HB5892 Engrossed

1 AN ACT concerning education.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Section
22-30 as follows:

6 (105 ILCS 5/22-30)

7 Sec. 22-30. Self-administration <u>and self-carry</u> of <u>asthma</u> 8 medication and <u>epinephrine auto-injectors</u>; <u>administration of</u> 9 <u>undesignated epinephrine auto-injectors</u> school nurse 10 administration.

(a) For the purpose of this Section only, the following
 terms shall have the meanings set forth below In this Section:

13 "Asthma inhaler" means a quick reliever asthma inhaler.
14 "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a <u>single-use device used</u>
15 <u>for the automatic injection of a pre-measured dose of</u>
16 <u>epinephrine into the human body medical device for immediate</u>
17 <u>self administration by a person at risk of anaphylaxis</u>.

Medication" 18 "Asthma medication means а medicine, 19 prescribed by (i) a physician licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, (ii) a physician assistant who has been 20 21 delegated the authority to prescribe asthma medications by his 22 or her supervising physician, or (iii) an advanced practice registered nurse who has a written collaborative agreement with 23

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1 a collaborating physician that delegates the authority to 2 prescribe asthma medications, for a pupil that pertains to the 3 pupil's asthma and that has an individual prescription label.

4 <u>"School nurse" means a registered nurse working in a school</u>
5 <u>with or without licensure endorsed in school nursing.</u>

"Self-administration" means a pupil's discretionary use of
and ability to carry his or her prescribed asthma medication or
epinephrine auto-injector.

9 <u>"Self-carry" means a pupil's ability to carry his or her</u>
 10 prescribed asthma medication or epinephrine auto-injector.

11 "Standing protocol" may be issued by (i) a physician 12 licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, (ii) a 13 physician assistant who has been delegated the authority to 14 prescribe asthma medications or epinephrine auto-injectors by his or her supervising physician, or (iii) an advanced practice 15 16 nurse who has a collaborative agreement with a collaborating 17 physician that delegates authority to issue a standing protocol for asthma medications or epinephrine auto-injectors. 18

19 <u>"Trained personnel" means any school employee or volunteer</u> 20 <u>personnel authorized in Sections 10-22.34, 10-22.34a, and</u> 21 <u>10-22.34b of this Code who has completed training under</u> 22 <u>subsection (g) of this Section to recognize and respond to</u> 23 <u>anaphylaxis.</u>

24 <u>"Undesignated epinephrine auto-injector" means an</u> 25 <u>epinephrine auto-injector prescribed in the name of a school</u> 26 <u>district, public school, or nonpublic school.</u> HB5892 Engrossed - 3 - LRB098 18523 OMW 55678 b

1 (b) A school, whether public or nonpublic, must permit the 2 self-administration <u>and self-carry</u> of <u>asthma</u> medication by a 3 pupil with asthma or the <u>self-administration and self-carry</u> use 4 of an epinephrine auto-injector by a pupil, provided that:

5 (1) the parents or quardians of the pupil provide to 6 the school (i) written authorization from the parents or 7 guardians for (A) the self-administration and self-carry 8 of asthma medication or (B) the self-carry of asthma 9 medication or (ii) for (A) the self-administration and 10 self-carry of an epinephrine auto-injector or (B) the 11 self-carry use of an epinephrine auto-injector, written 12 authorization from the pupil's physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse; and 13

(2) the parents or guardians of the pupil provide to 14 15 the school (i) the prescription label, which must contain 16 the name of the asthma medication, the prescribed dosage, 17 and the time at which or circumstances under which the asthma medication is to be administered, or (ii) for the 18 19 self-administration or self-carry use of an epinephrine 20 auto-injector, a written statement from the pupil's 21 physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice 22 registered nurse containing the following information:

23 (A) the name and purpose of the epinephrine24 auto-injector;

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(B) the prescribed dosage; and

(C) the time or times at which or the special

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circumstances under which the epinephrine
 auto-injector is to be administered.

3 The information provided shall be kept on file in the office of 4 the school nurse or, in the absence of a school nurse, the 5 school's administrator.

(b-5) A school district, public school, or nonpublic school 6 7 may authorize the provision of <u>a student-specific or</u> 8 undesignated an epinephrine auto-injector to a student or any personnel authorized under a student's Individual Health Care 9 10 Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and 11 Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 12 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student, that meets the 13 14 student's prescription on file.

15 (b-10) The school district, public school, or nonpublic 16 school may authorize a school nurse or trained personnel to do 17 following: (i) provide an undesignated epinephrine the auto-injector to a student for self-administration only or any 18 personnel authorized under a student's Individual Health Care 19 20 Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 21 22 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto-injector to the student, that meets 23 the 24 student's prescription on file; (ii) administer an 25 undesignated epinephrine auto-injector that meets the prescription on file to any student who has an Individual 26

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Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy Emergency Action 1 2 Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973 that 3 authorizes the use of epinephrine 4 an Epinephrine 5 auto-injector; and (iii) administer an undesignated 6 epinephrine auto-injector to any person student that the school 7 nurse or trained personnel in good faith professionally 8 believes is having an anaphylactic reaction.

9 (c) The school district, public school, or nonpublic school 10 must inform the parents or quardians of the pupil, in writing, 11 that the school district, public school, or nonpublic school 12 and its employees and agents, including a physician, physician 13 assistant, or advanced practice nurse providing standing 14 protocol prescription for school epinephrine or 15 auto-injectors, are to incur no liability or professional 16 discipline, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result 17 any injury arising from of the administration self administration of asthma medication 18 or use of an epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether authorization 19 20 was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician physician's assistant, or 21 physician, advanced 22 practice registered nurse. The parents or quardians of the 23 pupil must sign a statement acknowledging that the school district, public school, or nonpublic school and its employees 24 25 and agents are to incur no liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the 26

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administration self-administration of asthma medication or use 1 2 epinephrine auto-injector regardless of of an whether 3 authorization was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician, physician physician's assistant, or 4 5 advanced practice registered nurse and that the parents or 6 quardians must indemnify and hold harmless the school district, 7 public school, or nonpublic school and its employees and agents 8 against any claims, except a claim based on willful and wanton 9 conduct, arising out of the administration self administration 10 of asthma medication or use of an epinephrine auto-injector 11 regardless of whether authorization was given by the pupil's 12 parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician, physician 13 physician's assistant, or advanced practice registered nurse.

14 (c-5) Upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly, when When a school nurse or trained 15 16 personnel administers an undesignated epinephrine 17 auto-injector to a person student whom the school nurse or trained personnel in good faith professionally believes is 18 having an anaphylactic reaction, notwithstanding the lack of 19 20 notice to the parents or guardians of the pupil or the absence of the parents or guardians signed statement acknowledging no 21 22 liability, except for willful and wanton conduct, the school 23 district, public school, or nonpublic school and its employees 24 and agents, and including a physician, a physician assistant, 25 or an advanced practice nurse providing standing protocol or prescription 26 for undesignated school epinephrine

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auto-injectors, are to incur no liability or professional 1 2 discipline, except for willful and wanton conduct, as a result of any injury arising from the use of an undesignated 3 epinephrine auto-injector regardless of whether authorization 4 5 was given by the pupil's parents or guardians or by the pupil's physician physician's assistant, or 6 physician, advanced 7 practice registered nurse.

8 (d) The permission for self-administration <u>and self-carry</u> 9 of <u>asthma</u> medication or <u>the self-administration and self-carry</u> 10 use of an epinephrine auto-injector is effective for the school 11 year for which it is granted and shall be renewed each 12 subsequent school year upon fulfillment of the requirements of 13 this Section.

(e) Provided that the requirements of this Section are 14 15 fulfilled, a pupil with asthma may self-administer and 16 self-carry possess and use his or her asthma medication or a 17 pupil may self-administer and self-carry possess and use an epinephrine auto-injector (i) while in school, (ii) while at a 18 school-sponsored activity, (iii) while under the supervision 19 20 of school personnel, or (iv) before or after normal school activities, such as while in before-school or after-school care 21 22 on school-operated property.

23 (e-5) Provided that the requirements of this Section are 24 fulfilled, a school nurse or trained personnel may administer 25 an undesignated epinephrine auto-injector to any person whom 26 the school nurse or trained personnel in good faith believes to HB5892 Engrossed - 8 - LRB098 18523 OMW 55678 b

be having an anaphylactic reaction (i) while in school, (ii) 1 2 while at a school-sponsored activity, (iii) while under the supervision of school personnel, or (iv) before or after normal 3 4 school activities, such as while in before-school or 5 after-school care on school-operated property. A school nurse or trained personnel may carry undesignated epinephrine 6 7 auto-injectors on his or her person while in school or at a 8 school-sponsored activity.

9 (f) The school district, public school, or nonpublic school 10 may maintain at a school in a locked, secure location a supply 11 of undesignated epinephrine auto-injectors in any secure location where an allergic person is most at risk, including, 12 13 but not limited to, classrooms and lunchrooms. A physician, a physician assistant who has been delegated prescriptive 14 authority for asthma medication or epinephrine auto-injectors 15 16 in accordance with Section 7.5 of the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987, or an advanced practice nurse who has 17 been delegated prescriptive authority for asthma medication or 18 epinephrine auto-injectors in accordance with Section 65-40 of 19 20 the Nurse Practice Act may prescribe undesignated epinephrine auto-injectors in the name of the school district, public 21 22 school, or nonpublic school to be maintained for use when 23 necessary. Any supply of epinephrine auto-injectors shall be maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. 24 25 The school district or nonpublic school supply of cpincphrine 26 auto injectors may be provided to and utilized by any student

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authorized to self-administer that meets the prescription on 1 2 by any personnel authorized under a student's file or Individual Health Care Action Plan, Illinois Food Allergy 3 Emergency Action Plan and Treatment Authorization Form, or plan 4 5 pursuant to Section 504 of the federal Rehabilitation Act 6 1973 to administer an epinephrine auto injector to the student, 7 that meets the prescription on file. When a student does not 8 have an epinephrine auto injector or a prescription 9 epinephrine auto injector on file, the school nurse may utilize 10 the school district or nonpublic school supply of epinephrine 11 auto-injectors to respond to anaphylactic reaction, under a 12 standing protocol from a physician licensed to -practice 13 all its branches and the -requirements Section. 14

(f-5) Upon any administration of an epinephrine 15 16 auto-injector, a school district, public school, or nonpublic 17 school must immediately activate the EMS system and notify the student's parent, quardian, or emergency contact, if known. 18 (f-10) Within 24 hours of the administration of an 19 20 undesignated epinephrine auto-injector, a school district, public school, or nonpublic school must notify the physician, 21 22 physician assistant, or advance practice nurse who provided the 23 standing protocol or prescription for the undesignated 24 epinephrine auto-injector of its use.

25 (g) Prior to the administration of an undesignated
 26 epinephrine auto-injector, trained personnel must submit to

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1	his or her school's administration proof of completion of a
2	training curriculum to recognize and respond to anaphylaxis
3	that meets the requirements of subsection (h) of this Section.
4	Training must be completed annually. Trained personnel must
5	also submit to his or her school's administration proof of
6	cardiopulmonary resuscitation and automated external
7	defibrillator certification. The school district, public
8	school, or nonpublic school must maintain records related to
9	the training curriculum and trained personnel.
10	(h) A training curriculum to recognize and respond to
11	anaphylaxis, including the administration of an undesignated
12	epinephrine auto-injector, may be conducted online or in
13	person. It must include, but is not limited to:
14	(1) how to recognize symptoms of an allergic reaction;
15	(2) a review of high-risk areas within the school and
16	its related facilities;
17	(3) steps to take to prevent exposure to allergens;
18	(4) how to respond to an emergency involving an
19	allergic reaction;
20	
	(5) how to administer an epinephrine auto-injector;
21	(5) how to administer an epinephrine auto-injector;(6) how to respond to a student with a known allergy as
21 22	
	(6) how to respond to a student with a known allergy as
22	(6) how to respond to a student with a known allergy as well as a student with a previously unknown allergy;
22 23	(6) how to respond to a student with a known allergy as well as a student with a previously unknown allergy; (7) a test demonstrating competency of the knowledge

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23

pursuant to this Section.

2 In consultation with statewide professional organizations 3 representing physicians licensed to practice medicine in all of its branches, registered nurses, and school nurses, the Board 4 shall make available resource materials consistent with 5 criteria in this subsection (h) for educating trained personnel 6 to recognize and respond to anaphylaxis. The Board may take 7 8 into consideration the curriculum on this subject developed by 9 other states, as well as any other curricular materials suggested by medical experts and other groups that work on 10 life-threatening allergy issues. The Board is not required to 11 12 create new resource materials. The Board shall make these resource materials available on its Internet website. 13

14 (i) Within 3 days after the administration of an 15 undesignated epinephrine auto-injector by a school nurse, 16 trained personnel, or a student at a school or school-sponsored 17 activity, the school must report to the Board in a form and 18 manner prescribed by the Board the following information:

19 <u>(1) age and type of person receiving epinephrine</u> 20 <u>(student, staff, visitor);</u>

21 (2) any previously known diagnosis of a severe allergy;

22 (3) trigger that precipitated allergic episode;

(4) location where symptoms developed;

24 <u>(5) number of doses administered;</u>

25 (6) type of person administering epinephrine (school

26 <u>nurse, trained personnel, student); and</u>

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1	(7) any other information required by the Board.
2	(j) By October 1, 2015 and every year thereafter, the Board
3	shall submit a report to the General Assembly identifying the
4	frequency and circumstances of epinephrine administration
5	during the preceding academic year. This report shall be
6	published on the Board's Internet website on the date the
7	report is delivered to the General Assembly.
8	(k) The Board may adopt rules necessary to implement this
9	Section.
10	(Source: P.A. 96-1460, eff. 8-20-10; 97-361, eff. 8-15-11.)
11	Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect August 1,
12	2014.