



99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY

State of Illinois

2015 and 2016

HB4294

by Rep. Daniel V. Beiser

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

720 ILCS 5/11-9.3

Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that it is a Class 4 felony for a child sex offender to knowingly reside within 500 feet of a foster family home. Provides that nothing in this provision prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a foster family home if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of the amendatory Act. Provides that it is a Class 4 felony for a child sex offender to knowingly operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated with, or knowingly be present at any foster family home. Provides an exemption for a child sex offender who owns the real property upon which the foster family home is located, provided the child sex offender refrains from being present on the premises for the hours during which the foster family home is operated. Defines "foster family home".

LRB099 13871 RLC 37851 b

CORRECTIONAL
BUDGET AND
IMPACT NOTE ACT
MAY APPLY

A BILL FOR

1 AN ACT concerning criminal law.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Criminal Code of 2012 is amended by changing
5 Section 11-9.3 as follows:

6 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

7 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex
8 offenders prohibited; approaching, contacting, residing with,
9 or communicating with a child within certain places by child
10 sex offenders prohibited.

11 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be
12 present in any school building, on real property comprising any
13 school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a
14 school to transport students to or from school or a school
15 related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present
16 in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless
17 the offender is a parent or guardian of a student attending the
18 school and the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a
19 conference at the school with school personnel to discuss the
20 progress of his or her child academically or socially, (ii)
21 participating in child review conferences in which evaluation
22 and placement decisions may be made with respect to his or her
23 child regarding special education services, or (iii) attending

1 conferences to discuss other student issues concerning his or
2 her child such as retention and promotion and notifies the
3 principal of the school of his or her presence at the school or
4 unless the offender has permission to be present from the
5 superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private
6 school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if
7 permission is granted, the superintendent or school board
8 president must inform the principal of the school where the sex
9 offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of
10 the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex
11 offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is
12 responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she
13 arrives on school property and when he or she departs from
14 school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the
15 vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain
16 under the direct supervision of a school official.

17 (a-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
18 be present within 100 feet of a site posted as a pick-up or
19 discharge stop for a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by
20 a school to transport students to or from school or a school
21 related activity when one or more persons under the age of 18
22 are present at the site.

23 (a-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
24 be present in any public park building, a playground or
25 recreation area within any publicly accessible privately owned
26 building, or on real property comprising any public park when

1 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on
2 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a
3 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or
4 guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the
5 building or on the grounds.

6 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
7 loiter within 500 feet of a school building or real property
8 comprising any school while persons under the age of 18 are
9 present in the building or on the grounds, unless the offender
10 is a parent or guardian of a student attending the school and
11 the parent or guardian is: (i) attending a conference at the
12 school with school personnel to discuss the progress of his or
13 her child academically or socially, (ii) participating in child
14 review conferences in which evaluation and placement decisions
15 may be made with respect to his or her child regarding special
16 education services, or (iii) attending conferences to discuss
17 other student issues concerning his or her child such as
18 retention and promotion and notifies the principal of the
19 school of his or her presence at the school or has permission
20 to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in
21 the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of
22 a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent
23 or school board president must inform the principal of the
24 school where the sex offender will be present. Notification
25 includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours
26 in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The

1 sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's
2 office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or
3 she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be
4 present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the
5 duty to remain under the direct supervision of a school
6 official.

7 (b-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
8 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park
9 building or real property comprising any public park while
10 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on
11 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a
12 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent or
13 guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the
14 building or on the grounds.

15 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
16 reside within 500 feet of a school building or the real
17 property comprising any school that persons under the age of 18
18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex
19 offender from residing within 500 feet of a school building or
20 the real property comprising any school that persons under 18
21 attend if the property is owned by the child sex offender and
22 was purchased before July 7, 2000 (the effective date of Public
23 Act 91-911).

24 (b-10) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
25 reside within 500 feet of a playground, child care institution,
26 day care center, part day child care facility, day care home,

1 group day care home, foster family home, or a facility
2 providing programs or services exclusively directed toward
3 persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this subsection
4 (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500
5 feet of a playground or a facility providing programs or
6 services exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of
7 age if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was
8 purchased before July 7, 2000. Nothing in this subsection
9 (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from residing within 500
10 feet of a child care institution, day care center, or part day
11 child care facility if the property is owned by the child sex
12 offender and was purchased before June 26, 2006. Nothing in
13 this subsection (b-10) prohibits a child sex offender from
14 residing within 500 feet of a day care home or group day care
15 home if the property is owned by the child sex offender and was
16 purchased before August 14, 2008 (the effective date of Public
17 Act 95-821). Nothing in this subsection (b-10) prohibits a
18 child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a foster
19 family home if the property is owned by the child sex offender
20 and was purchased before the effective date of this amendatory
21 Act of the 99th General Assembly.

22 (b-15) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
23 reside within 500 feet of the victim of the sex offense.
24 Nothing in this subsection (b-15) prohibits a child sex
25 offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if the
26 property in which the child sex offender resides is owned by

1 the child sex offender and was purchased before August 22,
2 2002.

3 This subsection (b-15) does not apply if the victim of the
4 sex offense is 21 years of age or older.

5 (b-20) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
6 communicate, other than for a lawful purpose under Illinois
7 law, using the Internet or any other digital media, with a
8 person under 18 years of age or with a person whom he or she
9 believes to be a person under 18 years of age, unless the
10 offender is a parent or guardian of the person under 18 years
11 of age.

12 (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
13 operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated
14 with, or knowingly be present at any: (i) facility providing
15 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons under
16 the age of 18; (ii) day care center; (iii) part day child care
17 facility; (iv) child care institution; (v) school providing
18 before and after school programs for children under 18 years of
19 age; (vi) day care home; ~~or~~ (vii) group day care home; or
20 (viii) foster family home. This does not prohibit a child sex
21 offender from owning the real property upon which the programs
22 or services are offered or upon which the day care center, part
23 day child care facility, child care institution, foster family
24 home, or school providing before and after school programs for
25 children under 18 years of age is located, provided the child
26 sex offender refrains from being present on the premises for

1 the hours during which: (1) the programs or services are being
2 offered or (2) the day care center, part day child care
3 facility, child care institution, foster family home, or school
4 providing before and after school programs for children under
5 18 years of age, day care home, or group day care home is
6 operated.

7 (c-2) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to
8 participate in a holiday event involving children under 18
9 years of age, including but not limited to distributing candy
10 or other items to children on Halloween, wearing a Santa Claus
11 costume on or preceding Christmas, being employed as a
12 department store Santa Claus, or wearing an Easter Bunny
13 costume on or preceding Easter. For the purposes of this
14 subsection, child sex offender has the meaning as defined in
15 this Section, but does not include as a sex offense under
16 paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of this Section, the offense
17 under subsection (c) of Section 11-1.50 of this Code. This
18 subsection does not apply to a child sex offender who is a
19 parent or guardian of children under 18 years of age that are
20 present in the home and other non-familial minors are not
21 present.

22 (c-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
23 operate, manage, be employed by, or be associated with any
24 county fair when persons under the age of 18 are present.

25 (c-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender who owns and
26 resides at residential real estate to knowingly rent any

1 residential unit within the same building in which he or she
2 resides to a person who is the parent or guardian of a child or
3 children under 18 years of age. This subsection shall apply
4 only to leases or other rental arrangements entered into after
5 January 1, 2009 (the effective date of Public Act 95-820).

6 (c-7) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
7 offer or provide any programs or services to persons under 18
8 years of age in his or her residence or the residence of
9 another or in any facility for the purpose of offering or
10 providing such programs or services, whether such programs or
11 services are offered or provided by contract, agreement,
12 arrangement, or on a volunteer basis.

13 (c-8) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
14 operate, whether authorized to do so or not, any of the
15 following vehicles: (1) a vehicle which is specifically
16 designed, constructed or modified and equipped to be used for
17 the retail sale of food or beverages, including but not limited
18 to an ice cream truck; (2) an authorized emergency vehicle; or
19 (3) a rescue vehicle.

20 (d) Definitions. In this Section:

21 (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:

22 (i) has been charged under Illinois law, or any
23 substantially similar federal law or law of another
24 state, with a sex offense set forth in paragraph (2) of
25 this subsection (d) or the attempt to commit an
26 included sex offense, and the victim is a person under

1 18 years of age at the time of the offense; and:

2 (A) is convicted of such offense or an attempt
3 to commit such offense; or

4 (B) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
5 of such offense or an attempt to commit such
6 offense; or

7 (C) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
8 pursuant to subsection (c) of Section 104-25 of the
9 Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense
10 or an attempt to commit such offense; or

11 (D) is the subject of a finding not resulting
12 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
13 subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
14 Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
15 commission or attempted commission of such
16 offense; or

17 (E) is found not guilty by reason of insanity
18 following a hearing conducted pursuant to a
19 federal law or the law of another state
20 substantially similar to subsection (c) of Section
21 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of
22 such offense or of the attempted commission of such
23 offense; or

24 (F) is the subject of a finding not resulting
25 in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to
26 a federal law or the law of another state

1 substantially similar to subsection (a) of Section
2 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963
3 for the alleged violation or attempted commission
4 of such offense; or

5 (ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous person
6 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons
7 Act, or any substantially similar federal law or the
8 law of another state, when any conduct giving rise to
9 such certification is committed or attempted against a
10 person less than 18 years of age; or

11 (iii) is subject to the provisions of Section 2 of
12 the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
13 Persons Act.

14 Convictions that result from or are connected with the
15 same act, or result from offenses committed at the same
16 time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as
17 one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is
18 not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

19 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (2.5),
20 "sex offense" means:

21 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
22 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:
23 10-4 (forcible detention), 10-7 (aiding or abetting
24 child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),
25 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-1.40 (predatory
26 criminal sexual assault of a child), 11-6 (indecent

1 solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent
2 solicitation of an adult), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation
3 of a child), 11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct),
4 11-9.5 (sexual misconduct with a person with a
5 disability), 11-11 (sexual relations within families),
6 11-14.3(a)(1) (promoting prostitution by advancing
7 prostitution), 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting
8 prostitution by profiting from prostitution by
9 compelling a person to be a prostitute),
10 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution by profiting
11 from prostitution by means other than as described in
12 subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2) of
13 subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4 (promoting
14 juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a
15 juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child pornography),
16 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography), 11-21
17 (harmful material), 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling
18 to meet a minor), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child),
19 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in
20 any school, on real property comprising any school, in
21 any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school
22 to transport students to or from school or a school
23 related activity, or in a public park), 11-30 (public
24 indecency) (when committed in a school, on real
25 property comprising a school, in any conveyance owned,
26 leased, or contracted by a school to transport students

1 to or from school or a school related activity, or in a
2 public park). An attempt to commit any of these
3 offenses.

4 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
5 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
6 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of
7 age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30
8 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.50
9 (criminal sexual abuse), 11-1.60 (aggravated criminal
10 sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any of these
11 offenses.

12 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
13 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
14 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age
15 and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

16 10-1 (kidnapping),
17 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
18 10-3 (unlawful restraint),
19 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),
20 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

21 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

22 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State
23 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in
24 clause (2)(i) or (2)(ii) of subsection (d) of this
25 Section.

26 (2.5) For the purposes of subsections (b-5) and (b-10)

1 only, a sex offense means:

2 (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of
3 the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of 2012:

4 10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding or
5 abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10)),
6 11-1.40 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
7 child), 11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
8 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9.2
9 (custodial sexual misconduct), 11-9.5 (sexual
10 misconduct with a person with a disability), 11-11
11 (sexual relations within families), 11-14.3(a)(1)
12 (promoting prostitution by advancing prostitution),
13 11-14.3(a)(2)(A) (promoting prostitution by profiting
14 from prostitution by compelling a person to be a
15 prostitute), 11-14.3(a)(2)(C) (promoting prostitution
16 by profiting from prostitution by means other than as
17 described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (2)
18 of subsection (a) of Section 11-14.3), 11-14.4
19 (promoting juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1
20 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-20.1 (child
21 pornography), 11-20.1B (aggravated child pornography),
22 11-25 (grooming), 11-26 (traveling to meet a minor), or
23 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to
24 commit any of these offenses.

25 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections
26 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of

1 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of
2 age: 11-1.20 (criminal sexual assault), 11-1.30
3 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 11-1.60
4 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), and subsection (a)
5 of Section 11-1.50 (criminal sexual abuse). An attempt
6 to commit any of these offenses.

7 (iii) A violation of any of the following Sections
8 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of
9 2012, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age
10 and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

11 10-1 (kidnapping),

12 10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

13 10-3 (unlawful restraint),

14 10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint),

15 11-9.1(A) (permitting sexual abuse of a child).

16 An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

17 (iv) A violation of any former law of this State
18 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in this
19 paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.

20 (3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or the
21 law of another state that is substantially equivalent to
22 any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) of
23 this Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose
24 of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a sexually
25 dangerous person under any federal law or law of another
26 state that is substantially equivalent to the Sexually

1 Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an adjudication for
2 the purposes of this Section.

3 (4) "Authorized emergency vehicle", "rescue vehicle",
4 and "vehicle" have the meanings ascribed to them in
5 Sections 1-105, 1-171.8 and 1-217, respectively, of the
6 Illinois Vehicle Code.

7 (5) "Child care institution" has the meaning ascribed
8 to it in Section 2.06 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

9 (6) "Day care center" has the meaning ascribed to it in
10 Section 2.09 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

11 (7) "Day care home" has the meaning ascribed to it in
12 Section 2.18 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

13 (8) "Facility providing programs or services directed
14 towards persons under the age of 18" means any facility
15 providing programs or services exclusively directed
16 towards persons under the age of 18.

17 (8.5) "Foster family home" has the meaning ascribed to
18 it in Section 2.17 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

19 (9) "Group day care home" has the meaning ascribed to
20 it in Section 2.20 of the Child Care Act of 1969.

21 (10) "Internet" has the meaning set forth in Section
22 16-0.1 of this Code.

23 (11) "Loiter" means:

24 (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
25 person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around
26 school or public park property.

1 (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
2 person is in a vehicle, or remaining in or around
3 school or public park property, for the purpose of
4 committing or attempting to commit a sex offense.

5 (iii) Entering or remaining in a building in or
6 around school property, other than the offender's
7 residence.

8 (12) "Part day child care facility" has the meaning
9 ascribed to it in Section 2.10 of the Child Care Act of
10 1969.

11 (13) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or
12 controlled by a unit of local government that is designated
13 by the unit of local government for use solely or primarily
14 for children's recreation.

15 (14) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve,
16 bikeway, trail, or conservation area under the
17 jurisdiction of the State or a unit of local government.

18 (15) "School" means a public or private preschool or
19 elementary or secondary school.

20 (16) "School official" means the principal, a teacher,
21 or any other certified employee of the school, the
22 superintendent of schools or a member of the school board.

23 (e) For the purposes of this Section, the 500 feet distance
24 shall be measured from: (1) the edge of the property of the
25 school building or the real property comprising the school that
26 is closest to the edge of the property of the child sex

1 offender's residence or where he or she is loitering, and (2)
2 the edge of the property comprising the public park building or
3 the real property comprising the public park, playground, child
4 care institution, day care center, part day child care
5 facility, or facility providing programs or services
6 exclusively directed toward persons under 18 years of age, or a
7 victim of the sex offense who is under 21 years of age, to the
8 edge of the child sex offender's place of residence or place
9 where he or she is loitering.

10 (f) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is guilty
11 of a Class 4 felony.

12 (Source: P.A. 97-698, eff. 1-1-13; 97-699, eff. 1-1-13;
13 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13; 98-266, eff. 1-1-14.)