- 1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 3 represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing
Sections 21-1 and 21-1.3 as follows:

(720 ILCS 5/21-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 21-1) 6 7 Sec. 21-1. Criminal damage to property. (a) A person commits criminal damage to property when he or 8 9 she: (1) knowingly damages any property of another; 10 (2) recklessly by means of fire or explosive damages 11 12 property of another; (3) knowingly starts a fire on the land of another; 13 14 (4) knowingly injures a domestic animal of another without his or her consent: 15 (5) knowingly deposits on the land or in the building 16 17 another any stink bomb or any offensive smelling of compound and thereby intends to interfere with the use by 18 19 another of the land or building; 20 (6) knowingly damages any property, other than as 21 described in paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of Section 22 20-1, with intent to defraud an insurer; (7) knowingly shoots a firearm at any portion of a 23

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1 railroad train;

(8) knowingly, without proper authorization, cuts,
injures, damages, defaces, destroys, or tampers with any
fire hydrant or any public or private fire fighting
equipment, or any apparatus appertaining to fire fighting
equipment; or

7 (9) intentionally, without proper authorization, opens8 any fire hydrant.

9 (b) When the charge of criminal damage to property 10 exceeding a specified value is brought, the extent of the 11 damage is an element of the offense to be resolved by the trier 12 of fact as either exceeding or not exceeding the specified 13 value.

14 (c) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of 15 paragraph (1), (3), or (5) of subsection (a) of this Section 16 that the owner of the property or land damaged consented to the 17 damage.

18 (d) Sentence.

19 (1) A violation of subsection (a) shall have the20 following penalties:

21 (A) A violation of paragraph (8) or (9) is a Class
22 B misdemeanor.

(B) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5), or
(6) is a Class A misdemeanor when the damage to
property does not exceed \$300.

26 (C) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5),

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or (6) is a Class 4 felony when the damage to property 1 2 does not exceed \$300 and the damage occurs to property 3 of a school or place of worship or to farm equipment or immovable items of agricultural production, including 4 but not limited to grain elevators, grain bins, and 5 barns or property which memorializes or honors an 6 individual or group of police officers, fire fighters, 7 8 members of the United States Armed Forces, National 9 Guard, or veterans.

10 (D) A violation of paragraph (4) is a Class 4 11 felony when the damage to property does not exceed 12 \$10,000.

13 (E) A violation of paragraph (7) is a Class 414 felony.

(F) A violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (5) or
(6) is a Class 4 felony when the damage to property
exceeds \$300 but does not exceed \$10,000.

(G) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a 18 19 Class 3 felony when the damage to property exceeds \$300 20 but does not exceed \$10,000 and the damage occurs to property of a school or place of worship or to farm 21 22 immovable items of agricultural equipment or 23 limited to grain production, including but not 24 elevators, grain bins, and barns or property which 25 memorializes or honors an individual or group of police officers, fire fighters, members of the United States 26

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Armed Forces, National Guard, or veterans.

(H) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a Class 3 felony when the damage to property exceeds \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000.

5 (I) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a 6 Class 2 felony when the damage to property exceeds 7 \$10,000 but does not exceed \$100,000 and the damage occurs to property of a school or place of worship or 8 9 to farm equipment or immovable items of agricultural 10 production, including but not limited to grain 11 elevators, grain bins, and barns or property which 12 memorializes or honors an individual or group of police officers, fire fighters, members of the United States 13 14 Armed Forces, National Guard, or veterans.

15 (J) A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is a 16 Class 2 felony when the damage to property exceeds \$100,000. A violation of paragraphs (1) through (6) is 17 a Class 1 felony when the damage to property exceeds 18 19 \$100,000 and the damage occurs to property of a school 20 or place of worship or to farm equipment or immovable 21 items of agricultural production, including but not 22 limited to grain elevators, grain bins, and barns or 23 property which memorializes or honors an individual or 24 group of police officers, fire fighters, members of the 25 United States Armed Forces, National Guard, or 26 veterans.

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1 (2) When the damage to property exceeds \$10,000, the 2 court shall impose upon the offender a fine equal to the 3 value of the damages to the property.

(3) In addition to any other sentence that may be 4 imposed, a court shall order any person convicted of 5 criminal damage to property to perform community service 6 7 for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if 8 community service is available in the jurisdiction and is 9 funded and approved by the county board of the county where 10 the offense was committed. In addition, whenever any person 11 is placed on supervision for an alleged offense under this 12 Section, the supervision shall be conditioned upon the 13 performance of the community service.

14 The community service requirement does not apply when 15 the court imposes a sentence of incarceration.

16 (4) In addition to any criminal penalties imposed for a 17 violation of this Section, if a person is convicted of or placed on supervision for knowingly damaging or destroying 18 19 crops of another, including crops intended for personal, 20 commercial, research, or developmental purposes, the person is liable in a civil action to the owner of any 21 22 crops damaged or destroyed for money damages up to twice 23 the market value of the crops damaged or destroyed.

(5) For the purposes of this subsection (d), "farm
 equipment" means machinery or other equipment used in
 farming.

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1 (Source: P.A. 96-529, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13.)

2 (720 ILCS 5/21-1.3)

Sec. 21-1.3. Criminal defacement of property.

4 (a) A person commits criminal defacement of property when 5 the person knowingly damages the property of another by defacing, deforming, or otherwise damaging the property by the 6 7 use of paint or any other similar substance, or by the use of a 8 writing instrument, etching tool, or any other similar device. 9 It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this Section 10 that the owner of the property damaged consented to such 11 damage.

12 (b) Sentence.

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13 (1)Criminal defacement of property is a Class А 14 misdemeanor for a first offense when the aggregate value of the 15 damage to the property does not exceed \$300. Criminal 16 defacement of property is a Class 4 felony when the aggregate value of the damage to property does not exceed \$300 and the 17 18 property damaged is a school building or place of worship or property which memorializes or honors an individual or group of 19 20 police officers, fire fighters, members of the United States 21 Armed Forces, National Guard, or veterans. Criminal defacement 22 of property is a Class 4 felony for a second or subsequent 23 conviction or when the aggregate value of the damage to the 24 property exceeds \$300. Criminal defacement of property is a 25 Class 3 felony when the aggregate value of the damage to

SB2231 Enrolled - 7 - LRB098 08864 RLC 38994 b property exceeds \$300 and the property damaged is a school building or place of worship <u>or property which memorializes or</u> <u>honors an individual or group of police officers, fire</u> <u>fighters, members of the United States Armed Forces, National</u> Guard, or veterans.

6 (2) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed 7 for a violation of this Section that is chargeable as a Class 3 8 or Class 4 felony, a person convicted of criminal defacement of 9 property shall be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 10 plus the actual costs incurred by the property owner or the 11 unit of government to abate, remediate, repair, or remove the 12 effect of the damage to the property. To the extent permitted by law, reimbursement for the costs of abatement, remediation, 13 14 repair, or removal shall be payable to the person who incurred 15 the costs.

16 (3) In addition to any other sentence that may be imposed, 17 a court shall order any person convicted of criminal defacement of property to perform community service for not less than 30 18 19 and not more than 120 hours, if community service is available 20 in the jurisdiction. The community service shall include, but need not be limited to, the cleanup and repair of the damage to 21 22 property that was caused by the offense, or similar damage to 23 property located in the municipality or county in which the offense occurred. When the property damaged is a school 24 25 building, the community service may include cleanup, removal, or painting over the defacement. In addition, whenever any 26

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person is placed on supervision for an alleged offense under this Section, the supervision shall be conditioned upon the performance of the community service.

4 (4) For the purposes of this subsection (b), aggregate 5 value shall be determined by adding the value of the damage to 6 one or more properties if the offenses were committed as part 7 of a single course of conduct.

8 (Source: P.A. 96-499, eff. 8-14-09; 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13.)