
  - (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a violation of Section 11-501.1 or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:
    - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
    - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
  - (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois

    Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has 2 been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation 3 4 that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois 5 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph (k) do not apply to a defendant 6 charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle 7 8 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

- (1) A defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance who receives a disposition of supervision under subsection (c) shall pay an additional fee of \$29, to be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. In addition to the \$29 fee, the person shall also pay a fee of \$6, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. The \$29 fee shall be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If the \$6 fee is collected, \$5.50 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.
- (m) Any person convicted of, pleading guilty to, or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of

- 1 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a violation of
- a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an 2
- additional fee of \$35, to be disbursed as provided in Section 3
- 4 16-104d of that Code.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 5 This subsection (m) becomes inoperative 7 years after October 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-154). 6
  - (n) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to any person under the age of 18 who commits an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, except upon personal appearance of the defendant in court and upon the written consent of the defendant's parent or legal guardian, executed before the presiding judge. The presiding judge shall have the authority to waive this requirement upon the showing of good cause by the defendant.
  - (o) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and when:
    - (1) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and the defendant failed to obtain a monitoring device driving permit; or
      - (2) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of

- 1 the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle 2 Code, had subsequently obtained a monitoring device 3 4 driving permit, but was driving a vehicle not equipped with 5 a breath alcohol ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 6
- (p) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 7 defendant charged with violating subsection (b) of Section 8 9 11-601.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of 10 a local ordinance.
- (Source: P.A. 96-253, eff. 8-11-09; 96-286, eff. 8-11-09; 11
- 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-625, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 12
- 13 7-2-10; 96-1002, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1175, eff. 9-20-10; 96-1551,
- eff. 7-1-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-597, eff. 1-1-12; 14
- 15 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 97-831) 16
- 17 Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional Discharge and Disposition of Supervision. The General Assembly 18 19 finds that in order to protect the public, the criminal justice 20 system must compel compliance with the conditions of probation 21 by responding to violations with swift, certain and fair 22 punishments and intermediate sanctions. The Chief Judge of each 23 circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate 24 sanctions for violations of the terms and conditions of a 25 sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of

1 supervision.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

- Except where specifically prohibited by other provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless, having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense, and to the history, character and condition of the offender, the court is of the opinion that:
  - (1)his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is necessary for the protection of the public; or
  - (2) probation or conditional discharge would deprecate the seriousness of the offender's conduct and would be inconsistent with the ends of justice; or
  - (3) a combination of imprisonment with concurrent or consecutive probation when an offender has been admitted into a drug court program under Section 20 of the Drug Court Treatment Act is necessary for the protection of the public and for the rehabilitation of the offender.

The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.

The court may impose a sentence of conditional discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic imprisonment nor of probation supervision is appropriate. 2

- (b-1) Subsections (a) and (b) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if the defendant within the past 12 months has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor or felony under the Illinois Vehicle Code or reckless homicide under Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012.
- (c) The court may, upon a plea of quilty or a stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the charge or a finding of quilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence, and enter an order for supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is not charged with: (i) a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012: Sections 11-9.1; 12-3.2; 11-1.50 or 12-15; 26-5 or 48-1; 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (a) of Section 21-1; paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and (11) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1; (ii) a Class A misdemeanor violation of Section 3.01, 3.03-1, or 4.01 of the Humane Care for Animals Act; or (iii) a felony. If the defendant is not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in this subsection, the court may enter an order for supervision after considering the circumstances of the offense, and the history,

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

2.5

- 1 character and condition of the offender, if the court is of the 2 opinion that:
- (1) the offender is not likely to commit further 3 crimes; 4
  - (2) the defendant and the public would be best served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and
  - (3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.
  - (c-5) Subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this Section do not apply to a defendant charged with a second or subsequent violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code committed while his or her driver's license, permit or privileges were revoked because of a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar provision of a law of another state.
  - (d) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the defendant has previously been:
  - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or
    - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section

5

6

7

8

9

13

14

15

1	11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision
2	of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of
3	another state: or

- (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state, and the plea or stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.
- 10 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 11 Section. 12
  - (e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 16-25 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012 if said defendant has within the last 5 years been:
- (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16-25 or 16A-3 17 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012; 18 19 or
- 20 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 16-25 or 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal 2.1 Code of 2012. 22
- 23 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 24 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 25 Section.
- 26 (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a

- 1 defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112,
- 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, Section 2
- 3 11-1002.5, or Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a
- 4 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 5 (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this
- Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 6
- defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, 7
- 8 or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision
- 9 of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5
- 10 years been:
- 11 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707, 3-708,
- 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar 12
- 13 provision of a local ordinance; or
- (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 14
- 15 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 16 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 17
- 18 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this
- Section. 19
- 20 (h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
- defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a 2.1
- serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the 22
- Illinois Vehicle Code: 23
- 24 (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines,
- 25 penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and
- 26 successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of quilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or

- (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph (c) on or after January 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 14 (h-1) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 15 defendant under the age of 21 years charged with an offense 16 against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the 17 Illinois Vehicle Code, unless the defendant, upon payment of 18 19 the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to 20 attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program 2.1 approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of 22 Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for 23 payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused 24 fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or 25 before the termination date of the supervision order, the 26 supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

24

25

- 1 The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of quilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a quilty 2 3 plea under this provision.
  - (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
  - (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance or a violation of Section 11-501.1 or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle Code if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:
    - (1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance; or
    - (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
  - (k) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance that

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

1 governs the movement of vehicles if, within the 12 months preceding the date of the defendant's arrest, the defendant has 2 been assigned court supervision on 2 occasions for a violation 3 4 that governs the movement of vehicles under the Illinois 5 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance. The provisions of this paragraph (k) do not apply to a defendant 6 charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle 7 8 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.

- (1) A defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance who receives a disposition of supervision under subsection (c) shall pay an additional fee of \$29, to be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. In addition to the \$29 fee, the person shall also pay a fee of \$6, which, if not waived by the court, shall be collected as provided in Sections 27.5 and 27.6 of the Clerks of Courts Act. The \$29 fee shall be disbursed as provided in Section 16-104c of the Illinois Vehicle Code. If the \$6 fee is collected, \$5.50 of the fee shall be deposited into the Circuit Court Clerk Operation and Administrative Fund created by the Clerk of the Circuit Court and 50 cents of the fee shall be deposited into the Prisoner Review Board Vehicle and Equipment Fund in the State treasury.
- (m) Any person convicted of, pleading guilty to, or placed on supervision for a serious traffic violation, as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of

- 1 Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, or a violation of
- a similar provision of a local ordinance shall pay an 2
- additional fee of \$35, to be disbursed as provided in Section 3
- 4 16-104d of that Code.

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- 5 This subsection (m) becomes inoperative 7 years after October 13, 2007 (the effective date of Public Act 95-154). 6
  - (n) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to any person under the age of 18 who commits an offense against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles or any violation of Section 6-107 or Section 12-603.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, except upon personal appearance of the defendant in court and upon the written consent of the defendant's parent or legal guardian, executed before the presiding judge. The presiding judge shall have the authority to waive this requirement upon the showing of good cause by the defendant.
  - (o) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance when the suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and when:
    - (1) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and the defendant failed to obtain a monitoring device driving permit; or
      - (2) at the time of the violation of Section 11-501.1 of

8

9

- 1 the Illinois Vehicle Code, the defendant was a first offender pursuant to Section 11-500 of the Illinois Vehicle 2 Code, had subsequently obtained a monitoring device 3 4 driving permit, but was driving a vehicle not equipped with 5 a breath alcohol ignition interlock device as defined in Section 1-129.1 of the Illinois Vehicle Code. 6
  - (p) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 11-601.5 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 11 (q) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating subsection (b) of Section 12 13 11-601 of the Illinois Vehicle Code when the defendant was 14 operating a vehicle, in an urban district, at a speed in excess 15 of 25 miles per hour over the posted speed limit.
- 16 (r) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating any provision of the Illinois 17 Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the 18 19 violation was the proximate cause of the death of another and the defendant's driving abstract contains a prior conviction or 20 disposition of court supervision for any violation of the 21 22 Illinois Vehicle Code, other than an equipment violation, or a suspension, revocation, or cancellation of the driver's 23 24 license.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 96-253, eff. 8-11-09; 96-286, eff. 8-11-09;
- 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-625, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1000, eff. 26

Public Act.".

- 7-2-10; 96-1002, eff. 1-1-11; 96-1175, eff. 9-20-10; 96-1551, 1
- eff. 7-1-11; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-597, eff. 1-1-12; 97-831, 2
- eff. 7-1-13; 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.) 3
- 4 Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 5 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text 6 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section 7 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does 8 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes 9 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other