HB2213 Engrossed

1 AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 1. Purpose. The purpose of this Act is to ensure 5 that children and youth who are parents, expectant parents, or the victims of domestic or sexual violence are identified by 6 schools in a manner respectful of their privacy and safety; 7 treated with dignity and regard; and provided the protection, 8 9 instruction, and related support services necessary to enable 10 them to meet State educational standards and successfully attain a high school diploma. This Act shall be interpreted 11 liberally to aid in this purpose. 12

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections 14 1-3, 10-21.3a, 10-22.6, 10-22.6a, 13A-11, 26-2a, 27A-5, and 15 34-18.24 and by adding Sections 10-30, 10-35, 10-40, and 10-45 16 as follows:

17 (105 ILCS 5/1-3) (from Ch. 122, par. 1-3)

18 Sec. 1-3. Definitions.

19 (a) In this Code:

The terms "common schools", "free schools" and "public schools" are used interchangeably to apply to any school operated by authority of this Act. HB2213 Engrossed - 2 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

"School board" means the governing body of any district created or operating under authority of this Act, including board of school directors and board of education. When the context so indicates it also means the governing body of any non-high school district and of any special charter district, including board of school inspectors.

7 "Special charter district" means any city, township or 8 district organized into a school district, under a special Act 9 or charter of the General Assembly or in which schools are now 10 managed and operating within such unit in whole or in part 11 under the terms of such special Act or charter.

12 (b) In provisions of this Code relating to children and 13 youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of 14 domestic or sexual violence:

15 <u>"At risk of academic failure" means a student who is at</u> 16 <u>risk of failing to meet State learning standards or failing to</u> 17 <u>graduate from elementary or high school and who demonstrates a</u> 18 <u>need for educational support or social services beyond those</u> 19 <u>provided by the regular school program.</u>

20 <u>"Domestic or sexual violence" means domestic violence,</u> 21 <u>sexual assault, sexual harassment, or stalking. Domestic or</u> 22 <u>sexual violence may occur through electronic communication.</u> 23 <u>Domestic or sexual violence exists regardless of when the</u> 24 <u>violence occurred, whether or not the domestic or sexual</u> 25 <u>violence is the subject of a criminal investigation or the</u> 26 <u>perpetrator has been criminally charged or convicted of a</u> HB2213 Engrossed - 3 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	crime, whether or not an order of protection or a no-contact
2	order is pending before or has been issued by a court, and
3	whether or not any domestic or sexual violence took place on
4	school grounds during regular school hours or during a
5	school-sponsored event. Consent to any act that may constitute
6	domestic or sexual violence means a freely given agreement to
7	the act. Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission by
8	the victim does not constitute consent, and the manner of dress
9	of the victim does not constitute consent. For purposes of
10	children and youth asserting their rights under provisions
11	relating to domestic or sexual violence in Sections 10-21.3a,
12	10-22.6, 10-22.6a, 10-45 (verification may be required for
13	accommodations only, such as a change in classroom, not for
14	services), 26-2, 26-2a, and 34-18.24, a school district may
15	require verification. Any one of the following shall be
16	acceptable verification of a child's or youth's claim of
17	domestic or sexual violence:
18	(1) A written statement from the youth or anyone who
19	has knowledge of the circumstances that support the youth's
20	claim. This may be in the form of a complaint.
21	(2) A police report, government agency record, or court
22	record.
23	(3) A statement or other documentation from a domestic
24	or sexual violence organization or any other organization
25	from which the youth sought services or advice.
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26 (4) Documentation from a lawyer, clergy person,

HB2213 Engrossed - 4 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

medical professional, or other professional from whom the 1 2 youth sought domestic or sexual violence services or 3 advice. 4 (5) Any other evidence, such as physical evidence of 5 violence, that supports the claim. The person named to be the perpetrator, the perpetrator's 6 7 family, or any other person named by the youth or named by the 8 youth's parent or quardian to be unsafe to contact must not be 9 contacted to verify the abuse. The perpetrator, the 10 perpetrator's family, or any other person named by the youth or 11 the youth's parent or guardian to be unsafe must not be 12 contacted for any other reason without written permission of the youth or written permission of the youth's parent or 13 14 guardian. Permission of the youth's parent or guardian shall 15 not be pursued when the youth alleges that his or her health or 16 safety would be threatened if the school or school district 17 contacts the youth's parent or guardian to obtain written 18 permission. The youth or the youth's parent or guardian may choose 19 20 which form of documentation is submitted as acceptable 21 verification. A youth who has provided acceptable verification 22 that he or she is or has been a victim of domestic or sexual 23 violence shall not be required to provide any additional 24 verification if the youth's efforts to assert rights under this 25 Code stem from a claim involving the same perpetrator. This

26 <u>applies to all schools and school districts</u>, including special

HB2213 Engrossed	- 5	- LRB098 07459 NHT 37527
charter districts	and districts	organized under Article 33
34 of this Code.		

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"Domestic or sexual violence organization" means a 3 4 nonprofit, nongovernmental organization that provides 5 assistance to victims of domestic or sexual violence or to advocates for such victims, including an organization carrying 6 7 out a domestic or sexual violence program; an organization operating a shelter or a rape crisis center or providing 8 9 counseling services; or an organization that seeks to eliminate 10 domestic or sexual violence or address the consequences of such 11 violence for its victims through legislative advocacy or policy 12 change, public education, or service collaboration.

13 "Domestic violence" means abuse, as defined in Section 103 14 of the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986, by a family or household member, as defined in Section 103 of the Illinois 15 16 Domestic Violence Act of 1986.

17 "Electronic communication" includes communications via telephone, mobile phone, computer, e-mail, video recorder, fax 18 19 machine, telex, or pager or any other electronic communication 20 as defined in Section 12-7.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012.

21 "Equivalent educational experience" means an educational 22 experience that is designed to promote a youth's continued 23 learning and re-integration into the classroom and regular 24 education program.

"Expectant parent" means a student who is pregnant or a 25 26 student who intends to act as a parent and seeks services for

	HB2213 Engrossed - 6 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b
1	teen parents and who has not yet received a diploma for
2	completion of secondary education, as defined in Section 22-22
3	of this Code.
4	"Harassment" means unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature,
5	including sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and
6	other verbal, nonverbal, or physical conduct of a sexual
7	nature, and unwelcome conduct, including verbal, nonverbal, or
8	physical conduct that is not sexual in nature, but is related
9	to a student's status as a parent, expectant parent, or victim
10	of domestic or sexual violence.
11	"Parent", as it relates to a student, means a student who
12	is a custodial parent or a noncustodial parent taking an active
13	role in the care and supervision of a child and who has not yet
14	received a diploma for completion of secondary education, as
15	defined in Section 22-22 of this Code.
16	"Perpetrator" means an individual who commits or is alleged
17	to have committed any act of domestic or sexual violence.
18	"Poor academic performance" means that a student has (i)
19	scored in the 50th percentile or below on district-administered
20	standardized tests; (ii) received a score on a State assessment
21	that does not meet standards in one or more of the fundamental
22	learning areas under Section 27-1 of this Code, as applicable
23	for the student's grade level; or (iii) not met grade-level
24	expectations on a district-designed assessment.
25	"School", for purposes of provisions of this Code relating
26	to children and youth who are parents, expectant parents, or

HB2213 Engrossed - 7 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	victims of domestic or sexual violence, means without
2	limitation (i) a public or State-operated elementary or
3	secondary school; (ii) a school operated pursuant to an
4	agreement with a public school district, including a
5	cooperative or joint agreement with a governing body or board
6	of control; (iii) a charter school operating in compliance with
7	the Charter Schools Law; (iv) a school operated under Section
8	13A-3 of this Code; (v) an alternative school operated by third
9	parties within the City of Chicago under Section 13A-11 of this
10	Code; (vi) an alternative learning opportunities program
11	operated under Article 13B of this Code; or (vii) a public
12	school administered by a local public agency or the Department
13	of Human Services operating pursuant to the authority of this
14	Code.

15 "School district", for purposes of provisions of this Code 16 relating to children and youth who are parents, expectant 17 parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence, means any 18 public entity responsible for administering schools, including districts subject to Article 33 or 34 of this Code, and 19 20 includes other entities responsible for administering public 21 schools, such as cooperatives, joint agreements, charter 22 schools, special charter districts, regional offices of 23 education, local agencies, and the Department of Human 24 Services. 25 "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury,

26 <u>impairment</u>, or physical or mental condition that involves

	HB2213 Engrossed - 8 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b
1	inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical
2	care facility or continuing treatment by a health care
3	provider.
4	"Sexual assault" means any conduct of an adult or minor
5	child proscribed in Sections 11-0.1, 11-1.20, 11-1.30,
6	11-1.40, 11-1.50, and 11-1.60 of the Criminal Code of 2012,
7	including conduct committed by perpetrators who are strangers
8	to the victim and conduct committed by perpetrators who are
9	known or related by blood or marriage to the victim.
10	"Sexual violence" means sexual assault, stalking,
11	harassment, or any conduct proscribed in Subdivisions 5 and 10
12	of Article 11 of the Criminal Code of 2012.
13	"Stalking" means any conduct proscribed in Sections
14	12-7.3, 12-7.4, and 12-7.5 of the Criminal Code of 2012,
15	including stalking committed by perpetrators who are strangers
16	to the victim and stalking committed by perpetrators who are
17	known or related by blood or marriage to the victim.
18	"Student" or "pupil" means any child or youth enrolled,
19	eligible to enroll, or previously enrolled in a school who has
20	not yet received a diploma for completion of secondary
21	education, as defined in Section 22-22 of this Code.
22	"Victim" means an individual who has been subjected to one
23	or more acts of domestic or sexual violence. The individual is
24	a "victim" of domestic or sexual violence regardless of when
25	the violence occurred, whether or not the domestic or sexual
26	violence is the subject of a criminal investigation or the

HB2213 Engrossed - 9 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

perpetrator has been criminally charged or convicted of a crime, whether or not an order of protection or a no-contact order is pending before or has been issued by a court, and whether or not any domestic or sexual violence took place on school grounds during regular school hours or during a school-sponsored event.

7 <u>"Youth", except as otherwise provided in this Code, means a</u>
8 <u>child, student, or juvenile below the age of 21 years who has</u>
9 <u>not yet completed his or her prescribed course of study or has</u>
10 <u>not received a diploma for completion of secondary education,</u>
11 <u>as defined in Section 22-22 of this Code. "Youth" includes, but</u>
12 <u>is not limited to, unaccompanied youth not in the physical</u>
13 <u>custody of a parent or guardian.</u>

14The definitions under this subsection (b) apply to all15schools and school districts, including special charter16districts and districts organized under Article 33 or 34 of17this Code.

18 (Source: Laws 1961, p. 31.)

19 (105 ILCS 5/10-21.3a)

20 Sec. 10-21.3a. Transfer of students.

(a) Each school board shall establish and implement a policy governing the transfer of a student from one attendance center to another within the school district upon the request of the student's parent or guardian. Any request by a parent or guardian to transfer his or her child from one attendance HB2213 Engrossed - 10 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

center to another within the school district pursuant to 1 2 Section 1116 of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education 3 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 6316) must be made no later than 30 days after the parent or guardian receives notice of the right 4 5 to transfer pursuant to that law. A student may not transfer to any of the following attendance centers, except by change in 6 residence if the policy authorizes enrollment based on 7 8 residence in an attendance area or unless approved by the board 9 on an individual basis:

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(1) An attendance center that exceeds or as a result of the transfer would exceed its attendance capacity.

12 (2) An attendance center for which the board has established academic criteria for enrollment 13 if the 14 student does not meet the criteria, provided that the 15 transfer must be permitted if the attendance center is the 16 only attendance center serving the student's grade that has 17 not been identified for school improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under Section 1116 of the federal 18 19 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 20 Sec. 6316).

(3) Any attendance center if the transfer would prevent
the school district from meeting its obligations under a
State or federal law, court order, or consent decree
applicable to the school district.

25 (b) Each school board shall establish and implement a 26 policy governing the transfer of students within a school district from a persistently dangerous school to another public school in that district that is not deemed to be persistently dangerous. In order to be considered a persistently dangerous school, the school must meet all of the following criteria for 2 consecutive years:

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(1) Have greater than 3% of the students enrolled in the school expelled for violence-related conduct.

8 (2) Have one or more students expelled for bringing a 9 firearm to school as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921.

10 (3) Have at least 3% of the students enrolled in the
11 school exercise the individual option to transfer schools
12 pursuant to subsection (c) of this Section.

13 (c) A student may transfer from one public school to another public school in that district if the student is a 14 15 victim of a violent crime as defined in Section 3 of the Rights 16 of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The violent crime must have 17 occurred on school grounds during regular school hours or during a school-sponsored event. A student who is a victim of 18 domestic or sexual violence, regardless of when the violence 19 20 occurred, whether or not the domestic or sexual violence is the 21 subject of a criminal investigation or the student's 22 perpetrator has been criminally charged or convicted, or 23 whether the domestic or sexual violence occurred on school 24 grounds during regular school hours or during a 25 school-sponsored event, shall be permitted to transfer schools immediately and as needed, including to a school in another 26

HB2213 Engrossed - 12 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	school district, if the student's continued attendance at a
2	particular school facility or location poses a risk to his or
3	her mental or physical well-being or safety. School districts
4	shall waive tuition for children and youth who transfer into a
5	school district in which the child or youth is a nonresident to
6	accommodate the mental and physical well-being or safety
7	concerns of the youth who is a victim of domestic or sexual
8	violence. A student who transfers due to domestic or sexual
9	violence must have full access to extracurricular activities
10	and any programs or activities offered by or under the auspices
11	of the school to which the student has transferred. No adverse
12	or prejudicial effects may result to any student who is a
13	victim of domestic or sexual violence because of his or her
14	availing himself or herself of or declining the provisions of
15	this Section.

16 (d) Transfers made pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of 17 this Section shall be made in compliance with the federal No 18 Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110).

19 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09.)

20 (105 ILCS 5/10-22.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6)

Sec. 10-22.6. Suspension or expulsion of pupils; school searches.

(a) To expel pupils guilty of gross disobedience or
 misconduct, including gross disobedience or misconduct
 perpetuated by electronic means, and no action shall lie

against them for such expulsion. Expulsion shall take place 1 2 only after the parents have been requested to appear at a meeting of the board, or with a hearing officer appointed by 3 it, to discuss their child's behavior. Such request shall be 4 5 made by registered or certified mail and shall state the time, place and purpose of the meeting. The board, or a hearing 6 7 officer appointed by it, at such meeting shall state the 8 reasons for dismissal and the date on which the expulsion is to 9 become effective. If a hearing officer is appointed by the 10 board he shall report to the board a written summary of the 11 evidence heard at the meeting and the board may take such 12 action thereon as it finds appropriate. An expelled pupil may 13 be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this Code. A pupil 14 15 must not be denied transfer because of the expulsion, except in 16 cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the 17 safety of students or staff in the alternative program.

(b) To suspend or by policy to authorize the superintendent 18 19 of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean 20 of students of any school to suspend pupils quilty of gross disobedience or misconduct, or to suspend pupils guilty of 21 22 gross disobedience or misconduct on the school bus from riding 23 the school bus, and no action shall lie against them for such policy 24 suspension. The board may by authorize the 25 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant 26 principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend pupils

quilty of such acts for a period not to exceed 10 school days. 1 2 If a pupil is suspended due to gross disobedience or misconduct 3 on a school bus, the board may suspend the pupil in excess of 10 school days for safety reasons. Any suspension shall be 4 5 reported immediately to the parents or quardian of such pupil 6 along with a full statement of the reasons for such suspension and a notice of their right to a review. The school board must 7 8 be given a summary of the notice, including the reason for the 9 suspension and the suspension length. Upon request of the 10 parents or quardian the school board or a hearing officer 11 appointed by it shall review such action of the superintendent 12 or principal, assistant principal, or dean of students. At such 13 review the parents or quardian of the pupil may appear and 14 discuss the suspension with the board or its hearing officer. 15 If a hearing officer is appointed by the board he shall report 16 to the board a written summary of the evidence heard at the 17 meeting. After its hearing or upon receipt of the written report of its hearing officer, the board may take such action 18 19 as it finds appropriate. A pupil who is suspended in excess of 20 20 school days may be immediately transferred to an alternative program in the manner provided in Article 13A or 13B of this 21 22 Code. A pupil must not be denied transfer because of the 23 suspension, except in cases in which such transfer is deemed to cause a threat to the safety of students or staff in the 24 25 alternative program.

26 (b-5) In all suspension and expulsion proceedings, a

HB2213 Engrossed - 15 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	student may raise his or her status as a parent, expectant
2	parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence, which shall
3	be considered as a mitigating factor in determining whether to
4	suspend or expel a student or in deciding the nature or
5	severity of the disciplinary action at any time throughout the
6	proceedings. An advocate or representative of the student's
7	choice must be permitted to represent the student throughout
8	the proceedings and to consult with the school board whenever
9	there is evidence that the student's status as a parent,
10	expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence may
11	be a factor in the cause for expulsion or suspension. A student
12	who raises his or her status as a victim of domestic or sexual
13	violence shall not be required to work out the problem directly
14	with the perpetrator or the perpetrator's advocate or
15	representative, be personally questioned or cross-examined by
16	the perpetrator or the perpetrator's advocate or
17	representative, have any contact with the perpetrator or the
18	perpetrator's advocate or representative, or be in the same
19	room as the perpetrator or the perpetrator's advocate or
20	representative during the proceedings. Suspension or expulsion
21	proceedings must be conducted independently from any ongoing
22	criminal investigation or proceeding, and lack of pursuit of
23	criminal investigations or proceedings shall not be a factor in
24	school disciplinary decisions. This subsection (b-5) applies
25	to all schools and school districts, including special charter
26	districts and districts organized under Article 33 or 34 of

HB2213 Engrossed - 16 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 this Code.

(c) The Department of Human Services shall be invited to
send a representative to consult with the board at such meeting
whenever there is evidence that mental illness may be the cause
for expulsion or suspension.

6 (d) The board may expel a student for a definite period of 7 time not to exceed 2 calendar years, as determined on a case by 8 case basis. A student who is determined to have brought one of 9 the following objects to school, any school-sponsored activity 10 or event, or any activity or event that bears a reasonable 11 relationship to school shall be expelled for a period of not 12 less than one year:

13 (1) A firearm. For the purposes of this Section, 14 "firearm" means any gun, rifle, shotgun, weapon as defined by Section 921 of Title 18 of the United States Code, 15 firearm as defined in Section 1.1 of the Firearm Owners 16 17 Identification Card Act, or firearm as defined in Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012. The expulsion period 18 19 under this subdivision (1) may be modified by the 20 superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may 21 be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

(2) A knife, brass knuckles or other knuckle weapon
regardless of its composition, a billy club, or any other
object if used or attempted to be used to cause bodily
harm, including "look alikes" of any firearm as defined in
subdivision (1) of this subsection (d). The expulsion

HB2213 Engrossed - 17 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

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requirement under this subdivision (2) may be modified by the superintendent, and the superintendent's determination may be modified by the board on a case-by-case basis.

Expulsion or suspension shall be construed in a manner 4 5 consistent with the Federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act. A student who is subject to suspension or 6 7 expulsion as provided in this Section may be eligible for a 8 transfer to an alternative school program in accordance with 9 Article 13A of the School Code. The provisions of this 10 subsection (d) apply in all school districts, including special 11 charter districts and districts organized under Article 34.

12 (d-5) The board may suspend or by regulation authorize the 13 superintendent of the district or the principal, assistant principal, or dean of students of any school to suspend a 14 15 student for a period not to exceed 10 school days or may expel 16 a student for a definite period of time not to exceed 2 17 calendar years, as determined on a case by case basis, if (i) that student has been determined to have made an explicit 18 19 threat on an Internet website against a school employee, a 20 student, or any school-related personnel, (ii) the Internet website through which the threat was made is a site that was 21 22 accessible within the school at the time the threat was made or 23 was available to third parties who worked or studied within the 24 school grounds at the time the threat was made, and (iii) the 25 threat could be reasonably interpreted as threatening to the 26 safety and security of the threatened individual because of his 1 or her duties or employment status or status as a student 2 inside the school. The provisions of this subsection (d-5) 3 apply in all school districts, including special charter 4 districts and districts organized under Article 34 of this 5 Code.

6 (e) To maintain order and security in the schools, school 7 authorities may inspect and search places and areas such as 8 lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and 9 equipment owned or controlled by the school, as well as 10 personal effects left in those places and areas by students, 11 without notice to or the consent of the student, and without a 12 search warrant. As a matter of public policy, the General 13 Assembly finds that students have no reasonable expectation of privacy in these places and areas or in their personal effects 14 15 left in these places and areas. School authorities may request 16 the assistance of law enforcement officials for the purpose of 17 conducting inspections and searches of lockers, desks, parking lots, and other school property and equipment owned or 18 19 controlled by the school for illegal drugs, weapons, or other 20 illegal or dangerous substances or materials, including 21 searches conducted through the use of specially trained dogs. 22 If a search conducted in accordance with this Section produces 23 evidence that the student has violated or is violating either 24 the law, local ordinance, or the school's policies or rules, such evidence may be seized by school authorities, 25 and 26 disciplinary action may be taken. School authorities may also HB2213 Engrossed - 19 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 turn over such evidence to law enforcement authorities. The 2 provisions of this subsection (e) apply in all school 3 districts, including special charter districts and districts 4 organized under Article 34.

5 (f) Suspension or expulsion may include suspension or 6 expulsion from school and all school activities and a 7 prohibition from being present on school grounds.

8 (q) A school district may adopt a policy providing that if 9 a student is suspended or expelled for any reason from any 10 public or private school in this or any other state, the 11 student must complete the entire term of the suspension or 12 expulsion in an alternative school program under Article 13A of 13 this Code or an alternative learning opportunities program under Article 13B of this Code before being admitted into the 14 15 school district if there is no threat to the safety of students 16 or staff in the alternative program. A school district that 17 adopts such a policy must include a provision allowing for consideration of a student's status as a parent, expectant 18 19 parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence as a 20 mitigating factor in reviews during the disciplinary period and 21 exempting on a case-by-case basis those students whose status 22 as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual 23 violence is a factor in the behavior that gives rise to the 24 suspension or expulsion. This subsection (g) applies to all school districts, including special charter districts and 25 26 districts organized under Article 33 or 34 of this Code.

HB2213 Engrossed - 20 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	(h) If a pupil is faced with either (i) suspension from
2	school due to gross disobedience or misconduct or suspension
3	from riding a school bus due to gross disobedience or
4	misconduct on the school bus as provided in this Section or
5	(ii) expulsion due to gross disobedience or misconduct as
6	provided in this Section and if there is a relationship between
7	the behavior that gives rise to the suspension or expulsion
8	proceedings and the pupil's status as a parent, expectant
9	parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence, then the
10	suspension or expulsion requirement may be modified by the
11	district superintendent on a case-by-case basis. This
12	subsection (h) applies to all schools and school districts,
13	including special charter districts and districts organized
14	under Article 33 or 34 of this Code.
15	(Source: P.A. 96-633, eff. 8-24-09; 96-998, eff. 7-2-10;

16 (boarder find bo bos, eff. 0 21 05, 50 550, eff. 7 2 10, 16 97-340, eff. 1-1-12; 97-495, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12; 17 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)

(105 ILCS 5/10-22.6a) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-22.6a) 18 10-22.6a. 19 Sec. То provide by home instruction, 20 correspondence courses or otherwise courses of instruction for 21 pupils who are unable to attend school because of pregnancy and 22 pregnancy-related conditions, the fulfillment of parenting 23 obligations related to the health of the pupil's child, or 24 health or safety concerns arising from domestic or sexual 25 violence. Such instruction shall be provided to the pupil (1)

before the birth of the child when the pupil's health care 1 2 provider physician has indicated to the district, in writing, 3 that the pupil is medically unable to attend regular classroom instruction, and (2) for up to 3 months following the birth of 4 5 the child or a miscarriage, (3) to care for the pupil's ill child when the child's health care provider has indicated to 6 the district, in writing, that the pupil's child has a serious 7 health condition, that the pupil is needed to provide care to 8 9 this child, and that alternative care for the child that is adequate and affordable <u>is unavailable, or (4) to treat</u> 10 11 physical or mental health complications or address safety 12 concerns arising from domestic or sexual violence when the pupil's domestic or sexual violence organization or health care 13 14 provider has indicated to the school or school district, in writing, that such care is needed and will cause an absence for 15 16 2 or more consecutive weeks of school.

The instruction course shall be designed to offer educational experiences that are equivalent to those given to pupils at the same grade level in the district and that are designed to enable the pupil to return to the classroom.

Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if a pupil is unable to attend regular classes because of the reasons set forth in this Section and if the pupil has participated in instruction under this Section that is administered by the school or school district, then the pupil must not be penalized for grading purposes nor be denied course completion, a return HB2213 Engrossed - 22 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

to regular classroom instruction, grade level advancement, or 1 2 graduation solely on the basis of the pupil's participation in 3 instruction under this Section or the pupil's absence from the regular education program during the period of instruction 4 5 under this Section. Schools and school districts shall not use instruction under this Section in lieu of making reasonable 6 7 accommodations so that children and youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence 8 9 can receive regular classroom instruction.

- 10 (Source: P.A. 84-1430.)
- 11 (105 ILCS 5/10-30 new)

12 Sec. 10-30. Review and revision of policies. All schools 13 and school districts shall review all existing policies and 14 procedures and revise any existing policies and procedures that 15 may act as a barrier to the immediate enrollment and 16 re-enrollment, attendance, graduation, and success in school of any youth who is a parent, expectant parent, or victim of 17 18 domestic or sexual violence or any policies or procedures that 19 may compromise a criminal investigation relating to domestic or 20 sexual violence or re-victimize the youth. School districts shall adopt new policies and procedures, as needed, to 21 22 implement this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly and 23 to ensure that immediate and effective steps are taken to 24 respond to youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence. School districts shall confer 25

HB2213 Engrossed - 23 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	with persons with expertise in youth who are parents and
2	expectant parents and with persons with expertise in youth who
3	are victims of domestic and sexual violence, including domestic
4	and sexual violence organizations, in the review and revision
5	of existing policies and procedures and the adoption and
6	implementation of new policies and procedures, including those
7	related to confidentiality, parental involvement, and a
8	youth's health or safety-related concerns in connection with
9	notifying a parent or guardian; the development and
10	distribution of materials related to such youth, including
11	outreach to youth not in school; ensuring that all materials
12	are age appropriate and culturally sensitive; and ensuring that
13	youth are notified of and understand the policies and
14	procedures, such as how and to whom to report any incident of
15	domestic or sexual violence. School districts shall take all
16	actions necessary to comply with this Section no later than
17	July 1, 2014 and every 2 years after July 1, 2014.

18 (105 ILCS 5/10-35 new)

Sec. 10-35. Confidentiality. School districts shall adopt and implement a policy and protocol to ensure that all information concerning a youth's status and related experiences as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence provided to the school or school district or its employees or agents pursuant to this Code or otherwise, including a statement of the youth or any other HB2213 Engrossed - 24 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

documentation, record, or corroborating evidence and the fact 1 2 that the youth has requested or obtained assistance, 3 accommodations, or services pursuant to this Code, shall be retained in the strictest confidence by the school or school 4 5 district or its employees or agents and shall not be disclosed to any other individual, including any other employee, except 6 to the extent that disclosure is (i) requested or consented to 7 8 in writing by the youth or the youth's parent or quardian, if 9 it is safe to obtain written consent of the youth's parent or 10 guardian, or (ii) otherwise required by applicable federal or 11 State law. Prior to disclosing information about a student's 12 status as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence, the school shall notify the student and 13 14 discuss and address any safety concerns related to such disclosure, including instances where the student indicates or 15 16 the school or school district or its employees or agents are 17 otherwise aware that the student's health or safety may be at risk if disclosed to the student's parent or legal guardian. No 18 19 youth shall be required to testify publicly concerning his or 20 her status as a victim of domestic or sexual violence, allegations of domestic or sexual violence, his or her status 21 22 as a parent or expectant parent, or the youth's efforts to 23 enforce any of his or her rights under provisions in this Code 24 relating to youth who are parents, expectant parents, or 25 victims of domestic or sexual violence.

26 In the case of domestic or sexual violence, the person

HB2213 Engrossed - 25 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	named to be the perpetrator, the perpetrator's family, or any
2	other person named by the youth or named by the youth's parent
3	or guardian to be unsafe to contact must not be contacted to
4	verify the abuse. The perpetrator, the perpetrator's family, or
5	any other person named by the youth or the youth's parent or
6	guardian to be unsafe must not be contacted for any other
7	reason without written permission of the youth or written
8	permission of the youth's parent or guardian. Permission of the
9	youth's parent or quardian shall not be pursued when the youth
10	alleges that his or her health or safety would be threatened if
11	the school or school district contacts the youth's parent or
12	guardian to obtain written permission. School districts shall
13	take all actions necessary to comply with this Section no later
14	than January 1, 2014.

15 (105 ILCS 5/10-40 new)

16 <u>Sec. 10-40. Ombudsperson.</u>

17	<u>(a) Each school district shall designate or appoint at</u>
18	least one staff person at each school in the district who is
19	employed at least half-time at the school and who is a school
20	social worker, psychologist, counselor, nurse, or
21	administrator trained to address in a culturally competent,
22	confidential, and sensitive manner the needs of children and
22 23	confidential, and sensitive manner the needs of children and youth who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of
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25 Designated or appointed staff shall be responsible for,

HB2213 Engrossed - 26 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	without limitation, all of the following activities:
2	(1) Communicating with and listening to youth who are
3	parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or
4	sexual violence.
5	(2) Connecting such youth to appropriate in-school
6	services and other agencies, programs, and services as
7	needed.
8	(3) Coordinating and monitoring the implementation of
9	the school and school district's policies, procedures, and
10	protocols in cases involving student allegations of
11	domestic or sexual violence.
12	(4) Coordinating and monitoring the implementation of
13	the school and school district's policies, procedures, and
14	protocols as set forth in provisions of this Code
15	concerning students who are parents, expectant parents, or
16	victims of domestic or sexual violence.
17	(5) Assisting such youth in their efforts to exercise
18	and preserve their rights as set forth in provisions of
19	this Code concerning students who are parents, expectant
20	parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence.
21	(6) Assisting in providing staff development to
22	establish a positive and sensitive learning environment
23	for such youth.
24	(b) Designated or appointed staff shall (i) be trained to
25	understand, provide information and referrals, and address
26	issues pertaining to youth who are parents, expectant parents,

HB2213 Engrossed - 27 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

or victims of domestic or sexual violence, including the 1 2 theories and dynamics of domestic and sexual violence, the 3 necessity for confidentiality and the law, policy, procedures, 4 and protocols implementing confidentiality, and the 5 notification of such youth's parent or quardian regarding the youth's status as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of 6 7 domestic or sexual violence or the enforcement of such youth's 8 rights under this Code when such notice of the youth's status 9 or the involvement of such youth's parent or quardian may put 10 the health or safety of the youth at risk; or (ii) at a 11 minimum, have participated in an in-service training program 12 under subsection (d) of Section 10-22.39 of this Code within the 12 months prior to designation or appointment. 13

14 (c) School districts shall designate or appoint and train all ombudspersons, and such personnel shall assist in 15 16 implementing the duties described in this Section no later than 17 April 1, 2014, except in those school districts where there exists a collective bargaining agreement at the time this 18 19 Section becomes effective and where implementation of this 20 Section would be a violation of that collective bargaining 21 agreement on or before April 1, 2014. In the event 22 implementation of some activities required under this Section 23 is prevented by an existing collective bargaining agreement, 24 school districts must comply with this Section to the fullest 25 extent allowed by the existing collective bargaining agreement no later than April 1, 2014. In those instances where a 26

HB2213 Engrossed - 28 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1	collective ba	argaining a	greement,	which	either	fully	or
2	partially pre	events full	implement	tation o	of this	Secti	on,
3	expires after	April 1, 201	14, school	distric	ts shall	design	ate
4	or appoint and	train all or	nbudspersor	ns, who s	hall imp	lement	the
5	duties descril	oed in this	Section no	later t	than the	effect.	ive
6	date of the		ective ba				
7	immediately s				•		
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0	<u>effect at the</u>	<u>LTHE CHIS Sec</u>	SCION DECOM	les ellec	LIVE.		

9 <u>(d) This Section applies to all schools and school</u> 10 <u>districts, including special charter schools and districts and</u> 11 <u>schools and districts organized under Article 33 or 34 of this</u> 12 <u>Code.</u>

13 (105 ILCS 5/10-45 new)

14 <u>Sec. 10-45. Accommodations and services.</u>

15 (a) To facilitate the full participation of youth who are 16 parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence, schools and school districts shall provide these 17 18 youth with reasonable accommodations and adjustments in school policy and practice, in-school support services, access to 19 20 non-school based support services, and the ability to make up 21 work missed on account of circumstances related to the youth's 22 status as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or 23 sexual violence. Victims of domestic or sexual violence shall 24 have access to these accommodations and services regardless of 25 when or where the violence for which they are seeking

HB2213 Engrossed - 29 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 accommodations or services occurred. All accommodations and 2 services shall be continued for as long as necessary to 3 maintain the mental and physical well-being and safety of the 4 youth.

5 (b) Reasonable accommodations and adjustments shall include, but not be limited to, the provision of sufficiently 6 private settings to ensure confidentiality and time off from 7 class for meetings with counselors or other service providers; 8 9 assisting the youth in creating a student success plan; transfer of the victim of domestic or sexual violence or the 10 11 student perpetrator to a different classroom or school; change 12 of seating assignment; implementation of in-school, school grounds, and bus safety procedures; honoring court orders, 13 14 including orders of protection and no-contact orders; and any 15 other accommodation that may facilitate the full participation in the regular education program of youth who are parents, 16 17 expectant parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence.

(c) If a youth who is a parent, expectant parent, or victim 18 19 of domestic or sexual violence is at risk of academic failure 20 or displays poor academic performance, the youth or the youth's 21 parent or guardian may request that the school and school 22 district provide the youth with or refer the youth to education 23 and support services designed to assist the youth in meeting 24 State learning standards. Schools and school districts may 25 either provide education or support services directly or may collaborate with public or private State, local, or 26

HB2213 Engrossed - 30 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 community-based organizations or agencies that provide these 2 services. Schools and school districts shall also assist youth 3 who are parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or 4 sexual violence in accessing the support services of non-school 5 based organizations and agencies where such youth typically 6 receive services in the community.

7 (d) Any youth who is unable, because of circumstances 8 related to the youth's status as a parent, expectant parent, or 9 victim of domestic or sexual violence, to participate in 10 classes on a particular day or days or at a particular time of 11 day must be excused from any examination or any study or work 12 assignments on such particular day or days or at such particular time of day. It is the responsibility of the 13 14 teachers and of the school administrative personnel and officials to make available to each youth who is unable to 15 16 participate because of circumstances related to the youth's 17 status as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence a meaningful opportunity to make up any 18 19 examination, study, or work requirements that he or she has 20 missed because of such inability to participate on any 21 particular day or days or at any particular time of day.

22 <u>Costs assessed by a school or school district on youth for</u> 23 <u>participation in such activities shall be considered savable</u> 24 <u>fees for any youth whose parents or guardians are unable to</u> 25 <u>afford them, consistent with the provisions of Section 10-20.13</u> 26 <u>of this Code. School districts shall adopt written policies and</u> HB2213 Engrossed - 31 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

procedures for waiver of such fees in accordance with rules
 adopted by the State Board of Education.

3 (e) When a school or school district employee or agent becomes aware of or suspects a youth's status as a parent, 4 5 expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence, it is the responsibility of the employee or agent of the school or 6 7 school district to inform the youth of the available services and accommodations at school and in the community that may 8 9 assist the youth in maintaining his or her full educational 10 participation and his or her successful performance. The school 11 or school district employee or agent shall also refer the youth 12 to the school district's specially trained personnel as set forth in Section 10-40 of this Code. Respecting youth privacy, 13 14 confidentiality, mental and physical health, and safety shall 15 be the paramount concern.

16 (f) Schools shall honor a youth's decision to obtain 17 education and support services, accommodations, and non-school based support services, to terminate the receipt of such 18 19 services, or to decline participation in such services. No 20 youth is obligated to use education and support services, accommodations, or non-school based support services. In 21 22 developing accommodations, adjustments, or educational support 23 services, the privacy, mental and physical health, and safety 24 of the youth shall be the paramount concern. No adverse or 25 prejudicial effects may result to any youth because of his or her availing himself or herself of or declining the provisions 26

HB2213 Engrossed - 32 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 of this Section.

2 (g) Any support services must be available to youth
3 receiving education and support services in any school or by
4 home or hospital instruction.

5 <u>(h)</u> Individual, peer, group, and family counseling 6 services or psychotherapy shall be available consistent with 7 <u>the provisions of the Mental Health and Developmental</u> 8 Disabilities Code.

9

(105 ILCS 5/13A-11)

10 Sec. 13A-11. Chicago public schools.

(a) The Chicago Board of Education may establish alternative schools within Chicago and may contract with third parties for services otherwise performed by employees, including those in a bargaining unit, in accordance with Sections 34-8.1, 34-18, and 34-49.

(b) Alternative schools operated by third parties within
Chicago shall be exempt from all provisions of the School Code,
except provisions concerning:

19

Student civil rights;

- 20 (2) Staff civil rights;
- 21 (3) Health and safety;
- 22 (4) Performance and financial audits;
- 23 (5) The Illinois Goals Assessment Program;
- 24 (6) Chicago learning outcomes;
- 25 (7) Sections 2-3.25a through 2-3.25j of the School

Code; 1 2 (8) The Inspector General; and 3 (9) Section 34-2.4b of the School Code; and. (10) Children and youth who are parents, expectant 4 5 parents, or victims of domestic or sexual violence. (Source: P.A. 89-383, eff. 8-18-95; 89-636, eff. 8-9-96.) 6

7 (105 ILCS 5/26-2a) (from Ch. 122, par. 26-2a)

Sec. 26-2a. A "truant" is defined as a child subject to 8 9 compulsory school attendance and who is absent without valid 10 cause from such attendance for a school day or portion thereof.

11 "Valid cause" for absence shall be illness, attendance at 12 pregnancy-related medical appointments, observance of а religious holiday, death in the immediate family, 13 family fulfillment of the student's parenting 14 emergency, responsibilities (including, but not limited to, arranging and 15 16 providing child care, caring for the student's sick child, and attending medical appointments for the student's child), or 17 18 addressing circumstances resulting from domestic or sexual violence (including, but not limited to, experiencing domestic 19 20 or sexual violence, recovering from physical or psychological 21 injuries, seeking medical attention, seeking services from a 22 domestic or sexual victim services organization, seeking psychological or other counseling, participating in safety 23 24 planning, temporarily or permanently relocating, seeking legal assistance or remedies, or taking other actions to increase the 25

HB2213 Engrossed - 34 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 <u>safety or health of the student or to protect the student from</u> 2 <u>future domestic or sexual violence</u>) and shall include such 3 other situations beyond the control of the student as 4 determined by the board of education in each district, or such 5 other circumstances which cause reasonable concern to the 6 parent <u>or the student</u> for the safety or health of the student.

7 "Chronic or habitual truant" shall be defined as a child 8 who is subject to compulsory school attendance and who is 9 absent without valid cause from such attendance for 5% or more 10 of the previous 180 regular attendance days.

"Truant minor" is defined as a chronic truant to whom supportive services, including prevention, diagnostic, intervention and remedial services, alternative programs and other school and community resources have been provided and have failed to result in the cessation of chronic truancy, or have been offered and refused.

17 A "dropout" is defined as any child enrolled in grades 9 through 12 whose name has been removed from the district 18 19 enrollment roster for any reason other than the student's 20 death, extended illness, removal for medical non-compliance, 21 expulsion, aging out, graduation, or completion of a program of 22 studies and who has not transferred to another public or 23 private school and is not known to be home-schooled by his or her parents or guardians or continuing school in another 24 25 country.

26 "Religion" for the purposes of this Article, includes all

HB2213 Engrossed - 35 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b aspects of religious observance and practice, as well as 1 2 belief. (Source: P.A. 96-1423, eff. 8-3-10; 97-218, eff. 7-28-11.) 3 4 (105 ILCS 5/27A-5) 5 Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements. 6 (a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian, 7 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter 8 school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit 9 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois. 10

11 (b) A charter school may be established under this Article 12 by creating a new school or by converting an existing public school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning 13 on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 14 15 General Assembly, in all new applications submitted to the 16 State Board or a local school board to establish a charter school in a city having a population exceeding 500,000, 17 operation of the charter school shall be limited to one campus. 18 19 The changes made to this Section by this amendatory Act of the 20 93rd General Assembly do not apply to charter schools existing 21 or approved on or before the effective date of this amendatory 22 Act.

(c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school HB2213 Engrossed - 36 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open
 Meetings Act.

3 (d) A charter school shall comply with all applicable
4 health and safety requirements applicable to public schools
5 under the laws of the State of Illinois.

6 (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a 7 charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a 8 charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, 9 instructional materials, and student activities.

10 (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the 11 management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but 12 not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an 13 14 outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. Annually, by December 1, every charter school must 15 16 submit to the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the 17 Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. 18

(g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in the School Code governing public schools and local school board policies, except the following:

(1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of the School Code
 regarding criminal history records checks and checks of the
 Statewide Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and

HB2213 Engrossed

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- 37 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

Violent Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for 1 2 employment; (2) Sections 24-24 and 34-84A of the School Code 3 regarding discipline of students; 4 5 (3) The Local Governmental and Governmental Employees 6 Tort Immunity Act; 7 (4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit 8 Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of 9 officers, directors, employees, and agents; 10 (5) The Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act; 11 (6) The Illinois School Student Records Act; 12 (7) Section 10-17a of the School Code regarding school 13 report cards; and (8) The P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act; 14 15 and. 16 (9) All provisions concerning students who are 17 parents, expectant parents, or victims of domestic or 18 sexual violence. 19 The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) 20 is declaratory of existing law. 21 (h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a 22 school district, the governing body of a State college or 23 university or public community college, or any other public or for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a 24 25 school building and grounds or any other real property or

facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert

HB2213 Engrossed - 38 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and 1 2 maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, 3 activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. 4 5 However, a charter school that is established on or after the 6 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General 7 Assembly and that operates in a city having a population 8 exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to 9 manage or operate the school during the period that commences 10 on the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd 11 General Assembly and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 12 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this 13 Section, a school district may charge a charter school reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, 14 15 grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter 16 school contracts with a school district shall be provided by 17 the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body 18 19 of a State college or university or public community college 20 shall be provided by the public entity at cost.

(i) In no event shall a charter school that is established by converting an existing school or attendance center to charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other costs for the operation and maintenance of school district HB2213 Engrossed - 39 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject 2 to negotiation between the charter school and the local school 3 board and shall be set forth in the charter.

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(j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or grade level.

6 (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission,
7 then the Commission charter school is its own local education
8 agency.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-104, eff. 1-1-10; 96-105, eff. 7-30-09; 10 96-107, eff. 7-30-09; 96-734, eff. 8-25-09; 96-1000, eff. 11 7-2-10; 97-152, eff. 7-20-11; 97-154, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 12 7-13-12.)

13 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.24)

14 Sec. 34-18.24. Transfer of students.

15 The board shall establish and implement a policy (a) 16 governing the transfer of a student from one attendance center to another within the school district upon the request of the 17 18 student's parent or guardian. Any request by a parent or quardian to transfer his or her child from one attendance 19 20 center to another within the school district pursuant to 21 Section 1116 of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education 22 Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. Sec. 6317) must be made no later than 30 days after the parent or quardian receives notice of the right 23 24 to transfer pursuant to that law. A student may not transfer to 25 any of the following attendance centers, except by change in 1 residence if the policy authorizes enrollment based on 2 residence in an attendance area or unless approved by the board 3 on an individual basis:

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5

(1) An attendance center that exceeds or as a result of the transfer would exceed its attendance capacity.

(2) An attendance center for which the board has 6 7 established academic criteria for enrollment if the 8 student does not meet the criteria, provided that the 9 transfer must be permitted if the attendance center is the 10 only attendance center serving the student's grade that has 11 not been identified for school improvement, corrective 12 action, or restructuring under Section 1116 of the federal 13 Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 14 Sec. 6317).

15 (3) Any attendance center if the transfer would prevent
16 the school district from meeting its obligations under a
17 State or federal law, court order, or consent decree
18 applicable to the school district.

19 (b) The board shall establish and implement a policy 20 governing the transfer of students within the school district 21 from a persistently dangerous attendance center to another 22 attendance center in that district that is not deemed to be 23 persistently dangerous. In order to be considered а 24 persistently dangerous attendance center, the attendance 25 center must meet all of the following criteria for 2 26 consecutive years:

HB2213 Engrossed - 41 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

(1) Have greater than 3% of the students enrolled in 1 2 the attendance center expelled for violence-related 3 conduct.

(2) Have one or more students expelled for bringing a 4 5 firearm to school as defined in 18 U.S.C. 921.

(3) Have at least 3% of the students enrolled in the 6 7 attendance center exercise the individual option to 8 transfer attendance centers pursuant to subsection (c) of 9 this Section.

(c) A student may transfer from one attendance center to 10 11 another attendance center within the district if the student is 12 a victim of a violent crime as defined in Section 3 of the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act. The violent crime 13 14 must have occurred on school grounds during regular school 15 hours or during a school-sponsored event. A student who is a 16 victim of domestic or sexual violence, regardless of when the 17 violence occurred, whether or not the domestic or sexual violence is the subject of a criminal investigation or the 18 19 student's perpetrator has been criminally charged or convicted of a crime, whether or not an order of protection or a 20 no-contact order is pending before or issued by a court, and 21 22 whether or not any domestic or sexual violence took place on 23 school grounds during regular school hours or during a 24 school-sponsored event, shall be permitted to transfer schools 25 immediately and as needed, including to another school district, if the student's continued attendance at a particular 26

HB2213 Engrossed - 42 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

school facility or location poses a risk to his or her mental 1 2 or physical well-being or safety. School districts shall waive 3 tuition for youth who transfer into a school district in which the youth is a nonresident to accommodate the mental or 4 5 physical well-being or safety concerns of the youth who is a victim of domestic or sexual violence. A student who transfers 6 7 due to domestic or sexual violence must have full access to extracurricular activities and any programs or activities 8 9 offered by or under the auspices of the school to which the 10 student has transferred. No adverse or prejudicial effects may 11 result to any student who is a victim of domestic or sexual 12 violence.

13 (d) Transfers made pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) of 14 this Section shall be made in compliance with the federal No 15 Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (Public Law 107-110).

16 (Source: P.A. 92-604, eff. 7-1-02; 93-633, eff. 12-23-03.)

Section 10. The Illinois School Student Records Act is amended by changing Section 5 as follows:

19 (105 ILCS 10/5) (from Ch. 122, par. 50-5)

Sec. 5. (a) A parent or any person specifically designated as a representative by a parent shall have the right to inspect and copy all school student permanent and temporary records of that parent's child, except where a student is a parent, expectant parent, or victim of domestic or sexual violence. All HB2213 Engrossed - 43 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

information concerning a student's status and related 1 2 experiences as a parent, expectant parent, or victim of 3 domestic or sexual violence, including a statement of the student or any other documentation, record, or corroborating 4 5 evidence and the fact that the student has requested or obtained assistance, accommodations, or services related to 6 that status, shall be retained in the strictest confidence. The 7 information contained in the student's permanent or temporary 8 9 record may be disclosed if, prior to disclosing the information 10 about a student's status as a parent, expectant parent, or 11 victim of domestic or sexual violence, the school or school 12 district notifies the student and discusses and addresses any health or safety concerns related to such disclosure. If the 13 14 health or safety concerns cannot be satisfied to the student's satisfaction, the information concerning the student's status 15 16 and related experiences as a parent, expectant parent, or 17 victim of domestic or sexual violence shall not be disclosed as part of the student's permanent or temporary record. A student 18 19 shall have the right to inspect and copy his or her school 20 student permanent record. No person who is prohibited by an order of protection from inspecting or obtaining school records 21 22 of a student pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 23 1986, as now or hereafter amended, shall have any right of access to, or inspection of, the school records of that 24 25 student. If a school's principal or person with like 26 responsibilities or his designee has knowledge of such order of

HB2213 Engrossed - 44 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

1 protection, the school shall prohibit access or inspection of 2 the student's school records by such person.

3 (b) Whenever access to any person is granted pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section, at the option of either the 4 5 parent or the school a qualified professional, who may be a psychologist, counsellor or other advisor, and who may be an 6 7 employee of the school or employed by the parent, may be present to interpret the information contained in the student 8 9 temporary record. If the school requires that a professional be 10 present, the school shall secure and bear any cost of the 11 presence of the professional. If the parent so requests, the 12 school shall secure and bear any cost of the presence of a 13 professional employed by the school.

(c) A parent's or student's request to inspect and copy records, or to allow a specifically designated representative to inspect and copy records, must be granted within a reasonable time, and in no case later than 15 school days after the date of receipt of such request by the official records custodian.

(d) The school may charge its reasonable costs for the copying of school student records, not to exceed the amounts fixed in schedules adopted by the State Board, to any person permitted to copy such records, except that no parent or student shall be denied a copy of school student records as permitted under this Section 5 for inability to bear the cost of such copying. HB2213 Engrossed - 45 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

Nothing contained in this Section 5 shall 1 make (e) 2 available to a parent or student confidential letters and statements of recommendation furnished in connection with 3 applications for employment to a post-secondary educational 4 5 institution or the receipt of an honor or honorary recognition, provided such letters and statements are not used for purposes 6 7 other than those for which they were specifically intended, and 8 (1) were placed in a school student record prior to 9 January 1, 1975; or 10 (2) the student has waived access thereto after being 11 advised of his right to obtain upon request the names of 12 all such persons making such confidential recommendations. 13 (f) Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to 14 impair or limit the confidentiality of: (1) Communications otherwise protected by law as 15 16 privileged or confidential, including but not limited to, 17 information communicated in confidence to a physician, psychologist or other psychotherapist, school social 18 worker, school counselor, school psychologist, or school 19 social worker, school counselor, or school psychologist 20 21 intern who works under the direct supervision of a school 22 social worker, school counselor, or school psychologist;

23

or

(2) Information which is communicated by a student or
 parent in confidence to school personnel; or

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(3) Information which is communicated by a student,

HB2213 Engrossed - 46 - LRB098 07459 NHT 37527 b

parent, or guardian to a law enforcement professional
 working in the school, except as provided by court order.

3 (g) No school employee shall be subjected to adverse 4 employment action, the threat of adverse employment action, or 5 any manner of discrimination because the employee is acting or 6 has acted to protect communications as privileged or 7 confidential pursuant to applicable provisions of State or 8 federal law or rule or regulation.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-628, eff. 1-1-10.)

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.