

Rep. Rita Mayfield

Filed: 4/12/2016

	09900HB0822ham002 LRB099 04642 NHT 47405 a
1	AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 822
2	AMENDMENT NO Amend House Bill 822 by replacing
3	everything after the enacting clause with the following:
4	"Section 5. The School Code is amended by changing Sections
5	10-23.12, 27A-5, and 34-18.6 as follows:
6	(105 ILCS 5/10-23.12) (from Ch. 122, par. 10-23.12)
7	Sec. 10-23.12. Child abuse and neglect; detection,
8	reporting, and prevention.
9	(a) To provide staff development for local school site
10	personnel who work with pupils in grades kindergarten through
11	8_{7} in the detection, reporting, and prevention of child abuse
12	and neglect.
13	(b) Using a format and language that is clear, simple, and
14	understandable to students, each public school and charter
15	school shall post, in English and Spanish:
16	(1) the current toll-free telephone number of the

1	Department of Children and Family Services' child abuse
2	hotline;
3	(2) instructions to call 9-1-1 for emergencies; and
4	(3) directions for accessing the Department of
5	Children and Family Services' website for more information
6	on reporting abuse, neglect, and exploitation.
7	Public schools and charter schools shall post the
8	information specified in this subsection (b) at each school
9	campus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly
10	visible, public area that is readily accessible to and widely
11	used by students.
12	(Source: P.A. 84-1308.)
13	(105 ILCS 5/27A-5)
14	(Text of Section before amendment by P.A. 99-456)
15	Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements.
16	(a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian,
17	nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter
18	school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit
19	corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity
20	authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois.
21	(b) A charter school may be established under this Article
22	by creating a new school or by converting an existing public
23	school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning
24	on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) this

amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, in all new

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1 applications to establish a charter school in a city having a 2 population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter school shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this 3 4 Section by Public Act 93-3 this amendatory Act of the 93rd 5 General Assembly do not apply to charter schools existing or approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of 6 7 Public Act 93-3) this amendatory Act.

(b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with their teachers at remote locations and with students participating at different times.

From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This moratorium does not apply to a charter school virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter school with virtual-schooling components already approved prior to April 1, 2013.

On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to Assembly a the the General report on effect of virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on student performance, the costs associated virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall

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- 1 include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.
 - (c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by its board of directors or other governing body in the manner provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open Meetings Act.
 - (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular health and safety requirement" means any health and safety requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain, preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does not include any course of study or specialized instructional requirement for which the State Board has established goals and learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must

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contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the authorizing local school board.

- (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, instructional materials, and student activities.
- (f) A charter school shall be responsible for the management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer

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- (g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code governing public schools and local school board policies; however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:
 - (1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent Offender Against Youth Database of applicants employment;
 - (2) Sections 24-24 and 34-84A of this Code regarding discipline of students;
 - (3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees Tort Immunity Act;
 - (4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of officers, directors, employees, and agents;
 - (5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
- 24 (5.5) subsection (b) of Section 10-23.12 and 25 subsection (b) of Section 34-18.6 of this Code;
 - (6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;

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1	(7)	Section	10-17a	of	this	Code	regarding	school	report
2	cards;								

- (8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;
- 4 (9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying prevention; and
 - (10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student discipline reporting; and
 - (11) Section 22-80 of this Code.

The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g) is declaratory of existing law.

(h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the

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- 1 effective date of Public Act 93-3) this amendatory Act of 93rd General Assembly and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 2 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this 3 4 Section, a school district may charge a charter school 5 reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter 6 school contracts with a school district shall be provided by 7 8 the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school 9 contracts with a local school board or with the governing body 10 of a State college or university or public community college 11 shall be provided by the public entity at cost.
 - (i) In no event shall a charter school that is established by converting an existing school or attendance center to charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other costs for the operation and maintenance of school district facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject to negotiation between the charter school and the local school board and shall be set forth in the charter.
- 2.1 (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or 22 grade level.
- (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission, 23 24 then the Commission charter school is its own local education 25 agency.
- (Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669, 26

- eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15; 1
- 98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff. 2
- 7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff. 3
- 4 8-10-15; revised 10-19-15.)
- 5 (Text of Section after amendment by P.A. 99-456)
- Sec. 27A-5. Charter school; legal entity; requirements. 6
- (a) A charter school shall be a public, nonsectarian, 7
- 8 nonreligious, non-home based, and non-profit school. A charter
- 9 school shall be organized and operated as a nonprofit
- 10 corporation or other discrete, legal, nonprofit entity
- authorized under the laws of the State of Illinois. 11
- 12 (b) A charter school may be established under this Article
- 13 by creating a new school or by converting an existing public
- 14 school or attendance center to charter school status. Beginning
- 15 on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) this
- amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, in all new 16
- 17 applications to establish a charter school in a city having a
- population exceeding 500,000, operation of the charter school 18
- 19 shall be limited to one campus. The changes made to this
- Section by Public Act 93-3 this amendatory Act of the 93rd 20
- 21 General Assembly do not apply to charter schools existing or
- approved on or before April 16, 2003 (the effective date of 22
- 23 Public Act 93-3) this amendatory Act.
- 24 (b-5) In this subsection (b-5), "virtual-schooling" means
- 25 a cyber school where students engage in online curriculum and

- 1 instruction via the Internet and electronic communication with
- 2 their teachers at remote locations and with students
- 3 participating at different times.
- 4 From April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, there is a
- 5 moratorium on the establishment of charter schools with
- virtual-schooling components in school districts other than a 6
- school district organized under Article 34 of this Code. This 7
- 8 moratorium does not apply to a charter school
- 9 virtual-schooling components existing or approved prior to
- 10 April 1, 2013 or to the renewal of the charter of a charter
- 11 school with virtual-schooling components already approved
- 12 prior to April 1, 2013.
- 13 On or before March 1, 2014, the Commission shall submit to
- 14 General Assembly a report on the effect
- 15 virtual-schooling, including without limitation the effect on
- costs 16 associated student performance, the
- 17 virtual-schooling, and issues with oversight. The report shall
- 18 include policy recommendations for virtual-schooling.
- (c) A charter school shall be administered and governed by 19
- 20 its board of directors or other governing body in the manner
- 2.1 provided in its charter. The governing body of a charter school
- 22 shall be subject to the Freedom of Information Act and the Open
- 23 Meetings Act.
- 24 (d) For purposes of this subsection (d), "non-curricular
- 25 health and safety requirement" means any health and safety
- 26 requirement created by statute or rule to provide, maintain,

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preserve, or safeguard safe or healthful conditions for students and school personnel or to eliminate, reduce, or prevent threats to the health and safety of students and school personnel. "Non-curricular health and safety requirement" does not include any course of study or specialized instructional requirement for which the State Board has established goals and learning standards or which is designed primarily to impart knowledge and skills for students to master and apply as an outcome of their education.

A charter school shall comply with all non-curricular health and safety requirements applicable to public schools under the laws of the State of Illinois. On or before September 1, 2015, the State Board shall promulgate and post on its Internet website a list of non-curricular health and safety requirements that a charter school must meet. The list shall be updated annually no later than September 1. Any charter contract between a charter school and its authorizer must contain a provision that requires the charter school to follow the list of all non-curricular health and safety requirements promulgated by the State Board and any non-curricular health and safety requirements added by the State Board to such list during the term of the charter. Nothing in this subsection (d) precludes an authorizer from including non-curricular health and safety requirements in a charter school contract that are not contained in the list promulgated by the State Board, including non-curricular health and safety requirements of the

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- 1 authorizing local school board.
 - (e) Except as otherwise provided in the School Code, a charter school shall not charge tuition; provided that a charter school may charge reasonable fees for textbooks, instructional materials, and student activities.
 - A charter school shall be responsible for the management and operation of its fiscal affairs including, but not limited to, the preparation of its budget. An audit of each charter school's finances shall be conducted annually by an outside, independent contractor retained by the charter school. To ensure financial accountability for the use of public funds, on or before December 1 of every year of operation, each charter school shall submit to its authorizer and the State Board a copy of its audit and a copy of the Form 990 the charter school filed that year with the federal Internal Revenue Service. In addition, if deemed necessary for proper financial oversight of the charter school, an authorizer may require quarterly financial statements from each charter school.
 - (g) A charter school shall comply with all provisions of this Article, the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Act, all federal and State laws and rules applicable to public schools that pertain to special education and the instruction of English learners, and its charter. A charter school is exempt from all other State laws and regulations in this Code governing public schools and local school board policies;

1	however, a charter school is not exempt from the following:
2	(1) Sections 10-21.9 and 34-18.5 of this Code regarding
3	criminal history records checks and checks of the Statewide
4	Sex Offender Database and Statewide Murderer and Violent
5	Offender Against Youth Database of applicants for
6	employment;
7	(2) Sections 10-20.14, 10-22.6, 24-24, 34-19, and
8	34-84a of this Code regarding discipline of students;
9	(3) the Local Governmental and Governmental Employees
10	Tort Immunity Act;
11	(4) Section 108.75 of the General Not For Profit
12	Corporation Act of 1986 regarding indemnification of
13	officers, directors, employees, and agents;
14	(5) the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;
15	(5.5) subsection (b) of Section 10-23.12 and
16	subsection (b) of Section 34-18.6 of this Code;
17	(6) the Illinois School Student Records Act;
18	(7) Section 10-17a of this Code regarding school report
19	cards;
20	(8) the P-20 Longitudinal Education Data System Act;
21	(9) Section 27-23.7 of this Code regarding bullying
22	prevention; and
23	(10) Section 2-3.162 of this Code regarding student
24	discipline reporting; and
25	(11) Section 22-80 of this Code.
26	The change made by Public Act 96-104 to this subsection (g)

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is declaratory of existing law.

(h) A charter school may negotiate and contract with a school district, the governing body of a State college or university or public community college, or any other public or for-profit or nonprofit private entity for: (i) the use of a school building and grounds or any other real property or facilities that the charter school desires to use or convert for use as a charter school site, (ii) the operation and maintenance thereof, and (iii) the provision of any service, activity, or undertaking that the charter school is required to perform in order to carry out the terms of its charter. However, a charter school that is established on or after April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly and that operates in a city having a population exceeding 500,000 may not contract with a for-profit entity to manage or operate the school during the period that commences on April 16, 2003 (the effective date of Public Act 93-3) this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly and concludes at the end of the 2004-2005 school year. Except as provided in subsection (i) of this Section, a school district may charge a charter school reasonable rent for the use of the district's buildings, grounds, and facilities. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a school district shall be provided by the district at cost. Any services for which a charter school contracts with a local school board or with the governing body

- 1 of a State college or university or public community college
- shall be provided by the public entity at cost. 2
- (i) In no event shall a charter school that is established 3
- 4 by converting an existing school or attendance center to
- 5 charter school status be required to pay rent for space that is
- 6 deemed available, as negotiated and provided in the charter
- agreement, in school district facilities. However, all other 7
- 8 costs for the operation and maintenance of school district
- 9 facilities that are used by the charter school shall be subject
- 10 to negotiation between the charter school and the local school
- 11 board and shall be set forth in the charter.
- (j) A charter school may limit student enrollment by age or 12
- 13 grade level.
- (k) If the charter school is approved by the Commission, 14
- 15 then the Commission charter school is its own local education
- 16 agency.
- (Source: P.A. 98-16, eff. 5-24-13; 98-639, eff. 6-9-14; 98-669, 17
- eff. 6-26-14; 98-739, eff. 7-16-14; 98-783, eff. 1-1-15; 18
- 98-1059, eff. 8-26-14; 98-1102, eff. 8-26-14; 99-30, eff. 19
- 20 7-10-15; 99-78, eff. 7-20-15; 99-245, eff. 8-3-15; 99-325, eff.
- 8-10-15; 99-456, eff. 9-15-16; revised 10-19-15.) 2.1
- 22 (105 ILCS 5/34-18.6) (from Ch. 122, par. 34-18.6)
- 23 34-18.6. Child abuse and neglect; -detection,
- 24 reporting, and prevention.
- 25 (a) The Board of Education may provide staff development

- 1 for local school site personnel who work with pupils in grades
- 2 kindergarten through 8_{7} in the detection, reporting, and
- 3 prevention of child abuse and neglect.
- 4 (b) Using a format and language that is clear, simple, and
- 5 understandable to students, each public school and charter
- school shall post, in English and Spanish: 6
- 7 (1) the current toll-free telephone number of the
- Department of Children and Family Services' child abuse 8
- 9 hotline;
- 10 (2) instructions to call 9-1-1 for emergencies; and
- 11 (3) directions for accessing the Department of
- Children and Family Services' website for more information 12
- 13 on reporting abuse, neglect, and exploitation.
- 14 Public schools and charter schools shall post the
- 15 information specified in this subsection (b) at each school
- campus in at least one high-traffic, highly and clearly 16
- visible, public area that is readily accessible to and widely 17
- 18 used by students.
- (Source: P.A. 84-1308.) 19
- Section 95. No acceleration or delay. Where this Act makes 2.0
- 21 changes in a statute that is represented in this Act by text
- 22 that is not yet or no longer in effect (for example, a Section
- 23 represented by multiple versions), the use of that text does
- 24 not accelerate or delay the taking effect of (i) the changes
- 25 made by this Act or (ii) provisions derived from any other

1 Public Act.".