

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 HB6327

Introduced 2/11/2016, by Rep. La Shawn K. Ford

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

735 ILCS 5/2-202

from Ch. 110, par. 2-202

Amends the Civil Practice Law of the Code of Civil Procedure. Provides that in counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more, a special process server shall wear a body camera while serving process. Provides that a special process server shall record all attempts to serve process. Provides that the individual process server or company that employs the process server shall store the video data from the body camera of the attempt or successful service of process until the case in which the service was required has been fully adjudicated. Provides that the custodian of the body camera video data shall make the data available only to the plaintiff or defendant in the case in which service was required, the court, or any law enforcement agency.

LRB099 19132 HEP 43521 b

1 AN ACT concerning civil law.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, represented in the General Assembly:

- Section 5. The Code of Civil Procedure is amended by changing Section 2-202 as follows:
- 6 (735 ILCS 5/2-202) (from Ch. 110, par. 2-202)
- Sec. 2-202. Persons authorized to serve process; place of service; failure to make return.
 - (a) Process shall be served by a sheriff, or if the sheriff is disqualified, by a coroner of some county of the State. In matters where the county or State is an interested party, process may be served by a special investigator appointed by the State's Attorney of the county, as defined in Section 3-9005 of the Counties Code. A sheriff of a county with a population of less than 2,000,000 may employ civilian personnel to serve process. In counties with a population of less than 2,000,000, process may be served, without special appointment, by a person who is licensed or registered as a private detective under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004 or by a registered employee of a private detective agency certified under that Act as defined in Section (a-5). A private detective or licensed employee must supply the sheriff of any county in

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which he serves process with a copy of his license or certificate; however, the failure of a person to supply the copy shall not in any way impair the validity of process served by the person. The court may, in its discretion upon motion, order service to be made by a private person over 18 years of age and not a party to the action. It is not necessary that service be made by a sheriff or coroner of the county in which service is made. If served or sought to be served by a sheriff or coroner, he or she shall endorse his or her return thereon, and if by a private person the return shall be by affidavit.

(a-5) Upon motion and in its discretion, the court may appoint as a special process server a private detective agency certified under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. Under the appointment, any employee of the private detective agency who is registered under that Act may serve the process. The motion and the order of appointment must contain the number of the certificate issued to the private detective agency by the Department of Professional Regulation under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004. A private detective or private detective agency shall send, one time only, a copy of his, her, or its individual private detective license or private detective agency certificate to the county sheriff in each county in which the detective or detective agency or his, her, or its employees serve process, regardless of size of the

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- 1 population of the county. As long as the license or certificate
- 2 is valid and meets the requirements of the Department of
- 3 Financial and Professional Regulation, a new copy of the
- 4 current license or certificate need not be sent to the sheriff.
- 5 A private detective agency shall maintain a list of its
- 6 registered employees. Registered employees shall consist of:
 - (1) an employee who works for the agency holding a valid Permanent Employee Registration Card;
 - (2) a person who has applied for a Permanent Employee Registration Card, has had his or her fingerprints processed and cleared by the Department of State Police and the FBI, and as to whom the Department of Financial and Professional Regulation website shows that the person's application for a Permanent Employee Registration Card is pending;
 - (3) a person employed by a private detective agency who is exempt from a Permanent Employee Registration Card requirement because the person is a current peace officer; and
- 20 (4) a private detective who works for a private detective agency as an employee.
- A detective agency shall maintain this list and forward it to any sheriff's department that requests this list within 5 business days after the receipt of the request.
- 25 (b) Summons may be served upon the defendants wherever they
 26 may be found in the State, by any person authorized to serve

- process. An officer may serve summons in his or her official capacity outside his or her county, but fees for mileage outside the county of the officer cannot be taxed as costs. The person serving the process in a foreign county may make return by mail.
 - (c) If any sheriff, coroner, or other person to whom any process is delivered, neglects or refuses to make return of the same, the plaintiff may petition the court to enter a rule requiring the sheriff, coroner, or other person, to make return of the process on a day to be fixed by the court, or to show cause on that day why that person should not be attached for contempt of the court. The plaintiff shall then cause a written notice of the rule to be served on the sheriff, coroner, or other person. If good and sufficient cause be not shown to excuse the officer or other person, the court shall adjudge him or her guilty of a contempt, and shall impose punishment as in other cases of contempt.
 - (d) If process is served by a sheriff, coroner, or special investigator appointed by the State's Attorney, the court may tax the fee of the sheriff, coroner, or State's Attorney's special investigator as costs in the proceeding. If process is served by a private person or entity, the court may establish a fee therefor and tax such fee as costs in the proceedings.
 - (e) In addition to the powers stated in Section 8.1a of the Housing Authorities Act, in counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more inhabitants, members of a housing authority

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Act.

police force may serve process for forcible entry and detainer actions commenced by that housing authority and may execute

orders of possession for that housing authority.

- (f) In counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more,
 process may be served, with special appointment by the court,
 by a private process server or a law enforcement agency other
 than the county sheriff in proceedings instituted under the
 Forcible Entry and Detainer Article of this Code as a result of
 a lessor or lessor's assignee declaring a lease void pursuant
 to Section 11 of the Controlled Substance and Cannabis Nuisance
 - go In counties with a population of 3,000,000 or more, a special process server appointed under subsection (a-5) of this Section shall wear a body camera while serving process. A person serving process under subsection (a-5) of this Section shall record all attempts to serve process. The individual process server or company that employs the process server shall store the video data from the body camera of the attempt or successful service of process until the case in which the service was required has been fully adjudicated. The custodian of the body camera video data collected under this Section shall make the data available only to the plaintiff or defendant in the case in which service was required, the court, or any law enforcement agency.
- 25 (Source: P.A. 99-169, eff. 7-28-15.)