

98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2013 and 2014 HB3287

by Rep. Dan Brady

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

705 ILCS 405/2-17 750 ILCS 5/601.5 from Ch. 37, par. 802-17

Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that the Department of Children and Family Services shall develop and distribute to all guardians ad litem a bibliography containing information on parental alienation behaviors. Amends the Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage Act. Provides that the training for guardians ad litem shall include a component on the dynamics of parental alienation behaviors and its effect on parents and children.

LRB098 08425 RLC 38531 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

1 AN ACT concerning guardians ad litem.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by changing Section 2-17 as follows:
- 6 (705 ILCS 405/2-17) (from Ch. 37, par. 802-17)
- 7 Sec. 2-17. Guardian ad litem.
- 8 (1) Immediately upon the filing of a petition alleging that
 9 the minor is a person described in Sections 2-3 or 2-4 of this
- 10 Article, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the
- 11 minor if:
- 12 (a) such petition alleges that the minor is an abused 13 or neglected child; or
- (b) such petition alleges that charges alleging the commission of any of the sex offenses defined in Article 11 or in Sections 11-1.20, 11-1.30, 11-1.40, 11-1.50, 11-1.60, 12-13, 12-14, 12-14.1, 12-15 or 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012, have been filed against a defendant in any court and that such minor is the alleged victim of the acts of defendant in the
- 21 commission of such offense.
- 22 Unless the guardian ad litem appointed pursuant to this
- 23 paragraph (1) is an attorney at law he shall be represented in

- the performance of his duties by counsel. The guardian ad litem shall represent the best interests of the minor and shall present recommendations to the court consistent with that duty.
 - (2) Before proceeding with the hearing, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor if
 - (a) no parent, guardian, custodian or relative of the minor appears at the first or any subsequent hearing of the case;
 - (b) the petition prays for the appointment of a quardian with power to consent to adoption; or
 - (c) the petition for which the minor is before the court resulted from a report made pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act.
 - (3) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem for the minor whenever it finds that there may be a conflict of interest between the minor and his parents or other custodian or that it is otherwise in the minor's best interest to do so.
 - (4) Unless the guardian ad litem is an attorney, he shall be represented by counsel.
 - (5) The reasonable fees of a guardian ad litem appointed under this Section shall be fixed by the court and charged to the parents of the minor, to the extent they are able to pay. If the parents are unable to pay those fees, they shall be paid from the general fund of the county.
- 25 (6) A guardian ad litem appointed under this Section, shall receive copies of any and all classified reports of child abuse

- and neglect made under the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting

 Act in which the minor who is the subject of a report under the

 Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, is also the minor for

 whom the guardian ad litem is appointed under this Section.
 - (7) The appointed guardian ad litem shall remain the child's guardian ad litem throughout the entire juvenile trial court proceedings, including permanency hearings and termination of parental rights proceedings, unless there is a substitution entered by order of the court.
 - (8) The guardian ad litem or an agent of the guardian ad litem shall have a minimum of one in-person contact with the minor and one contact with one of the current foster parents or caregivers prior to the adjudicatory hearing, and at least one additional in-person contact with the child and one contact with one of the current foster parents or caregivers after the adjudicatory hearing but prior to the first permanency hearing and one additional in-person contact with the child and one contact with one of the current foster parents or caregivers each subsequent year. For good cause shown, the judge may excuse face-to-face interviews required in this subsection.
 - (9) In counties with a population of 100,000 or more but less than 3,000,000, each guardian ad litem must successfully complete a training program approved by the Department of Children and Family Services. The Department of Children and Family Services shall provide training materials and documents to guardians ad litem who are not mandated to attend the

- 1 training program. The Department of Children and Family
- 2 Services shall develop and distribute to all guardians ad litem
- 3 a bibliography containing information including but not
- 4 limited to the juvenile court process, termination of parental
- 5 rights, child development, medical aspects of child abuse,
- 6 parental alienation behaviors, and the child's need for safety
- 7 and permanence.
- 8 (Source: P.A. 96-1551, eff. 7-1-11; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13.)
- 9 Section 10. The Illinois Marriage and Dissolution of
- 10 Marriage Act is amended by changing Section 601.5 as follows:
- 11 (750 ILCS 5/601.5)
- 12 Sec. 601.5. Training. The chief circuit judge or designated
- presiding judge may approve 3 hours of training for guardians
- 14 ad litem appointed under Section 601 of this Act, professional
- personnel appointed under Section 604 of this Act, evaluators
- appointed under Section 604.5 of this Act, and investigators
- appointed under Section 605 of this Act. This training shall
- 18 include a component on the dynamics of domestic violence and
- 19 parental alienation behaviors and their its effect on parents
- and children.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 94-377, eff. 7-29-05; 95-331, eff. 8-21-07.)