

Sen. Daniel Biss

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	09800SB1918sam002 LRB098 08324 RLC 43010 a
1	AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 1918
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend Senate Bill 1918 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4 5	"Section 1. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Freedom From Cell Phone Location Surveillance Act.
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6	Section 5. Definitions. As used in this Act:
7	"Cell phone location information" means information about
8	the location or movements of a mobile cell phone.
9	"Law enforcement agent" means any law enforcement officer
10	of an agency of the State or political subdivision of the State
11	who is vested by law with the duty to maintain public order or
12	enforce criminal laws.
13	Section 10. Warrant. Except as provided in Section 15, a
14	law enforcement agent may not obtain cell phone location
15	information without either:

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(1) a search warrant based on probable cause, issued for
 renewable periods of up to 30 days; or

3 (2) an arrest warrant issued under Section 107-9 of the
4 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963.

5 Section 15. Exceptions. Notwithstanding any other 6 provisions of this Act, any law enforcement agent may obtain 7 cell phone location information:

8 (1) to respond to a call for emergency services from the 9 user of the cell phone concerned;

10 (2) with the express consent of the subscriber or user of 11 the cell phone concerned; or

(3) when a law enforcement agent reasonably believes that obtaining cell phone location information without delay is necessary to protect a person from an imminent danger of death or great bodily harm, and the application to the cell phone service provider for cell phone location information is narrowly tailored to address this danger, subject to the following limitations:

(A) The application shall document the factual basis
for believing that this danger requires obtaining the cell
phone information without delay.

(B) The lead law enforcement agency involved in the
investigation shall retain the application for a minimum of
2 years, and shall provide it to the State's Attorney in
the county in which the lead agency is located within 48

hours of the time that the lead agency obtains access to
 cell phone location information under this paragraph (3).

3 (C) Subsequent or ongoing use of cell phone location information as described in this paragraph (3) beyond a 4 5 48-hour time span requires a warrant. If the application for the warrant is denied, the cell phone location 6 information shall not be admissible as evidence in a court 7 of law, unless the State can prove the evidence obtained 8 9 would inevitably have been discovered by lawful means as 10 part of the ongoing investigation.

Section 20. Admissibility. Compliance with the provisions 11 12 of this Act is a prerequisite to the admissibility into 13 evidence of any cell phone location information, but nothing in 14 this Act shall be deemed to prevent a court from otherwise 15 excluding the evidence on any other ground, nor shall anything in this Section be deemed to prevent a court from independently 16 reviewing the admissibility of the evidence for compliance with 17 the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution or with 18 19 Article I, Section 6 of the Illinois Constitution.".