

99TH GENERAL ASSEMBLY State of Illinois 2015 and 2016 SB1368

Introduced 2/18/2015, by Sen. Heather A. Steans

SYNOPSIS AS INTRODUCED:

765 ILCS 605/2 from Ch. 30, par. 302 765 ILCS 605/9 from Ch. 30, par. 309 765 ILCS 605/22.1 from Ch. 30, par. 322.1

Amends the Condominium Property Act. Defines "regular monthly assessments". Provides that following a foreclosure sale, consent foreclosure, common law strict foreclosure, or the delivery of a deed in lieu of foreclosure, the mortgagee shall have the duty to pay to the association all moneys due to satisfy the lien held by the association, except for the 9 months of unpaid regular monthly assessments and associated attorney's fees which may be collected from the purchaser. Provides that the amount due may include any attorney's fees and court costs, but may not exceed 9 months of regular assessments due over the same 9-month period. Deletes language providing that the purchaser shall have the duty to pay the proportionate share, if any, of the common expenses for the unit which would have become due in the absence of any assessment acceleration for the 6 months immediately preceding the institution of an action to enforce the collection of assessments, and which remain unpaid. Deletes language providing that if the outstanding assessments are paid at any time during an action to enforce the collection of assessments, the purchaser shall have no obligation to pay any assessments which accrued before he or she acquired title. Provides that the notice of a foreclosure sale of a condominium unit shall state that a purchaser, other than a mortgagee, shall pay to the association any unpaid monthly assessments for the 9-month period preceding the sale, including attorney's fees and court costs. Provides that each notice of a judicial sale a condominium unit and each disclosure statement issued to a prospective purchaser shall list the required fees. Provides that in certain situations, the Board of Managers (instead of the owner) of a condominium unit must make specified information available within 21 days of the request if the association is self-managed, and within 14 days if managed by a community association management firm or a community association manager as those terms are defined in the Community Association Manager Licensing and Disciplinary Act (instead of "upon demand") and may do so either electronically or in writing. Makes other changes. Effective immediately.

LRB099 03526 HEP 23534 b

AN ACT concerning civil law. 1

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois, 2 represented in the General Assembly:

- 4 Section 5. The Condominium Property Act is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 2, 9 and 22.1 as follows:
- (765 ILCS 605/2) (from Ch. 30, par. 302) 6
- 7 Sec. 2. Definitions. As used in this Act, unless 8 context otherwise requires:
- 9 "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the provisions of this Act, as 10 hereinafter provided, and such declaration as from time to time 11
- 12 amended.
- (b) "Parcel" means the lot or lots, tract or tracts of 13
- 14 land, described in the declaration, submitted to the provisions
- of this Act. 15
- 16 (c) "Property" means all the land, property and space
- 17 comprising the parcel, all improvements and structures
- erected, constructed or contained therein 18 or thereon.
- 19 including the building and all easements, rights and
- 20 appurtenances belonging thereto, and all fixtures
- 21 equipment intended for the mutual use, benefit or enjoyment of
- 22 the unit owners, submitted to the provisions of this Act.
- (d) "Unit" means a part of the property designed and 2.3

- 1 intended for any type of independent use.
- 2 (e) "Common Elements" means all portions of the property
 3 except the units, including limited common elements unless
- 4 otherwise specified.
- 5 (f) "Person" means a natural individual, corporation,
- 6 partnership, trustee or other legal entity capable of holding
- 7 title to real property.
- 8 (g) "Unit Owner" means the person or persons whose estates
- 9 or interests, individually or collectively, aggregate fee
- 10 simple absolute ownership of a unit, or, in the case of a
- 11 leasehold condominium, the lessee or lessees of a unit whose
- 12 leasehold ownership of the unit expires simultaneously with the
- 13 lease described in item (x) of this Section.
- 14 (h) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners" means the
- owners of more than 50% in the aggregate in interest of the
- 16 undivided ownership of the common elements. Any specified
- 17 percentage of the unit owners means such percentage in the
- 18 aggregate in interest of such undivided ownership. "Majority"
- or "majority of the members of the board of managers" means
- 20 more than 50% of the total number of persons constituting such
- 21 board pursuant to the bylaws. Any specified percentage of the
- 22 members of the board of managers means that percentage of the
- total number of persons constituting such board pursuant to the
- 24 bylaws.
- 25 (i) "Plat" means a plat or plats of survey of the parcel
- and of all units in the property submitted to the provisions of

- this Act, which may consist of a three-dimensional horizontal and vertical delineation of all such units.
- (j) "Record" means to record in the office of the recorder or, whenever required, to file in the office of the Registrar of Titles of the county wherein the property is located.
 - (k) "Conversion Condominium" means a property which contains structures, excepting those newly constructed and intended for condominium ownership, which are, or have previously been, wholly or partially occupied before recording of condominium instruments by persons other than those who have contracted for the purchase of condominiums.
- 12 (1) "Condominium Instruments" means all documents and
 13 authorized amendments thereto recorded pursuant to the
 14 provisions of the Act, including the declaration, bylaws and
 15 plat.
 - (m) "Common Expenses" means the proposed or actual expenses affecting the property, including reserves, if any, lawfully assessed by the Board of Managers of the Unit Owner's Association.
 - (n) "Reserves" means those sums paid by unit owners which are separately maintained by the board of managers for purposes specified by the board of managers or the condominium instruments.
 - (o) "Unit Owners' Association" or "Association" means the association of all the unit owners, acting pursuant to bylaws through its duly elected board of managers.

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- 1 (p) "Purchaser" means any person or persons other than the 2 Developer who purchase a unit in a bona fide transaction for 3 value.
 - (q) "Developer" means any person who submits property legally or equitably owned in fee simple by the developer, or leased to the developer under a lease described in item (x) of this Section, to the provisions of this Act, or any person who offers units legally or equitably owned in fee simple by the developer, or leased to the developer under a lease described in item (x) of this Section, for sale in the ordinary course of such person's business, including any successor or successors to such developers' entire interest in the property other than the purchaser of an individual unit.
 - (r) "Add-on Condominium" means a property to which additional property may be added in accordance with condominium instruments and this Act.
 - (s) "Limited Common Elements" means a portion of the common elements so designated in the declaration as being reserved for the use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion of other units, including but not limited to balconies, terraces, patios and parking spaces or facilities.
- 22 (t) "Building" means all structures, attached or unattached, containing one or more units.
- 24 (u) "Master Association" means an organization described 25 in Section 18.5 whether or not it is also an association 26 described in Section 18.3.

- 1 (v) "Developer Control" means such control at a time prior 2 to the election of the Board of Managers provided for in 3 Section 18.2(b) of this Act.
 - (w) "Meeting of Board of Managers or Board of Master Association" means any gathering of a quorum of the members of the Board of Managers or Board of the Master Association held for the purpose of conducting board business.
 - (x) "Leasehold Condominium" means a property submitted to the provisions of this Act which is subject to a lease, the expiration or termination of which would terminate the condominium and the lessor of which is (i) exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, (ii) a limited liability company whose sole member is exempt from taxation under Section 501 (c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or (iii) a Public Housing Authority created pursuant to the Housing Authorities Act that is located in a municipality having a population in excess of 1,000,000 inhabitants.
 - (y) "Electronic transmission" means any form of communication, not directly involving the physical transmission of paper, that creates a record that may be retained, retrieved, and reviewed by a recipient and that may be directly reproduced in paper form by the recipient through an automated process.
 - (z) "Acceptable technological means" includes, without limitation, electronic transmission over the Internet or other

- 1 network, whether by direct connection, intranet, telecopier,
- 2 or electronic mail.
- 3 (aa) "Regular Monthly Assessments" means the amount
- 4 charged by the association as provided for in the current
- 5 annual budget adopted under subsection (c) of Section 9 of this
- 6 <u>Act.</u>

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- 7 (Source: P.A. 98-1042, eff. 1-1-15.)
- 8 (765 ILCS 605/9) (from Ch. 30, par. 309)
- 9 Sec. 9. Sharing of expenses Lien for nonpayment.
- 10 (a) All common expenses incurred or accrued prior to the 11 first conveyance of a unit shall be paid by the developer, and 12 during this period no common expense assessment shall be payable to the association. It shall be the duty of each unit 1.3 14 owner including the developer to pay his proportionate share of 15 the common expenses commencing with the first conveyance. The 16 proportionate share shall be in the same ratio as his percentage of ownership in the common elements set forth in the 17
 - (b) The condominium instruments may provide that common expenses for insurance premiums be assessed on a basis reflecting increased charges for coverage on certain units.
 - (c) Budget and reserves.

declaration.

23 (1) The board of managers shall prepare and distribute 24 to all unit owners a detailed proposed annual budget, 25 setting forth with particularity all anticipated common

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expenses by category as well as all anticipated assessments and other income. The initial budget and common expense assessment based thereon shall be adopted prior to the conveyance of any unit. The budget shall also set forth each unit owner's proposed common expense assessment.

- (2) All budgets adopted by a board of managers on or after July 1, 1990 shall provide for reasonable reserves for capital expenditures and deferred maintenance for repair or replacement of the common elements. To determine the amount of reserves appropriate for an association, the board of managers shall take into consideration the following: (i) the repair and replacement cost, and the life, of estimated useful the property which association is obligated to maintain, including but not limited to structural and mechanical components, surfaces of the buildings and common elements, and energy systems and equipment; (ii) the current and anticipated return on investment of association funds; (iii) any independent professional reserve study which the association may obtain; (iv) the financial impact on unit owners, and the market value of the condominium units, of any assessment increase needed to fund reserves; and (v) the ability of the association to obtain financing or refinancing.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection (c), an association without a reserve requirement in its condominium instruments may elect to waive in whole or in

part the reserve requirements of this Section by a vote of 2/3 of the total votes of the association. Any association having elected under this paragraph (3) to waive the provisions of subsection (c) may by a vote of 2/3 of the total votes of the association elect to again be governed by the requirements of subsection (c).

- (4) In the event that an association elects to waive all or part of the reserve requirements of this Section, that fact must be disclosed after the meeting at which the waiver occurs by the association in the financial statements of the association and, highlighted in bold print, in the response to any request of a prospective purchaser for the information prescribed under Section 22.1; and no member of the board of managers or the managing agent of the association shall be liable, and no cause of action may be brought for damages against these parties, for the lack or inadequacy of reserve funds in the association budget.
- (d) (Blank).
 - (e) The condominium instruments may provide for the assessment, in connection with expenditures for the limited common elements, of only those units to which the limited common elements are assigned.
- 24 (f) Payment of any assessment shall be in amounts and at 25 times determined by the board of managers.
- 26 (g) Lien.

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- (1) If any unit owner shall fail or refuse to make any 1 2 payment of the common expenses or the amount of any unpaid 3 fine when due, the amount thereof together with any interest, late charges, reasonable attorney fees incurred enforcing the covenants of the condominium instruments, 6 rules and regulations of the board of managers, or any 7 applicable statute or ordinance, and costs of collections shall constitute a lien on the interest of the unit owner 8 9 in the property prior to all other liens and encumbrances, 10 recorded or unrecorded, except only (a) taxes, special 11 assessments and special taxes theretofore or thereafter 12 political levied by any subdivision municipal or corporation of this State and other State or federal taxes 13 14 which by law are a lien on the interest of the unit owner 15 prior to preexisting recorded encumbrances thereon and (b) 16 encumbrances on the interest of the unit owner recorded 17 prior to the date of such failure or refusal which by law would be a lien thereon prior to subsequently recorded 18 19 encumbrances. Any action brought to extinguish the lien of 20 the association shall include the association as a party.
 - (2) With respect to encumbrances executed prior to August 30, 1984 or encumbrances executed subsequent to August 30, 1984 which are neither bonafide first mortgages nor trust deeds and which encumbrances contain a statement of a mailing address in the State of Illinois where notice may be mailed to the encumbrancer thereunder, if and

whenever and as often as the manager or board of managers shall send, by United States certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to any such encumbrancer at the mailing address set forth in the recorded encumbrance a statement of the amounts and due dates of the unpaid common expenses with respect to the encumbered unit, then, unless otherwise provided in the declaration or bylaws, the prior recorded encumbrance shall be subject to the lien of all unpaid common expenses with respect to the unit which become due and payable within a period of 90 days after the date of mailing of each such notice.

(3) The purchaser of a condominium unit at a judicial foreclosure sale, or a mortgagee who receives title to a unit by deed in lieu of foreclosure or judgment by common law strict foreclosure or otherwise takes possession pursuant to court order under the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law, shall have the duty to pay the unit's proportionate share of the common expenses for the unit assessed from and after the first day of the month after the date of the judicial foreclosure sale, delivery of the deed in lieu of foreclosure, entry of a judgment in common law strict foreclosure, or taking of possession pursuant to such court order. Such payment confirms the extinguishment of any lien created pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of this subsection (g) by virtue of the failure or refusal of a prior unit owner to make payment of common expenses,

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where the judicial foreclosure sale has been confirmed by order of the court, a deed in lieu thereof has been accepted by the lender, or a consent judgment has been entered by the court.

(4) Following a foreclosure sale, consent foreclosure, common law strict foreclosure, or the delivery of a deed in lieu of foreclosure, the mortgagee shall have the duty to pay to the association those amounts required by subdivision (q)(1) of Section 9 of this Act, except that the The purchaser of a condominium unit at a judicial foreclosure sale, other than a mortgagee, or a purchaser of a condominium unit from a mortgagee who acquired title through a judicial foreclosure, a consent foreclosure, a common law strict foreclosure, or the delivery of a deed in lieu of foreclosure who takes possession of a condominium unit pursuant to a court order or a purchaser who acquires title from a mortgagee shall have the duty to pay to the association an amount not to exceed the total of the unpaid regular monthly assessments for the condominium unit for the 9-month period immediately preceding the date of the judicial foreclosure sale, delivery of the deed in lieu of foreclosure, entry of a judgment in a common law strict foreclosure, or the taking of possession pursuant to a court order under the Illinois Mortgage Foreclosure Law. The amount due may include any attorney's fees incurred by the association due to the non-payment of the assessments

during the same 9-month period, and in no event shall the total amount due exceed the sum of 9 months of regular monthly assessments the proportionate share, if any, of the common expenses for the unit which would have become due in the absence of any assessment acceleration during the 6 months immediately preceding institution of an action to enforce the collection of assessments, and which remain unpaid by the owner during whose possession the assessments accrued. If the outstanding assessments are paid at any time during any action to enforce the collection of assessments, the purchaser shall have no obligation to pay any assessments which accrued before he or she acquired title.

(5) The notice of sale of a condominium unit under subsection (c) of Section 15-1507 of the Code of Civil Procedure shall state that the purchaser of the unit other than a mortgagee shall pay to the association amounts the assessments and the legal fees required by subdivision subdivisions (g)(1) and (g)(4) of Section 9 of this Act. The statement of assessment account issued by the association to a unit owner under subsection (i) of Section 18 of this Act, and the disclosure statement issued to a prospective purchaser under Section 22.1 of this Act, shall state the amount of the assessments and the legal fees, if any, required by subdivisions (g)(1) and (g)(4) of Section 9 of this Act.

- (h) A lien for common expenses shall be in favor of the members of the board of managers and their successors in office and shall be for the benefit of all other unit owners. Notice of the lien may be recorded by the board of managers, or if the developer is the manager or has a majority of seats on the board of managers and the manager or board of managers fails to do so, any unit owner may record notice of the lien. Upon the recording of such notice the lien may be foreclosed by an action brought in the name of the board of managers in the same manner as a mortgage of real property.
- (i) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, the members of the board of managers and their successors in office, acting on behalf of the other unit owners, shall have the power to bid on the interest so foreclosed at the foreclosure sale, and to acquire and hold, lease, mortgage and convey it.
- (j) Any encumbrancer may from time to time request in writing a written statement from the manager or board of managers setting forth the unpaid common expenses with respect to the unit covered by his encumbrance. Unless the request is complied with within 20 days, all unpaid common expenses which become due prior to the date of the making of such request shall be subordinate to the lien of the encumbrance. Any encumbrancer holding a lien on a unit may pay any unpaid common expenses payable with respect to the unit, and upon payment the encumbrancer shall have a lien on the unit for the amounts paid

- 1 at the same rank as the lien of his encumbrance.
- 2 (k) Nothing in Public Act 83-1271 is intended to change the
- 3 lien priorities of any encumbrance created prior to August 30,
- 4 1984.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 94-1049, eff. 1-1-07.)
- 6 (765 ILCS 605/22.1) (from Ch. 30, par. 322.1)
- 7 Sec. 22.1. (a) In the event of any resale of a condominium
- 8 unit by a unit owner other than the developer, the Board of
- 9 Managers shall produce for the seller and the prospective
- 10 purchaser, either electronically or in writing, within 14 days
- of a request from the owner or the owner's agent if the
- 12 association is managed by a community association management
- firm or a community association manager, as those terms are
- 14 defined in Section 10 of the Community Association Manager
- 15 Licensing and Disciplinary Act, and within 21 days if the
- 16 association is self-managed: such owner shall obtain from the
- 17 Board of Managers and shall make available for inspection to
- 18 the prospective purchaser, upon demand, the following:
- 19 (1) A copy of the Declaration, by-laws, other
- 20 condominium instruments and any rules and regulations.
- 21 (2) A statement of any liens, including a statement of
- 22 the account of the unit setting forth the amounts of unpaid
- 23 assessments and other charges due and owing as authorized
- and limited by the provisions of Section 9 of this Act or
- 25 the condominium instruments.

(3)	A	statement		ent	of	any	capital	expendit	ures
anticip	pated	by	the	unit	own	er's	association	n within	the
current	or s	ucce	eedin	a t.wo	fisc	al ve	ears.		

- (4) A statement of the status and amount of any reserve for replacement fund and any portion of such fund earmarked for any specified project by the Board of Managers.
- (5) A copy of the statement of financial condition of the unit owner's association for the last fiscal year for which such statement is available.
- (6) A statement of the status of any pending suits or judgments in which the unit owner's association is a party.
- (7) A statement setting forth what insurance coverage is provided for all unit owners by the unit owner's association.
- (8) A statement that any improvements or alterations made to the unit, or the limited common elements assigned thereto, by the prior unit owner are in good faith believed to be in compliance with the condominium instruments.
- (9) The identity and mailing address of the principal officer of the unit owner's association or of the other officer or agent as is specifically designated to receive notices.
- (10) If ownership of the condominium unit was transferred by either a judicial foreclosure sale, a consent foreclosure, a common law strict foreclosure, or a deed in lieu of foreclosure, a statement setting forth the

total due and owing under subsection (g) of Section 9 of this Act.

- (b) The principal officer of the unit owner's association or such other officer as is specifically designated shall furnish the above information when requested to do so either electronically or in writing and within $\underline{14}$ $\underline{30}$ days of the request.
- (c) Within 15 days of the recording of a mortgage or trust deed against a unit ownership given by the owner of that unit to secure a debt, the owner shall inform the Board of Managers of the unit owner's association of the identity of the lender together with a mailing address at which the lender can receive notices from the association. If a unit owner fails or refuses to inform the Board as required under subsection (c) then that unit owner shall be liable to the association for all costs, expenses and reasonable attorneys fees and such other damages, if any, incurred by the association as a result of such failure or refusal.
- A reasonable fee covering the direct out-of-pocket cost of providing such information and copying may be charged by the association or its Board of Managers to the unit seller for providing such information.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 87-692.)
- Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon becoming law.