

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB3279

by Rep. Elgie R. Sims, Jr.

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/12C-30

was 720 ILCS 5/33D-1

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Enhances the penalties for contributing to the delinquency of a minor and contributing to the criminal delinquency of a minor.

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CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

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1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing

 Section 12C-30 as follows:
- 6 (720 ILCS 5/12C-30) (was 720 ILCS 5/33D-1)
- Sec. 12C-30. Contributing to the delinquency or criminal delinquency of a minor.
 - (a) Contributing to the delinquency of a minor. A person commits contributing to the delinquency of a minor when he or she knowingly: (1) causes, aids, or encourages a minor to be or to become a delinquent minor; or (2) does acts which directly tend to render any minor so delinquent.
 - (b) Contributing to the criminal delinquency of a minor. A person of the age of 21 years and upwards commits contributing to the criminal delinquency of a minor when he or she, with the intent to promote or facilitate the commission of an offense solicits, compels or directs a minor in the commission of the offense that is either: (i) a felony when the minor is under the age of 17 years; or (ii) a misdemeanor when the minor is under the age of 18 years.
- (c) "Delinquent minor" means any minor who prior to his or her 17th birthday has violated or attempted to violate,

1	regardless of where the act occurred, any federal or State law
2	or county or municipal ordinance, and any minor who prior to
3	his or her 18th birthday has violated or attempted to violate,
4	regardless of where the act occurred, any federal or State law
5	or county or municipal ordinance classified as a misdemeanor
6	offense.
7	(d) Sentence.
8	(1) A violation of subsection (a) is a Class $\underline{4}$ felony \underline{A}
9	misdemeanor.
10	(2) A violation of subsection (b) is:
11	(i) a Class $\underline{\mathtt{B}}$ $\underline{\mathtt{C}}$ misdemeanor if the offense
12	committed is a petty offense or a business offense;
13	(ii) (blank); a Class B misdemeanor if the offense
14	<pre>committed is a Class C misdemeanor;</pre>
15	(iii) a Class A misdemeanor if the offense
16	committed is a <u>Class C misdemeanor or a</u> Class B
17	misdemeanor;
18	(iv) a Class $\underline{3}$ 4 felony if the offense committed is
19	a Class A misdemeanor;
20	(v) a Class $2 + 3$ felony if the offense committed is
21	a Class 4 felony;
22	(vi) a Class $\underline{1}$ $\underline{2}$ felony if the offense committed is
23	a Class 3 felony;
24	(vii) <u>(blank)</u> a Class 1 felony if the offense
25	committed is a Class 2 felony; and
26	(viii) a Class X felony if the offense committed is

- a <u>Class 2 felony</u>, a Class 1 felony, or a Class X felony.
- 3 (3) A violation of subsection (b) incurs the same 4 penalty as first degree murder if the committed offense is 5 first degree murder.
- 6 (e) The husband or wife of the defendant shall be a
 7 competent witness to testify in any case under this Section and
 8 to all matters relevant thereto.
- 9 (Source: P.A. 97-1109, eff. 1-1-13.)