## 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

## State of Illinois

# 2013 and 2014

#### HB3335

by Rep. John D. Cavaletto

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

35 ILCS 5/203

from Ch. 120, par. 2-203

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Provides that, beginning with taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2013 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2018, an amount equal to 50% of the amount of expenses incurred by the taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to be used for greenhouse purposes may be deducted from the taxpayer's adjusted gross income. Provides that the taxpayer may elect to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in the next taxable year.

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FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by 5 changing Section 203 as follows:

6 (35 ILCS 5/203) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-203)

7 Sec. 203. Base income defined.

8 (a) Individuals.

9 (1) In general. In the case of an individual, base 10 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's adjusted 11 gross income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph 12 (2).

13 (2) Modifications. The adjusted gross income referred
14 to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the
15 sum of the following amounts:

16 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 17 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 18 19 in the computation of adjusted gross income, except 20 dividends of qualified public stock utilities 21 described in Section 305(e) of the Internal Revenue 22 Code;

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(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by

1 this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in 2 the computation of adjusted gross income for the 3 taxable year;

(C) An amount equal to the amount received during 4 5 the taxable year as a recovery or refund of real 6 property taxes paid with respect to the taxpayer's 7 principal residence under the Revenue Act of 1939 and 8 for which a deduction was previously taken under 9 subparagraph (L) of this paragraph (2) prior to July 1, 10 1991, the retrospective application date of Article 4 11 of Public Act 87-17. In the case of multi-unit or 12 multi-use structures and farm dwellings, the taxes on 13 taxpayer's principal residence shall be that the 14 portion of the total taxes for the entire property 15 which is attributable to such principal residence;

16 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 17 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 18 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 19 computation of adjusted gross income;

20 (D-5) An amount, to the extent not included in 21 adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of money 22 withdrawn by the taxpayer in the taxable year from a 23 medical care savings account and the interest earned on 24 the account in the taxable year of a withdrawal 25 pursuant to subsection (b) of Section 20 of the Medical 26 Care Savings Account Act or subsection (b) of Section 1

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20 of the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000;

(D-10) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs that the individual deducted in computing adjusted gross income and for which the individual claims a credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

7 (D-15) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 8 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 9 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 10 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 11 Internal Revenue Code;

12 (D-16) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 13 otherwise disposes of property for which the or 14 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 15 addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then 16 amount equal to the aggregate amount of the an 17 deductions taken all taxable in years under 18 subparagraph (Z) with respect to that property.

19 If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the 20 21 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 22 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 23 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 24 modification under subparagraph (Z), then an amount 25 equal to that subtraction modification.

26 The taxpayer is required to make the addition

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modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

3 (D-17) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 4 5 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 6 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 8 member of the same unitary business group but for the 9 fact that foreign person's business activity outside 10 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 11 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 12 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 13 who would be a member of the same unitary business 14 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 15 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 16 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 17 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 18 19 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 20 extent that dividends were included in base income of 21 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 22 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 23 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 24 25 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in 26 gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue

Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

4 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 6 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 7 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 8 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 9 with respect to such interest; or

10 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 11 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 12 the taxpayer can establish, based on a 13 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 14 following:

15(a) the person, during the same taxable16year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest17to a person that is not a related member, and

18 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 19 interest expense between the taxpayer and the 20 person did not have as a principal purpose the 21 avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid 22 pursuant to a contract or agreement that 23 reflects an arm's-length interest rate and 24 terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on
 clear and convincing evidence, that the interest

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paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

12 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 13 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 14 15 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 16 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 17 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards 18 19 by which the Department will utilize its authority 20 under Section 404 of this Act;

(D-18) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same

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unitary business group but for the fact that the 1 2 foreign person's business activity outside the United 3 States is 80% or more of that person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 6 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 7 8 from being included in the unitary business group 9 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 10 business income under different subsections of Section 11 304. The addition modification required by this 12 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 13 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 14 group for the same taxable year and received by the 15 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 16 business group (including amounts included in gross 17 income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under 18 19 Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect 20 to the stock of the same person to whom the intangible 21 expenses and costs were directly or indirectly paid, 22 incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not 23 apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under 24 25 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) of this Act. As used in this 26 subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs"

includes (1) expenses, losses, and costs for, or 1 2 related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, 3 maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of intangible property; (2) 4 5 losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from 6 factoring transactions or discounting transactions; 7 (3) royalty, patent, technical, and copyright fees; 8 (4) licensing fees; and (5) other similar expenses and 9 costs. For purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible 10 property" includes patents, patent applications, trade 11 names, trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask 12 works, trade secrets, and similar types of intangible 13 assets.

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

15 (i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 18 19 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 20 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or 21

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following: 1

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(a) the person during the same taxable year paid, accrued, or incurred, the intangible expense or cost to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the intangible expense or cost between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; or

12 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 13 incurred, directly paid, accrued, or or 14 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 15 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 16 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 17 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative 18 19 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

20 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 21 Director from making any other adjustment 22 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 23 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 24 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 25 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 26 and such regulations provide methods and standards

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by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

3 (D-19) For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 4 5 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 6 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 7 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary 8 9 business group but for the fact that the person is 10 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 11 included in the unitary business group because he or 12 is ordinarily required to apportion business she income under different subsections of Section 304. The 13 14 addition modification required by this subparagraph 15 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 16 included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 17 18 member of the taxpayer's unitary business qroup 19 (including amounts included in gross income under 20 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 21 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 22 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 23 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 24 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 25 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 26

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modification required under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) or Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) of this Act.

3 (D-20) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 4 5 2006, in the case of a distribution from a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution from a 8 College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 of the 9 State Treasurer Act or (ii) a distribution from the 10 Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, an amount equal to 11 the amount excluded from gross income under Section 12 529(c)(3)(B). For taxable years beginning on or after 13 January 1, 2007, in the case of a distribution from a 14 qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the 15 Internal Revenue Code, other than (i) a distribution 16 from a College Savings Pool created under Section 16.5 17 of the State Treasurer Act, (ii) a distribution from the Illinois Prepaid Tuition Trust Fund, or (iii) a 18 19 distribution from a qualified tuition program under 20 Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that (I) adopts and determines that its offering materials 21 22 comply with the College Savings Plans Network's 23 disclosure principles and (II) has made reasonable 24 efforts to inform in-state residents of the existence 25 of in-state qualified tuition programs by informing 26 Illinois residents directly and, where applicable, to

1 inform financial intermediaries distributing the program to inform in-state residents of the existence in-state qualified tuition programs of at least annually, an amount equal to the amount excluded from gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(B).

For the purposes of this subparagraph (D-20), a 6 7 qualified tuition program has made reasonable efforts 8 if it makes disclosures (which may use the term 9 "in-state program" or "in-state plan" and need not 10 specifically refer to Illinois or its qualified 11 programs by name) (i) directly to prospective 12 participants in its offering materials or makes a 13 public disclosure, such as a website posting; and (ii) 14 where applicable, to intermediaries selling the 15 out-of-state program in the same manner that the 16 out-of-state program distributes its offering 17 materials;

(D-21) For taxable years beginning on or after 18 19 January 1, 2007, in the case of transfer of moneys from 20 a qualified tuition program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code that is administered by the State 21 22 to an out-of-state program, an amount equal to the 23 amount of moneys previously deducted from base income 24 under subsection (a) (2) (Y) of this Section;

25 (D-22) For taxable years beginning on or after 26 January 1, 2009, in the case of a nonqualified

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withdrawal or refund of moneys from a qualified tuition 1 2 program under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code 3 administered by the State that is not used for expenses eligible 4 qualified at an education 5 institution, an amount equal to the contribution component of the nonqualified withdrawal or refund 6 7 that was previously deducted from base income under 8 subsection (a)(2)(y) of this Section, provided that 9 the withdrawal or refund did not result from the 10 beneficiary's death or disability;

(D-23) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 16 following amounts:

17 (E) For taxable years ending before December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in respect of 18 19 any compensation (including but not limited to any 20 compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman while a 21 prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 22 resident by reason of being on active duty in the Armed 23 Forces of the United States and in respect of any 24 compensation paid or accrued to a resident who as a 25 governmental employee was a prisoner of war or missing 26 in action, and in respect of any compensation paid to a

resident in 1971 or thereafter for annual training 1 2 performed pursuant to Sections 502 and 503, Title 32, 3 United States Code as a member of the Illinois National Guard or, beginning with taxable years ending on or 4 5 after December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any 6 other state. For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2001, any amount included in such total in 8 respect of any compensation (including but not limited 9 to any compensation paid or accrued to a serviceman 10 while a prisoner of war or missing in action) paid to a 11 resident by reason of being a member of any component 12 of the Armed Forces of the United States and in respect 13 of any compensation paid or accrued to a resident who 14 as a governmental employee was a prisoner of war or 15 missing in action, and in respect of any compensation 16 paid to a resident in 2001 or thereafter by reason of 17 being a member of the Illinois National Guard or, 18 beginning with taxable years ending on or after 19 December 31, 2007, the National Guard of any other 20 state. The provisions of this subparagraph (E) are 21 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(F) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a), 402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a), and 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, or included in such total as distributions under the provisions of any retirement or disability plan for employees of any governmental agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

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(G) The valuation limitation amount;

(H) An amount equal to the amount of any tax imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer and included in such total for the taxable year;

(I) An amount equal to all amounts included in such total pursuant to the provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a recovery of items previously deducted from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income;

16 (J) An amount equal to those dividends included in 17 such total which were paid by a corporation which 18 conducts business operations in а River Edae 19 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 20 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act, and conducts 21 substantially all of its operations in a River Edge 22 Redevelopment Zone or zones. This subparagraph (J) is 23 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in
 such total that were paid by a corporation that
 conducts business operations in a federally designated

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Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (J) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (K);

(L) For taxable years ending after December 31, 1983, an amount equal to all social security benefits and railroad retirement benefits included in such total pursuant to Sections 72(r) and 86 of the Internal Revenue Code;

12 (M) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 13 under subparagraph (N), an amount equal to the sum of 14 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 15 171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, 16 and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and 17 disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 18 19 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 20 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, for taxable years ending on or after 21 22 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 23 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 24 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 25 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 26 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the

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provisions of Section 250;

2 (N) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 3 total which are exempt from taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the United States; provided that, in the case of any 6 7 statute of this State that exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 8 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 10 of bond premium amortization;

11 (O) An amount equal to any contribution made to a 12 job training project established pursuant to the Tax 13 Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

14 (P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 15 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 16 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 17 the Internal Revenue Code or of any itemized deduction 18 19 taken from adjusted gross income in the computation of 20 taxable income for restoration of substantial amounts 21 held under claim of right for the taxable year;

22 (Q) An amount equal to any amounts included in such 23 total, received by the taxpayer as an acceleration in 24 the payment of life, endowment or annuity benefits in 25 advance of the time they would otherwise be payable as 26 an indemnity for a terminal illness;

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(R) An amount equal to the amount of any federal orState bonus paid to veterans of the Persian Gulf War;

3 (S) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of a contribution 4 5 made in the taxable year on behalf of the taxpayer to a 6 medical care savings account established under the 7 Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 to the extent the 8 9 contribution is accepted by the account administrator 10 as provided in that Act;

(T) An amount, to the extent included in adjusted gross income, equal to the amount of interest earned in the taxable year on a medical care savings account established under the Medical Care Savings Account Act or the Medical Care Savings Account Act of 2000 on behalf of the taxpayer, other than interest added pursuant to item (D-5) of this paragraph (2);

18 (U) For one taxable year beginning on or after 19 January 1, 1994, an amount equal to the total amount of 20 tax imposed and paid under subsections (a) and (b) of 21 Section 201 of this Act on grant amounts received by 22 the taxpayer under the Nursing Home Grant Assistance 23 Act during the taxpayer's taxable years 1992 and 1993;

(V) Beginning with tax years ending on or after
 December 31, 1995 and ending with tax years ending on
 or before December 31, 2004, an amount equal to the

amount paid by a taxpayer who is a self-employed 1 2 taxpayer, a partner of a partnership, or a shareholder 3 in a Subchapter S corporation for health insurance or long-term care insurance for that taxpayer or that 4 taxpayer's spouse or dependents, to the extent that the 5 amount paid for that health insurance or long-term care 6 insurance may be deducted under Section 213 of the 7 8 Internal Revenue Code, has not been deducted on the 9 federal income tax return of the taxpayer, and does not 10 exceed the taxable income attributable to that 11 taxpayer's income, self-employment income, or 12 S corporation income; Subchapter except that no 13 deduction shall be allowed under this item (V) if the 14 taxpayer is eligible to participate in any health 15 insurance or long-term care insurance plan of an 16 employer of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse. The 17 amount of the health insurance and long-term care insurance subtracted under this item (V) shall be 18 19 determined by multiplying total health insurance and 20 long-term care insurance premiums paid by the taxpayer 21 the times а number that represents fractional 22 percentage of eligible medical expenses under Section 23 213 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 not actually 24 deducted on the taxpayer's federal income tax return;

25 (W) For taxable years beginning on or after January
26 1, 1998, all amounts included in the taxpayer's federal

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gross income in the taxable year from amounts converted from a regular IRA to a Roth IRA. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(X) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 4 5 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 6 extent includible in gross income for federal income 7 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 8 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 9 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 10 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 11 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 12 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 13 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 14 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 15 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 16 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 17 during, and immediately after World War II, including, but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 18 19 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 20 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 21 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 22 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 23 provided, however, this subtraction from federal 24 adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 25 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of 26 such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall

only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of 1 2 such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 3 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 4 5 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 6 7 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 8 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 9 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 10 of Section 250:

11 (Y) For taxable years beginning on or after January 12 1, 2002 and ending on or before December 31, 2004, moneys contributed in the taxable year to a College 13 14 Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the State 15 Treasurer Act, except that amounts excluded from gross 16 income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal 17 shall not be considered Revenue Code moneys contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For taxable 18 19 years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, a maximum 20 of \$10,000 contributed in the taxable year to (i) a College Savings Pool account under Section 16.5 of the 21 22 State Treasurer Act or (ii) the Illinois Prepaid 23 Tuition Trust Fund, except that amounts excluded from 24 gross income under Section 529(c)(3)(C)(i) of the 25 Internal Revenue Code shall not be considered moneys 26 contributed under this subparagraph (Y). For purposes of this subparagraph, contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee, or matching contributions made by an employee, shall be treated as made by the employee. This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

6 (Z) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 7 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 8 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 9 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 10 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 11 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

12 (1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation 13 deduction taken for the taxable year on the 14 taxpayer's federal income tax return on property 15 for which the bonus depreciation deduction was 16 taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 17 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including 18 the bonus depreciation deduction;

19(2) for taxable years ending on or before20December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 3021and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by220.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonusdepreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted

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basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

(ii) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 1.0.

8 The amount deducted under this aggregate 9 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 10 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 11 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 12 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 13 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 14 subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of 15 Section 250;

(AA) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
or otherwise disposes of property for which the
taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then
an amount equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-15), then an amount

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equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (AA) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(BB) Any amount included in adjusted gross income, other than salary, received by a driver in a ridesharing arrangement using a motor vehicle;

10 (CC) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 11 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of that addition modification, and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 21 is required to make an addition modification with 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of that 25 addition modification. This subparagraph (CC) is 26 exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(DD) An amount equal to the interest income taken 1 into account for the taxable year 2 (net of the 3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 5 6 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different 15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17) taxable under for year 18 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 19 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (DD) 20 is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(EE) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 2 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 8 required to apportion business income under different 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(a)(2)(D-18) for 12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 14 person. This subparagraph (EE) is exempt from the 15 provisions of Section 250;

(FF) An amount equal to any amount awarded to the
taxpayer during the taxable year by the Court of Claims
under subsection (c) of Section 8 of the Court of
Claims Act for time unjustly served in a State prison.
This subparagraph (FF) is exempt from the provisions of
Section 250; and

(GG) For taxable years ending on or after December
31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to
add back any insurance premiums under Section
203(a) (2) (D-19), such taxpayer may elect to subtract
that part of a reimbursement received from the

1 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 2 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 3 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 4 5 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes the election provided for by this subparagraph (GG), 6 7 the insurer to which the premiums were paid must add 8 back to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 9 pursuant to this subparagraph (GG). This subparagraph 10 (GG) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

11 (HH) Beginning with taxable years ending on or 12 after December 31, 2013 and ending with taxable years 13 ending on or before December 31, 2018, an amount equal 14 to 50% of the amount of expenses incurred by the 15 taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of 16 a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to 17 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the 18 19 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct 20 the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in 21 the following taxable year.

22 (b) Corporations.

(1) In general. In the case of a corporation, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

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(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the following amounts:

(A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
to the taxpayer as interest and all distributions
received from regulated investment companies during
the taxable year to the extent excluded from gross
income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

12 (C) In the case of a regulated investment company, 13 an amount equal to the excess of (i) the net long-term 14 capital gain for the taxable year, over (ii) the amount 15 of the capital gain dividends designated as such in 16 accordance with Section 852(b)(3)(C) of the Internal 17 Revenue Code and any amount designated under Section Internal 18 852(b)(3)(D) of the Revenue Code, 19 attributable to the taxable year (this amendatory Act 20 of 1995 (Public Act 89-89) is declarative of existing law and is not a new enactment); 21

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

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(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss

carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending 1 prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 2 3 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), 4 5 the amount by which addition modifications other than those provided by this subparagraph (E) 6 exceeded subtraction modifications in such earlier taxable 7 year, with the following limitations applied in the 8 9 order that they are listed:

10 (i) the addition modification relating to the 11 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 12 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 13 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 14 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 15 which related to that net operating loss and which 16 was taken into account in calculating the base 17 income of an earlier taxable year, and

18 (ii) the addition modification relating to the 19 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 20 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 21 December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of 22 such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed
 independently under the preceding provisions of this
 subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

4 (E-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 5 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 6 that the corporation deducted in computing adjusted 7 gross income and for which the corporation claims a 8 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

9 (E-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 10 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 11 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 12 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 13 Internal Revenue Code;

14 (E-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 15 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 16 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an 17 addition modification under subparagraph (E-10), then amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 18 an 19 deductions taken in all taxable years under 20 subparagraph (T) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (T), then an amount 1

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equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

5 (E-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 6 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 7 8 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 9 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 10 member of the same unitary business group but for the 11 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 12 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 13 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 14 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 15 who would be a member of the same unitary business 16 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 17 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 18 19 required to apportion business income under different 20 subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 21 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 22 extent that dividends were included in base income of 23 the unitary group for the same taxable year and 24 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 25 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 26 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951

1 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 2 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 3 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 4 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 5 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

7 (i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 8 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who 9 is subject in a foreign country or state, other 10 than a state which requires mandatory unitary 11 reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income 12 with respect to such interest; or

13 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 14 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 15 the taxpayer can establish, based on а 16 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 17 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and

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terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

8 (iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 9 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 10 the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 11 evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or 12 if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing 13 to the application or use of an alternative method 14 of apportionment under Section 304(f).

15 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 16 Director from making any other adjustment 17 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for any tax year beginning after the effective date of 18 19 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 20 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 21 and such regulations provide methods and standards 22 by which the Department will utilize its authority 23 under Section 404 of this Act;

(E-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible
 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in
 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or

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incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 1 2 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 3 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 4 5 foreign person's business activity outside the United 6 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 7 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 8 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 9 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 10 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 11 from being included in the unitary business group 12 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 13 business income under different subsections of Section The addition modification required by this 14 304. 15 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 16 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 17 group for the same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 18 19 business group (including amounts included in gross 20 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 21 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 22 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 23 with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 24 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 25 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 26 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same

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dividends reduction 1 caused а to the addition 2 modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) of 3 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 4 5 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 6 7 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 8 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 9 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 10 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 11 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 12 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 13 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, 14 patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 15 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 16 similar types of intangible assets.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs 18 19 paid, accrued, incurred, directly or or 20 indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a 21 22 state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, 23 to a tax on or measured by net income with respect 24 to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost
 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

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indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

4 (a) the person during the same taxable 5 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 6 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 7 not a related member, and

8 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 9 intangible expense or cost between the 10 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 11 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 12 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 13 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 14 or

15 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 16 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 18 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 19 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 20 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 21 writing to the application or use of an alternative 22 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

23 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 24 Director from making any other adjustment 25 otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 26 any tax year beginning after the effective date of

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this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

6 (E-14) For taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 8 9 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 10 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 11 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 12 business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from 13 being 14 included in the unitary business group because he or 15 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 16 income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification required by this subparagraph 17 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 18 19 included in base income of the unitary group for the 20 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 21 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 22 (including amounts included in gross income under 23 Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 24 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 25 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 26 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were

directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) or Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) of this Act;

6 (E-15) For taxable years beginning after December 7 31, 2008, any deduction for dividends paid by a captive 8 real estate investment trust that is allowed to a real 9 estate investment trust under Section 857(b)(2)(B) of 10 the Internal Revenue Code for dividends paid;

(E-16) An amount equal to the credit allowable to the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this Act;

15 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 16 following amounts:

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

20 (G) An amount equal to any amount included in such
 21 total under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(H) In the case of a regulated investment company,
an amount equal to the amount of exempt interest
dividends as defined in subsection (b) (5) of Section
852 of the Internal Revenue Code, paid to shareholders
for the taxable year;

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(I) With the exception of any amounts subtracted 1 2 under subparagraph (J), an amount equal to the sum of 3 all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections 171(a) (2), and 265(a)(2) and amounts disallowed as 4 5 interest expense by Section 291(a)(3) of the Internal 6 Revenue Code, and all amounts of expenses allocable to 7 interest and disallowed as deductions by Section 8 265(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for 9 taxable years ending on or after August 13, 1999, 10 Sections 171(a)(2), 265, 280C, 291(a)(3), and 11 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, 12 for tax years ending on or after December 31, 2011, amounts disallowed as deductions by Section 45G(e)(3)13 14 of the Internal Revenue Code and, for taxable years 15 ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount 16 included in gross income under Section 87 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code and the policyholders' share of tax-exempt interest of a life insurance company under 18 19 Section 807(a)(2)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 20 the case of a life insurance company with gross income 21 from a decrease in reserves for the tax year) or 22 Section 807(b)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (in 23 case of a life insurance company allowed a the 24 deduction for an increase in reserves for the tax 25 year); the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 26

(J) An amount equal to all amounts included in such 1 2 total which are exempt from taxation by this State 3 either by reason of its statutes or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes of the 4 5 United States; provided that, in the case of any 6 statute of this State that exempts income derived from 7 bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under 8 this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net 9 of bond premium amortization;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 10 11 such total which were paid by a corporation which 12 conducts business operations in а River Edge 13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 15 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 16 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the 17 provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to those dividends included in 18 19 such total that were paid by a corporation that 20 conducts business operations in a federally designated 21 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 22 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 23 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in 24 subparagraph (K) of paragraph 2 of this subsection 25 shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under 26 this subparagraph (L);

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is 1 (M) taxpayer that a financial For any 2 organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of 3 this Act, an amount included in such total as interest income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a 4 5 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by eligible for the River 6 property which is Edge 7 Redevelopment Zone Investment Credit. To determine the 8 portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property 9 eligible for a Section 201(f) investment credit to the 10 borrower, the entire principal amount of the loan or 11 loans between the taxpayer and the borrower should be 12 divided into the basis of the Section 201(f) investment 13 credit property which secures the loan or loans, using 14 for this purpose the original basis of such property on 15 the date that it was placed in service in the River 16 Edge Redevelopment Zone. The subtraction modification 17 available to taxpayer in any year under this subsection shall be that portion of the total interest paid by the 18 19 borrower with respect to such loan attributable to the 20 eligible property as calculated under the previous 21 sentence. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the 22 provisions of Section 250;

(M-1) For any taxpayer that is a financial
organization within the meaning of Section 304(c) of
this Act, an amount included in such total as interest
income from a loan or loans made by such taxpayer to a

1 borrower, to the extent that such a loan is secured by 2 property which is eligible for the High Impact Business 3 Investment Credit. To determine the portion of a loan or loans that is secured by property eligible for a 4 5 Section 201(h) investment credit to the borrower, the 6 entire principal amount of the loan or loans between 7 the taxpayer and the borrower should be divided into 8 the basis of the Section 201(h) investment credit 9 property which secures the loan or loans, using for 10 this purpose the original basis of such property on the 11 date that it was placed in service in a federally 12 designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone located in 13 Illinois. No taxpayer that is eligible for the 14 deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph 15 (2) of this subsection shall be eligible for the 16 deduction provided under this subparagraph (M-1). The 17 subtraction modification available to taxpayers in any 18 year under this subsection shall be that portion of the 19 total interest paid by the borrower with respect to 20 such loan attributable to the eligible property as 21 calculated under the previous sentence;

(N) Two times any contribution made during the
taxable year to a designated zone organization to the
extent that the contribution (i) qualifies as a
charitable contribution under subsection (c) of
Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code and (ii) must,

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by its terms, be used for a project approved by the Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity under Section 11 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or under Section 10-10 of the River Edge Redevelopment Zone Act. This subparagraph (N) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

7 (O) An amount equal to: (i) 85% for taxable years ending on or before December 31, 1992, or, a percentage 8 9 equal to the percentage allowable under Section 10 243(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 for 11 taxable years ending after December 31, 1992, of the 12 amount by which dividends included in taxable income 13 and received from a corporation that is not created or 14 organized under the laws of the United States or any 15 state or political subdivision thereof, including, for 16 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 1988, 17 dividends received or deemed received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 through 965 of the Internal 18 19 Revenue Code, exceed the amount of the modification 20 provided under subparagraph (G) of paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related to such dividends, 21 22 and including, for taxable years ending on or after 23 December 31, 2008, dividends received from a captive 24 real estate investment trust; plus (ii) 100% of the 25 amount by which dividends, included in taxable income 26 and received, including, for taxable years ending on or

after December 31, 1988, dividends received or deemed 1 received or paid or deemed paid under Sections 951 2 3 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and including, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, 4 5 dividends received from a captive real estate 6 investment trust, from any such corporation specified in clause (i) that would but for the provisions of 7 Section 1504 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code be 8 9 treated as a member of the affiliated group which 10 includes the dividend recipient, exceed the amount of 11 the modification provided under subparagraph (G) of 12 paragraph (2) of this subsection (b) which is related

13 to such dividends. This subparagraph (O) is exempt from 14 the provisions of Section 250 of this Act;

(P) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

18 (Q) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 19 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 20 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 21 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 22 the Internal Revenue Code;

(R) On and after July 20, 1999, in the case of an
attorney-in-fact with respect to whom an interinsurer
or a reciprocal insurer has made the election under
Section 835 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.

835, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the 1 amounts paid or incurred by that interinsurer or 2 3 reciprocal insurer in the taxable year to the attorney-in-fact over the deduction allowed to that 4 5 interinsurer or reciprocal insurer with respect to the attorney-in-fact under Section 835(b) of the Internal 6 7 Revenue Code for the taxable year; the provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the provisions of 8 9 Section 250:

10 (S) For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 1997, in the case of a Subchapter S corporation, an 12 amount equal to all amounts of income allocable to a 13 shareholder subject to the Personal Property Tax 14 Replacement Income Tax imposed by subsections (c) and 15 (d) of Section 201 of this Act, including amounts 16 allocable to organizations exempt from federal income 17 tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue 18 Code. This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the 19 provisions of Section 250;

20 (T) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 21 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 22 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 23 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 24 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 25 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation

deduction taken for the taxable year on the taxpayer's federal income tax return on property for which the bonus depreciation deduction was taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including the bonus depreciation deduction; (2) for taxable years ending on or before

December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

11 (3) for taxable years ending after December12 31, 2005:

(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

18 (ii) for property on which a bonus 19 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 20 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 21 1.0.

The aggregate amount deducted under this subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus depreciation deduction taken on that property on the taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This
 subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 250;

4 (U) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 5 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 6 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 7 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 8 equal to that addition modification.

9 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 10 the last day of the last tax year for which the 11 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 12 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 13 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 14 modification under subparagraph (E-10), then an amount 15 equal to that addition modification.

16 The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under 17 this subparagraph only once with respect to any one 18 piece of property.

19This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the20provisions of Section 250;

(V) The amount of: (i) any interest income (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with respect to such transaction under Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12),

203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 1 2 the amount of such addition modification, (ii) any 3 income from intangible property (net of the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 4 5 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an addition modification with 6 7 such transaction Section respect to under 8 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 9 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 10 addition modification, and (iii) any insurance premium 11 income (net of deductions allocable thereto) taken 12 into account for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that is required to make an 13 14 addition modification with respect to such transaction 15 under Section 203(a)(2)(D-19), Section 16 203(b)(2)(E-14), Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), or Section 17 203(d)(2)(D-9), but not to exceed the amount of that addition modification. This subparagraph (V) is exempt 18 19 from the provisions of Section 250;

20 (W) An amount equal to the interest income taken 21 into account for the taxable year (net of the 22 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 23 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 24 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 25 the fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of that 26

person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 1 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 2 3 who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 4 5 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 6 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 7 required to apportion business income under different 8 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 9 addition modification required to be made for the same 10 taxable vear under Section 203(b)(2)(E-12) for 11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 13

14 (X) An amount equal to the income from intangible 15 property taken into account for the taxable year (net 16 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 17 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 18 19 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 20 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 21 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 22 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 23 who would be a member of the same unitary business 24 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 25 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 26 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily

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required to apportion business income under different 1 2 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 3 addition modification required to be made for the same vear under Section 203(b)(2)(E-13) 4 taxable for 5 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 6 7 This subparagraph (X) is exempt from the person. 8 provisions of Section 250;

9 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 10 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 11 add back any insurance premiums under Section 12 203(b)(2)(E-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 13 that part of a reimbursement received from the 14 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 15 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 16 company) that would have been taken into account as a 17 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 18 19 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 20 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 21 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 22 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph 23 (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

(Z) The difference between the nondeductible
 controlled foreign corporation dividends under Section
 965(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code over the taxable

income of the taxpayer, computed without regard to
 Section 965(e)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code, and
 without regard to any net operating loss deduction.
 This subparagraph (Z) is exempt from the provisions of
 Section 250.

6 (AA) Beginning with taxable years ending on or 7 after December 31, 2013 and ending with taxable years 8 ending on or before December 31, 2018, an amount equal 9 to 50% of the amount of expenses incurred by the 10 taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of 11 a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to 12 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect 13 to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the 14 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in 15 16 the following taxable year.

17 (3) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (2) (A), "gross income" in the case of a life insurance company, for 18 19 tax years ending on and after December 31, 1994, and prior to December 31, 2011, shall mean the gross investment 20 income for the taxable year and, for tax years ending on or 21 22 after December 31, 2011, shall mean all amounts included in 23 life insurance gross income under Section 803(a)(3) of the 24 Internal Revenue Code.

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(c) Trusts and estates.

1 (1) In general. In the case of a trust or estate, base 2 income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable 3 income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

4 (2) Modifications. Subject to the provisions of 5 paragraph (3), the taxable income referred to in paragraph 6 (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum of the 7 following amounts:

8 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued 9 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the 10 taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income 11 in the computation of taxable income;

(B) In the case of (i) an estate, \$600; (ii) a
trust which, under its governing instrument, is
required to distribute all of its income currently,
\$300; and (iii) any other trust, \$100, but in each such
case, only to the extent such amount was deducted in
the computation of taxable income;

(C) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by
this Act to the extent deducted from gross income in
the computation of taxable income for the taxable year;

(D) The amount of any net operating loss deduction
taken in arriving at taxable income, other than a net
operating loss carried forward from a taxable year
ending prior to December 31, 1986;

(E) For taxable years in which a net operating loss
 carryback or carryforward from a taxable year ending

prior to December 31, 1986 is an element of taxable 1 2 income under paragraph (1) of subsection (e) or 3 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (e), the amount by which addition modifications other than 4 5 those provided by this subparagraph (E) exceeded 6 subtraction modifications in such taxable year, with 7 the following limitations applied in the order that they are listed: 8

9 (i) the addition modification relating to the 10 net operating loss carried back or forward to the 11 taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to 12 December 31, 1986 shall be reduced by the amount of 13 addition modification under this subparagraph (E) 14 which related to that net operating loss and which 15 was taken into account in calculating the base 16 income of an earlier taxable year, and

(ii) the addition modification relating to the net operating loss carried back or forward to the taxable year from any taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986 shall not exceed the amount of such carryback or carryforward;

For taxable years in which there is a net operating loss carryback or carryforward from more than one other taxable year ending prior to December 31, 1986, the addition modification provided in this subparagraph (E) shall be the sum of the amounts computed

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independently under the preceding provisions of this subparagraph (E) for each such taxable year;

(F) For taxable years ending on or after January 1, 1989, an amount equal to the tax deducted pursuant to Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code if the trust or estate is claiming the same tax for purposes of the Illinois foreign tax credit under Section 601 of this Act;

9 (G) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 10 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 11 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 12 computation of taxable income;

13 (G-5) For taxable years ending after December 31, 14 1997, an amount equal to any eligible remediation costs 15 that the trust or estate deducted in computing adjusted 16 gross income and for which the trust or estate claims a 17 credit under subsection (1) of Section 201;

18 (G-10) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 19 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 20 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 21 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 22 Internal Revenue Code; and

(G-11) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons,
 or otherwise disposes of property for which the
 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an
 addition modification under subparagraph (G-10), then

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an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the deductions taken in all taxable years under subparagraph (R) with respect to that property.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through 4 5 the last day of the last tax year for which the 6 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 7 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 8 was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction 9 modification under subparagraph (R), then an amount 10 equal to that subtraction modification.

11 The taxpayer is required to make the addition 12 modification under this subparagraph only once with 13 respect to any one piece of property;

14 (G-12) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 15 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 16 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 17 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 18 19 member of the same unitary business group but for the 20 fact that the foreign person's business activity outside the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 21 22 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 23 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 24 25 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 26 under Section 1501(a) (27) from being included in the

unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 1 2 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 3 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 4 5 extent that dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and 6 7 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 8 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts 9 included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 10 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts 11 included in gross income under Section 78 of the 12 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 13 14 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or
incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who
is subject in a foreign country or state, other
than a state which requires mandatory unitary
reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income
with respect to such interest; or

22 (ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or 23 incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if 24 taxpayer can establish, based the on а 25 preponderance of the evidence, both of the 26 following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
 year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
 to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to the interest expense between the taxpayer and the person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

24Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the25Director from making any other adjustment26otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for

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any tax year beginning after the effective date of this amendment provided such adjustment is made pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department and such regulations provide methods and standards by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act;

7 (G-13) An amount equal to the amount of intangible expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in 8 9 computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 10 11 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a 12 foreign person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that the 13 14 foreign person's business activity outside the United 15 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 16 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 17 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business group but for the fact that 18 19 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 20 from being included in the unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 21 22 business income under different subsections of Section 23 304. addition modification required by this The 24 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 25 dividends were included in base income of the unitary 26 group for the same taxable year and received by the

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taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 1 2 business group (including amounts included in gross 3 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross 4 5 income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 6 7 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 8 indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding 9 sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 10 dividends caused а reduction to the addition 11 modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) of 12 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 13 "intangible expenses and costs" includes: (1)14 expenses, losses, and costs for or related to the 15 direct or indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or 16 management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other 17 disposition of intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or indirectly, from factoring 18 19 transactions or discounting transactions; (3) royalty, 20 patent, technical, and copyright fees; (4) licensing 21 fees; and (5) other similar expenses and costs. For 22 purposes of this subparagraph, "intangible property" 23 includes patents, patent applications, trade names, 24 trademarks, service marks, copyrights, mask works, 25 trade secrets, and similar types of intangible assets. 26 This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

1(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs2paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or3indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is4subject in a foreign country or state, other than a5state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,6to a tax on or measured by net income with respect7to such item; or

8 (ii) any item of intangible expense or cost 9 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 10 indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based 11 on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the 12 following:

(a) the person during the same taxable
year paid, accrued, or incurred, the
intangible expense or cost to a person that is
not a related member, and

17 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 18 intangible expense or cost between the 19 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 20 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 21 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 22 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 23 or

(iii) any item of intangible expense or cost
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the

taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

6 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 7 from making other Director any adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 8 9 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 10 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 11 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 12 and such regulations provide methods and standards 13 by which the Department will utilize its authority under Section 404 of this Act; 14

15 (G-14) For taxable years ending on or after 16 December 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of 17 insurance premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed 18 as a deduction in computing base income, and that were 19 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 20 a person who would be a member of the same unitary 21 business group but for the fact that the person is 22 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 23 included in the unitary business group because he or 24 is ordinarily required to apportion business she 25 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 26 addition modification required by this subparagraph

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shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 1 2 included in base income of the unitary group for the 3 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary business 4 group 5 (including amounts included in gross income under Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 6 7 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock 8 9 of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 10 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The 11 preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 12 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition modification required under Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) or 13 14 Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) of this Act;

15 (G-15) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 16 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 17 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 18 Act;

19 and by deducting from the total so obtained the sum of the 20 following amounts:

(H) An amount equal to all amounts included in such
total pursuant to the provisions of Sections 402(a),
402(c), 403(a), 403(b), 406(a), 407(a) and 408 of the
Internal Revenue Code or included in such total as
distributions under the provisions of any retirement
or disability plan for employees of any governmental

agency or unit, or retirement payments to retired partners, which payments are excluded in computing net earnings from self employment by Section 1402 of the Internal Revenue Code and regulations adopted pursuant thereto;

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(I) The valuation limitation amount;

7 (J) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
8 imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
9 and included in such total for the taxable year;

10 (K) An amount equal to all amounts included in 11 taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B), 12 (C), (D), (E), (F) and (G) which are exempt from 13 taxation by this State either by reason of its statutes 14 or Constitution or by reason of the Constitution, 15 treaties or statutes of the United States; provided 16 that, in the case of any statute of this State that 17 exempts income derived from bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount 18 19 exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium 20 amortization;

(L) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (K), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
171(a) (2) and 265(a) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the

Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years 1 2 ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 3 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 6 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after 7 December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 8 9 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 10 provisions of Section 250;

11 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 12 such total which were paid by a corporation which 13 business operations conducts in а River Edge 14 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 15 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 16 all of its operations in a River Edge Redevelopment 17 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (M) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(N) An amount equal to any contribution made to a
job training project established pursuant to the Tax
Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

(0) An amount equal to those dividends included in
such total that were paid by a corporation that
conducts business operations in a federally designated
Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a
High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided

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that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in subparagraph (M) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (0);

(P) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction used to compute the federal income tax credit for restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of the Internal Revenue Code;

10 (Q) For taxable year 1999 and thereafter, an amount 11 equal to the amount of any (i) distributions, to the 12 extent includible in gross income for federal income 13 tax purposes, made to the taxpayer because of his or 14 her status as a victim of persecution for racial or 15 religious reasons by Nazi Germany or any other Axis 16 regime or as an heir of the victim and (ii) items of 17 income, to the extent includible in gross income for 18 federal income tax purposes, attributable to, derived 19 from or in any way related to assets stolen from, 20 hidden from, or otherwise lost to a victim of 21 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 22 Germany or any other Axis regime immediately prior to, 23 during, and immediately after World War II, including, 24 but not limited to, interest on the proceeds receivable 25 as insurance under policies issued to a victim of 26 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi

1 Germany or any other Axis regime by European insurance 2 companies immediately prior to and during World War II; 3 provided, however, this subtraction from federal adjusted gross income does not apply to assets acquired 4 5 with such assets or with the proceeds from the sale of such assets; provided, further, this paragraph shall 6 7 only apply to a taxpayer who was the first recipient of such assets after their recovery and who is a victim of 8 9 persecution for racial or religious reasons by Nazi 10 Germany or any other Axis regime or as an heir of the 11 victim. The amount of and the eligibility for any 12 public assistance, benefit, or similar entitlement is 13 not affected by the inclusion of items (i) and (ii) of 14 this paragraph in gross income for federal income tax 15 purposes. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 16 of Section 250;

(R) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the
taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction
is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return
under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal
Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year
thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was

taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
 168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
 the bonus depreciation deduction;

4 (2) for taxable years ending on or before 5 December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 6 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 7 0.429); and

8 (3) for taxable years ending after December
9 31, 2005:

10(i) for property on which a bonus11depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted12basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by1330 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by140.429); and

15 (ii) for property on which a bonus 16 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted 17 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 18 1.0.

19 The amount deducted under this aggregate 20 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 21 22 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 23 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 24 25 subparagraph (R) is exempt from the provisions of 26 Section 250;

1 (S) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or 2 otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer 3 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 4 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 5 equal to that addition modification.

6 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 7 the last day of the last tax year for which the 8 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 9 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer 10 was required in any taxable year to make an addition 11 modification under subparagraph (G-10), then an amount 12 equal to that addition modification.

13The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under14this subparagraph only once with respect to any one15piece of property.

This subparagraph (S) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(T) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 18 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 19 20 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 21 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 22 modification with respect to such transaction under 23 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), Section 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 24 25 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any 26 income from intangible property (net of the deductions

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allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 1 2 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 3 is required to make an addition modification with such transaction under Section 4 respect to 5 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 6 7 addition modification. This subparagraph (T) is exempt 8 from the provisions of Section 250;

9 (U) An amount equal to the interest income taken 10 into account for the taxable year (net of the 11 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 12 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 13 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 14 fact the foreign person's business activity the 15 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 16 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 17 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 18 19 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 20 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 21 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 22 required to apportion business income under different 23 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 24 addition modification required to be made for the same 25 Section 203(c)(2)(G-12) taxable year under for 26 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or

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indirectly, to the same person. This subparagraph (U) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

3 (V) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net 4 5 of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to 6 transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 7 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 8 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 9 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 10 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 11 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 12 who would be a member of the same unitary business 13 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 14 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 15 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 16 required to apportion business income under different 17 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the addition modification required to be made for the same 18 19 taxable under Section 203(c)(2)(G-13) year for 20 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 21 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same foreign 22 person. This subparagraph (V) is exempt from the 23 provisions of Section 250;

(W) in the case of an estate, an amount equal to
 all amounts included in such total pursuant to the
 provisions of Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code

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as a recovery of items previously deducted by the decedent from adjusted gross income in the computation of taxable income. This subparagraph (W) is exempt from Section 250;

5 (X) an amount equal to the refund included in such 6 total of any tax deducted for federal income tax 7 purposes, to the extent that deduction was added back 8 under subparagraph (F). This subparagraph (X) is 9 exempt from the provisions of Section 250; and

10 (Y) For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 12 add back any insurance premiums under Section 203(c)(2)(G-14), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 13 14 that part of a reimbursement received from the 15 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 16 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 17 company) that would have been taken into account as a deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 18 19 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 20 the election provided for by this subparagraph (Y), the 21 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back 22 to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer 23 pursuant to this subparagraph (Y). This subparagraph (Y) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. 24

25(Z) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after26December 31, 2013 and ending with taxable years ending

on or before December 31, 2018, an amount equal to 50% 1 2 of the amount of expenses incurred by the taxpayer 3 during a taxable year for the construction of a greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to 4 5 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the 6 7 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in 8 9 the following taxable year.

10 (3)Limitation. The amount of any modification 11 otherwise required under this subsection shall, under 12 regulations prescribed by the Department, be adjusted by any amounts included therein which were properly paid, 13 14 credited, or required to be distributed, or permanently set 15 aside for charitable purposes pursuant to Internal Revenue 16 Code Section 642(c) during the taxable year.

17 (d) Partnerships.

(1) In general. In the case of a partnership, base
income means an amount equal to the taxpayer's taxable
income for the taxable year as modified by paragraph (2).

(2) Modifications. The taxable income referred to in
 paragraph (1) shall be modified by adding thereto the sum
 of the following amounts:

24 (A) An amount equal to all amounts paid or accrued
 25 to the taxpayer as interest or dividends during the

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taxable year to the extent excluded from gross income in the computation of taxable income;

(B) An amount equal to the amount of tax imposed by this Act to the extent deducted from gross income for the taxable year;

(C) The amount of deductions allowed to the partnership pursuant to Section 707 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code in calculating its taxable income;

9 (D) An amount equal to the amount of the capital 10 gain deduction allowable under the Internal Revenue 11 Code, to the extent deducted from gross income in the 12 computation of taxable income;

13 (D-5) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, an 14 amount equal to the bonus depreciation deduction taken 15 on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for the 16 taxable year under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the 17 Internal Revenue Code;

(D-6) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, 18 19 or otherwise disposes of property for which the 20 taxpayer was required in any taxable year to make an addition modification under subparagraph (D-5), then 21 22 an amount equal to the aggregate amount of the 23 deductions taken all in taxable years under 24 subparagraph (0) with respect to that property.

25 If the taxpayer continues to own property through 26 the last day of the last tax year for which the 1 taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer was allowed in any taxable year to make a subtraction modification under subparagraph (O), then an amount equal to that subtraction modification.

The taxpayer is required to make the addition modification under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property;

9 (D-7) An amount equal to the amount otherwise 10 allowed as a deduction in computing base income for 11 interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 12 indirectly, (i) for taxable years ending on or after 13 December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a 14 member of the same unitary business group but for the 15 fact the foreign person's business activity outside 16 the United States is 80% or more of the foreign 17 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 18 19 who would be a member of the same unitary business 20 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 21 22 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 23 required to apportion business income under different subsections of Section 304. The addition modification 24 25 required by this subparagraph shall be reduced to the 26 extent that dividends were included in base income of

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the unitary group for the same taxable year 1 and 2 received by the taxpayer or by a member of the 3 taxpayer's unitary business group (including amounts included in gross income pursuant to Sections 951 4 5 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the 6 7 Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the 8 same person to whom the interest was paid, accrued, or 9 incurred.

This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person who is subject in a foreign country or state, other than a state which requires mandatory unitary reporting, to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such interest; or

(ii) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

(a) the person, during the same taxable
year, paid, accrued, or incurred, the interest
to a person that is not a related member, and

(b) the transaction giving rise to theinterest expense between the taxpayer and the

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person did not have as a principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract or agreement that reflects an arm's-length interest rate and terms; or

(iii) the taxpayer can establish, based on clear and convincing evidence, that the interest paid, accrued, or incurred relates to a contract or agreement entered into at arm's-length rates and terms and the principal purpose for the payment is not federal or Illinois tax avoidance; or

(iv) an item of interest paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a person if the taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the adjustments are unreasonable; or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in writing to the application or use of an alternative method of apportionment under Section 304(f).

19 Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 20 Director from making any other adjustment otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 21 22 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 23 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 24 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 25 and such regulations provide methods and standards 26 by which the Department will utilize its authority

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under Section 404 of this Act; and

2 (D-8) An amount equal to the amount of intangible 3 expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, accrued, or 4 5 incurred, directly or indirectly, (i) for taxable 6 years ending on or after December 31, 2004, to a foreign person who would be a member of the same 7 8 unitary business group but for the fact that the 9 foreign person's business activity outside the United 10 States is 80% or more of that person's total business 11 activity and (ii) for taxable years ending on or after 12 December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of 13 the same unitary business group but for the fact that 14 the person is prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) 15 from being included in the unitary business group 16 because he or she is ordinarily required to apportion 17 business income under different subsections of Section The addition modification required by this 18 304. 19 subparagraph shall be reduced to the extent that 20 dividends were included in base income of the unitary group for the same taxable year and received by the 21 22 taxpayer or by a member of the taxpayer's unitary 23 business group (including amounts included in gross 24 income pursuant to Sections 951 through 964 of the 25 Internal Revenue Code and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code) 26

with respect to the stock of the same person to whom 1 2 the intangible expenses and costs were directly or 3 indirectly paid, incurred or accrued. The preceding sentence shall not apply to the extent that the same 4 5 dividends caused a reduction to the addition 6 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) of 7 this Act. As used in this subparagraph, the term 8 "intangible expenses and costs" includes (1) expenses, 9 losses, and costs for, or related to, the direct or 10 indirect acquisition, use, maintenance or management, 11 ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of 12 intangible property; (2) losses incurred, directly or 13 indirectly, from factoring transactions or discounting 14 transactions; (3) royalty, patent, technical, and 15 copyright fees; (4) licensing fees; and (5) other 16 similar expenses and costs. For purposes of this 17 subparagraph, "intangible property" includes patents, patent applications, trade names, trademarks, service 18 19 marks, copyrights, mask works, trade secrets, and 20 similar types of intangible assets;

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This paragraph shall not apply to the following:

(i) any item of intangible expenses or costs
paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or
indirectly, from a transaction with a person who is
subject in a foreign country or state, other than a
state which requires mandatory unitary reporting,

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to a tax on or measured by net income with respect to such item; or

(ii) any item of intangible expense or cost paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, if the taxpayer can establish, based on a preponderance of the evidence, both of the following:

8 (a) the person during the same taxable 9 year paid, accrued, or incurred, the 10 intangible expense or cost to a person that is 11 not a related member, and

12 (b) the transaction giving rise to the 13 intangible expense or cost between the 14 taxpayer and the person did not have as a 15 principal purpose the avoidance of Illinois 16 income tax, and is paid pursuant to a contract 17 or agreement that reflects arm's-length terms; 18 or

19 (iii) any item of intangible expense or cost 20 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or 21 indirectly, from a transaction with a person if the 22 taxpayer establishes by clear and convincing 23 evidence, that the adjustments are unreasonable; 24 or if the taxpayer and the Director agree in 25 writing to the application or use of an alternative 26 method of apportionment under Section 304(f);

Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the 1 2 adjustment Director from making any other otherwise allowed under Section 404 of this Act for 3 any tax year beginning after the effective date of 4 5 this amendment provided such adjustment is made 6 pursuant to regulation adopted by the Department 7 and such regulations provide methods and standards 8 by which the Department will utilize its authority 9 under Section 404 of this Act;

10 (D-9) For taxable years ending on or after December 11 31, 2008, an amount equal to the amount of insurance 12 premium expenses and costs otherwise allowed as a deduction in computing base income, and that were paid, 13 14 accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to a 15 person who would be a member of the same unitary 16 business group but for the fact that the person is 17 prohibited under Section 1501(a)(27) from being 18 included in the unitary business group because he or 19 she is ordinarily required to apportion business 20 income under different subsections of Section 304. The 21 addition modification required by this subparagraph 22 shall be reduced to the extent that dividends were 23 included in base income of the unitary group for the 24 same taxable year and received by the taxpayer or by a 25 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group 26 (including amounts included in gross income under

Sections 951 through 964 of the Internal Revenue Code 1 and amounts included in gross income under Section 78 2 3 of the Internal Revenue Code) with respect to the stock of the same person to whom the premiums and costs were 4 5 directly or indirectly paid, incurred, or accrued. The preceding sentence does not apply to the extent that 6 the same dividends caused a reduction to the addition 7 modification required under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) or 8 9 Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) of this Act;

10 (D-10) An amount equal to the credit allowable to 11 the taxpayer under Section 218(a) of this Act, 12 determined without regard to Section 218(c) of this 13 Act;

14 and by deducting from the total so obtained the following 15 amounts:

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(E) The valuation limitation amount;

(F) An amount equal to the amount of any tax
imposed by this Act which was refunded to the taxpayer
and included in such total for the taxable year;

(G) An amount equal to all amounts included in
taxable income as modified by subparagraphs (A), (B),
(C) and (D) which are exempt from taxation by this
State either by reason of its statutes or Constitution
or by reason of the Constitution, treaties or statutes
of the United States; provided that, in the case of any
statute of this State that exempts income derived from

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bonds or other obligations from the tax imposed under this Act, the amount exempted shall be the interest net of bond premium amortization;

income of the partnership 4 (H) Anv which 5 constitutes personal service income as defined in Section 1348 (b) (1) of the Internal Revenue Code (as 6 7 in effect December 31, 1981) or a reasonable allowance 8 for compensation paid or accrued for services rendered 9 by partners to the partnership, whichever is greater; 10 this subparagraph (H) is exempt from the provisions of 11 Section 250;

12 (I) An amount equal to all amounts of income 13 distributable to an entity subject to the Personal 14 Property Tax Replacement Income Tax imposed bv 15 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act 16 including amounts distributable to organizations 17 exempt from federal income tax by reason of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code; this subparagraph 18 19 (I) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

(J) With the exception of any amounts subtracted
under subparagraph (G), an amount equal to the sum of
all amounts disallowed as deductions by (i) Sections
171(a) (2), and 265(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,
and all amounts of expenses allocable to interest and
disallowed as deductions by Section 265(1) of the
Internal Revenue Code; and (ii) for taxable years

ending on or after August 13, 1999, Sections 171(a)(2), 1 265, 280C, and 832(b)(5)(B)(i) of the Internal Revenue

3 Code, plus, (iii) for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2011, Section 45G(e)(3) of the Internal 4 5 Revenue Code and, for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2008, any amount included in gross income 6 7 under Section 87 of the Internal Revenue Code; the 8 provisions of this subparagraph are exempt from the 9 provisions of Section 250;

(K) An amount equal to those dividends included in 10 11 such total which were paid by a corporation which 12 conducts business operations in а River Edge 13 Redevelopment Zone or zones created under the River 14 Edge Redevelopment Zone Act and conducts substantially 15 all of its operations from a River Edge Redevelopment 16 Zone or zones. This subparagraph (K) is exempt from the 17 provisions of Section 250;

(L) An amount equal to any contribution made to a 18 19 job training project established pursuant to the Real 20 Property Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act;

21 (M) An amount equal to those dividends included in 22 such total that were paid by a corporation that 23 conducts business operations in a federally designated 24 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone and that is designated a 25 High Impact Business located in Illinois; provided 26 that dividends eligible for the deduction provided in

subparagraph (K) of paragraph (2) of this subsection shall not be eligible for the deduction provided under this subparagraph (M);

4 (N) An amount equal to the amount of the deduction 5 used to compute the federal income tax credit for 6 restoration of substantial amounts held under claim of 7 right for the taxable year pursuant to Section 1341 of 8 the Internal Revenue Code;

9 (0) For taxable years 2001 and thereafter, for the 10 taxable year in which the bonus depreciation deduction 11 is taken on the taxpayer's federal income tax return 12 under subsection (k) of Section 168 of the Internal 13 Revenue Code and for each applicable taxable year 14 thereafter, an amount equal to "x", where:

(1) "y" equals the amount of the depreciation
deduction taken for the taxable year on the
taxpayer's federal income tax return on property
for which the bonus depreciation deduction was
taken in any year under subsection (k) of Section
168 of the Internal Revenue Code, but not including
the bonus depreciation deduction;

(2) for taxable years ending on or before
December 31, 2005, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30
and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by
0.429); and

(3) for taxable years ending after December

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(i) for property on which a bonus depreciation deduction of 30% of the adjusted basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by 30 and then divided by 70 (or "y" multiplied by 0.429); and

7 (ii) for property on which a bonus
8 depreciation deduction of 50% of the adjusted
9 basis was taken, "x" equals "y" multiplied by
10 1.0.

11 The aggregate amount deducted under this 12 subparagraph in all taxable years for any one piece of 13 property may not exceed the amount of the bonus 14 depreciation deduction taken on that property on the 15 taxpayer's federal income tax return under subsection 16 (k) of Section 168 of the Internal Revenue Code. This 17 subparagraph (0) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250; 18

(P) If the taxpayer sells, transfers, abandons, or
otherwise disposes of property for which the taxpayer
was required in any taxable year to make an addition
modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
equal to that addition modification.

If the taxpayer continues to own property through the last day of the last tax year for which the taxpayer may claim a depreciation deduction for 1 federal income tax purposes and for which the taxpayer
2 was required in any taxable year to make an addition
3 modification under subparagraph (D-5), then an amount
4 equal to that addition modification.

The taxpayer is allowed to take the deduction under this subparagraph only once with respect to any one piece of property.

This subparagraph (P) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250;

10 (Q) The amount of (i) any interest income (net of 11 the deductions allocable thereto) taken into account 12 for the taxable year with respect to a transaction with 13 a taxpayer that is required to make an addition 14 modification with respect to such transaction under 15 Section 203(a)(2)(D-17), 203(b)(2)(E-12), 16 203(c)(2)(G-12), or 203(d)(2)(D-7), but not to exceed 17 the amount of such addition modification and (ii) any income from intangible property (net of the deductions 18 19 allocable thereto) taken into account for the taxable 20 year with respect to a transaction with a taxpayer that 21 is required to make an addition modification with 22 such transaction under Section respect to 23 203(a)(2)(D-18), 203(b)(2)(E-13), 203(c)(2)(G-13), or 24 203(d)(2)(D-8), but not to exceed the amount of such 25 addition modification. This subparagraph (Q) is exempt 26 from Section 250;

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1 (R) An amount equal to the interest income taken into account for the taxable year 2 (net of the 3 deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a 4 member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for 5 the fact that the foreign person's business activity 6 7 outside the United States is 80% or more of that 8 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 9 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person 10 who would be a member of the same unitary business 11 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 12 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 13 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 14 required to apportion business income under different 15 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 16 addition modification required to be made for the same 17 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-7) for interest 18 paid, accrued, or incurred, directly or indirectly, to 19 the same person. This subparagraph (R) is exempt from 20 Section 250;

(S) An amount equal to the income from intangible property taken into account for the taxable year (net of the deductions allocable thereto) with respect to transactions with (i) a foreign person who would be a member of the taxpayer's unitary business group but for the fact that the foreign person's business activity

outside the United States is 80% or more of that 1 2 person's total business activity and (ii) for taxable 3 years ending on or after December 31, 2008, to a person who would be a member of the same unitary business 4 5 group but for the fact that the person is prohibited 6 under Section 1501(a)(27) from being included in the 7 unitary business group because he or she is ordinarily 8 required to apportion business income under different 9 subsections of Section 304, but not to exceed the 10 addition modification required to be made for the same 11 taxable year under Section 203(d)(2)(D-8) for 12 intangible expenses and costs paid, accrued, or 13 incurred, directly or indirectly, to the same person. 14 This subparagraph (S) is exempt from Section 250; and

15 (T) For taxable years ending on or after December 16 31, 2011, in the case of a taxpayer who was required to 17 insurance premiums add back any under Section 203(d)(2)(D-9), such taxpayer may elect to subtract 18 19 that part of a reimbursement received from the 20 insurance company equal to the amount of the expense or 21 loss (including expenses incurred by the insurance 22 company) that would have been taken into account as a 23 deduction for federal income tax purposes if the 24 expense or loss had been uninsured. If a taxpayer makes 25 the election provided for by this subparagraph (T), the 26 insurer to which the premiums were paid must add back

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to income the amount subtracted by the taxpayer pursuant to this subparagraph (T). This subparagraph (T) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250.

(U) Beginning with taxable years ending on or after 4 5 December 31, 2013 and ending with taxable years ending on or before December 31, 2018, an amount equal to 50% 6 7 of the amount of expenses incurred by the taxpayer during a taxable year for the construction of a 8 9 greenhouse or rehabilitation of a current facility to 10 be used for greenhouse purposes. The taxpayer may elect 11 to deduct 25% of the amount of these expenses in the 12 taxable year in which they were incurred and to deduct the remaining 25% of the amount of these expenses in 13 14 the following taxable year.

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(e) Gross income; adjusted gross income; taxable income.

16 (1) In general. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) and subsection (b) (3), for purposes of this Section 17 18 and Section 803(e), a taxpayer's gross income, adjusted 19 gross income, or taxable income for the taxable year shall 20 mean the amount of gross income, adjusted gross income or 21 taxable income properly reportable for federal income tax 22 purposes for the taxable year under the provisions of the 23 Internal Revenue Code. Taxable income may be less than 24 zero. However, for taxable years ending on or after 25 December 31, 1986, net operating loss carryforwards from

taxable years ending prior to December 31, 1986, may not 1 2 exceed the sum of federal taxable income for the taxable 3 year before net operating loss deduction, plus the excess of addition modifications over subtraction modifications 4 5 for the taxable year. For taxable years ending prior to 6 December 31, 1986, taxable income may never be an amount in excess of the net operating loss for the taxable year as 7 defined in subsections (c) and (d) of Section 172 of the 8 9 Internal Revenue Code, provided that when taxable income of 10 a corporation (other than a Subchapter S corporation), 11 trust, estate is less than zero and addition or 12 modifications, other than those provided by subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) for corporations or 13 14 subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of subsection (c) for 15 trusts and estates, exceed subtraction modifications, an 16 addition modification must be made under those 17 subparagraphs for any other taxable year to which the taxable income less than zero (net operating loss) is 18 19 applied under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code or 20 under subparagraph (E) of paragraph (2) of this subsection 21 (e) applied in conjunction with Section 172 of the Internal 22 Revenue Code.

(2) Special rule. For purposes of paragraph (1) of this
 subsection, the taxable income properly reportable for
 federal income tax purposes shall mean:

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(A) Certain life insurance companies. In the case

of a life insurance company subject to the tax imposed 1 2 by Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code, life 3 insurance company taxable income, plus the amount of distribution from pre-1984 policyholder 4 surplus 5 accounts as calculated under Section 815a of the 6 Internal Revenue Code;

7 (B) Certain other insurance companies. In the case
8 of mutual insurance companies subject to the tax
9 imposed by Section 831 of the Internal Revenue Code,
10 insurance company taxable income;

11 (C) Regulated investment companies. In the case of 12 a regulated investment company subject to the tax 13 imposed by Section 852 of the Internal Revenue Code, 14 investment company taxable income;

15 (D) Real estate investment trusts. In the case of a 16 real estate investment trust subject to the tax imposed 17 by Section 857 of the Internal Revenue Code, real 18 estate investment trust taxable income;

19 (E) Consolidated corporations. In the case of a 20 corporation which is a member of an affiliated group of corporations filing a consolidated income tax return 21 22 for the taxable year for federal income tax purposes, 23 taxable income determined as if such corporation had 24 filed a separate return for federal income tax purposes 25 for the taxable year and each preceding taxable year 26 for which it was a member of an affiliated group. For purposes of this subparagraph, the taxpayer's separate taxable income shall be determined as if the election provided by Section 243(b) (2) of the Internal Revenue Code had been in effect for all such years;

5 (F) Cooperatives. In the case of a cooperative corporation or association, the taxable income of such 6 7 organization determined in accordance with the 8 provisions of Section 1381 through 1388 of the Internal 9 Revenue Code, but without regard to the prohibition 10 against offsetting losses from patronage activities 11 against income from nonpatronage activities; except 12 that a cooperative corporation or association may make 13 an election to follow its federal income tax treatment 14 of patronage losses and nonpatronage losses. In the 15 event such election is made, such losses shall be 16 computed and carried over in a manner consistent with 17 subsection (a) of Section 207 of this Act and apportioned by the apportionment factor reported by 18 19 the cooperative on its Illinois income tax return filed 20 for the taxable year in which the losses are incurred. 21 The election shall be effective for all taxable years 22 with original returns due on or after the date of the 23 election. In addition, the cooperative may file an 24 amended return or returns, as allowed under this Act, 25 to provide that the election shall be effective for 26 losses incurred or carried forward for taxable years

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occurring prior to the date of the election. Once made, 1 2 the election may only be revoked upon approval of the 3 Director. The Department shall adopt rules setting forth requirements for documenting the elections and 4 5 any resulting Illinois net loss and the standards to be 6 used by the Director in evaluating requests to revoke elections. Public Act 96-932 is 7 declaratory of 8 existing law;

9 (G) Subchapter S corporations. In the case of: (i) 10 a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 11 an election for the taxable year under Section 1362 of 12 the Internal Revenue Code, the taxable income of such 13 corporation determined in accordance with Section 14 1363(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that 15 taxable income shall take into account those items 16 which are required by Section 1363(b)(1) of the 17 Internal Revenue Code to be separately stated; and (ii) a Subchapter S corporation for which there is in effect 18 19 a federal election to opt out of the provisions of the Subchapter S Revision Act of 1982 and have applied 20 21 instead the prior federal Subchapter S rules as in 22 effect on July 1, 1982, the taxable income of such 23 corporation determined in accordance with the federal 24 Subchapter S rules as in effect on July 1, 1982; and

(H) Partnerships. In the case of a partnership,
 taxable income determined in accordance with Section

1 703 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that taxable 2 income shall take into account those items which are 3 required by Section 703(a)(1) to be separately stated 4 but which would be taken into account by an individual 5 in calculating his taxable income.

6 (3) Recapture of business expenses on disposition of 7 asset or business. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, if in prior years income from an asset or 8 9 business has been classified as business income and in a 10 later year is demonstrated to be non-business income, then all expenses, without limitation, deducted in such later 11 12 year and in the 2 immediately preceding taxable years 13 related to that asset or business that generated the 14 non-business income shall be added back and recaptured as 15 business income in the year of the disposition of the asset 16 or business. Such amount shall be apportioned to Illinois 17 using the greater of the apportionment fraction computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for the 18 19 taxable year or the average of the apportionment fractions 20 computed for the business under Section 304 of this Act for 21 the taxable year and for the 2 immediately preceding 22 taxable years.

23 (f) Valuation limitation amount.

(1) In general. The valuation limitation amount
 referred to in subsections (a) (2) (G), (c) (2) (I) and

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(d)(2)(E) is an amount equal to:

(A) The sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of gain reportable under the provisions of Section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code) for all property in respect of which such gain was reported for the taxable year; plus

7 (B) The lesser of (i) the sum of the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amounts (to the extent consisting of 8 9 capital gain) for all property in respect of which such 10 gain was reported for federal income tax purposes for 11 the taxable year, or (ii) the net capital gain for the 12 taxable year, reduced in either case by any amount of such gain included in the amount determined under 13 14 subsection (a) (2) (F) or (c) (2) (H).

(2) Pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount.

16 (A) If the fair market value of property referred 17 to in paragraph (1) was readily ascertainable on August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for 18 19 such property is the lesser of (i) the excess of such 20 fair market value over the taxpayer's basis (for 21 determining gain) for such property on that date 22 (determined under the Internal Revenue Code as in 23 effect on that date), or (ii) the total gain realized 24 and reportable for federal income tax purposes in 25 respect of the sale, exchange or other disposition of 26 such property.

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(B) If the fair market value of property referred 1 2 to in paragraph (1) was not readily ascertainable on 3 August 1, 1969, the pre-August 1, 1969 appreciation amount for such property is that amount which bears the 4 5 same ratio to the total gain reported in respect of the property for federal income tax purposes for the 6 taxable year, as the number of full calendar months in 7 8 that part of the taxpayer's holding period for the 9 property ending July 31, 1969 bears to the number of 10 full calendar months in the taxpayer's entire holding 11 period for the property.

12 (C) The Department shall prescribe such 13 regulations as may be necessary to carry out the 14 purposes of this paragraph.

15 (g) Double deductions. Unless specifically provided 16 otherwise, nothing in this Section shall permit the same item 17 to be deducted more than once.

(h) Legislative intention. Except as expressly provided by this Section there shall be no modifications or limitations on the amounts of income, gain, loss or deduction taken into account in determining gross income, adjusted gross income or taxable income for federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, or in the amount of such items entering into the computation of base income and net income under this Act for such taxable year, whether in respect of property values as of
 August 1, 1969 or otherwise.

3 (Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-120, eff. 8-4-09; 96-198,
4 eff. 8-10-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-520, eff. 8-14-09;
5 96-835, eff. 12-16-09; 96-932, eff. 1-1-11; 96-935, eff.
6 6-21-10; 96-1214, eff. 7-22-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11; 97-507,
7 eff. 8-23-11; 97-905, eff. 8-7-12.)

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