#### 98TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

#### State of Illinois

### 2013 and 2014

#### SB1677

Introduced 2/15/2013, by Sen. Matt Murphy

#### SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

15 ILCS 305/5	from Ch. 124, par. 5
35 ILCS 5/201	from Ch. 120, par. 2-201
35 ILCS 5/207	from Ch. 120, par. 2-207
35 ILCS 5/901	from Ch. 120, par. 9-901
30 ILCS 5/3-20 rep.	
30 ILCS 105/5.787 rep.	
30 ILCS 105/6z-85 rep.	
30 ILCS 105/6z-86 rep.	
30 ILCS 105/25.2 rep.	
35 ILCS 5/201.5 rep.	

Amends the Illinois Income Tax Act. Reduces the rate of tax to (i) 3% for individuals, trusts, and estates, and (ii) 4.8% for corporations. Makes corresponding changes concerning the distribution of tax proceeds. Effective immediately.

LRB098 08013 HLH 38104 b

FISCAL NOTE ACT MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning revenue.

# 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Secretary of State Act is amended by 5 changing Section 5 as follows:

6 (15 ILCS 305/5) (from Ch. 124, par. 5)

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State:
1. To countersign and affix the seal of state to all
commissions required by law to be issued by the Governor.

2. To make a register of all appointments by the Governor, specifying the person appointed, the office conferred, the date of the appointment, the date when bond or oath is taken and the date filed. If Senate confirmation is required, the date of the confirmation shall be included in the register.

15 3. To make proper indexes to public acts, resolutions,16 papers and documents in his office.

3-a. To review all rules of all State agencies adopted in compliance with the codification system prescribed by the Secretary. The review shall be for the purposes and include all the powers and duties provided in the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. The Secretary of State shall cooperate with the Legislative Information System to insure the accuracy of the text of the rules maintained under the Legislative Information - 2 - LRB098 08013 HLH 38104 b

System Act.

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4. To give any person requiring the same paying the lawful fees therefor, a copy of any law, act, resolution, record or paper in his office, and attach thereto his certificate, under the seal of the state.

6 5. To take charge of and preserve from waste, and keep in repair, the houses, lots, grounds and appurtenances, situated 7 8 in the City of Springfield, and belonging to or occupied by the 9 State, the care of which is not otherwise provided for by law, 10 and to take charge of and preserve from waste, and keep in 11 repair, the houses, lots, grounds and appurtenances, situated 12 in the State outside the City of Springfield where such houses, 13 lots, grounds and appurtenances are occupied by the Secretary 14 of State and no other State officer or agency.

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6. To supervise the distribution of the laws.

16 7. To perform such other duties as may be required by law.
17 The Secretary of State may, within appropriations authorized by
18 the General Assembly, maintain offices in the State Capital and
19 in such other places in the State as he may deem necessary to
20 properly carry out the powers and duties vested in him by law.

8. In addition to all other authority granted to the Secretary by law, subject to appropriation, to make grants or otherwise provide assistance to, among others without limitation, units of local government, school districts, educational institutions, private agencies, not-for-profit organizations, and for-profit entities for the health, safety,

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and welfare of Illinois residents for purposes related to education, transportation, construction, capital improvements, social services, and any other lawful public purpose. Upon request of the Secretary, all State agencies are mandated to provide the Secretary with assistance in administering the grants.

9. To notify the Auditor General of any Public Act filed
with the Office of the Secretary of State making an
appropriation or transfer of funds from the State treasury.
This paragraph (9) applies only through <u>the effective date of</u>
<u>this amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly</u> June 30, 2015.
(Source: P.A. 96-37, eff. 7-13-09; 96-1496, eff. 1-13-11.)

Section 10. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by changing Sections 201, 207, 804, and 901 as follows:

15 (35 ILCS 5/201) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-201)

16 Sec. 201. Tax Imposed.

(a) In general. A tax measured by net income is hereby
imposed on every individual, corporation, trust and estate for
each taxable year ending after July 31, 1969 on the privilege
of earning or receiving income in or as a resident of this
State. Such tax shall be in addition to all other occupation or
privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal
corporation or political subdivision thereof.

24 (b) Rates. The tax imposed by subsection (a) of this

Section shall be determined as follows, except as adjusted by subsection (d-1):

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3 (1) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
4 taxable years ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal
5 to 2 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
6 year.

7 (2) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
8 taxable years beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending
9 after June 30, 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 2
10 1/2% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
11 July 1, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii)
12 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after June
13 30, 1989, as calculated under Section 202.3.

14 (3) In the case of an individual, trust or estate, for
15 taxable years beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending
16 prior to January 1, 2011, an amount equal to 3% of the
17 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(4) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and
ending after December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum
of (i) 3% of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior
to January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(5) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, for
taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and

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ending prior to <u>January 1, 2014</u>, <u>January 1, 2015</u>, an amount equal to 5% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(5.1) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate, 4 5 for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2014, January 1, 2015, and ending after December 31, 2013, 6 7 December 31, 2014, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5% of 8 the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to January 9 1, 2014, January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 10 202.5, and (ii) 38 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for 11 the period after December 31, 2013, December 31, 2014, as 12 calculated under Section 202.5.

(5.2) In the case of an individual, trust, or estate,
for taxable years beginning on or after <u>January 1, 2014,</u>
January 1, 2015, and ending prior to January 1, 2025, an
amount equal to <u>3%</u> 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for
the taxable year.

18 (5.3) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, or 19 estate, for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after December 31, 2024, an amount equal 20 21 to the sum of (i) 3.75% of the taxpayer's net income for 22 the period prior to January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 3.25% of the taxpayer's net 23 for the period after December 31, 2024, as calculated under 24 25 Section 202.5.

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(5.4) (Blank). In the case of an individual, trust, or

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## estate, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount equal to 3.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

4 (6) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
5 ending prior to July 1, 1989, an amount equal to 4% of the
6 taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

7 (7) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 8 beginning prior to July 1, 1989 and ending after June 30, 9 1989, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4% of the 10 taxpayer's net income for the period prior to July 1, 1989, 11 as calculated under Section 202.3, and (ii) 4.8% of the 12 taxpayer's net income for the period after June 30, 1989, 13 as calculated under Section 202.3.

14 (8) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
15 beginning after June 30, 1989, and ending prior to January
16 1, 2011, an amount equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net
17 income for the taxable year.

(9) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning prior to January 1, 2011, and ending after
December 31, 2010, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 4.8%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
January 1, 2011, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 7% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2010, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(10) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
beginning on or after January 1, 2011, and ending prior to

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January 1, 2014, January 1, 2015, an amount equal to 7% of
 the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(11) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years 3 beginning prior to January 1, 2014, January 1, 2015, and 4 ending after December 31, 2013, December 31, 2014, an 5 amount equal to the sum of (i) 7% of the taxpayer's net 6 7 income for the period prior to January 1, 2014, January 1, 2015, as calculated under Section 202.5, and (ii) 4.8% 8 9 5.25% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after 10 December 31, 2013, December 31, 2014, as calculated under 11 Section 202.5.

12 (12) In the case of a corporation, for taxable years
13 beginning on or after <u>January 1, 2014</u>, <del>January 1, 2015, and</del>
14 ending prior to January 1, 2025, an amount equal to <u>4.8%</u>
15 <u>5.25%</u> of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year.

(13) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable
years beginning prior to January 1, 2025, and ending after
December 31, 2024, an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5.25%
of the taxpayer's net income for the period prior to
January 1, 2025, as calculated under Section 202.5, and
(ii) 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the period after
December 31, 2024, as calculated under Section 202.5.

(14) (Blank). In the case of a corporation, for taxable
years beginning on or after January 1, 2025, an amount
equal to 4.8% of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable
year.

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# The rates under this subsection (b) are subject to the provisions of Section 201.5.

3 Personal Property Tax Replacement Income (C) Tax. Beginning on July 1, 1979 and thereafter, in addition to such 4 5 income tax, there is also hereby imposed the Personal Property 6 Tax Replacement Income Tax measured by net income on every corporation (including Subchapter S corporations), partnership 7 8 and trust, for each taxable year ending after June 30, 1979. 9 Such taxes are imposed on the privilege of earning or receiving 10 income in or as a resident of this State. The Personal Property 11 Tax Replacement Income Tax shall be in addition to the income 12 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section and in 13 addition to all other occupation or privilege taxes imposed by this State or by any municipal corporation or political 14 subdivision thereof. 15

16 (d) Additional Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 17 Tax Rates. The personal property tax replacement income tax imposed by this subsection and subsection (c) of this Section 18 in the case of a corporation, other than a Subchapter S 19 20 corporation and except as adjusted by subsection (d-1), shall be an additional amount equal to 2.85% of such taxpayer's net 21 22 income for the taxable year, except that beginning on January 23 1, 1981, and thereafter, the rate of 2.85% specified in this subsection shall be reduced to 2.5%, and in the case of a 24 25 partnership, trust or a Subchapter S corporation shall be an additional amount equal to 1.5% of such taxpayer's net income 26

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1 for the taxable year.

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2 (d-1) Rate reduction for certain foreign insurers. In the 3 case of a foreign insurer, as defined by Section 35A-5 of the Illinois Insurance Code, whose state or country of domicile 4 5 imposes on insurers domiciled in Illinois a retaliatory tax 6 (excluding any insurer whose premiums from reinsurance assumed 7 are 50% or more of its total insurance premiums as determined 8 under paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 304, except 9 that for purposes of this determination premiums from 10 reinsurance do not include premiums from inter-affiliate 11 reinsurance arrangements), beginning with taxable years ending 12 on or after December 31, 1999, the sum of the rates of tax 13 imposed by subsections (b) and (d) shall be reduced (but not increased) to the rate at which the total amount of tax imposed 14 under this Act, net of all credits allowed under this Act, 15 16 shall equal (i) the total amount of tax that would be imposed 17 on the foreign insurer's net income allocable to Illinois for the taxable year by such foreign insurer's state or country of 18 19 domicile if that net income were subject to all income taxes 20 and taxes measured by net income imposed by such foreign insurer's state or country of domicile, net of all credits 21 22 allowed or (ii) a rate of zero if no such tax is imposed on such 23 income by the foreign insurer's state of domicile. For the purposes of this subsection (d-1), an inter-affiliate includes 24 25 a mutual insurer under common management.

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(1) For the purposes of subsection (d-1), in no event

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shall the sum of the rates of tax imposed by subsections (b) and (d) be reduced below the rate at which the sum of:

(A) the total amount of tax imposed on such foreign insurer under this Act for a taxable year, net of all credits allowed under this Act, plus

6 (B) the privilege tax imposed by Section 409 of the 7 Illinois Insurance Code, the fire insurance company 8 tax imposed by Section 12 of the Fire Investigation 9 Act, and the fire department taxes imposed under 10 Section 11-10-1 of the Illinois Municipal Code,

equals 1.25% for taxable years ending prior to December 31, 2003, or 1.75% for taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2003, of the net taxable premiums written for the taxable year, as described by subsection (1) of Section 409 of the Illinois Insurance Code. This paragraph will in no event increase the rates imposed under subsections (b) and (d).

(2) Any reduction in the rates of tax imposed by this
subsection shall be applied first against the rates imposed
by subsection (b) and only after the tax imposed by
subsection (a) net of all credits allowed under this
Section other than the credit allowed under subsection (i)
has been reduced to zero, against the rates imposed by
subsection (d).

This subsection (d-1) is exempt from the provisions of Section 250. SB1677

- (e) Investment credit. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit 1 2 against the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for 3 investment in qualified property.
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(1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit equal to .5%5 of the basis of qualified property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in 6 service on or after July 1, 1984. There shall be allowed an 7 8 additional credit equal to .5% of the basis of qualified 9 property placed in service during the taxable year, provided such property is placed in service on or after 10 11 July 1, 1986, and the taxpayer's base employment within 12 Illinois has increased by 1% or more over the preceding 13 year as determined by the taxpayer's employment records 14 filed with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. 15 Taxpayers who are new to Illinois shall be deemed to have 16 met the 1% growth in base employment for the first year in 17 which they file employment records with the Illinois Department of Employment Security. The provisions added to 18 19 this Section by Public Act 85-1200 (and restored by Public 20 Act 87-895) shall be construed as declaratory of existing law and not as a new enactment. If, in any year, the 21 22 increase in base employment within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%, the additional credit shall 23 24 limited to that percentage times a fraction, the be 25 numerator of which is .5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed .5%. The investment credit shall 26

not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a 1 2 taxpayer's liability in any tax year below zero, nor may 3 any credit for qualified property be allowed for any year other than the year in which the property was placed in 4 5 service in Illinois. For tax years ending on or after 6 December 31, 1987, and on or before December 31, 1988, the 7 credit shall be allowed for the tax year in which the 8 property is placed in service, or, if the amount of the 9 credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it 10 exceeds the original liability or the liability as later 11 amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to 12 the tax liability of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit years if the taxpayer (i) makes investments 13 which cause the creation of a minimum of 2,000 full-time 14 15 equivalent jobs in Illinois, (ii) is located in an 16 enterprise zone established pursuant to the Illinois 17 Enterprise Zone Act and (iii) is certified by the 18 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 19 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity) as 20 complying with the requirements specified in clause (i) and (ii) by July 1, 1986. The Department of Commerce and 21 22 Community Affairs (now Department of Commerce and Economic 23 Opportunity) shall notify the Department of Revenue of all 24 such certifications immediately. For tax years ending after December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed for 25 26 the tax year in which the property is placed in service,

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or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability 1 2 for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or 3 the liability as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable 4 5 years following the excess credit years. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a 6 7 liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 8 that is available to offset a liability, earlier credit 9 shall be applied first.

10 (2) The term "qualified property" means property 11 which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including
buildings and structural components of buildings and
signs that are real property, but not including land or
improvements to real property that are not a structural
component of a building such as landscaping, sewer
lines, local access roads, fencing, parking lots, and
other appurtenances;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (e);

24 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
25 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in Illinois by a taxpayer who is

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1 primarily engaged in manufacturing, or in mining coal 2 or fluorite, or in retailing, or was placed in service 3 on or after July 1, 2006 in a River Edge Redevelopment 4 Zone established pursuant to the River Edge 5 Redevelopment Zone Act; and

6 (E) has not previously been used in Illinois in 7 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 8 the credit provided by this subsection (e) or 9 subsection (f).

10 (3)For purposes of this subsection (e), 11 "manufacturing" means the material staging and production 12 of tangible personal property by procedures commonly regarded as manufacturing, processing, fabrication, or 13 14 assembling which changes some existing material into new 15 shapes, new qualities, or new combinations. For purposes of 16 this subsection (e) the term "mining" shall have the same 17 meaning as the term "mining" in Section 613(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this subsection (e), 18 19 the term "retailing" means the sale of tangible personal 20 property for use or consumption and not for resale, or 21 services rendered in conjunction with the sale of tangible 22 personal property for use or consumption and not for 23 resale. For purposes of this subsection (e), "tangible 24 personal property" has the same meaning as when that term 25 is used in the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, and, for 26 taxable years ending after December 31, 2008, does not

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include the generation, transmission, or distribution of electricity.

3 (4) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
4 used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
5 income tax purposes.

6 (5) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 7 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 8 in service in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such 9 increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 10 date of such increase in basis.

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(6) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

13 (7) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to 14 be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 15 48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of 16 any qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 17 months after being placed in service, the Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax for such taxable year shall be 18 19 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) 20 recomputing the investment credit which would have been 21 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was 22 originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 23 computation and, (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 24 25 purposes of this paragraph (7), a reduction of the basis of 26 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the

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purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified property to the extent of such reduction.

(8) Unless the investment credit is extended by law,
the basis of qualified property shall not include costs
incurred after December 31, 2018, except for costs incurred
pursuant to a binding contract entered into on or before
December 31, 2018.

8 (9) Each taxable year ending before December 31, 2000, 9 a partnership may elect to pass through to its partners the 10 credits to which the partnership is entitled under this 11 subsection (e) for the taxable year. A partner may use the 12 credit allocated to him or her under this paragraph only against the tax imposed in subsections (c) and (d) of this 13 14 Section. If the partnership makes that election, those 15 credits shall be allocated among the partners in the 16 partnership in accordance with the rules set forth in 17 Section 704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, and the rules promulgated under that Section, and the allocated amount of 18 19 the credits shall be allowed to the partners for that 20 taxable year. The partnership shall make this election on 21 its Personal Property Tax Replacement Income Tax return for 22 that taxable year. The election to pass through the credits 23 shall be irrevocable.

For taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2000, a partner that qualifies its partnership for a subtraction under subparagraph (I) of paragraph (2) of subsection (d) SB1677 - 17 - LRB098 08013 HLH 38104 b

of Section 203 or a shareholder that qualifies a Subchapter 1 2 S corporation for a subtraction under subparagraph (S) of 3 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 203 shall be allowed a credit under this subsection (e) equal to its 4 share of the credit earned under this subsection (e) during 5 6 the taxable year by the partnership or Subchapter S 7 corporation, determined in accordance with the 8 determination of income and distributive share of income 9 under Sections 702 and 704 and Subchapter S of the Internal 10 Revenue Code. This paragraph is exempt from the provisions 11 of Section 250.

12 (f) Investment credit; Enterprise Zone; River Edge13 Redevelopment Zone.

14 (1) A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the 15 tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 16 investment in qualified property which is placed in service 17 in an Enterprise Zone created pursuant to the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act or, for property placed in service on 18 19 or after July 1, 2006, a River Edge Redevelopment Zone 20 established pursuant to the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 21 Act. For partners, shareholders of Subchapter S 22 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, 23 if the liability company is treated as a partnership for 24 purposes of federal and State income taxation, there shall 25 be allowed a credit under this subsection (f) to be 26 determined in accordance with the determination of income

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and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 1 2 and Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. The credit 3 shall be .5% of the basis for such property. The credit shall be available only in the taxable year in which the 4 5 property is placed in service in the Enterprise Zone or 6 River Edge Redevelopment Zone and shall not be allowed to 7 the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for 8 the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section 9 to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 10 31, 1985, the credit shall be allowed for the tax year in 11 which the property is placed in service, or, if the amount 12 of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original liability or the liability 13 14 as later amended, such excess may be carried forward and 15 applied to the tax liability of the 5 taxable years 16 following the excess credit year. The credit shall be 17 applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year 18 19 that is available to offset a liability, the credit 20 accruing first in time shall be applied first.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the
Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property"
as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not

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1 eligible for the credit provided by this subsection
2 (f);

3 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
4 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(D) is used in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer; and

7 (E) has not been previously used in Illinois in 8 such a manner and by such a person as would qualify for 9 the credit provided by this subsection (f) or 10 subsection (e).

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

14 (4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax 15 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed 16 in service in the Enterprise Zone or River Edge 17 Redevelopment Zone by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the 18 date of such increase in basis. 19

(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same
 meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year, any property ceases to
be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within
48 months after being placed in service, or the situs of
any qualified property is moved outside the Enterprise Zone
or River Edge Redevelopment Zone within 48 months after

being placed in service, the tax imposed under subsections 1 2 (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be 3 increased. Such increase shall be determined by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have been 4 5 allowed for the year in which credit for such property was originally allowed by eliminating such property from such 6 7 computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit 8 from the amount of credit previously allowed. For the 9 purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the basis of 10 qualified property resulting from a redetermination of the 11 purchase price shall be deemed a disposition of qualified 12 property to the extent of such reduction.

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13 (7) There shall be allowed an additional credit equal 14 to 0.5% of the basis of qualified property placed in 15 service during the taxable year in a River Edae 16 Redevelopment Zone, provided such property is placed in 17 service on or after July 1, 2006, and the taxpayer's base employment within Illinois has increased by 1% or more over 18 19 preceding year as determined by the taxpayer's the 20 employment records filed with the Illinois Department of 21 Employment Security. Taxpayers who are new to Illinois 22 shall be deemed to have met the 1% growth in base 23 employment for the first year in which they file employment 24 records with the Illinois Department of Employment 25 Security. If, in any year, the increase in base employment 26 within Illinois over the preceding year is less than 1%,

the additional credit shall be limited to that percentage times a fraction, the numerator of which is 0.5% and the denominator of which is 1%, but shall not exceed 0.5%.

4 (g) Jobs Tax Credit; River Edge Redevelopment Zone and 5 Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone.

6 (1) A taxpayer conducting a trade or business, for 7 taxable years ending on or after December 31, 2006, in a 8 River Edge Redevelopment Zone or conducting a trade or 9 business in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or 10 Sub-Zone shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed 11 by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section in the amount of 12 \$500 per eligible employee hired to work in the zone during 13 the taxable year.

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(2) To qualify for the credit:

(A) the taxpayer must hire 5 or more eligible
employees to work in a River Edge Redevelopment Zone or
federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
during the taxable year;

19 (B) the taxpayer's total employment within the 20 River Edge Redevelopment Zone or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone must increase by 5 or 21 22 more full-time employees beyond the total employed in 23 that zone at the end of the previous tax year for which 24 a jobs tax credit under this Section was taken, or 25 beyond the total employed by the taxpayer as of 26 December 31, 1985, whichever is later; and

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1 (C) the eligible employees must be employed 180 2 consecutive days in order to be deemed hired for 3 purposes of this subsection.

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(3) An "eligible employee" means an employee who is:

5 (A) Certified by the Department of Commerce and 6 Economic Opportunity as "eligible for services" 7 pursuant to regulations promulgated in accordance with 8 Title II of the Job Training Partnership Act, Training 9 Services for the Disadvantaged or Title III of the Job Training Partnership Act, Employment and Training 10 11 Assistance for Dislocated Workers Program.

(B) Hired after the River Edge Redevelopment Zone
or federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone
was designated or the trade or business was located in
that zone, whichever is later.

16 (C) Employed in the River Edge Redevelopment Zone 17 or Foreign Trade Zone or Sub-Zone. An employee is 18 employed in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone 19 or Sub-Zone if his services are rendered there or it is 20 the base of operations for the services performed.

(D) A full-time employee working 30 or more hoursper week.

(4) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1985
and prior to December 31, 1988, the credit shall be allowed
for the tax year in which the eligible employees are hired.
For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1988, the

credit shall be allowed for the tax year immediately 1 2 following the tax year in which the eligible employees are 3 hired. If the amount of the credit exceeds the tax liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 4 5 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 6 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 7 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The 8 credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which 9 there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one 10 tax year that is available to offset a liability, earlier 11 credit shall be applied first.

12 (5) The Department of Revenue shall promulgate such
13 rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry
14 out the purposes of this subsection (g).

15 (6) The credit shall be available for eligible
16 employees hired on or after January 1, 1986.

(h) Investment credit; High Impact Business.

(1) Subject to subsections (b) and (b-5) of Section 5.5 18 19 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone Act, a taxpayer shall be 20 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) (b) of this Section for investment in qualified 21 and 22 property which is placed in service by a Department of 23 Commerce and Economic Opportunity designated High Impact Business. The credit shall be .5% of the basis for such 24 25 property. The credit shall not be available (i) until the 26 minimum investments in qualified property set forth in

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subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 1 2 Enterprise Zone Act have been satisfied or (ii) until the 3 authorized in subsection (b-5) of the Illinois time Enterprise Zone Act for entities designated as High Impact 4 5 Businesses under subdivisions (a) (3) (B), (a) (3) (C), and 6 (a) (3) (D) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois Enterprise Zone 7 Act, and shall not be allowed to the extent that it would 8 reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by 9 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section to below zero. The 10 credit applicable to such investments shall be taken in the 11 taxable year in which such investments have been completed. 12 The credit for additional investments beyond the minimum 13 investment by a designated high impact business authorized 14 under subdivision (a) (3) (A) of Section 5.5 of the Illinois 15 Enterprise Zone Act shall be available only in the taxable 16 year in which the property is placed in service and shall 17 not be allowed to the extent that it would reduce a taxpayer's liability for the tax imposed by subsections (a) 18 19 and (b) of this Section to below zero. For tax years ending on or after December 31, 1987, the credit shall be allowed 20 21 for the tax year in which the property is placed in 22 service, or, if the amount of the credit exceeds the tax 23 liability for that year, whether it exceeds the original 24 liability or the liability as later amended, such excess 25 may be carried forward and applied to the tax liability of 26 the 5 taxable years following the excess credit year. The credit shall be applied to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is credit from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability, the credit accruing first in time shall be applied first.

5 Changes made in this subdivision (h)(1) by Public Act 6 88-670 restore changes made by Public Act 85-1182 and 7 reflect existing law.

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(2) The term qualified property means property which:

(A) is tangible, whether new or used, including buildings and structural components of buildings;

(B) is depreciable pursuant to Section 167 of the Internal Revenue Code, except that "3-year property" as defined in Section 168(c)(2)(A) of that Code is not eligible for the credit provided by this subsection (h);

16 (C) is acquired by purchase as defined in Section
17 179(d) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

18 (D) is not eligible for the Enterprise Zone
19 Investment Credit provided by subsection (f) of this
20 Section.

(3) The basis of qualified property shall be the basis
used to compute the depreciation deduction for federal
income tax purposes.

(4) If the basis of the property for federal income tax
 depreciation purposes is increased after it has been placed
 in service in a federally designated Foreign Trade Zone or

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Sub-Zone located in Illinois by the taxpayer, the amount of such increase shall be deemed property placed in service on the date of such increase in basis.

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(5) The term "placed in service" shall have the same meaning as under Section 46 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(6) If during any taxable year ending on or before 6 7 December 31, 1996, any property ceases to be qualified property in the hands of the taxpayer within 48 months 8 9 after being placed in service, or the situs of any 10 qualified property is moved outside Illinois within 48 11 months after being placed in service, the tax imposed under 12 subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for such taxable year shall be increased. Such increase shall be determined 13 14 by (i) recomputing the investment credit which would have 15 been allowed for the year in which credit for such property 16 was originally allowed by eliminating such property from 17 such computation, and (ii) subtracting such recomputed credit from the amount of credit previously allowed. For 18 the purposes of this paragraph (6), a reduction of the 19 20 basis of qualified property resulting from а 21 redetermination of the purchase price shall be deemed a 22 disposition of qualified property to the extent of such 23 reduction.

(7) Beginning with tax years ending after December 31,
1996, if a taxpayer qualifies for the credit under this
subsection (h) and thereby is granted a tax abatement and

the taxpayer relocates its entire facility in violation of the explicit terms and length of the contract under Section 18-183 of the Property Tax Code, the tax imposed under subsections (a) and (b) of this Section shall be increased for the taxable year in which the taxpayer relocated its facility by an amount equal to the amount of credit received by the taxpayer under this subsection (h).

8 (i) Credit for Personal Property Tax Replacement Income 9 Tax. For tax years ending prior to December 31, 2003, a credit 10 shall be allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 11 (b) of this Section for the tax imposed by subsections (c) and 12 (d) of this Section. This credit shall be computed by multiplying the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 13 14 Section by a fraction, the numerator of which is base income 15 allocable to Illinois and the denominator of which is Illinois 16 base income, and further multiplying the product by the tax 17 rate imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section.

Any credit earned on or after December 31, 1986 under this 18 subsection which is unused in the year the credit is computed 19 20 because it exceeds the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) for that year (whether it exceeds the original 21 22 liability or the liability as later amended) may be carried 23 forward and applied to the tax liability imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of the 5 taxable years following the excess credit 24 25 year, provided that no credit may be carried forward to any year ending on or after December 31, 2003. This credit shall be 26

applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax year that is available to offset a liability the earliest credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first.

6 If, during any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 7 1986, the tax imposed by subsections (c) and (d) of this 8 Section for which a taxpayer has claimed a credit under this 9 subsection (i) is reduced, the amount of credit for such tax shall also be reduced. Such reduction shall be determined by 10 11 recomputing the credit to take into account the reduced tax 12 imposed by subsections (c) and (d). If any portion of the 13 reduced amount of credit has been carried to a different taxable year, an amended return shall be filed for such taxable 14 15 year to reduce the amount of credit claimed.

16 Training expense credit. Beginning with tax years (i) 17 ending on or after December 31, 1986 and prior to December 31, 2003, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax 18 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) under this Section for all 19 20 amounts paid or accrued, on behalf of all persons employed by the taxpayer in Illinois or Illinois residents employed outside 21 22 of Illinois by a taxpayer, for educational or vocational 23 training in semi-technical or technical fields or semi-skilled or skilled fields, which were deducted from gross income in the 24 25 computation of taxable income. The credit against the tax 26 imposed by subsections (a) and (b) shall be 1.6% of such

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training expenses. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 1 2 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 3 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 4 5 credit under this subsection (j) to be determined in accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of 6 7 income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 8 Internal Revenue Code.

9 Any credit allowed under this subsection which is unused in 10 the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of 11 the 5 taxable years following the year for which the credit is 12 first computed until it is used. This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for which there is a liability. If 13 there is a credit under this subsection from more than one tax 14 year that is available to offset a liability the earliest 15 16 credit arising under this subsection shall be applied first. No 17 carryforward credit may be claimed in any tax year ending on or after December 31, 2003. 18

(k) Research and development credit. For tax years ending 19 20 after July 1, 1990 and prior to December 31, 2003, and beginning again for tax years ending on or after December 31, 21 22 2004, and ending prior to January 1, 2016, a taxpayer shall be 23 allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for increasing research activities in this 24 25 The credit allowed against the tax imposed State. bv 26 subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to  $6 \frac{1}{2\%}$  of the

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qualifying expenditures for increasing research activities in 1 2 this State. For partners, shareholders of subchapter S 3 corporations, and owners of limited liability companies, if the liability company is treated as a partnership for purposes of 4 5 federal and State income taxation, there shall be allowed a 6 credit under this subsection to be determined in accordance 7 with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and subchapter S of the 8 9 Internal Revenue Code.

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For purposes of this subsection, "qualifying expenditures" 10 means the qualifying expenditures as defined for the federal 11 12 credit for increasing research activities which would be 13 allowable under Section 41 of the Internal Revenue Code and which are conducted in this State, "qualifying expenditures for 14 increasing research activities in this State" means the excess 15 16 of qualifying expenditures for the taxable year in which 17 incurred over qualifying expenditures for the base period, "qualifying expenditures for the base period" means the average 18 19 of the qualifying expenditures for each year in the base 20 period, and "base period" means the 3 taxable years immediately preceding the taxable year for which the determination is being 21 22 made.

Any credit in excess of the tax liability for the taxable year may be carried forward. A taxpayer may elect to have the unused credit shown on its final completed return carried over as a credit against the tax liability for the following 5 1 taxable years or until it has been fully used, whichever occurs 2 first; provided that no credit earned in a tax year ending 3 prior to December 31, 2003 may be carried forward to any year 4 ending on or after December 31, 2003.

5 If an unused credit is carried forward to a given year from 2 or more earlier years, that credit arising in the earliest 6 year will be applied first against the tax liability for the 7 8 given year. If a tax liability for the given year still 9 remains, the credit from the next earliest year will then be 10 applied, and so on, until all credits have been used or no tax 11 liability for the given year remains. Any remaining unused 12 credit or credits then will be carried forward to the next following year in which a tax liability is incurred, except 13 14 that no credit can be carried forward to a year which is more 15 than 5 years after the year in which the expense for which the 16 credit is given was incurred.

No inference shall be drawn from this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly in construing this Section for taxable years beginning before January 1, 1999.

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(1) Environmental Remediation Tax Credit.

(i) For tax years ending after December 31, 1997 and on 21 22 or before December 31, 2001, a taxpayer shall be allowed a 23 credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for certain amounts paid for unreimbursed 24 25 eligible remediation costs, as specified in this 26 subsection. For purposes of this Section, "unreimbursed SB1677

eligible remediation costs" means costs approved by the 1 2 Illinois Environmental Protection Agency ("Agency") under 3 Section 58.14 of the Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing environmental remediation at a site for 4 5 which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the 58.10 6 Agency and recorded under Section of the 7 Environmental Protection Act. The credit must be claimed 8 for the taxable year in which Agency approval of the 9 eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is not 10 available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related 11 party caused or contributed to, in any material respect, a 12 release of regulated substances on, in, or under the site 13 that was identified and addressed by the remedial action 14 pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 15 Environmental Protection Act. After the Pollution Control 16 Board rules are adopted pursuant to the Illinois 17 Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and of Section 58.9 of the 18 enforcement Environmental 19 Protection Act, determinations as to credit availability 20 for purposes of this Section shall be made consistent with 21 those rules. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" 22 includes a person whose tax attributes the taxpayer has 23 succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code 24 and "related party" includes the persons disallowed a 25 deduction for losses by paragraphs (b), (c), and (f)(1) of 26 Section 267 of the Internal Revenue Code by virtue of being

a related taxpayer, as well as any of its partners. The 1 credit allowed against the tax imposed by subsections (a) 2 3 and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of \$100,000 per site, except 4 that the \$100,000 threshold shall not apply to any site 5 6 contained in an enterprise zone as determined by the 7 Department of Commerce and Community Affairs (now 8 Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity). The 9 total credit allowed shall not exceed \$40,000 per year with 10 a maximum total of \$150,000 per site. For partners and 11 shareholders of subchapter S corporations, there shall be 12 allowed a credit under this subsection to be determined in 13 accordance with the determination of income and distributive share of income under Sections 702 and 704 and 14 15 subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code.

16 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 17 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 18 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. The 19 20 term "unused credit" does not include any amounts of unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of the 21 22 maximum credit per site authorized under paragraph (i). 23 This credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 24 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 25 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 26 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this

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subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 1 2 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 3 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 4 5 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining carry-forward period of the seller. 6 То perfect the 7 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the 8 chain of title for the site and provide written notice to 9 the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the 10 assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the 11 amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of 12 the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be 13 14 eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

(iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site"
shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the
Environmental Protection Act.

(m) Education expense credit. Beginning with tax years 18 19 ending after December 31, 1999, a taxpayer who is the custodian 20 of one or more qualifying pupils shall be allowed a credit 21 against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this 22 Section for qualified education expenses incurred on behalf of 23 the qualifying pupils. The credit shall be equal to 25% of 24 qualified education expenses, but in no event may the total 25 credit under this subsection claimed by a family that is the 26 custodian of qualifying pupils exceed \$500. In no event shall a credit under this subsection reduce the taxpayer's liability
 under this Act to less than zero. This subsection is exempt
 from the provisions of Section 250 of this Act.

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For purposes of this subsection:

"Qualifying 5 pupils" means individuals who (i) are residents of the State of Illinois, (ii) are under the age of 6 7 21 at the close of the school year for which a credit is 8 sought, and (iii) during the school year for which a credit is 9 sought were full-time pupils enrolled in a kindergarten through 10 twelfth grade education program at any school, as defined in 11 this subsection.

"Qualified education expense" means the amount incurred on behalf of a qualifying pupil in excess of \$250 for tuition, book fees, and lab fees at the school in which the pupil is enrolled during the regular school year.

"School" means any public or nonpublic elementary or secondary school in Illinois that is in compliance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and attendance at which satisfies the requirements of Section 26-1 of the School Code, except that nothing shall be construed to require a child to attend any particular public or nonpublic school to qualify for the credit under this Section.

23 "Custodian" means, with respect to qualifying pupils, an 24 Illinois resident who is a parent, the parents, a legal 25 guardian, or the legal guardians of the qualifying pupils.

26 (n) River Edge Redevelopment Zone site remediation tax

1 credit.

2 (i) For tax years ending on or after December 31, 2006, 3 a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of this Section for 4 5 certain amounts paid for unreimbursed eligible remediation 6 costs, as specified in this subsection. For purposes of 7 this Section, "unreimbursed eligible remediation costs" 8 costs approved by the Illinois Environmental means 9 Protection Agency ("Agency") under Section 58.14a of the 10 Environmental Protection Act that were paid in performing 11 environmental remediation at a site within a River Edge 12 Redevelopment Zone for which a No Further Remediation Letter was issued by the Agency and recorded under Section 13 14 58.10 of the Environmental Protection Act. The credit must 15 be claimed for the taxable year in which Agency approval of 16 the eligible remediation costs is granted. The credit is 17 not available to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or any related party caused or contributed to, in any material 18 19 respect, a release of regulated substances on, in, or under 20 the site that was identified and addressed by the remedial 21 action pursuant to the Site Remediation Program of the 22 Environmental Protection Act. Determinations as to credit 23 availability for purposes of this Section shall be made 24 consistent with rules adopted by the Pollution Control 25 Board pursuant to the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act for the administration and enforcement of Section 58.9 26

1 of the Environmental Protection Act. For purposes of this Section, "taxpayer" includes a person whose tax attributes 2 3 the taxpayer has succeeded to under Section 381 of the Internal Revenue Code and "related party" includes the 4 5 persons disallowed a deduction for losses by paragraphs 6 (b), (c), and (f)(1) of Section 267 of the Internal Revenue 7 Code by virtue of being a related taxpayer, as well as any 8 of its partners. The credit allowed against the tax imposed 9 by subsections (a) and (b) shall be equal to 25% of the 10 unreimbursed eligible remediation costs in excess of 11 \$100,000 per site.

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12 (ii) A credit allowed under this subsection that is 13 unused in the year the credit is earned may be carried 14 forward to each of the 5 taxable years following the year 15 for which the credit is first earned until it is used. This 16 credit shall be applied first to the earliest year for 17 which there is a liability. If there is a credit under this 18 subsection from more than one tax year that is available to 19 offset a liability, the earliest credit arising under this 20 subsection shall be applied first. A credit allowed under 21 this subsection may be sold to a buyer as part of a sale of 22 all or part of the remediation site for which the credit 23 was granted. The purchaser of a remediation site and the 24 tax credit shall succeed to the unused credit and remaining 25 carry-forward period of the seller. To perfect the 26 transfer, the assignor shall record the transfer in the

chain of title for the site and provide written notice to the Director of the Illinois Department of Revenue of the assignor's intent to sell the remediation site and the amount of the tax credit to be transferred as a portion of the sale. In no event may a credit be transferred to any taxpayer if the taxpayer or a related party would not be eligible under the provisions of subsection (i).

8 (iii) For purposes of this Section, the term "site" 9 shall have the same meaning as under Section 58.2 of the 10 Environmental Protection Act.

11 (Source: P.A. 96-115, eff. 7-31-09; 96-116, eff. 7-31-09; 12 96-937, eff. 6-23-10; 96-1000, eff. 7-2-10; 96-1496, eff. 13 1-13-11; 97-2, eff. 5-6-11; 97-636, eff. 6-1-12; 97-905, eff. 14 8-7-12.)

15 (35 ILCS 5/207) (from Ch. 120, par. 2-207)

16 Sec. 207. Net Losses.

(a) If after applying all of the (i) modifications provided for in paragraph (2) of Section 203(b), paragraph (2) of Section 203(c) and paragraph (2) of Section 203(d) and (ii) the allocation and apportionment provisions of Article 3 of this Act and subsection (c) of this Section, the taxpayer's net income results in a loss;

(1) for any taxable year ending prior to December 31,
 1999, such loss shall be allowed as a carryover or
 carryback deduction in the manner allowed under Section 172

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1 of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) for any taxable year ending on or after December
31, 1999 and prior to December 31, 2003, such loss shall be
allowed as a carryback to each of the 2 taxable years
preceding the taxable year of such loss and shall be a net
operating loss carryover to each of the 20 taxable years
following the taxable year of such loss; and

8 (3) for any taxable year ending on or after December 9 31, 2003, such loss shall be allowed as a net operating 10 loss carryover to each of the 12 taxable years following 11 the taxable year of such loss, except as provided in 12 subsection (d).

13 (a-5) Election to relinquish carryback and order of 14 application of losses.

15 (A) For losses incurred in tax years ending prior 16 to December 31, 2003, the taxpayer may elect to 17 relinquish the entire carryback period with respect to such loss. Such election shall be made in the form and 18 19 manner prescribed by the Department and shall be made by the due date (including extensions of time) for 20 filing the taxpayer's return for the taxable year in 21 22 which such loss is incurred, and such election, once 23 made, shall be irrevocable.

(B) The entire amount of such loss shall be carried
to the earliest taxable year to which such loss may be
carried. The amount of such loss which shall be carried

to each of the other taxable years shall be the excess,
 if any, of the amount of such loss over the sum of the
 deductions for carryback or carryover of such loss
 allowable for each of the prior taxable years to which
 such loss may be carried.

6 (b) Any loss determined under subsection (a) of this 7 Section must be carried back or carried forward in the same 8 manner for purposes of subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 9 of this Act as for purposes of subsections (c) and (d) of 10 Section 201 of this Act.

11 (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, for 12 each taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2008, for purposes of computing the loss for the taxable year under 13 subsection (a) of this Section and the deduction taken into 14 15 account for the taxable year for a net operating loss carryover 16 under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) of subsection (a) of this 17 Section, the loss and net operating loss carryover shall be reduced in an amount equal to the reduction to the net 18 19 operating loss and net operating loss carryover to the taxable 20 year, respectively, required under Section 108(b)(2)(A) of the 21 Internal Revenue Code, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator 22 of which is the amount of discharge of indebtedness income that 23 is excluded from gross income for the taxable year (but only if the taxable year ends on or after December 31, 2008) under 24 25 Section 108(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and that would have 26 been allocated and apportioned to this State under Article 3 of

this Act but for that exclusion, and the denominator of which is the total amount of discharge of indebtedness income excluded from gross income under Section 108(a) of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year. The reduction required under this subsection (c) shall be made after the determination of Illinois net income for the taxable year in which the indebtedness is discharged.

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8 (d) In the case of a corporation (other than a Subchapter S 9 corporation), no carryover deduction shall be allowed under 10 this Section for any taxable year ending after December 31, 11 2010 and prior to December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012, and no 12 carryover deduction shall exceed \$100,000 for any taxable year ending on or after December 31, 2012 and prior to December 31, 13 14 2014; provided that, for purposes of determining the taxable 15 years to which a net loss may be carried under subsection (a) 16 of this Section, no taxable year for which a deduction is 17 disallowed under this subsection, or for which the deduction would exceed \$100,000 if not for this subsection, shall be 18 19 counted.

(e) In the case of a residual interest holder in a real estate mortgage investment conduit subject to Section 860E of the Internal Revenue Code, the net loss in subsection (a) shall be equal to:

(1) the amount computed under subsection (a), without
regard to this subsection (e), or if that amount is
positive, zero;

1 (2) minus an amount equal to the amount computed under 2 subsection (a), without regard to this subsection (e), 3 minus the amount that would be computed under subsection 4 (a) if the taxpayer's federal taxable income were computed 5 without regard to Section 860E of the Internal Revenue Code 6 and without regard to this subsection (e).

7 The modification in this subsection (e) is exempt from the8 provisions of Section 250.

9 (Source: P.A. 96-1496, eff. 1-13-11; 97-507, eff. 8-23-11;
10 97-636, eff. 6-1-12.)

11 (35 ILCS 5/901) (from Ch. 120, par. 9-901)

12 Sec. 901. Collection Authority.

13 (a) In general.

14 The Department shall collect the taxes imposed by this Act. 15 The Department shall collect certified past due child support 16 amounts under Section 2505-650 of the Department of Revenue Law (20 ILCS 2505/2505-650). Except as provided in subsections (c) 17 and  $\overline{f}$  (e)  $\overline{f}$  (f), and (g) of this Section, money collected 18 pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act 19 20 shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund in the State 21 treasury; money collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) 22 of Section 201 of this Act shall be paid into the Personal 23 Property Tax Replacement Fund, a special fund in the State 24 Treasury; and money collected under Section 2505-650 of the Department of Revenue Law (20 ILCS 2505/2505-650) shall be paid 25

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into the Child Support Enforcement Trust Fund, a special fund outside the State Treasury, or to the State Disbursement Unit established under Section 10-26 of the Illinois Public Aid Code, as directed by the Department of Healthcare and Family Services.

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(b) Local Government Distributive Fund.

7 Beginning August 1, 1969, and continuing through June 30, 1994, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General 8 9 Revenue Fund to a special fund in the State treasury, to be 10 known as the "Local Government Distributive Fund", an amount 11 equal to 1/12 of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed 12 by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding month. Beginning July 1, 1994, and continuing 13 through June 30, 1995, the Treasurer shall transfer each month 14 15 from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government 16 Distributive Fund an amount equal to 1/11 of the net revenue 17 realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding month. Beginning 18 July 1, 1995 and continuing through January 31, 2011, and 19 20 beginning again on February 1, 2014, the Treasurer shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local 21 22 Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the net of (i) 23 1/10 of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income 24 Tax Act during the preceding month (ii) minus, beginning July 25 1, 2003 and ending June 30, 2004, \$6,666,666, and beginning 26

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July 1, 2004, zero. Beginning February 1, 2011, and continuing 1 through January 31, 2014, January 31, 2015, the Treasurer shall 2 transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local 3 4 Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of (i) 5 6% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income tax rate prior to 2011 to the 5% individual income tax rate after 2010) of the 6 7 net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, 8 9 and estates during the preceding month and (ii) 6.86% (10% of 10 the ratio of the 4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to 2011 11 to the 7% corporate income tax rate after 2010) of the net 12 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 13 (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the preceding month. Beginning February 1, 2015 and continuing 14 through January 31, 2025, the Treasurer shall transfer each 15 16 month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government 17 Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum of (i) 8% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income tax rate prior to 2011 18 to the 3.75% individual income tax rate after 2014) of the net 19 20 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 21 (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon individuals, trusts, and 22 estates during the preceding month and (ii) 9.14% (10% of the to 2011 23 the 4.8% corporate income tax rate prior to the 5.25% corporate income tax rate after 2014) of the net 24 revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and 25 26 of Section 201 of this Act upon corporations during the

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preceding month. Beginning February 1, 2025, the Treasurer 1 2 shall transfer each month from the General Revenue Fund to the Local Government Distributive Fund an amount equal to the sum 3 of (i) 9.23% (10% of the ratio of the 3% individual income 4 tax 5 rate prior to 2011 to the 3.25% individual income tax rate 6 after 2024) of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this 7 Act upon 8 individuals, trusts, and estates during the preceding month and 9 (ii) 10% of the net revenue realized from the tax imposed by 10 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act upon 11 corporations during the preceding month. Net revenue realized 12 for a month shall be defined as the revenue from the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act 13 which is deposited in the General Revenue Fund, the Education 14 15 Assistance Fund, and the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government 16 Distributive Fund, the Fund for the Advancement of Education, 17 and the Commitment to Human Services Fund during the month minus the amount paid out of the General Revenue Fund in State 18 warrants during that same month as refunds to taxpayers for 19 20 overpayment of liability under the tax imposed by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act. 21

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(c) Deposits Into Income Tax Refund Fund.

(1) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the
Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts
collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and
(3), of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in the State

1 treasury known the Income Tax Refund Fund. The as 2 Department shall deposit 6% of such amounts during the period beginning January 1, 1989 and ending on June 30, 3 1989. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each 4 fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the 5 Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the 6 7 Annual Percentage. For fiscal years 1999 through 2001, the 8 Annual Percentage shall be 7.1%. For fiscal year 2003, the 9 Annual Percentage shall be 8%. For fiscal year 2004, the 10 Annual Percentage shall be 11.7%. Upon the effective date 11 of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the 12 Annual Percentage shall be 10% for fiscal year 2005. For 13 fiscal year 2006, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 14 fiscal year 2007, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 15 fiscal year 2008, the Annual Percentage shall be 7.75%. For 16 fiscal year 2009, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 17 fiscal year 2010, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For fiscal year 2011, the Annual Percentage shall be 8.75%. For 18 19 fiscal year 2012, the Annual Percentage shall be 8.75%. For 20 fiscal year 2013, the Annual Percentage shall be 9.75%. For 21 all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be 22 calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be 23 amount of refunds the approved for payment by the 24 Department during the preceding fiscal year as a result of 25 overpayment of tax liability under subsections (a) and 26 (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 of this Act plus the

amount of such refunds remaining approved but unpaid at the 1 2 end of the preceding fiscal year, minus the amounts 3 transferred into the Income Tax Refund Fund from the Tobacco Settlement Recovery Fund, and the denominator of 4 5 which shall be the amounts which will be collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(1), (2), and (3) of Section 201 6 7 of this Act during the preceding fiscal year; except that 8 in State fiscal year 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in 9 no event exceed 7.6%. The Director of Revenue shall certify 10 the Annual Percentage to the Comptroller on the last 11 business day of the fiscal year immediately preceding the 12 fiscal year for which it is to be effective.

(2) Beginning on January 1, 1989 and thereafter, the 13 14 Department shall deposit a percentage of the amounts 15 collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and 16 (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act into a fund in 17 the State treasury known as the Income Tax Refund Fund. The Department shall deposit 18% of such amounts during the 18 19 period beginning January 1, 1989 and ending on June 30, 20 1989. Beginning with State fiscal year 1990 and for each 21 fiscal year thereafter, the percentage deposited into the 22 Income Tax Refund Fund during a fiscal year shall be the 23 Annual Percentage. For fiscal years 1999, 2000, and 2001, 24 the Annual Percentage shall be 19%. For fiscal year 2003, 25 the Annual Percentage shall be 27%. For fiscal year 2004, 26 the Annual Percentage shall be 32%. Upon the effective date

of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, the 1 2 Annual Percentage shall be 24% for fiscal year 2005. For 3 fiscal year 2006, the Annual Percentage shall be 20%. For fiscal year 2007, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 4 5 fiscal year 2008, the Annual Percentage shall be 15.5%. For 6 fiscal year 2009, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 7 fiscal year 2010, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 8 fiscal year 2011, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 9 fiscal year 2012, the Annual Percentage shall be 17.5%. For 10 fiscal year 2013, the Annual Percentage shall be 14%. For 11 all other fiscal years, the Annual Percentage shall be 12 calculated as a fraction, the numerator of which shall be 13 amount of refunds approved for payment by the the 14 Department during the preceding fiscal year as a result of 15 overpayment of tax liability under subsections (a) and 16 (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this 17 Act plus the amount of such refunds remaining approved but unpaid at the end of the preceding fiscal year, and the 18 19 denominator of which shall be the amounts which will be 20 collected pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)(6), (7), and (8), (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act during the 21 22 preceding fiscal year; except that in State fiscal year 23 2002, the Annual Percentage shall in no event exceed 23%. 24 The Director of Revenue shall certify the Annual Percentage 25 to the Comptroller on the last business day of the fiscal 26 year immediately preceding the fiscal year for which it is

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1 to be effective.

(3) The Comptroller shall order transferred and the
Treasurer shall transfer from the Tobacco Settlement
Recovery Fund to the Income Tax Refund Fund (i) \$35,000,000
in January, 2001, (ii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2002, and
(iii) \$35,000,000 in January, 2003.

(d) Expenditures from Income Tax Refund Fund.

8 (1) Beginning January 1, 1989, money in the Income Tax 9 Refund Fund shall be expended exclusively for the purpose 10 of paying refunds resulting from overpayment of tax 11 liability under Section 201 of this Act, for paying rebates 12 under Section 208.1 in the event that the amounts in the Homeowners' Tax Relief Fund are insufficient for that 13 14 purpose, and for making transfers pursuant to this 15 subsection (d).

16 (2) The Director shall order payment of refunds 17 resulting from overpayment of tax liability under Section 18 201 of this Act from the Income Tax Refund Fund only to the 19 extent that amounts collected pursuant to Section 201 of 20 this Act and transfers pursuant to this subsection (d) and 21 item (3) of subsection (c) have been deposited and retained 22 in the Fund.

(3) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal
year, the Director shall order transferred and the State
Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the
Income Tax Refund Fund to the Personal Property Tax

Replacement Fund an amount, certified by the Director to 1 2 the Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount 3 collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax Refund Fund 4 5 during the fiscal year over the amount of refunds resulting 6 from overpayment of tax liability under subsections (c) and 7 (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid from the Income Tax 8 Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

9 (4) As soon as possible after the end of each fiscal 10 year, the Director shall order transferred and the State 11 Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the 12 Personal Property Tax Replacement Fund to the Income Tax Refund Fund an amount, certified by the Director to the 13 14 Comptroller, equal to the excess of the amount of refunds resulting from overpayment of tax 15 liability under 16 subsections (c) and (d) of Section 201 of this Act paid 17 from the Income Tax Refund Fund during the fiscal year over 18 the amount collected pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of 19 Section 201 of this Act deposited into the Income Tax 20 Refund Fund during the fiscal year.

(4.5) As soon as possible after the end of fiscal year 1999 and of each fiscal year thereafter, the Director shall order transferred and the State Treasurer and State Comptroller shall transfer from the Income Tax Refund Fund to the General Revenue Fund any surplus remaining in the Income Tax Refund Fund as of the end of such fiscal year;

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excluding for fiscal years 2000, 2001, and 2002 amounts attributable to transfers under item (3) of subsection (c) less refunds resulting from the earned income tax credit.

4 (5) This Act shall constitute an irrevocable and
5 continuing appropriation from the Income Tax Refund Fund
6 for the purpose of paying refunds upon the order of the
7 Director in accordance with the provisions of this Section.
8 (e) Deposits into the Education Assistance Fund and the
9 Income Tax Surcharge Local Government Distributive Fund.

10 On July 1, 1991, and thereafter, of the amounts collected 11 pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act, 12 minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 7.3% into the Education Assistance Fund in the 13 State Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1991, and continuing through 14 January 31, 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to 15 16 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income 17 Tax Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 3.0% into the Income Tax Surcharge 18 Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. 19 Beginning February 1, 1993 and continuing through June 30, 20 1993, of the amounts collected pursuant to subsections (a) and 21 22 (b) of Section 201 of the Illinois Income Tax Act, minus 23 deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the Department shall deposit 4.4% into the Income Tax Surcharge Local Government 24 25 Distributive Fund in the State Treasury. Beginning July 1, 1993, and continuing through June 30, 1994, of the amounts 26

collected under subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this
 Act, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, the
 Department shall deposit 1.475% into the Income Tax Surcharge
 Local Government Distributive Fund in the State Treasury.

5 (f) <u>(Blank).</u> Deposits into the Fund for the Advancement of 6 Education. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall 7 deposit the following portions of the revenue realized from the 8 tax imposed upon individuals, trusts, and estates by 9 subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the 10 preceding month, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund 11 Fund, into the Fund for the Advancement of Education:

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(1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February 1, 2025, 1/30; and

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## (2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.

If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of 15 Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act, 16 17 the Department shall not make the deposits required by this subsection (f) on or after the effective date of the reduction. 18 (g) (Blank). Deposits into the Commitment to Human Services 19 Fund. Beginning February 1, 2015, the Department shall deposit 20 the following portions of the revenue realized from the tax 21 22 imposed upon individuals, trusts, and estates by subsections (a) and (b) of Section 201 of this Act during the preceding 23 month, minus deposits into the Income Tax Refund Fund, into the 24 25 Commitment to Human Services Fund:

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(1) beginning February 1, 2015, and prior to February

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<del>1, 2025, 1/30; and</del>

2	(2) beginning February 1, 2025, 1/26.
3	If the rate of tax imposed by subsection (a) and (b) of
4	Section 201 is reduced pursuant to Section 201.5 of this Act,
5	the Department shall not make the deposits required by this
6	subsection (g) on or after the effective date of the reduction.
7	(Source: P.A. 96-45, eff. 7-15-09; 96-328, eff. 8-11-09;
8	96-959, eff. 7-1-10; 96-1496, eff. 1-13-11; 97-72, eff. 7-1-11;
9	97-732, eff. 6-30-12.)
10	(30 ILCS 5/3-20 rep.)
11	Section 20. The Illinois State Auditing Act is amended by
12	repealing Section 3-20.
13	(30 ILCS 105/5.787 rep.)
14	(30 ILCS 105/6z-85 rep.)
15	(30 ILCS 105/6z-86 rep.)
16	(30 ILCS 105/25.2 rep.)
17	Section 25. The State Finance Act is amended by repealing
18	Sections 5.787, 6z-85, 6z-86, and 25.2.
19	(35 ILCS 5/201.5 rep.)
20	Section 30. The Illinois Income Tax Act is amended by
21	repealing Section 201.5.
22	Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
23	becoming law.