

1 AN ACT concerning courts.

2 **Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,**  
3 **represented in the General Assembly:**

4 Section 5. The Juvenile Court Act of 1987 is amended by  
5 changing Sections 5-710 and 5-715 as follows:

6 (705 ILCS 405/5-710)

7 Sec. 5-710. Kinds of sentencing orders.

8 (1) The following kinds of sentencing orders may be made in  
9 respect of wards of the court:

10 (a) Except as provided in Sections 5-805, 5-810, 5-815,  
11 a minor who is found guilty under Section 5-620 may be:

12 (i) put on probation or conditional discharge and  
13 released to his or her parents, guardian or legal  
14 custodian, provided, however, that any such minor who  
15 is not committed to the Department of Juvenile Justice  
16 under this subsection and who is found to be a  
17 delinquent for an offense which is first degree murder,  
18 a Class X felony, or a forcible felony shall be placed  
19 on probation;

20 (ii) placed in accordance with Section 5-740, with  
21 or without also being put on probation or conditional  
22 discharge;

23 (iii) required to undergo a substance abuse

1 assessment conducted by a licensed provider and  
2 participate in the indicated clinical level of care;

3 (iv) on and after the effective date of this  
4 amendatory Act of the 98th General Assembly and before  
5 January 1, 2017, placed in the guardianship of the  
6 Department of Children and Family Services, but only if  
7 the delinquent minor is under 16 years of age or,  
8 pursuant to Article II of this Act, a minor for whom an  
9 independent basis of abuse, neglect, or dependency  
10 exists. On and after January 1, 2017, placed in the  
11 guardianship of the Department of Children and Family  
12 Services, but only if the delinquent minor is under 15  
13 years of age or, pursuant to Article II of this Act, a  
14 minor for whom an independent basis of abuse, neglect,  
15 or dependency exists. An independent basis exists when  
16 the allegations or adjudication of abuse, neglect, or  
17 dependency do not arise from the same facts, incident,  
18 or circumstances which give rise to a charge or  
19 adjudication of delinquency;

20 (v) placed in detention for a period not to exceed  
21 30 days, either as the exclusive order of disposition  
22 or, where appropriate, in conjunction with any other  
23 order of disposition issued under this paragraph,  
24 provided that any such detention shall be in a juvenile  
25 detention home and the minor so detained shall be 10  
26 years of age or older. However, the 30-day limitation

1           may be extended by further order of the court for a  
2           minor under age 15 committed to the Department of  
3           Children and Family Services if the court finds that  
4           the minor is a danger to himself or others. The minor  
5           shall be given credit on the sentencing order of  
6           detention for time spent in detention under Sections  
7           5-501, 5-601, 5-710, or 5-720 of this Article as a  
8           result of the offense for which the sentencing order  
9           was imposed. The court may grant credit on a sentencing  
10          order of detention entered under a violation of  
11          probation or violation of conditional discharge under  
12          Section 5-720 of this Article for time spent in  
13          detention before the filing of the petition alleging  
14          the violation. A minor shall not be deprived of credit  
15          for time spent in detention before the filing of a  
16          violation of probation or conditional discharge  
17          alleging the same or related act or acts. The  
18          limitation that the minor shall only be placed in a  
19          juvenile detention home does not apply as follows:

20                 Persons 18 years of age and older who have a  
21                 petition of delinquency filed against them may be  
22                 confined in an adult detention facility. In making a  
23                 determination whether to confine a person 18 years of  
24                 age or older who has a petition of delinquency filed  
25                 against the person, these factors, among other  
26                 matters, shall be considered:

- 1 (A) the age of the person;
- 2 (B) any previous delinquent or criminal  
3 history of the person;
- 4 (C) any previous abuse or neglect history of  
5 the person;
- 6 (D) any mental health history of the person;  
7 and
- 8 (E) any educational history of the person;
- 9 (vi) ordered partially or completely emancipated  
10 in accordance with the provisions of the Emancipation  
11 of Minors Act;
- 12 (vii) subject to having his or her driver's license  
13 or driving privileges suspended for such time as  
14 determined by the court but only until he or she  
15 attains 18 years of age;
- 16 (viii) put on probation or conditional discharge  
17 and placed in detention under Section 3-6039 of the  
18 Counties Code for a period not to exceed the period of  
19 incarceration permitted by law for adults found guilty  
20 of the same offense or offenses for which the minor was  
21 adjudicated delinquent, and in any event no longer than  
22 upon attainment of age 21; this subdivision (viii)  
23 notwithstanding any contrary provision of the law;
- 24 (ix) ordered to undergo a medical or other  
25 procedure to have a tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a  
26 street gang removed from his or her body; or

1           (x) placed in electronic home detention under Part  
2           7A of this Article.

3           (b) A minor found to be guilty may be committed to the  
4           Department of Juvenile Justice under Section 5-750 if the  
5           minor is at least 13 years and under 20 years of age,  
6           provided that the commitment to the Department of Juvenile  
7           Justice shall be made only if a term of imprisonment in the  
8           penitentiary system of the Department of Corrections is  
9           permitted by law for adults found guilty of the offense for  
10          which the minor was adjudicated delinquent. The court shall  
11          include in the sentencing order any pre-custody credits the  
12          minor is entitled to under Section 5-4.5-100 of the Unified  
13          Code of Corrections. The time during which a minor is in  
14          custody before being released upon the request of a parent,  
15          guardian or legal custodian shall also be considered as  
16          time spent in custody.

17          (c) When a minor is found to be guilty for an offense  
18          which is a violation of the Illinois Controlled Substances  
19          Act, the Cannabis Control Act, or the Methamphetamine  
20          Control and Community Protection Act and made a ward of the  
21          court, the court may enter a disposition order requiring  
22          the minor to undergo assessment, counseling or treatment in  
23          a substance abuse program approved by the Department of  
24          Human Services.

25          (2) Any sentencing order other than commitment to the  
26          Department of Juvenile Justice may provide for protective

1 supervision under Section 5-725 and may include an order of  
2 protection under Section 5-730.

3 (3) Unless the sentencing order expressly so provides, it  
4 does not operate to close proceedings on the pending petition,  
5 but is subject to modification until final closing and  
6 discharge of the proceedings under Section 5-750.

7 (4) In addition to any other sentence, the court may order  
8 any minor found to be delinquent to make restitution, in  
9 monetary or non-monetary form, under the terms and conditions  
10 of Section 5-5-6 of the Unified Code of Corrections, except  
11 that the "presentencing hearing" referred to in that Section  
12 shall be the sentencing hearing for purposes of this Section.  
13 The parent, guardian or legal custodian of the minor may be  
14 ordered by the court to pay some or all of the restitution on  
15 the minor's behalf, pursuant to the Parental Responsibility  
16 Law. The State's Attorney is authorized to act on behalf of any  
17 victim in seeking restitution in proceedings under this  
18 Section, up to the maximum amount allowed in Section 5 of the  
19 Parental Responsibility Law.

20 (5) Any sentencing order where the minor is committed or  
21 placed in accordance with Section 5-740 shall provide for the  
22 parents or guardian of the estate of the minor to pay to the  
23 legal custodian or guardian of the person of the minor such  
24 sums as are determined by the custodian or guardian of the  
25 person of the minor as necessary for the minor's needs. The  
26 payments may not exceed the maximum amounts provided for by

1 Section 9.1 of the Children and Family Services Act.

2 (6) Whenever the sentencing order requires the minor to  
3 attend school or participate in a program of training, the  
4 truant officer or designated school official shall regularly  
5 report to the court if the minor is a chronic or habitual  
6 truant under Section 26-2a of the School Code. Notwithstanding  
7 any other provision of this Act, in instances in which  
8 educational services are to be provided to a minor in a  
9 residential facility where the minor has been placed by the  
10 court, costs incurred in the provision of those educational  
11 services must be allocated based on the requirements of the  
12 School Code.

13 (7) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the  
14 Department of Juvenile Justice for a period of time in excess  
15 of that period for which an adult could be committed for the  
16 same act. The court shall include in the sentencing order a  
17 limitation on the period of confinement not to exceed the  
18 maximum period of imprisonment the court could impose under  
19 Article V of the Unified Code of Corrections.

20 (7.5) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the  
21 Department of Juvenile Justice or placed in detention when the  
22 act for which the minor was adjudicated delinquent would not be  
23 illegal if committed by an adult.

24 (7.75) In no event shall a guilty minor be committed to the  
25 Department of Juvenile Justice for an offense that is a Class 3  
26 or Class 4 felony violation of the Illinois Controlled

1 Substances Act unless the commitment occurs upon a third or  
2 subsequent judicial finding of a violation of probation for  
3 substantial noncompliance with court ordered treatment or  
4 programming.

5 (8) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that include a  
6 violation of Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the  
7 Criminal Code of 2012 shall be ordered to perform community  
8 service for not less than 30 and not more than 120 hours, if  
9 community service is available in the jurisdiction. The  
10 community service shall include, but need not be limited to,  
11 the cleanup and repair of the damage that was caused by the  
12 violation or similar damage to property located in the  
13 municipality or county in which the violation occurred. The  
14 order may be in addition to any other order authorized by this  
15 Section.

16 (8.5) A minor found to be guilty for reasons that include a  
17 violation of Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care  
18 for Animals Act or paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of Section  
19 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or paragraph (4) of  
20 subsection (a) of Section 21-1 of the Criminal Code of 2012  
21 shall be ordered to undergo medical or psychiatric treatment  
22 rendered by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered  
23 by a clinical psychologist. The order may be in addition to any  
24 other order authorized by this Section.

25 (9) In addition to any other sentencing order, the court  
26 shall order any minor found to be guilty for an act which would



1 constitute, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child,  
2 aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault,  
3 aggravated criminal sexual abuse, or criminal sexual abuse if  
4 committed by an adult to undergo medical testing to determine  
5 whether the defendant has any sexually transmissible disease  
6 including a test for infection with human immunodeficiency  
7 virus (HIV) or any other identified causative agency of  
8 acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS). Any medical test  
9 shall be performed only by appropriately licensed medical  
10 practitioners and may include an analysis of any bodily fluids  
11 as well as an examination of the minor's person. Except as  
12 otherwise provided by law, the results of the test shall be  
13 kept strictly confidential by all medical personnel involved in  
14 the testing and must be personally delivered in a sealed  
15 envelope to the judge of the court in which the sentencing  
16 order was entered for the judge's inspection in camera. Acting  
17 in accordance with the best interests of the victim and the  
18 public, the judge shall have the discretion to determine to  
19 whom the results of the testing may be revealed. The court  
20 shall notify the minor of the results of the test for infection  
21 with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The court shall  
22 also notify the victim if requested by the victim, and if the  
23 victim is under the age of 15 and if requested by the victim's  
24 parents or legal guardian, the court shall notify the victim's  
25 parents or the legal guardian, of the results of the test for  
26 infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The

1 court shall provide information on the availability of HIV  
2 testing and counseling at the Department of Public Health  
3 facilities to all parties to whom the results of the testing  
4 are revealed. The court shall order that the cost of any test  
5 shall be paid by the county and may be taxed as costs against  
6 the minor.

7 (10) When a court finds a minor to be guilty the court  
8 shall, before entering a sentencing order under this Section,  
9 make a finding whether the offense committed either: (a) was  
10 related to or in furtherance of the criminal activities of an  
11 organized gang or was motivated by the minor's membership in or  
12 allegiance to an organized gang, or (b) involved a violation of  
13 subsection (a) of Section 12-7.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961  
14 or the Criminal Code of 2012, a violation of any Section of  
15 Article 24 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal Code of  
16 2012, or a violation of any statute that involved the wrongful  
17 use of a firearm. If the court determines the question in the  
18 affirmative, and the court does not commit the minor to the  
19 Department of Juvenile Justice, the court shall order the minor  
20 to perform community service for not less than 30 hours nor  
21 more than 120 hours, provided that community service is  
22 available in the jurisdiction and is funded and approved by the  
23 county board of the county where the offense was committed. The  
24 community service shall include, but need not be limited to,  
25 the cleanup and repair of any damage caused by a violation of  
26 Section 21-1.3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or the Criminal

1 Code of 2012 and similar damage to property located in the  
2 municipality or county in which the violation occurred. When  
3 possible and reasonable, the community service shall be  
4 performed in the minor's neighborhood. This order shall be in  
5 addition to any other order authorized by this Section except  
6 for an order to place the minor in the custody of the  
7 Department of Juvenile Justice. For the purposes of this  
8 Section, "organized gang" has the meaning ascribed to it in  
9 Section 10 of the Illinois Streetgang Terrorism Omnibus  
10 Prevention Act.

11 (11) If the court determines that the offense was committed  
12 in furtherance of the criminal activities of an organized gang,  
13 as provided in subsection (10), and that the offense involved  
14 the operation or use of a motor vehicle or the use of a  
15 driver's license or permit, the court shall notify the  
16 Secretary of State of that determination and of the period for  
17 which the minor shall be denied driving privileges. If, at the  
18 time of the determination, the minor does not hold a driver's  
19 license or permit, the court shall provide that the minor shall  
20 not be issued a driver's license or permit until his or her  
21 18th birthday. If the minor holds a driver's license or permit  
22 at the time of the determination, the court shall provide that  
23 the minor's driver's license or permit shall be revoked until  
24 his or her 21st birthday, or until a later date or occurrence  
25 determined by the court. If the minor holds a driver's license  
26 at the time of the determination, the court may direct the

1 Secretary of State to issue the minor a judicial driving  
2 permit, also known as a JDP. The JDP shall be subject to the  
3 same terms as a JDP issued under Section 6-206.1 of the  
4 Illinois Vehicle Code, except that the court may direct that  
5 the JDP be effective immediately.

6 (12) If a minor is found to be guilty of a violation of  
7 subsection (a-7) of Section 1 of the Prevention of Tobacco Use  
8 by Minors Act, the court may, in its discretion, and upon  
9 recommendation by the State's Attorney, order that minor and  
10 his or her parents or legal guardian to attend a smoker's  
11 education or youth diversion program as defined in that Act if  
12 that program is available in the jurisdiction where the  
13 offender resides. Attendance at a smoker's education or youth  
14 diversion program shall be time-credited against any community  
15 service time imposed for any first violation of subsection  
16 (a-7) of Section 1 of that Act. In addition to any other  
17 penalty that the court may impose for a violation of subsection  
18 (a-7) of Section 1 of that Act, the court, upon request by the  
19 State's Attorney, may in its discretion require the offender to  
20 remit a fee for his or her attendance at a smoker's education  
21 or youth diversion program.

22 For purposes of this Section, "smoker's education program"  
23 or "youth diversion program" includes, but is not limited to, a  
24 seminar designed to educate a person on the physical and  
25 psychological effects of smoking tobacco products and the  
26 health consequences of smoking tobacco products that can be

1 conducted with a locality's youth diversion program.

2 In addition to any other penalty that the court may impose  
3 under this subsection (12):

4 (a) If a minor violates subsection (a-7) of Section 1  
5 of the Prevention of Tobacco Use by Minors Act, the court  
6 may impose a sentence of 15 hours of community service or a  
7 fine of \$25 for a first violation.

8 (b) A second violation by a minor of subsection (a-7)  
9 of Section 1 of that Act that occurs within 12 months after  
10 the first violation is punishable by a fine of \$50 and 25  
11 hours of community service.

12 (c) A third or subsequent violation by a minor of  
13 subsection (a-7) of Section 1 of that Act that occurs  
14 within 12 months after the first violation is punishable by  
15 a \$100 fine and 30 hours of community service.

16 (d) Any second or subsequent violation not within the  
17 12-month time period after the first violation is  
18 punishable as provided for a first violation.

19 (Source: P.A. 98-536, eff. 8-23-13; 98-803, eff. 1-1-15;  
20 99-268, eff. 1-1-16.)

21 (705 ILCS 405/5-715)

22 Sec. 5-715. Probation.

23 (1) The period of probation or conditional discharge shall  
24 not exceed 5 years or until the minor has attained the age of  
25 21 years, whichever is less, except as provided in this Section

1 for a minor who is found to be guilty for an offense which is  
2 first degree murder, ~~a Class X felony or a forcible felony~~. The  
3 juvenile court may terminate probation or conditional  
4 discharge and discharge the minor at any time if warranted by  
5 the conduct of the minor and the ends of justice; provided,  
6 however, that the period of probation for a minor who is found  
7 to be guilty for an offense which is first degree murder, ~~a~~  
8 ~~Class X felony, or a forcible felony~~ shall be at least 5 years.

9 (1.5) The period of probation for a minor who is found  
10 guilty of aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual  
11 assault, or aggravated battery with a firearm shall be at least  
12 36 months. The period of probation for a minor who is found to  
13 be guilty of any other Class X felony shall be at least 24  
14 months. The period of probation for a Class 1 or Class 2  
15 forcible felony shall be at least 18 months. Regardless of the  
16 length of probation ordered by the court, for all offenses  
17 under this paragraph (1.5), the court shall schedule hearings  
18 to determine whether it is in the best interest of the minor  
19 and public safety to terminate probation after the minimum  
20 period of probation has been served. In such a hearing, there  
21 shall be a rebuttable presumption that it is in the best  
22 interest of the minor and public safety to terminate probation.

23 (2) The court may as a condition of probation or of  
24 conditional discharge require that the minor:

25 (a) not violate any criminal statute of any  
26 jurisdiction;

1           (b) make a report to and appear in person before any  
2 person or agency as directed by the court;

3           (c) work or pursue a course of study or vocational  
4 training;

5           (d) undergo medical or psychiatric treatment, rendered  
6 by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered by a  
7 clinical psychologist or social work services rendered by a  
8 clinical social worker, or treatment for drug addiction or  
9 alcoholism;

10          (e) attend or reside in a facility established for the  
11 instruction or residence of persons on probation;

12          (f) support his or her dependents, if any;

13          (g) refrain from possessing a firearm or other  
14 dangerous weapon, or an automobile;

15          (h) permit the probation officer to visit him or her at  
16 his or her home or elsewhere;

17          (i) reside with his or her parents or in a foster home;

18          (j) attend school;

19           (j-5) with the consent of the superintendent of the  
20 facility, attend an educational program at a facility other  
21 than the school in which the offense was committed if he or  
22 she committed a crime of violence as defined in Section 2  
23 of the Crime Victims Compensation Act in a school, on the  
24 real property comprising a school, or within 1,000 feet of  
25 the real property comprising a school;

26          (k) attend a non-residential program for youth;

1           (l) make restitution under the terms of subsection (4)  
2 of Section 5-710;

3           (m) contribute to his or her own support at home or in  
4 a foster home;

5           (n) perform some reasonable public or community  
6 service;

7           (o) participate with community corrections programs  
8 including unified delinquency intervention services  
9 administered by the Department of Human Services subject to  
10 Section 5 of the Children and Family Services Act;

11           (p) pay costs;

12           (q) serve a term of home confinement. In addition to  
13 any other applicable condition of probation or conditional  
14 discharge, the conditions of home confinement shall be that  
15 the minor:

16               (i) remain within the interior premises of the  
17 place designated for his or her confinement during the  
18 hours designated by the court;

19               (ii) admit any person or agent designated by the  
20 court into the minor's place of confinement at any time  
21 for purposes of verifying the minor's compliance with  
22 the conditions of his or her confinement; and

23               (iii) use an approved electronic monitoring device  
24 if ordered by the court subject to Article 8A of  
25 Chapter V of the Unified Code of Corrections;

26           (r) refrain from entering into a designated geographic



1 area except upon terms as the court finds appropriate. The  
2 terms may include consideration of the purpose of the  
3 entry, the time of day, other persons accompanying the  
4 minor, and advance approval by a probation officer, if the  
5 minor has been placed on probation, or advance approval by  
6 the court, if the minor has been placed on conditional  
7 discharge;

8 (s) refrain from having any contact, directly or  
9 indirectly, with certain specified persons or particular  
10 types of persons, including but not limited to members of  
11 street gangs and drug users or dealers;

12 (s-5) undergo a medical or other procedure to have a  
13 tattoo symbolizing allegiance to a street gang removed from  
14 his or her body;

15 (t) refrain from having in his or her body the presence  
16 of any illicit drug prohibited by the Cannabis Control Act,  
17 the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or the  
18 Methamphetamine Control and Community Protection Act,  
19 unless prescribed by a physician, and shall submit samples  
20 of his or her blood or urine or both for tests to determine  
21 the presence of any illicit drug; or

22 (u) comply with other conditions as may be ordered by  
23 the court.

24 (3) The court may as a condition of probation or of  
25 conditional discharge require that a minor found guilty on any  
26 alcohol, cannabis, methamphetamine, or controlled substance

1 violation, refrain from acquiring a driver's license during the  
2 period of probation or conditional discharge. If the minor is  
3 in possession of a permit or license, the court may require  
4 that the minor refrain from driving or operating any motor  
5 vehicle during the period of probation or conditional  
6 discharge, except as may be necessary in the course of the  
7 minor's lawful employment.

8 (3.5) The court shall, as a condition of probation or of  
9 conditional discharge, require that a minor found to be guilty  
10 and placed on probation for reasons that include a violation of  
11 Section 3.02 or Section 3.03 of the Humane Care for Animals Act  
12 or paragraph (4) of subsection (a) of Section 21-1 of the  
13 Criminal Code of 2012 undergo medical or psychiatric treatment  
14 rendered by a psychiatrist or psychological treatment rendered  
15 by a clinical psychologist. The condition may be in addition to  
16 any other condition.

17 (3.10) The court shall order that a minor placed on  
18 probation or conditional discharge for a sex offense as defined  
19 in the Sex Offender Management Board Act undergo and  
20 successfully complete sex offender treatment. The treatment  
21 shall be in conformance with the standards developed under the  
22 Sex Offender Management Board Act and conducted by a treatment  
23 provider approved by the Board. The treatment shall be at the  
24 expense of the person evaluated based upon that person's  
25 ability to pay for the treatment.

26 (4) A minor on probation or conditional discharge shall be

1 given a certificate setting forth the conditions upon which he  
2 or she is being released.

3 (5) The court shall impose upon a minor placed on probation  
4 or conditional discharge, as a condition of the probation or  
5 conditional discharge, a fee of \$50 for each month of probation  
6 or conditional discharge supervision ordered by the court,  
7 unless after determining the inability of the minor placed on  
8 probation or conditional discharge to pay the fee, the court  
9 assesses a lesser amount. The court may not impose the fee on a  
10 minor who is made a ward of the State under this Act while the  
11 minor is in placement. The fee shall be imposed only upon a  
12 minor who is actively supervised by the probation and court  
13 services department. The court may order the parent, guardian,  
14 or legal custodian of the minor to pay some or all of the fee on  
15 the minor's behalf.

16 (5.5) Jurisdiction over an offender may be transferred from  
17 the sentencing court to the court of another circuit with the  
18 concurrence of both courts. Further transfers or retransfers of  
19 jurisdiction are also authorized in the same manner. The court  
20 to which jurisdiction has been transferred shall have the same  
21 powers as the sentencing court. The probation department within  
22 the circuit to which jurisdiction has been transferred, or  
23 which has agreed to provide supervision, may impose probation  
24 fees upon receiving the transferred offender, as provided in  
25 subsection (i) of Section 5-6-3 of the Unified Code of  
26 Corrections. For all transfer cases, as defined in Section 9b

1 of the Probation and Probation Officers Act, the probation  
2 department from the original sentencing court shall retain all  
3 probation fees collected prior to the transfer. After the  
4 transfer, all probation fees shall be paid to the probation  
5 department within the circuit to which jurisdiction has been  
6 transferred.

7 If the transfer case originated in another state and has  
8 been transferred under the Interstate Compact for Juveniles to  
9 the jurisdiction of an Illinois circuit court for supervision  
10 by an Illinois probation department, probation fees may be  
11 imposed only if permitted by the Interstate Commission for  
12 Juveniles.

13 (6) The General Assembly finds that in order to protect the  
14 public, the juvenile justice system must compel compliance with  
15 the conditions of probation by responding to violations with  
16 swift, certain, and fair punishments and intermediate  
17 sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit shall adopt a system  
18 of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations of the  
19 terms and conditions of a sentence of supervision, probation or  
20 conditional discharge, under this Act.

21 The court shall provide as a condition of a disposition of  
22 probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the  
23 probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of  
24 intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the  
25 circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the  
26 sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision,

1 subject to the provisions of Section 5-720 of this Act.

2 (Source: P.A. 97-1108, eff. 1-1-13; 97-1150, eff. 1-25-13;

3 98-575, eff. 1-1-14.)

4 Section 99. Effective date. This Act take shall take effect

5 on January 1, 2017.