

Sen. Martin A. Sandoval

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LRB098 15841 ZMM 57138 a 09800SB2849sam001 1 AMENDMENT TO SENATE BILL 2849 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend Senate Bill 2849 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. The Illinois Dental Practice Act is amended by 4 5 changing Sections 4 and 17 as follows: (225 ILCS 25/4) (from Ch. 111, par. 2304) 6 7 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016) Sec. 4. Definitions. As used in this Act: 8 "Address of record" means the designated address recorded 9 10 by the Department in the applicant's or licensee's application 11 file or license file as maintained by the Department's 12 licensure maintenance unit. It is the duty of the applicant or 13 licensee to inform the Department of any change of address and 14 those changes must be made either through the Department's 15 website or by contacting the Department.

"Department" means the Department of Financial

and

- 1 Professional Regulation.
- 2 "Secretary" means the Secretary of Financial and
- 3 Professional Regulation.
- 4 "Board" means the Board of Dentistry.
- 5 "Dentist" means a person who has received a general license
- 6 pursuant to paragraph (a) of Section 11 of this Act and who may
- 7 perform any intraoral and extraoral procedure required in the
- 8 practice of dentistry and to whom is reserved the
- 9 responsibilities specified in Section 17.
- "Dental hygienist" means a person who holds a license under
- 11 this Act to perform dental services as authorized by Section
- 12 18.
- "Dental assistant" means an appropriately trained person
- 14 who, under the supervision of a dentist, provides dental
- services as authorized by Section 17.
- "Dental laboratory" means a person, firm or corporation
- 17 which:
- 18 (i) engages in making, providing, repairing or
- 19 altering dental prosthetic appliances and other artificial
- 20 materials and devices which are returned to a dentist for
- insertion into the human oral cavity or which come in
- contact with its adjacent structures and tissues; and
- 23 (ii) utilizes or employs a dental technician to provide
- such services; and
- 25 (iii) performs such functions only for a dentist or
- dentists.

"Supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist or a dental assistant requiring that a dentist authorize the procedure, remain in the dental facility while the procedure is performed, and approve the work performed by the dental hygienist or dental assistant before dismissal of the patient, but does not mean that the dentist must be present at all times in the treatment room.

"General supervision" means supervision of a dental hygienist requiring that the patient be a patient of record, that the dentist examine the patient in accordance with Section 18 prior to treatment by the dental hygienist, and that the dentist authorize the procedures which are being carried out by a notation in the patient's record, but not requiring that a dentist be present when the authorized procedures are being performed. The issuance of a prescription to a dental laboratory by a dentist does not constitute general supervision.

"Public member" means a person who is not a health professional. For purposes of board membership, any person with a significant financial interest in a health service or profession is not a public member.

"Dentistry" means the healing art which is concerned with the examination, diagnosis, treatment planning and care of conditions within the human oral cavity and its adjacent tissues and structures, as further specified in Section 17.

"Branches of dentistry" means the various specialties of

- dentistry which, for purposes of this Act, shall be limited to
- 2 the following: endodontics, oral and maxillofacial surgery,
- 3 orthodontics and dentofacial orthopedics, pediatric dentistry,
- 4 periodontics, prosthodontics, and oral and maxillofacial
- 5 radiology.
- 6 "Specialist" means a dentist who has received a specialty
- 7 license pursuant to Section 11(b).
- 8 "Dental technician" means a person who owns, operates or is
- 9 employed by a dental laboratory and engages in making,
- 10 providing, repairing or altering dental prosthetic appliances
- and other artificial materials and devices which are returned
- 12 to a dentist for insertion into the human oral cavity or which
- 13 come in contact with its adjacent structures and tissues.
- "Impaired dentist" or "impaired dental hygienist" means a
- 15 dentist or dental hygienist who is unable to practice with
- 16 reasonable skill and safety because of a physical or mental
- 17 disability as evidenced by a written determination or written
- 18 consent based on clinical evidence, including deterioration
- through the aging process, loss of motor skills, abuse of drugs
- or alcohol, or a psychiatric disorder, of sufficient degree to
- 21 diminish the person's ability to deliver competent patient
- 22 care.
- "Nurse" means a registered professional nurse, a certified
- 24 registered nurse anesthetist licensed as an advanced practice
- 25 nurse, or a licensed practical nurse licensed under the Nurse
- 26 Practice Act.

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- "Patient of record" means a patient for whom the patient's 1 most recent dentist has obtained a relevant medical and dental 2 history and on whom the dentist has performed an examination 3
- 4 and evaluated the condition to be treated.
- 5 "Dental emergency responder" means a dentist or dental 6 hygienist who is appropriately certified in emergency medical response, as defined by the Department of Public Health. 7
- "Community dental health coordinator" or "CDHC" means a 8 9 person trained as a member of the dental team to help navigate 10 the oral health care system by providing community based 11 advocacy for oral health, including, but not limited to, motivational counseling, patient assessment, and nutritional 12 13 literacy.
 - "Mobile dental van or portable dental unit" means any self-contained or portable dental unit in which dentistry is practiced that can be moved, towed, or transported from one location to another in order to establish a location where dental services can be provided.
- (Source: P.A. 97-526, eff. 1-1-12; 97-1013, eff. 8-17-12.) 19
- 20 (225 ILCS 25/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 2317)
- 21 (Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2016)
- 22 Sec. 17. Acts Constituting the Practice of Dentistry. A person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this Act: 23
- 24 (1) Who represents himself or herself as being able to 25 diagnose or diagnoses, treats, prescribes, or operates for

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1	any	dise	ase,	pain,	, d	eform	nity,	deficier	ncy,	injury	, or
2	phys	ical	condi	tion	of	the	human	tooth,	teetl	h, alv	reolar
3	proce	ess, (gums c	or jaw	; or	-					

- (2) Who is a manager, proprietor, operator or conductor of a business where dental operations are performed; or
 - (3) Who performs dental operations of any kind; or
- (4) Who uses an X-Ray machine or X-Ray films for dental diagnostic purposes; or
- (5) Who extracts a human tooth or teeth, or corrects or attempts to correct malpositions of the human teeth or jaws; or
- (6) Who offers or undertakes, by any means or method, to diagnose, treat or remove stains, calculus, and bonding materials from human teeth or jaws; or
- (7) Who uses or administers local or general anesthetics in the treatment of dental or oral diseases or in any preparation incident to a dental operation of any kind or character; or
- (8) Who takes impressions of the human tooth, teeth, or jaws or performs any phase of any operation incident to the replacement of a part of a tooth, a tooth, teeth or associated tissues by means of a filling, crown, a bridge, a denture or other appliance; or
- (9) Who offers to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce or repair, or who furnishes, supplies, constructs, reproduces or repairs, prosthetic dentures,

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1 bridges or other substitutes for natural teeth, to the user or prospective user thereof; or

- (10) Who instructs students on clinical matters or performs any clinical operation included in the curricula of recognized dental schools and colleges; or
- (11) Who takes impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of applying teeth whitening materials, or who impressions of human teeth or places his or her hands in the mouth of any person for the purpose of assisting in the application of teeth whitening materials. A person does not practice dentistry when he or she discloses to the consumer that he or she is not licensed as a dentist under this Act and (i) discusses the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; (ii) provides instruction on the use of teeth whitening materials with a consumer purchasing these materials; or (iii) provides appropriate equipment on-site to the consumer for the consumer to self-apply teeth whitening materials.
- The fact that any person engages in or performs, or offers to engage in or perform, any of the practices, acts, or operations set forth in this Section, shall be prima facie evidence that such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry.
- 25 The following practices, acts, and operations, however, 26 are exempt from the operation of this Act:

(a) The rendering of dental relief in emergency cases
in the practice of his or her profession by a physician or
surgeon, licensed as such under the laws of this State,
unless he or she undertakes to reproduce or reproduces lost
parts of the human teeth in the mouth or to restore or
replace lost or missing teeth in the mouth; or

- (b) The practice of dentistry in the discharge of their official duties by dentists in any branch of the Armed Services of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, or the United States Veterans Administration; or
- (c) The practice of dentistry by students in their course of study in dental schools or colleges approved by the Department, when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists acting as instructors; or
- (d) The practice of dentistry by clinical instructors in the course of their teaching duties in dental schools or colleges approved by the Department:
 - (i) when acting under the direction and supervision of dentists, provided that such clinical instructors have instructed continuously in this State since January 1, 1986; or
 - (ii) when holding the rank of full professor at such approved dental school or college and possessing a current valid license or authorization to practice dentistry in another country; or

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(e) The practice of dentistry by licensed dentists of
other states or countries at meetings of the Illinois State
Dental Society or component parts thereof, alumni meetings
of dental colleges, or any other like dental organizations,
while appearing as clinicians; or

- (f) The use of X-Ray machines for exposing X-Ray films of dental or oral tissues by dental hygienists or dental assistants; or
- (g) The performance of any dental service by a dental assistant, if such service is performed under the supervision and full responsibility of a dentist.

For purposes of this paragraph (g), "dental service" is defined to mean any intraoral procedure or act which shall be prescribed by rule or regulation of the Department. Dental service, however, shall not include:

- (1) Any and all diagnosis of or prescription for treatment of disease, pain, deformity, deficiency, injury or physical condition of the human teeth or jaws, or adjacent structures.
- (2) Removal of, or restoration of, or addition to the hard or soft tissues of the oral cavity, except for the placing, carving, and finishing of amalgam restorations by dental assistants who have had additional formal education and certification as determined by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4

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dental assistants at any one time for placing, carving, 1 and finishing of amalgam restorations. 2

- (3) Any and all correction of malformation of teeth or of the jaws.
- (4) Administration of anesthetics, except for monitoring of nitrous oxide, conscious sedation, deep sedation, and general anesthetic as provided in Section 8.1 of this Act, that may be performed only after successful completion of a training program approved by the Department. A dentist utilizing dental assistants shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the monitoring of nitrous oxide.
 - (5) Removal of calculus from human teeth.
- (6) Taking of impressions for the fabrication of prosthetic appliances, crowns, bridges, inlays, onlays, or other restorative or replacement dentistry.
- (7) The operative procedure of dental hygiene consisting of oral prophylactic procedures, except for coronal polishing and pit and fissure sealants, which may be performed by a dental assistant who has successfully completed a training program approved by the Department. Dental assistants may perform coronal polishing under the following circumstances: (i) the coronal polishing shall be limited to polishing the clinical crown of the tooth and existing restorations,

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supragingivally; (ii) the dental assistant performing the coronal polishing shall be limited to the use of rotary instruments using a rubber cup or brush polishing method (air polishing is not permitted); and (iii) the supervising dentist shall not supervise more than 4 dental assistants at any one time for the task of coronal polishing or pit and fissure sealants.

The limitations on the number of dental assistants a dentist may supervise contained in items (2), (4), and (7) of this Section mean a limit of 4 total dental assistants or dental hygienists doing expanded functions covered by these Sections being supervised by one dentist.

- (g-5) A community dental health coordinator working under the supervision of a dentist may perform functions for which the community dental health coordinator meets training and educational standards and that are not expressly prohibited by statute or rules adopted by the Department.
 - (h) The practice of dentistry by an individual who:
 - (i) has applied in writing to the Department, in form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for a general dental license and has complied with all provisions of Section 9 of this Act, except for the passage of the examination specified in subsection (e) $_{7}$ of Section 9_{7} of this Act; or
 - (ii) has applied in writing to the Department, in

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form and substance satisfactory to the Department, for
a temporary dental license and has complied with all
provisions of subsection (c) $_{ au}$ of Section 11 $_{ au}$ of this
Act; and

- (iii) has been accepted or appointed for specialty or residency training by a hospital situated in this State; or
- (iv) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in an approved dental program situated in this State; or
- (v) has been accepted or appointed for specialty training in a dental public health agency situated in this State.

The applicant shall be permitted to practice dentistry for a period of 3 months from the starting date of the program, unless authorized in writing by the Department to continue such practice for a period specified in writing by the Department.

The applicant shall only be entitled to perform such acts as may be prescribed by and incidental to his or her program of residency or specialty training and shall not otherwise engage in the practice of dentistry in this State.

The authority to practice shall terminate immediately upon:

(1) the decision of the Department that the

8-16-13; revised 11-14-13.)".

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applicant has failed the examination; or
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                (2) denial of licensure by the Department; or
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                 (3) withdrawal of the application.
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     (Source: P.A. 97-526, eff. 1-1-12; 97-886, eff. 8-2-12;
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     97-1013, eff. 8-17-12; 98-147, eff. 1-1-14; 98-463, eff.
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