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AN ACT concerning taxation.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The State Finance Act is amended by changing
Sections 6z-18 and 6z-20 as follows:

6 (30 ILCS 105/6z-18) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-18)

Sec. 6z-18. A portion of the money paid into the Local 7 8 Government Tax Fund from sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold 9 (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which 10 has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription 11 12 and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 13 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics, which occurred in municipalities, shall be 14 15 distributed to each municipality based upon the sales which 16 occurred in that municipality. The remainder shall be distributed to each county based upon the sales which 17 18 occurred in the unincorporated area of that county.

19 A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 20 Fund from the 6.25% general use tax rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside 21 22 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by any agency of this State's government shall be 23 distributed to municipalities as provided in this paragraph. 24 Each municipality shall receive the amount attributable to 25 26 sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or 27 registration purposes are given being in as such municipality. The remainder of the money paid into the Local 28 Government Tax Fund from such sales shall be distributed to 29 counties. Each county shall receive the amount attributable 30 to sales for which Illinois addresses for titling or 31

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registration purposes are given as being located in the
 unincorporated area of such county.

A portion of the money paid into the Local Government Tax 3 4 Fund from the 6.25% general rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel 5 and gasohol and, beginning on December 1, 2001, and through 6 April 30, 2002, the 1.25% rate on propane and home heating 7 oil sold to residential customers) on sales subject to 8 taxation under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act and the 9 Service Occupation Tax Act, which occurred in municipalities, 10 11 shall be distributed to each municipality, based upon the sales which occurred in that municipality. The remainder 12 shall be distributed to each county, based upon the sales 13 which occurred in the unincorporated area of such county. 14

15 For the purpose of determining allocation to the local 16 government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place 17 where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is 18 19 extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the 20 21 seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a 22 23 sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 24 25 paid into the Local Government Tax Fund should be made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, 26 the 27 Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to 28 29 the person named, in such notification from the Department. 30 Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the Local Government Tax Fund. 31

32 On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 33 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 34 disbursement of stated sums of money to named municipalities

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1 and counties, the municipalities and counties to be those 2 entitled to distribution of taxes or penalties paid to the Department during the second preceding calendar month. 3 The 4 amount to be paid to each municipality or county shall be the amount (not including credit memoranda) collected during the 5 6 second preceding calendar month by the Department and paid 7 into the Local Government Tax Fund, plus an amount the 8 Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts 9 which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made 10 11 during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, 12 and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which are payable to 13 a different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the 14 15 municipality or county. Within 10 days after receipt, by the 16 Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the municipalities and counties, provided for in this Section to 17 18 the Comptroller by the Department, be given to the 19 Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the in accordance with the directions 20 respective amounts 21 contained in such certification.

22 When certifying the amount of monthly disbursement to а 23 municipality or county under this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary 24 25 to offset any misallocation of previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the amount erroneously disbursed 26 within the 6 months preceding the time a misallocation is 27 discovered. 28

The provisions directing the distributions from the special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this Section shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make distributions as provided in this Section.

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1 In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, 2 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from 3 4 a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 5 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 6 description or reference shall be deemed to include the 7 replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed from the Local Government Tax Fund. 8 9 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99;

10 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

11 (30 ILCS 105/6z-20) (from Ch. 127, par. 142z-20)

Sec. 6z-20. Of the money received from the 6.25% general 12 rate (and, beginning July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 13 2000, the 1.25% rate on motor fuel and gasohol and, beginning 14 15 on December 1, 2001, and through April 30, 2002, the 1.25% rate on propane and home heating oil sold to residential 16 17 customers) on sales subject to taxation under the Retailers' 18 Occupation Tax Act and Service Occupation Tax Act and paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, distribution 19 20 to the Regional Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation 21 22 Authority Act, for deposit therein shall be made based upon the retail sales occurring in a county having more than 23 24 3,000,000 inhabitants. The remainder shall be distributed to each county having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants based upon 25 the retail sales occurring in each such county. 26

For the purpose of determining allocation to the local government unit, a retail sale by a producer of coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is a sale at retail at the place where the coal or other mineral mined in Illinois is extracted from the earth. This paragraph does not apply to coal or other mineral when it is delivered or shipped by the seller to the purchaser at a point outside Illinois so that

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the sale is exempt under the United States Constitution as a
 sale in interstate or foreign commerce.

Of the money received from the 6.25% general use tax rate 3 4 tangible personal property which is purchased outside on 5 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or 6 registered by any agency of this State's government and paid 7 into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, the amount 8 for which Illinois addresses for titling or registration 9 purposes are given as being in each county having more than 3,000,000 inhabitants shall be distributed into the Regional 10 11 Transportation Authority tax fund, created pursuant to Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation Authority Act. 12 The remainder of the money paid from such sales shall be 13 distributed to each county based on sales for which Illinois 14 15 addresses for titling or registration purposes are given as 16 being located in the county. Any money paid into the Regional Transportation Authority Occupation and 17 Use Tax 18 Replacement Fund from the County and Mass Transit District 19 Fund prior to January 14, 1991, which has not been paid to the Authority prior to that date, shall be transferred to the 20 21 Regional Transportation Authority tax fund.

22 Whenever the Department determines that a refund of money 23 paid into the County and Mass Transit District Fund should be made to a claimant instead of issuing a credit memorandum, 24 25 the Department shall notify the State Comptroller, who shall cause the order to be drawn for the amount specified, and to 26 the person named, in such notification from the Department. 27 Such refund shall be paid by the State Treasurer out of the 28 County and Mass Transit District Fund. 29

30 On or before the 25th day of each calendar month, the 31 Department shall prepare and certify to the Comptroller the 32 disbursement of stated sums of money to the Regional 33 Transportation Authority and to named counties, the counties 34 to be those entitled to distribution, as hereinabove

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1 provided, of taxes or penalties paid to the Department during 2 the second preceding calendar month. The amount to be paid to the Regional Transportation Authority and each county 3 4 having 3,000,000 or fewer inhabitants shall be the amount 5 (not including credit memoranda) collected during the second 6 preceding calendar month by the Department and paid into the 7 County and Mass Transit District Fund, plus an amount the 8 Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts 9 which were erroneously paid to a different taxing body, and not including an amount equal to the amount of refunds made 10 11 during the second preceding calendar month by the Department, 12 and not including any amount which the Department determines is necessary to offset any amounts which were payable to a 13 different taxing body but were erroneously paid to the 14 15 Regional Transportation Authority or county. Within 10 days 16 after receipt, by the Comptroller, of the disbursement certification to the Regional Transportation Authority and 17 counties, provided for in this Section to be given to the 18 19 Comptroller by the Department, the Comptroller shall cause the orders to be drawn for the respective amounts in 20 21 accordance with the directions contained in such 22 certification.

23 When certifying the amount of a monthly disbursement to the Regional Transportation Authority or to a county under 24 25 this Section, the Department shall increase or decrease that amount by an amount necessary to offset any misallocation of 26 previous disbursements. The offset amount shall be the 27 amount erroneously disbursed within the 6 months preceding 28 29 the time a misallocation is discovered.

30 The provisions directing the distributions from the 31 special fund in the State Treasury provided for in this 32 Section and from the Regional Transportation Authority tax 33 fund created by Section 4.03 of the Regional Transportation 34 Authority Act shall constitute an irrevocable and continuing

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appropriation of all amounts as provided herein. The State
 Treasurer and State Comptroller are hereby authorized to make
 distributions as provided in this Section.

4 In construing any development, redevelopment, annexation, 5 preannexation or other lawful agreement in effect prior to 6 September 1, 1990, which describes or refers to receipts from 7 a county or municipal retailers' occupation tax, use tax or 8 service occupation tax which now cannot be imposed, such 9 description or reference shall be deemed to include the replacement revenue for such abolished taxes, distributed 10 11 from the County and Mass Transit District Fund or Local Government Distributive Fund, as the case may be. 12

13 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-98; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

14 Section 10. The Use Tax Act is amended by changing 15 Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

16 (35 ILCS 105/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.3-10)

17 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 18 19 6.25% of either the selling price or the fair market value, 20 if any, of the tangible personal property. In all cases 21 where property functionally used or consumed is the same as the property that was purchased at retail, then the tax is 22 23 imposed on the selling price of the property. In all cases where property functionally used or consumed is a by-product 24 or waste product that has been refined, manufactured, 25 or produced from property purchased at retail, then the tax is 26 imposed on the lower of the fair market value, if any, of the 27 28 specific property so used in this State or on the selling price of the property purchased at retail. For purposes of 29 30 this Section "fair market value" means the price at which property would change hands between a willing buyer and a 31 32 willing seller, neither being under any compulsion to buy or

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1 sell and both having reasonable knowledge of the relevant 2 facts. The fair market value shall be established by Illinois 3 sales by the taxpayer of the same property as that 4 functionally used or consumed, or if there are no such sales 5 by the taxpayer, then comparable sales or purchases of 6 property of like kind and character in Illinois.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000,
with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the
Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40
of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

Beginning on December 1, 2001, and through April 30, 2002, with respect to propane and home heating oil sold to residential customers, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 19 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 20 21 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 22 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and 23 nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 24 25 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 26 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes 27 of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, 28 29 finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether 30 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all 31 32 other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or 33 34 sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size.

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"Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food 6 for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises 7 where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending 8 machine, except soft drinks and food products that are 9 dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the 10 location of the vending machine.

If the property that is purchased at retail from a retailer is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior out-of-state use.

18 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 19 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

20 (35 ILCS 105/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.9)

21 Sec. 9. Except as to motor vehicles, watercraft, 22 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, each retailer required or 23 24 authorized to collect the tax imposed by this Act shall pay to the Department the amount of such tax (except as otherwise 25 provided) at the time when he is required to file his return 26 for the period during which such tax was collected, less a 27 discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990, and 1.75% on and 28 29 after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the retailer for 30 31 expenses incurred in collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 32 33 data to the Department on request. In the case of retailers

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1 who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction 2 basis, as provided in this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax remittance instead of when such 3 4 retailer files his periodic return. A retailer need not 5 remit that part of any tax collected by him to the extent 6 that he is required to remit and does remit the tax imposed 7 by the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, with respect to the 8 sale of the same property.

9 Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale 10 11 wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, is extended beyond the close of the period for which the 12 return is filed, the retailer, in collecting the tax (except 13 as to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that 14 15 are required to be registered with an agency of this State), 16 may collect for each tax return period, only the tax applicable to that part of the selling price actually 17 18 received during such tax return period.

Except as provided in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such retailer shall file a return for the preceding calendar month. Such return shall be filed on forms prescribed by the Department and shall furnish such information as the Department may reasonably require.

25 The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 26 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 27 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. 28 29 The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for 30 each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, 31 32 stating:

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1. The name of the seller;

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2. The address of the principal place of business

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from which he engages in the business of selling tangible
 personal property at retail in this State;

3 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by 4 him during the preceding calendar month from sales of 5 tangible personal property by him during such preceding 6 calendar month, including receipts from charge and time 7 sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

8 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of9 this Act;

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5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

12 6. Such other reasonable information as the13 Department may require.

14 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 15 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 16 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to 17 be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 18 19 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 20 21 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall 22 23 make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 24 1995, a 25 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 26 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 27 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 28 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 29 30 Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities 31 32 under this Act, and under all other State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, 33 34 for the immediately preceding calendar year. The term

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1 "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the 2 taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 3 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by 4 the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 5 divided by 12.

6 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 7 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make 8 payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required 9 to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make 10 those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 11 1.

12 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 13 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 14 with the permission of the Department.

15 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic 16 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily 17 make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those 18 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

19 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to 20 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the 21 requirements of this Section.

22 Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 23 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 24 25 Act, the Service Use Tax Act was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a 26 return with the Department each month by the 20th day of 27 the next following the month during which such 28 month tax 29 liability is incurred and shall make payments to the 30 Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. On and 31 32 after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' 33 34 Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the

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1 Service Use Tax Act was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 2 4 complete calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next 3 4 following the month during which such tax liability is 5 incurred and shall make payment to the Department on or 6 before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is incurred. If the month during which 7 8 such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 9 1985, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or an amount set by 10 11 the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly 12 liability of the taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest 13 liability and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter 14 15 period). If the month during which such tax liability is 16 incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985, and prior to January 1, 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 17 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 18 19 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax 20 21 liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, and 22 prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount 23 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 24 25 calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after 26 January 1, 1988, and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins 27 on or after January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount 28 29 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 30 month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during 31 32 which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1996, each payment 33 shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual 34

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1 liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability 2 for the same calendar month of the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the quarter monthly 3 4 reporting period. The amount of such quarter monthly 5 payments shall be credited against the final tax liability of 6 the taxpayer's return for that month. Before October 1, 7 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of 8 quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue 9 until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters 10 11 (excluding the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until 12 such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as 13 computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding 14 complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. 15 16 However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 17 18 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average 19 monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such 20 21 taxpayer may petition the Department for change in such 22 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, 23 once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department shall continue until such 24 25 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding the 26 month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) 27 is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's average monthly 28 29 liability to the Department as computed for each calendar 30 quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the 31 32 Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's 33 business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably 34

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1 foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold 2 stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. 3 The 4 Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status 5 unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and 6 not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly 7 payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties 8 9 and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due and the amount of such quarter monthly payment actually and 10 11 timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in excess of 12 13 the minimum payments previously due as provided in this The Department shall make reasonable rules and 14 Section. 15 regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and 16 quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other than a calendar monthly basis. 17

If any such payment provided for in this Section exceeds 18 19 the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act and the 20 21 Service Use Tax Act, as shown by an original monthly return, 22 the Department shall issue to the taxpayer а credit 23 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment, which memorandum may be submitted by the taxpayer to 24 the 25 Department in payment of tax liability subsequently to be 26 remitted by the taxpayer to the Department or be assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the 27 Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act 28 or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable 29 30 rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Department, except that if such excess payment is shown on an original 31 32 monthly return and is made after December 31, 1986, no credit memorandum shall be issued, unless requested by the taxpayer. 33 34 If no such request is made, the taxpayer may credit such

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1 excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be 2 remitted by the taxpayer to the Department under this Act, the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax 3 4 Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the Department. 5 If the 6 Department subsequently determines that all or any part of 7 the credit taken was not actually due to the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% or 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced 8 by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between the credit taken 9 and that actually due, and the taxpayer shall be liable for 10 11 penalties and interest on such difference.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 12 13 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 14 15 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 16 with the return for January, February, and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 17 May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of 18 April, 19 such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with 20 21 the return for October, November and December of a given year 22 being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

29 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 30 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 31 monthly returns.

32 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act 33 concerning the time within which a retailer may file his 34 return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a

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1 kind of business which makes him responsible for filing 2 returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final 3 return under this Act with the Department not more than one 4 month after discontinuing such business.

5 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, 6 aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered 7 with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this 8 kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the 9 Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible 10 11 personal property which the retailer sells, except that if, in the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, 12 watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than 13 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another 14 15 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer retailer for 16 the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers more than 17 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer to 18 а 19 purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 3-55 of this Act, then that seller may report the 20 21 transfer of all the aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles or 22 trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on 23 the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" means a Class 2, 24 25 Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in Section 3-2 of 26 the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard motor. 27

The transaction reporting return in the case of motor vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by the

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1 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 2 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows 3 4 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 5 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the 6 total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 7 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 8 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 9 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the 10 11 place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of the property sold; such other information as is required in 12 Section 5-402 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other 13 information as the Department may reasonably require. 14

15 The transaction reporting return in the case of 16 watercraft and aircraft must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of 17 the selling price including the amount allowed by the 18 19 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, 20 21 if any, to the extent to which Section 2 of this Act allows an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 22 23 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 24 25 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 26 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due 27 in that particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the 28 29 place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of property sold, and such other information as the 30 the Department may reasonably require. 31

32 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not 33 later than 20 days after the date of delivery of the item 34 that is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any

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sooner than that if he chooses to do so. 1 time The 2 transaction reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption from the tax that is imposed by this Act may be 3 4 transmitted to the Department by way of the State agency with 5 which, or State officer with whom, the tangible personal б property must be titled or registered (if titling or 7 registration is required) if the Department and such agency State officer determine that this procedure will expedite 8 or 9 the processing of applications for title or registration.

With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer 10 11 shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 12 13 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, 14 a tax receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 15 16 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State 17 18 officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible 19 personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's 20 21 application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of 22 title or registration to such tangible personal property.

23 No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the 24 25 retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration 26 27 is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. 28 The 29 Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the 30 mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment of tax or proof of exemption made to the Department before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such user

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1 has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify 2 to the fact of such delay by the retailer, and may (upon the satisfied 3 Department being of the truth of such 4 certification) transmit the information required by the transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or 5 proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his 6 7 tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the 8 transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax 9 payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to the proper retailer's account with the Department, 10 but 11 without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly 12 to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount 13 and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax 14 15 had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

16 Where a retailer collects the tax with respect to the selling price of tangible personal property which he sells 17 purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 18 and the 19 property and the retailer refunds the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such retailer shall also refund, to the 20 21 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When 22 filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax 23 to the purchaser, the retailer may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other use 24 25 tax which such retailer may be required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such return, if the amount of the 26 tax to be deducted was previously remitted to the Department 27 by such retailer. If the retailer has not previously 28 29 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he is 30 entitled to no deduction under this Act upon refunding such 31 tax to the purchaser.

Any retailer filing a return under this Section shall also include (for the purpose of paying tax thereon) the total tax covered by such return upon the selling price of

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1 tangible personal property purchased by him at retail from a
2 retailer, but as to which the tax imposed by this Act was not
3 collected from the retailer filing such return, and such
4 retailer shall remit the amount of such tax to the Department
5 when filing such return.

6 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, 7 the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or 8 joint return which will enable retailers, who are required to 9 file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' 10 Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information 11 required by both Acts on the one form.

Where the retailer has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registration under this Act, such retailer may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 18 19 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a 20 special fund in the State Treasury which is hereby created, 21 the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human consumption which is to be 22 23 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been 24 25 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and 26 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used 27 by diabetics. 28

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of

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1 this State's government.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 2 shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund, a 3 4 special fund in the State Treasury, 20% of the net revenue 5 realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate 6 on the selling price of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside 7 8 Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or 9 registered by an agency of this State's government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning on January 1, 2002, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of propane and home heating oil sold to residential customers.

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's government.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 26 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into 27 the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% 28 and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid 29 30 into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, 31 32 as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 33 to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 34

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1 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and 2 Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% 3 4 or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter 5 called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred 6 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount 7 8 (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 9 Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received 10 11 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further 12 provided, that if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into 13 the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund 14 15 during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such 16 month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of 17 the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference 18 19 shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from 20 other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax 21 Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 22 payments required under the preceding proviso result in 23 aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater 24 25 of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts 26 payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause 27 (b) shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount 28 29 on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued 30 and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, 31 to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 32 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 33 34 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and

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1 any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees on 2 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. If on the last 3 4 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 5 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the 6 moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the 7 Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the amount required to be transferred in such month from the 8 9 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 10 11 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 12 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 13 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 14 15 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 16 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount 17 otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) 18 19 of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 20 21 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 22 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 23 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 24 25 Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified 26 27 monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 28 29 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the 30 State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from 31 32 collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 33 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act 34

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1	into the McCormick Place	Expansion	Project	Fund	in	the	
2	specified fiscal years.	1					
3	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit					
4	1993	÷0					
5	1994	53,000,000					
6	1995	58,000,000					
7	1996	61,000,000					
8	1997	64,000,000					
9	1998	68,000,000					
10	1999	71,000,000					
11	2000	2000 75,000,000					
12	2001	80,000,000					
13	2002	84,000,000					
14	2003 89,000,000						
15	2004	93,000,000					
16	2005	97,000,000					
17	2006	102,000,000					
18	2007	108,000,000					
19	2008	115,000,000					
20	2009	120,000,000					
21	2010	126,000,000					
22	2011	132,000,000					
23	2012	138,000,000					
24	2013 and		145,000	,000			
25	each fiscal year						
26	thereafter that bonds	S					
27	are outstanding under	are outstanding under					
28	Section 13.2 of the						
29	Metropolitan Pier and	and					
30	Exposition Authority	Exposition Authority					
31	Act, but not after fisc	Act, but not after fiscal year 2029.					

32 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 33 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 34 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and

1 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 2 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 3 4 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 5 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 6 required under this Section for previous months and years, 7 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, 8 9 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited. 10

11 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 12 Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 13 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 14 the Local Government Distributive Fund .4% of the net revenue 15 16 realized for the preceding month from the 5% general rate, or .4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding 17 month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may be, on the 18 19 selling price of tangible personal property which amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as provided 20 21 in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No payments or 22 distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be made if the 23 tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds from such tax 24 25 are unavailable for distribution because of litigation.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 26 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and 27 the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 28 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, 29 30 beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 31 32 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 33 34 property.

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Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

7 As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 8 upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the 9 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 10 11 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue realized under this Act for the second preceding month. 12 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 13 and shall not be made. 14

15 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 16 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 17 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 18 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

26 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-99; 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 27 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 28 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00; 91-901, 29 eff. 1-1-01; revised 8-30-00.)

30 Section 15. The Service Use Tax Act is amended by 31 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

32 (35 ILCS 110/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.33-10)

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1 Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in 2 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 3 6.25% of the selling price of tangible personal property 4 transferred as an incident to the sale of service, but, for 5 the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the 6 selling price be less than the cost price of the property to 7 the serviceman.

8 Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, 9 with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the 10 Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 11 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

Beginning on December 1, 2001, and through April 30, 2002, with respect to propane and home heating oil sold to residential customers, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the selling price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the selling price thereafter.

21 At the election of any registered serviceman made for 22 each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate 23 annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 24 25 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the 26 27 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the 28 29 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property 30 transferred as an incident to the sale of those services.

31 The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food 32 prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident 33 to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service 34 Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital

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1 Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the Child Care 2 Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the 3 4 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 5 soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate 6 consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 7 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, and medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the 8 9 purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used 10 11 by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, 12 13 ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit 14 juice, 15 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 16 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, 17 carton, or container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does 18 19 not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant 20 formula, milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A 21 Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 22 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending machine, except soft drinks and food products that are dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the location of the vending machine.

If the property that is acquired from a serviceman is acquired outside Illinois and used outside Illinois before being brought to Illinois for use here and is taxable under this Act, the "selling price" on which the tax is computed shall be reduced by an amount that represents a reasonable allowance for depreciation for the period of prior

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1 out-of-state use.

2 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 3 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 4 7-1-00.)

5 (35 ILCS 110/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.39)

Sec. 9. Each serviceman required or authorized to 6 collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department 7 8 the amount of such tax (except as otherwise provided) at the time when he is required to file his return for the period 9 10 during which such tax was collected, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 11 1990, or \$5 per calendar year, whichever is greater, which is 12 allowed to reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in 13 collecting the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing 14 15 returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on request. A serviceman need not remit that part 16 17 of any tax collected by him to the extent that he is required 18 to pay and does pay the tax imposed by the Service Occupation Tax Act with respect to his sale of service involving the 19 20 incidental transfer by him of the same property.

Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar month in accordance with reasonable Rules and Regulations to be promulgated by the Department. Such return shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or -31-

before the twentieth day of the following calendar month,
 stating:

1. The name of the seller;

2. The address of the principal place of business
from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this
State;

7 3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by
8 him during the preceding calendar month, including
9 receipts from charge and time sales, but less all
10 deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of
 this Act;

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5. The amount of tax due;

5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and

15 6. Such other reasonable information as the16 Department may require.

17 If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 18 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 19 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to 20 be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

21 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 22 23 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who 24 25 has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department 26 by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 27 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 28 29 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 30 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 31 32 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term "annual 33 34 tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities

1 under this Act, and under all other State and local 2 occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. 3 The term 4 "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 5 6 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by 7 the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 8 divided by 12.

9 Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the 10 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make 11 payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required 12 to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make 13 those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 14 1.

15 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 16 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 17 with the permission of the Department.

18 All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic 19 funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily 20 make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those 21 payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

25 If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly 26 return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 27 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 28 29 with the return for January, February and March of a given 30 year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of 31 32 such year; with the return for July, August and September of a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with 33 the return for October, November and December of a given year 34

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1

being due by January 20 of the following year.

If the serviceman is otherwise required to file a monthly or quarterly return and if the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

8 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 9 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 10 monthly returns.

provision 11 Notwithstanding any other in this Act concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his 12 return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in 13 a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing 14 15 returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final 16 return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 month after discontinuing such business. 17

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to the 18 19 selling price of property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such property and the serviceman refunds 20 21 the selling price thereof to the purchaser, such serviceman 22 shall also refund, to the purchaser, the tax so collected 23 from the purchaser. When filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman 24 25 may deduct the amount of the tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other Service Use Tax, Service Occupation 26 27 Tax, retailers' occupation tax or use tax which such serviceman may be required to pay or remit to the Department, 28 as shown by such return, provided that the amount of the tax 29 30 to be deducted shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not 31 32 previously have remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder 33 34 upon refunding such tax to the purchaser.

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1 Any serviceman filing a return hereunder shall also 2 include the total tax upon the selling price of tangible 3 personal property purchased for use by him as an incident to 4 a sale of service, and such serviceman shall remit the amount 5 of such tax to the Department when filing such return.

6 If experience indicates such action to be practicable, 7 the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or 8 joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required 9 to file returns hereunder and also under the Service 10 Occupation Tax Act, to furnish all the return information 11 required by both Acts on the one form.

Where the serviceman has more than 12 one business registered with the Department under separate registration 13 hereunder, such serviceman shall not file each return that is 14 15 due as a single return covering all such registered 16 businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such registered business. 17

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 18 19 shall pay into the State and Local Tax Reform Fund, a special 20 fund in the State Treasury, the net revenue realized for the 21 preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of food for human 22 consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it 23 is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and 24 25 prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and 26 needles used by diabetics. 27

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate on transfers of tangible personal property, other than tangible personal property which is purchased outside Illinois at retail from a retailer and which is titled or registered by an agency of this State's

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1 government.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning on January 1, 2002, each month the Department
shall pay into the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund 100%
of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the
1.25% rate on the selling price of propane and home heating
oil sold to residential customers.

11 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into 12 the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% 13 and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be 14 paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in 15 16 any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 17 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 18 19 to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and 20 21 Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 2.2% 22 23 or 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred 24 25 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified 26 Amount (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 27 Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately 28 29 paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received 30 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the 31 32 sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund 33 34 during such month and (2) the amount transferred during such

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1 month to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local 2 Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference 3 4 shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from 5 other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax б Acts; and, further provided, that in no event shall the 7 payments required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 8 to 9 this clause (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount 10 11 for such fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) 12 13 shall be payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued 14 15 and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 16 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 17 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 18 19 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees 20 21 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by 22 the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. If on the last 23 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the 24 moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the 25 Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 26 amount required to be transferred in such month from the 27 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 28 29 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 30 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 31 32 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 33 34 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence

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1 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 2 of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) 3 4 of the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the 5 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited 6 into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim 7 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 8 Act.

9 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any 10 11 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified monthly installment of the amount requested 12 in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 13 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of 14 the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated 15 16 as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 17 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 18 19 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 20 21 specified fiscal years.

22	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
23	1993	\$0
24	1994	53,000,000
25	1995	58,000,000
26	1996	61,000,000
27	1997	64,000,000
28	1998	68,000,000
29	1999	71,000,000
30	2000	75,000,000
31	2001	80,000,000
32	2002	84,000,000
33	2003	89,000,000
34	2004	93,000,000

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1	2005	97,000,000
2	2006	102,000,000
3	2007	108,000,000
4	2008	115,000,000
5	2009	120,000,000
6	2010	126,000,000
7	2011	132,000,000
8	2012	138,000,000
9	2013 and	145,000,000

10 each fiscal year

11 thereafter that bonds

12 are outstanding under

13 Section 13.2 of the

14 Metropolitan Pier and

15 Exposition Authority Act,

16 but not after fiscal year 2029.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 17 18 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 19 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 20 21 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 22 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 23 24 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits 25 required under this Section for previous months and years, shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 26 27 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total 28 Deposit", has been deposited. 29

30 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 31 Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 32 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto 33 hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 34 the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net

1 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general 2 rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may 3 4 be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which 5 amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as 6 provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No 7 payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be 8 made if the tax imposed by this Act on photo processing 9 products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of 10 11 litigation.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 12 13 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 14 15 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, 16 beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 17 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 18 19 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 20 property.

All remaining moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month, 24 25 certification of the Department of Revenue, upon the Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall 26 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 27 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue 28 29 realized under this Act for the second preceding month. 30 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required and shall not be made. 31

Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for

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1 overpayment of liability.

2 (Source: P.A. 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51,
3 eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99;
4 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

5 Section 20. The Service Occupation Tax Act is amended by
6 changing Sections 3-10 and 9 as follows:

7 (35 ILCS 115/3-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.103-10)

Sec. 3-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in 8 9 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 6.25% of the "selling price", as defined in Section 2 of the 10 Service Use Tax Act, of the tangible personal property. 11 For the purpose of computing this tax, in no event shall the 12 13 "selling price" be less than the cost price to the serviceman 14 of the tangible personal property transferred. The selling price of each item of tangible personal property transferred 15 as an incident of a sale of service may be shown as a 16 17 distinct and separate item on the serviceman's billing to the service customer. If the selling price is not so shown, the 18 19 selling price of the tangible personal property is deemed to 20 be 50% of the serviceman's entire billing to the service 21 customer. When, however, a serviceman contracts to design, develop, and produce special order machinery or equipment, 22 23 the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property 24 transferred incident to the completion of the contract. 25

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

30 <u>Beginning on December 1, 2001, and through April 30,</u> 31 <u>2002, with respect to propane and home heating oil sold to</u> 32 <u>residential customers, the tax is imposed at the rate of</u> 1 <u>1.25%.</u>

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act shall apply to 70% of the cost price of property transferred as an incident to the sale of service on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the cost price thereafter.

7 At the election of any registered serviceman made for 8 each fiscal year, sales of service in which the aggregate 9 annual cost price of tangible personal property transferred as an incident to the sales of service is less than 35%, or 10 11 75% in the case of servicemen transferring prescription drugs or servicemen engaged in graphic arts production, of the 12 aggregate annual total gross receipts from all sales of 13 service, the tax imposed by this Act shall be based on the 14 serviceman's cost price of the tangible personal property 15 16 transferred incident to the sale of those services.

The tax shall be imposed at the rate of 1% on food 17 prepared for immediate consumption and transferred incident 18 19 to a sale of service subject to this Act or the Service Occupation Tax Act by an entity licensed under the Hospital 20 21 Licensing Act, the Nursing Home Care Act, or the Child Care Act of 1969. The tax shall also be imposed at the rate of 1% 22 23 on food for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, 24 25 soft drinks, and food that has been prepared for immediate consumption and is not otherwise included in this paragraph) 26 and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 27 drugs, medical appliances, modifications to a motor vehicle for the 28 29 purpose of rendering it usable by a disabled person, and 30 insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used 31 by diabetics, for human use. For the purposes of this 32 Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether carbonated or not, 33 34 including but not limited to soda water, cola, fruit juice,

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1 vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations 2 commonly known as soft drinks of whatever kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed can, carton, or 3 4 container, regardless of size. "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated water, infant formula, 5 6 milk or milk products as defined in the Grade A Pasteurized 7 Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks containing 50% or more 8 natural fruit or vegetable juice.

9 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food 10 for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises 11 where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending 12 machine, except soft drinks and food products that are 13 dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the 14 location of the vending machine.

15 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98;
16 91-51, 6-30-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

17 (35 ILCS 115/9) (from Ch. 120, par. 439.109)

Each serviceman required or authorized to Sec. 9. 18 collect the tax herein imposed shall pay to the Department 19 20 the amount of such tax at the time when he is required to 21 file his return for the period during which such tax was collectible, less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 22 1990, and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per 23 24 calendar year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to 25 reimburse the serviceman for expenses incurred in collecting 26 the tax, keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying data to the Department on 27 28 request.

Where such tangible personal property is sold under a conditional sales contract, or under any other form of sale wherein the payment of the principal sum, or a part thereof, extended beyond the close of the period for which the return is filed, the serviceman, in collecting the tax may

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collect, for each tax return period, only the tax applicable
 to the part of the selling price actually received during
 such tax return period.

4 Except as provided hereinafter in this Section, on or 5 before the twentieth day of each calendar month, such 6 serviceman shall file a return for the preceding calendar 7 month in accordance with reasonable rules and regulations to 8 be promulgated by the Department of Revenue. Such return 9 shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Department and shall contain such information as the Department may 10 11 reasonably require.

The Department may require returns to be filed on a 12 quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar 13 quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the 14 15 calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. 16 The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or 17 before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, 18 19 stating:

20

1. The name of the seller;

21 2. The address of the principal place of business
22 from which he engages in business as a serviceman in this
23 State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by
him during the preceding calendar month, including
receipts from charge and time sales, but less all
deductions allowed by law;

4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d ofthis Act;

5. The amount of tax due;
5-5. The signature of the taxpayer; and
6. Such other reasonable information as the
Department may require.
If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after

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1 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department,
2 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to
3 be due on the return shall be deemed assessed.

4 A serviceman may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Service Use 5 Tax as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act if 6 7 the purchaser provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax Act. A 8 9 Manufacturer's Purchase Credit certification, accepted by a serviceman as provided in Section 3-70 of the Service Use Tax 10 11 Act, may be used by that serviceman to satisfy Service Occupation Tax liability in the amount claimed in the 12 certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to 13 tax from a qualifying purchase. 14

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the 15 16 Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, with the 17 return for January, February and March of a given year being 18 19 due by April 20 of such year; with the return for April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of such year; 20 21 with the return for July, August and September of a given 22 year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the 23 return for October, November and December of a given year being due by January 20 of the following year. 24

If the serviceman's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$50, the Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 20 of the following year.

30 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 31 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 32 monthly returns.

33 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act34 concerning the time within which a serviceman may file his

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1 return, in the case of any serviceman who ceases to engage in 2 a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing 3 returns under this Act, such serviceman shall file a final 4 return under this Act with the Department not more than 1 5 month after discontinuing such business.

6 Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 7 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 8 9 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more 10 11 shall make all payments required by rules of the Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a 12 taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 13 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the 14 15 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 16 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of 17 the Department by electronic funds transfer. The term 18 19 "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and 20 21 local occupation and use tax laws administered by the 22 Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The 23 term "average monthly tax liability" means the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 24 25 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 26 divided by 12. 27

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, the Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on October 1.

34

Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic

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funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer
 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

7 The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to
8 effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the
9 requirements of this Section.

Where a serviceman collects the tax with respect to 10 the 11 selling price of tangible personal property which he sells and the purchaser thereafter returns such tangible personal 12 property and the serviceman refunds the selling price thereof 13 to the purchaser, such serviceman shall also refund, to the 14 15 purchaser, the tax so collected from the purchaser. When 16 filing his return for the period in which he refunds such tax to the purchaser, the serviceman may deduct the amount of the 17 tax so refunded by him to the purchaser from any other 18 19 Service Occupation Tax, Service Use Tax, Retailers' Occupation Tax or Use Tax which such serviceman may be 20 21 required to pay or remit to the Department, as shown by such 22 return, provided that the amount of the tax to be deducted 23 shall previously have been remitted to the Department by such serviceman. If the serviceman shall not previously have 24 25 remitted the amount of such tax to the Department, he shall be entitled to no deduction hereunder upon refunding such tax 26 27 to the purchaser.

If experience indicates such action to be practicable, the Department may prescribe and furnish a combination or joint return which will enable servicemen, who are required to file returns hereunder and also under the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, the Use Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, to furnish all the return information required by all said Acts on the one form.

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1 Where the serviceman has more than one business 2 registered with the Department under separate registrations 3 hereunder, such serviceman shall file separate returns for 4 each registered business.

5 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 6 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund the revenue 7 realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on sales of 8 food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the 9 premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate 10 11 consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, 12 drugs, medical appliances and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 13

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 4% of the revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

22 Beginning on January 1, 2002, each month the Department 23 shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% 24 of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 25 1.25% rate on the selling price of propane and home heating 26 oil sold to residential customers.

27 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 28 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the 29 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 30 general rate on transfers of tangible personal property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

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Beginning on January 1, 2002, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of propane and home heating oil sold to residential customers.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department 6 7 pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 8 2.2% 9 and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in 10 11 any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 12 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant 13 to Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act, Section 9 14 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Use Tax Act, and 15 16 Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" and such aggregate of 17 2.2% 3.8%, as the case may be, of moneys being hereinafter 18 or called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) the amount transferred 19 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax 20 21 Reform Fund shall be less than the Annual Specified Amount 22 (as defined in Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax 23 Act), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received 24 25 by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and further provided, that if on the last business day of any month the 26 sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into 27 the Build Illinois Account in the Build Illinois Fund during 28 29 such month and (2) the amount transferred during such month 30 to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall have been less than 1/12 of the Annual 31 Specified Amount, an amount equal to the difference shall be 32 immediately paid into the Build Illinois Fund from other 33 34 moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts;

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1 and, further provided, that in no event shall the payments 2 required under the preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause 3 4 (b) for any fiscal year in excess of the greater of (i) the 5 Tax Act Amount or (ii) the Annual Specified Amount for such 6 fiscal year; and, further provided, that the amounts payable 7 into the Build Illinois Fund under this clause (b) shall be 8 payable only until such time as the aggregate amount on 9 deposit under each trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is 10 11 sufficient, taking into account any future investment income, to fully provide, in accordance with such indenture, for the 12 defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if 13 any, and interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and 14 on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees 15 16 and costs payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. If on the last 17 18 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 19 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of the moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account in the 20 Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 21 22 amount required to be transferred in such month from the 23 Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 24 25 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the 26 27 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 28 29 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence 30 shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) of the preceding sentence and shall reduce the amount 31 32 otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to clause (b) the preceding sentence. The moneys received by the 33 of 34 Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited

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into the Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim
 and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond
 Act.

4 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 5 Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any 6 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified 7 monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 8 9 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the State Finance Act, but not in excess of the sums designated 10 11 as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 12 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation 13 Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act 14 15 into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 16 specified fiscal years.

17	Fiscal Year	Total Deposit
18	1993	\$0
19	1994	53,000,000
20	1995	58,000,000
21	1996	61,000,000
22	1997	64,000,000
23	1998	68,000,000
24	1999	71,000,000
25	2000	75,000,000
26	2001	80,000,000
27	2002	84,000,000
28	2003	89,000,000
29	2004	93,000,000
30	2005	97,000,000
31	2006	102,000,000
32	2007	108,000,000
33	2008	115,000,000
34	2009	120,000,000

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1 2010 126,000,000 2 2011 132,000,000 2012 138,000,000 3 4 2013 and 145,000,000 each fiscal year 5 thereafter that bonds 6 7 are outstanding under Section 13.2 of the 8 9 Metropolitan Pier and

10 Exposition Authority

11 Act, but not after fiscal year 2029.

Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal 12 year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 13 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 14 Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 15 16 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 17 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 18 19 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, 20 21 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, 22 23 but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total Deposit", has been deposited. 24

25 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant 26 to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto 27 hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into 28 the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net 29 30 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 31 32 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which 33 amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as 34

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1 provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No 2 payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be the tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing 3 made if 4 products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds 5 from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of 6 litigation.

7 Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 8 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the 9 Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, 10 11 beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net 12 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 13 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 14 15 property.

Remaining moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury.

19 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a 20 taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 21 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not 22 less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 23 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. annual return to the Department shall include a 24 Such 25 statement of gross receipts as shown by the taxpayer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the 26 business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not 27 agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department of 28 29 Revenue for the same period, the taxpayer shall attach to his 30 annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. The taxpayer's 31 32 annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost 33 of goods sold by the taxpayer during the year covered by such return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for 34

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such year, cost of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the taxpayer during such year, pay roll information of the taxpayer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such taxpayer as hereinbefore provided for in this Section.

8 If the annual information return required by this Section 9 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be 10 liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

18 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer
19 shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4
20 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 21 22 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 23 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or 24 25 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by 26 the Department shall include a warning that the person 27 signing the return may be liable for perjury. 28

The foregoing portion of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return shall not apply to a serviceman who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month,upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the

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1 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall 2 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 3 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue 4 realized under this Act for the second preceding month. 5 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 6 and shall not be made.

7 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 8 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 9 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 10 overpayment of liability.

11 For greater simplicity of administration, it shall be permissible for manufacturers, importers and wholesalers 12 whose products are sold by numerous servicemen in Illinois, 13 and who wish to do so, to assume the responsibility for 14 15 accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing 16 under this Act with respect to such sales, if the servicemen who are affected do not make written objection to the 17 18 Department to this arrangement.

19 (Source: P.A. 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, 20 eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 21 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

22 Section 25. The Retailers' Occupation Tax Act is 23 amended by changing Sections 2-10 and 3 as follows:

24 (35 ILCS 120/2-10) (from Ch. 120, par. 441-10)

25 Sec. 2-10. Rate of tax. Unless otherwise provided in 26 this Section, the tax imposed by this Act is at the rate of 27 6.25% of gross receipts from sales of tangible personal 28 property made in the course of business.

Beginning on July 1, 2000 and through December 31, 2000, with respect to motor fuel, as defined in Section 1.1 of the Motor Fuel Tax Law, and gasohol, as defined in Section 3-40 of the Use Tax Act, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1.25%.

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1 Within 14 days after the effective date of this 2 amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly, each retailer of motor fuel and gasohol shall cause the following notice to be 3 4 posted in a prominently visible place on each retail 5 dispensing device that is used to dispense motor fuel or 6 gasohol in the State of Illinois: "As of July 1, 2000, the 7 State of Illinois has eliminated the State's share of sales 8 tax on motor fuel and gasohol through December 31, 2000. The 9 price on this pump should reflect the elimination of the tax." The notice shall be printed in bold print on a sign 10 11 that is no smaller than 4 inches by 8 inches. The sign shall be clearly visible to customers. Any retailer who fails to 12 post or maintain a required sign through December 31, 2000 is 13 guilty of a petty offense for which the fine shall be \$500 14 15 per day per each retail premises where a violation occurs.

With respect to gasohol, as defined in the Use Tax Act, the tax imposed by this Act applies to 70% of the proceeds of sales made on or after January 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, and to 100% of the proceeds of sales made thereafter.

20 Beginning on December 1, 2001, and through April 30, 21 2002, with respect to propane and home heating oil sold to 22 residential customers, the tax is imposed at the rate of 23 1.25%.

With respect to food for human consumption that is to be 24 25 consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than 26 alcoholic beverages, soft drinks, and food that has been 27 prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription medicines, drugs, 28 medical appliances, 29 modifications to a motor vehicle for the purpose of rendering 30 it usable by a disabled person, and insulin, urine testing materials, syringes, and needles used by diabetics, for human 31 32 use, the tax is imposed at the rate of 1%. For the purposes of this Section, the term "soft drinks" means any complete, 33 34 finished, ready-to-use, non-alcoholic drink, whether

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1 carbonated or not, including but not limited to soda water, 2 cola, fruit juice, vegetable juice, carbonated water, and all other preparations commonly known as soft drinks of whatever 3 4 kind or description that are contained in any closed or sealed bottle, can, carton, or container, regardless of size. 5 6 "Soft drinks" does not include coffee, tea, non-carbonated 7 water, infant formula, milk or milk products as defined in 8 the Grade A Pasteurized Milk and Milk Products Act, or drinks 9 containing 50% or more natural fruit or vegetable juice.

10 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act, "food 11 for human consumption that is to be consumed off the premises 12 where it is sold" includes all food sold through a vending 13 machine, except soft drinks and food products that are 14 dispensed hot from a vending machine, regardless of the 15 location of the vending machine.

16 (Source: P.A. 90-605, eff. 6-30-98; 90-606, eff. 6-30-98; 17 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00.)

18 (35 ILCS 120/3) (from Ch. 120, par. 442)

19 Sec. 3. Except as provided in this Section, on or before 20 the twentieth day of each calendar month, every person 21 engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property 22 at retail in this State during the preceding calendar month 23 shall file a return with the Department, stating:

24

1. The name of the seller;

25 2. His residence address and the address of his 26 principal place of business and the address of the 27 principal place of business (if that is a different 28 address) from which he engages in the business of selling 29 tangible personal property at retail in this State;

30 3. Total amount of receipts received by him during 31 the preceding calendar month or quarter, as the case may 32 be, from sales of tangible personal property, and from 33 services furnished, by him during such preceding calendar

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1 month or quarter; 2 4. Total amount received by him during the preceding calendar month or quarter on charge and time 3 4 sales of tangible personal property, and from services furnished, by him prior to the month or quarter for which 5 the return is filed; 6 5. Deductions allowed by law; 7 6. Gross receipts which were received by him during 8 9 the preceding calendar month or quarter and upon the basis of which the tax is imposed; 10 11 7. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of this Act; 12 8. The amount of tax due; 13 9. The signature of the taxpayer; and 14 15 10. Such other reasonable information as the 16 Department may require. If a taxpayer fails to sign a return within 30 days after 17 the proper notice and demand for signature by the Department, 18 19 the return shall be considered valid and any amount shown to be due on the return shall be deemed assessed. 20 Each return shall be accompanied by the statement of 21 prepaid tax issued pursuant to Section 2e for which credit is 22 23 claimed. A retailer may accept a Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 24 25 certification from a purchaser in satisfaction of Use Tax as provided in Section 3-85 of the Use Tax Act if the purchaser 26 provides the appropriate documentation as required by Section 27 3-85 of the Use Tax Act. A Manufacturer's Purchase Credit 28 29 certification, accepted by a retailer as provided in Section 30 3-85 of the Use Tax Act, may be used by that retailer to satisfy Retailers' Occupation Tax liability in the amount 31 32 claimed in the certification, not to exceed 6.25% of the receipts subject to tax from a qualifying purchase. 33

34 The Department may require returns to be filed on a

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quarterly basis. If so required, a return for each calendar quarter shall be filed on or before the twentieth day of the calendar month following the end of such calendar quarter. The taxpayer shall also file a return with the Department for each of the first two months of each calendar quarter, on or before the twentieth day of the following calendar month, stating:

8

1. The name of the seller;

9 2. The address of the principal place of business 10 from which he engages in the business of selling tangible 11 personal property at retail in this State;

3. The total amount of taxable receipts received by him during the preceding calendar month from sales of tangible personal property by him during such preceding calendar month, including receipts from charge and time sales, but less all deductions allowed by law;

17 4. The amount of credit provided in Section 2d of18 this Act;

19

5. The amount of tax due; and

20 6. Such other reasonable information as the21 Department may require.

If a total amount of less than \$1 is payable, refundable or creditable, such amount shall be disregarded if it is less than 50 cents and shall be increased to \$1 if it is 50 cents or more.

Beginning October 1, 1993, a taxpayer who has an average 26 monthly tax liability of \$150,000 or more shall make all 27 payments required by rules of the Department by electronic 28 29 funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1994, a taxpayer who 30 has an average monthly tax liability of \$100,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the Department 31 32 by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 1, 1995, a taxpayer who has an average monthly tax liability of \$50,000 33 34 or more shall make all payments required by rules of the

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1 Department by electronic funds transfer. Beginning October 2 1, 2000, a taxpayer who has an annual tax liability of \$200,000 or more shall make all payments required by rules of 3 the Department by electronic funds transfer. 4 The term 5 "annual tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's 6 liabilities under this Act, and under all other State and 7 local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year. The 8 9 term "average monthly tax liability" shall be the sum of the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, and under all other 10 11 State and local occupation and use tax laws administered by the Department, for the immediately preceding calendar year 12 divided by 12. 13

Before August 1 of each year beginning in 1993, 14 the 15 Department shall notify all taxpayers required to make 16 payments by electronic funds transfer. All taxpayers required to make payments by electronic funds transfer shall 17 18 make those payments for a minimum of one year beginning on 19 October 1.

20 Any taxpayer not required to make payments by electronic 21 funds transfer may make payments by electronic funds transfer 22 with the permission of the Department.

All taxpayers required to make payment by electronic funds transfer and any taxpayers authorized to voluntarily make payments by electronic funds transfer shall make those payments in the manner authorized by the Department.

The Department shall adopt such rules as are necessary to effectuate a program of electronic funds transfer and the requirements of this Section.

Any amount which is required to be shown or reported on any return or other document under this Act shall, if such amount is not a whole-dollar amount, be increased to the nearest whole-dollar amount in any case where the fractional part of a dollar is 50 cents or more, and decreased to the

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nearest whole-dollar amount where the fractional part of a
 dollar is less than 50 cents.

If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 3 4 return and if the retailer's average monthly tax liability to the Department does not exceed \$200, the Department may 5 6 authorize his returns to be filed on a quarter annual basis, 7 with the return for January, February and March of a given year being due by April 20 of such year; with the return for 8 April, May and June of a given year being due by July 20 of 9 such year; with the return for July, August and September of 10 11 a given year being due by October 20 of such year, and with the return for October, November and December of a given year 12 being due by January 20 of the following year. 13

14 If the retailer is otherwise required to file a monthly 15 or quarterly return and if the retailer's average monthly tax 16 liability with the Department does not exceed \$50, the 17 Department may authorize his returns to be filed on an annual 18 basis, with the return for a given year being due by January 19 20 of the following year.

20 Such quarter annual and annual returns, as to form and 21 substance, shall be subject to the same requirements as 22 monthly returns.

23 Notwithstanding any other provision in this Act concerning the time within which a retailer may file his 24 25 return, in the case of any retailer who ceases to engage in a kind of business which makes him responsible for filing 26 returns under this Act, such retailer shall file a final 27 return under this Act with the Department not more than one 28 29 month after discontinuing such business.

Where the same person has more than one business registered with the Department under separate registrations under this Act, such person may not file each return that is due as a single return covering all such registered businesses, but shall file separate returns for each such 1 registered business.

2 In addition, with respect to motor vehicles, watercraft, aircraft, and trailers that are required to be registered 3 4 with an agency of this State, every retailer selling this 5 kind of tangible personal property shall file, with the 6 Department, upon a form to be prescribed and supplied by the 7 Department, a separate return for each such item of tangible personal property which the retailer sells, except that 8 if, 9 the same transaction, (i) a retailer of aircraft, in watercraft, motor vehicles or trailers transfers more than 10 11 one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle or trailer to another aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle retailer or trailer 12 retailer for the purpose of resale or (ii) a retailer of 13 aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicles, or trailers transfers 14 15 more than one aircraft, watercraft, motor vehicle, or trailer 16 to a purchaser for use as a qualifying rolling stock as provided in Section 2-5 of this Act, then that seller may 17 18 report the transfer of all aircraft, watercraft, motor 19 vehicles or trailers involved in that transaction to the Department on the same uniform invoice-transaction reporting 20 21 return form. For purposes of this Section, "watercraft" 22 means a Class 2, Class 3, or Class 4 watercraft as defined in 23 Section 3-2 of the Boat Registration and Safety Act, a personal watercraft, or any boat equipped with an inboard 24 25 motor.

Any retailer who sells only motor vehicles, watercraft, 26 27 aircraft, or trailers that are required to be registered with an agency of this State, so that all retailers' occupation 28 29 tax liability is required to be reported, and is reported, on 30 such transaction reporting returns and who is not otherwise required to file monthly or quarterly returns, need not file 31 32 monthly or quarterly returns. However, those retailers shall 33 be required to file returns on an annual basis.

34 The transaction reporting return, in the case of motor

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1 vehicles or trailers that are required to be registered with 2 an agency of this State, shall be the same document as the Uniform Invoice referred to in Section 5-402 of The Illinois 3 4 Vehicle Code and must show the name and address of the seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of 5 6 the selling price including the amount allowed by the 7 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed 8 by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows 9 if an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 10 11 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer 12 with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 13 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction 14 (or 15 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that 16 particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the place and date of the sale; a sufficient identification of 17 the property sold; such other information as is required in 18 19 Section 5-402 of The Illinois Vehicle Code, and such other 20 information as the Department may reasonably require.

21 The transaction reporting return in the case of 22 watercraft or aircraft must show the name and address of the 23 seller; the name and address of the purchaser; the amount of the selling price including the amount allowed by 24 the 25 retailer for traded-in property, if any; the amount allowed by the retailer for the traded-in tangible personal property, 26 if any, to the extent to which Section 1 of this Act allows 27 an exemption for the value of traded-in property; the balance 28 29 payable after deducting such trade-in allowance from the 30 total selling price; the amount of tax due from the retailer with respect to such transaction; the amount of tax collected 31 32 from the purchaser by the retailer on such transaction (or 33 satisfactory evidence that such tax is not due in that 34 particular instance, if that is claimed to be the fact); the

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place and date of the sale, a sufficient identification of
 the property sold, and such other information as the
 Department may reasonably require.

4 Such transaction reporting return shall be filed not 5 later than 20 days after the day of delivery of the item that 6 is being sold, but may be filed by the retailer at any time 7 sooner than that if he chooses to do so. The transaction 8 reporting return and tax remittance or proof of exemption 9 the Illinois use tax may be transmitted from to the Department by way of the State agency with which, or State 10 11 officer with whom the tangible personal property must be titled or registered (if titling or registration is required) 12 if the Department and such agency or State officer determine 13 that this procedure will expedite the processing 14 of 15 applications for title or registration.

16 With each such transaction reporting return, the retailer shall remit the proper amount of tax due (or shall submit 17 satisfactory evidence that the sale is not taxable if that is 18 19 the case), to the Department or its agents, whereupon the Department shall issue, in the purchaser's name, a use tax 20 21 receipt (or a certificate of exemption if the Department is 22 satisfied that the particular sale is tax exempt) which such 23 purchaser may submit to the agency with which, or State officer with whom, he must title or register the tangible 24 25 personal property that is involved (if titling or registration is required) in support of such purchaser's 26 application for an Illinois certificate or other evidence of 27 title or registration to such tangible personal property. 28

No retailer's failure or refusal to remit tax under this Act precludes a user, who has paid the proper tax to the retailer, from obtaining his certificate of title or other evidence of title or registration (if titling or registration is required) upon satisfying the Department that such user has paid the proper tax (if tax is due) to the retailer. The

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Department shall adopt appropriate rules to carry out the
 mandate of this paragraph.

If the user who would otherwise pay tax to the retailer 3 4 wants the transaction reporting return filed and the payment 5 of the tax or proof of exemption made to the Department 6 before the retailer is willing to take these actions and such 7 user has not paid the tax to the retailer, such user may certify to the fact of such delay by the retailer and may 8 9 (upon the Department being satisfied of the truth of such certification) transmit the information required by the 10 11 transaction reporting return and the remittance for tax or 12 proof of exemption directly to the Department and obtain his tax receipt or exemption determination, in which event the 13 transaction reporting return and tax remittance (if a tax 14 payment was required) shall be credited by the Department to 15 16 the proper retailer's account with the Department, but without the 2.1% or 1.75% discount provided for in this 17 18 Section being allowed. When the user pays the tax directly 19 to the Department, he shall pay the tax in the same amount and in the same form in which it would be remitted if the tax 20 21 had been remitted to the Department by the retailer.

22 Refunds made by the seller during the preceding return 23 to purchasers, on account of tangible personal period property returned to the seller, shall be allowed as 24 a deduction under subdivision 5 of his monthly or quarterly 25 26 return, as the case may be, in case the seller had theretofore included the receipts from the sale of such 27 tangible personal property in a return filed by him and had 28 29 paid the tax imposed by this Act with respect to such 30 receipts.

31 Where the seller is a corporation, the return filed on 32 behalf of such corporation shall be signed by the president, 33 vice-president, secretary or treasurer or by the properly 34 accredited agent of such corporation.

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1 Where the seller is a limited liability company, the 2 return filed on behalf of the limited liability company shall 3 be signed by a manager, member, or properly accredited agent 4 of the limited liability company.

5 Except as provided in this Section, the retailer filing 6 the return under this Section shall, at the time of filing 7 such return, pay to the Department the amount of tax imposed by this Act less a discount of 2.1% prior to January 1, 8 1990 and 1.75% on and after January 1, 1990, or \$5 per calendar 9 year, whichever is greater, which is allowed to reimburse the 10 11 retailer for the expenses incurred in keeping records, preparing and filing returns, remitting the tax and supplying 12 13 data to the Department on request. Any prepayment made pursuant to Section 2d of this Act shall be included in the 14 amount on which such 2.1% or 1.75% discount is computed. 15 In 16 the case of retailers who report and pay the tax on a transaction by transaction basis, as provided in 17 this Section, such discount shall be taken with each such tax 18 19 remittance instead of when such retailer files his periodic 20 return.

Before October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's average monthly 21 22 tax liability to the Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the Service Use Tax 23 Act, excluding any liability for prepaid sales tax to be 24 25 remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$10,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete calendar 26 quarters, he shall file a return with the Department 27 each month by the 20th day of the month next following the month 28 during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 29 make 30 payments to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is 31 incurred. On and after October 1, 2000, if the taxpayer's 32 average monthly tax liability to the Department under this 33 34 Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act, and the

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1 Service Use Tax Act, excluding any liability for prepaid 2 sales tax to be remitted in accordance with Section 2d of this Act, was \$20,000 or more during the preceding 4 complete 3 4 calendar quarters, he shall file a return with the Department each month by the 20th day of the month next following the 5 6 month during which such tax liability is incurred and shall 7 make payment to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last day of the month during which such liability is 8 9 incurred. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to January 1, 1985, each payment shall 10 11 be in an amount equal to 1/4 of the taxpayer's actual 12 liability for the month or an amount set by the Department not to exceed 1/4 of the average monthly liability of the 13 taxpayer to the Department for the preceding 4 complete 14 15 calendar quarters (excluding the month of highest liability 16 and the month of lowest liability in such 4 quarter period). If the month during which such tax liability is 17 incurred begins on or after January 1, 1985 and prior to January 1, 18 19 1987, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 27.5% of the 20 21 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the 22 preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability 23 is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987 and prior to January 1, 1988, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 24 25 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar 26 27 month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1988, 28 29 and prior to January 1, 1989, or begins on or after January 30 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the 31 32 taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of the preceding year. If the month during which such tax liability 33 incurred begins on or after January 1, 1989, and prior to 34 is

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1 January 1, 1996, each payment shall be in an amount equal to 2 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the month or 25% of the taxpayer's liability for the same calendar month of 3 4 the preceding year or 100% of the taxpayer's actual liability 5 for the quarter monthly reporting period. The amount of such б quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final 7 tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month. 8 Before October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of 9 the making of quarter monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$10,000 10 11 or more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly liability to 12 the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar 13 quarters (excluding the month of highest liability and the 14 month of lowest liability) is less than \$9,000, or until such 15 16 taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department as computed for each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding 17 complete calendar quarter period is less than \$10,000. 18 19 However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the taxpayer's business has occurred 20 21 which causes the taxpayer to anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the reasonably foreseeable future 22 23 will fall below the \$10,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the Department for a change 24 in such 25 taxpayer's reporting status. On and after October 1, 2000, once applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter 26 27 monthly payments to the Department by taxpayers having an average monthly tax liability of \$20,000 or 28 more as determined in the manner provided above shall continue until 29 30 such taxpayer's average monthly liability to the Department during the preceding 4 complete calendar quarters (excluding 31 32 the month of highest liability and the month of lowest liability) is less than \$19,000 or until such taxpayer's 33 34 average monthly liability to the Department as computed for

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1 each calendar quarter of the 4 preceding complete calendar 2 quarter period is less than \$20,000. However, if a taxpayer can show the Department that a substantial change in the 3 4 taxpayer's business has occurred which causes the taxpayer to 5 anticipate that his average monthly tax liability for the 6 reasonably foreseeable future will fall below the \$20,000 threshold stated above, then such taxpayer may petition the 7 8 Department for a change in such taxpayer's reporting status. 9 The Department shall change such taxpayer's reporting status unless it finds that such change is seasonal in nature and 10 11 not likely to be long term. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required by 12 this Section, then the taxpayer shall be liable for penalties 13 and interest on the difference between the minimum amount due 14 15 as a payment and the amount of such quarter monthly payment 16 actually and timely paid, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously made payments for that month to the Department in 17 excess of the minimum payments previously due as provided in 18 19 this Section. The Department shall make reasonable rules and 20 regulations to govern the quarter monthly payment amount and 21 quarter monthly payment dates for taxpayers who file on other 22 than a calendar monthly basis.

23 Without regard to whether a taxpayer is required to make quarter monthly payments as specified above, any taxpayer who 24 25 is required by Section 2d of this Act to collect and remit prepaid taxes and has collected prepaid taxes which average 26 in excess of \$25,000 per month during the preceding 2 27 complete calendar quarters, shall file a return with the 28 Department as required by Section 2f and shall make payments 29 to the Department on or before the 7th, 15th, 22nd and last 30 day of the month during which such liability is incurred. 31 Ιf 32 the month during which such tax liability is incurred began prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985, 33 34 each payment shall be in an amount not less than 22.5% of the

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1 taxpayer's actual liability under Section 2d. If the month 2 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1986, each payment shall be in an amount 3 4 equal to 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the 5 month or 27.5% of the taxpayer's liability for the same 6 calendar month of the preceding calendar year. If the month 7 during which such tax liability is incurred begins on or after January 1, 1987, each payment shall 8 be in an amount 9 22.5% of the taxpayer's actual liability for the equal to month or 26.25% of the taxpayer's liability for the 10 same 11 calendar month of the preceding year. The amount of such quarter monthly payments shall be credited against the final 12 tax liability of the taxpayer's return for that month filed 13 under this Section or Section 2f, as the case may be. 14 Once 15 applicable, the requirement of the making of quarter monthly 16 payments to the Department pursuant to this paragraph shall continue until such taxpayer's average monthly prepaid tax 17 collections during the preceding 2 complete calendar quarters 18 19 is \$25,000 or less. If any such quarter monthly payment is not paid at the time or in the amount required, the taxpayer 20 21 shall be liable for penalties and interest on such 22 difference, except insofar as the taxpayer has previously 23 made payments for that month in excess of the minimum payments previously due. 24

25 If any payment provided for in this Section exceeds the taxpayer's liabilities under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the 26 Service Occupation Tax Act and the Service Use Tax Act, as 27 shown on an original monthly return, the Department shall, if 28 29 requested by the taxpayer, issue to the taxpayer a credit 30 memorandum no later than 30 days after the date of payment. The credit evidenced by such credit memorandum may be 31 32 assigned by the taxpayer to a similar taxpayer under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service Occupation Tax Act or the 33 Service Use Tax Act, in accordance with reasonable rules and 34

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1 regulations to be prescribed by the Department. If no such 2 request is made, the taxpayer may credit such excess payment against tax liability subsequently to be remitted to the 3 4 Department under this Act, the Use Tax Act, the Service 5 Occupation Tax Act or the Service Use Tax Act, in accordance б with reasonable rules and regulations prescribed by the 7 Department. If the Department subsequently determined that all or any part of the credit taken was not actually due to 8 9 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 2.1% and 1.75% vendor's discount shall be reduced by 2.1% or 1.75% of the difference between 10 the credit taken and that actually due, and that taxpayer 11 shall liable for penalties and interest on such 12 be difference. 13

14 If a retailer of motor fuel is entitled to a credit under 15 Section 2d of this Act which exceeds the taxpayer's liability 16 to the Department under this Act for the month which the 17 taxpayer is filing a return, the Department shall issue the 18 taxpayer a credit memorandum for the excess.

19 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund, a special fund 20 21 in the State treasury which is hereby created, the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1% tax on 22 23 sales of food for human consumption which is to be consumed off the premises where it is sold (other than alcoholic 24 25 beverages, soft drinks and food which has been prepared for immediate consumption) and prescription and nonprescription 26 medical appliances and insulin, urine 27 medicines, drugs, testing materials, syringes and needles used by diabetics. 28

Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund, a special fund in the State treasury which is hereby created, 4% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% general rate.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall

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pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning on January 1, 2002, each month the Department
shall pay into the County and Mass Transit District Fund 20%
of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the
1.25% rate on the selling price of propane and home heating
oil sold to residential customers.

9 Beginning January 1, 1990, each month the Department 10 shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 16% of the net 11 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 12 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 13 property.

Beginning August 1, 2000, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of motor fuel and gasohol.

Beginning on January 1, 2002, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Tax Fund 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 1.25% rate on the selling price of propane and home heating oil sold to residential customers.

23 Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, (a) 1.75% thereof shall be paid into 24 25 the Build Illinois Fund and (b) prior to July 1, 1989, 2.2% and on and after July 1, 1989, 3.8% thereof shall be paid 26 into the Build Illinois Fund; provided, however, that if in 27 any fiscal year the sum of (1) the aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, 28 29 as the case may be, of the moneys received by the Department 30 and required to be paid into the Build Illinois Fund pursuant to this Act, Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the 31 Service Use Tax Act, and Section 9 of the Service Occupation 32 Tax Act, such Acts being hereinafter called the "Tax Acts" 33 and such aggregate of 2.2% or 3.8%, as the case may be, of 34

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1 moneys being hereinafter called the "Tax Act Amount", and (2) 2 the amount transferred to the Build Illinois Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall be less than the 3 4 Annual Specified Amount (as hereinafter defined), an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into 5 the 6 Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the 7 Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; the "Annual Specified 8 Amount" means the amounts specified below for fiscal years 9 1986 through 1993:

10	Fiscal Year	Annual Specified Amount
11	1986	\$54,800,000
12	1987	\$76,650,000
13	1988	\$80,480,000
14	1989	\$88,510,000
15	1990	\$115,330,000
16	1991	\$145,470,000
17	1992	\$182,730,000
18	1993	\$206,520,000;

19 and means the Certified Annual Debt Service Requirement (as defined in Section 13 of the Build Illinois Bond Act) or the 20 21 Tax Act Amount, whichever is greater, for fiscal year 1994 and each fiscal year thereafter; and further provided, that 22 23 if on the last business day of any month the sum of (1) the Tax Act Amount required to be deposited into the Build 24 Illinois Bond Account in the Build Illinois Fund during such 25 month and (2) the amount transferred to the Build Illinois 26 Fund from the State and Local Sales Tax Reform Fund shall 27 have been less than 1/12 of the Annual Specified Amount, 28 an amount equal to the difference shall be immediately paid into 29 30 the Build Illinois Fund from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts; and, further provided, 31 32 that in no event shall the payments required under the 33 preceding proviso result in aggregate payments into the Build 34 Illinois Fund pursuant to this clause (b) for any fiscal year

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1 in excess of the greater of (i) the Tax Act Amount or (ii) 2 the Annual Specified Amount for such fiscal year. The amounts payable into the Build Illinois Fund under clause (b) 3 4 of the first sentence in this paragraph shall be payable only 5 until such time as the aggregate amount on deposit under each б trust indenture securing Bonds issued and outstanding 7 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act is sufficient, taking 8 into account any future investment income, to fully provide, 9 in accordance with such indenture, for the defeasance of or the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and 10 11 interest on the Bonds secured by such indenture and on any Bonds expected to be issued thereafter and all fees and costs 12 13 payable with respect thereto, all as certified by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget. 14 If on the last 15 business day of any month in which Bonds are outstanding 16 pursuant to the Build Illinois Bond Act, the aggregate of moneys deposited in the Build Illinois Bond Account 17 in the 18 Build Illinois Fund in such month shall be less than the 19 amount required to be transferred in such month from the Build Illinois Bond Account to the Build Illinois Bond 20 21 Retirement and Interest Fund pursuant to Section 13 of the 22 Build Illinois Bond Act, an amount equal to such deficiency 23 shall be immediately paid from other moneys received by the Department pursuant to the Tax Acts to the Build Illinois 24 25 Fund; provided, however, that any amounts paid to the Build 26 Illinois Fund in any fiscal year pursuant to this sentence shall be deemed to constitute payments pursuant to clause (b) 27 of the first sentence of this paragraph and shall reduce the 28 amount otherwise payable for such fiscal year pursuant to 29 30 that clause (b). The moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act and required to be deposited into the 31 32 Build Illinois Fund are subject to the pledge, claim and charge set forth in Section 12 of the Build Illinois Bond 33 34 Act.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 1 2 Fund as provided in the preceding paragraph or in any 3 amendment thereto hereafter enacted, the following specified 4 monthly installment of the amount requested in the certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and 5 Exposition Authority provided under Section 8.25f of the 6 7 State Finance Act, but not in excess of sums designated as "Total Deposit", shall be deposited in the aggregate from 8 9 collections under Section 9 of the Use Tax Act, Section 9 of 10 the Service Use Tax Act, Section 9 of the Service Occupation Tax Act, and Section 3 of the Retailers' Occupation Tax Act 11 into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund in the 12 specified fiscal years. 13 14 Fiscal Year Total Deposit 1993 \$0 15

15	1993	\$ U
16	1994	53,000,000
17	1995	58,000,000
18	1996	61,000,000
19	1997	64,000,000
20	1998	68,000,000
21	1999	71,000,000
22	2000	75,000,000
23	2001	80,000,000
24	2002	84,000,000
25	2003	89,000,000
26	2004	93,000,000
27	2005	97,000,000
28	2006	102,000,000
29	2007	108,000,000
30	2008	115,000,000
31	2009	120,000,000
32	2010	126,000,000
33	2011	132,000,000
34	2012	138,000,000

145,000,000

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1 2013 and

2 each fiscal year

3 thereafter that bonds

4 are outstanding under

5 Section 13.2 of the

6 Metropolitan Pier and

7 Exposition Authority

8 Act, but not after fiscal year 2029.

9 Beginning July 20, 1993 and in each month of each fiscal year thereafter, one-eighth of the amount requested in the 10 11 certificate of the Chairman of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition Authority for that fiscal year, less the amount 12 deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund by 13 the State Treasurer in the respective month under subsection 14 (g) of Section 13 of the Metropolitan Pier and Exposition 15 16 Authority Act, plus cumulative deficiencies in the deposits required under this Section for previous months and years, 17 18 shall be deposited into the McCormick Place Expansion Project 19 Fund, until the full amount requested for the fiscal year, but not in excess of the amount specified above as "Total 20 21 Deposit", has been deposited.

Subject to payment of amounts into the Build Illinois 22 23 Fund and the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund pursuant to the preceding paragraphs or in any amendment thereto 24 25 hereafter enacted, each month the Department shall pay into the Local Government Distributive Fund 0.4% of the net 26 revenue realized for the preceding month from the 5% general 27 rate or 0.4% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the 28 29 preceding month from the 6.25% general rate, as the case may 30 be, on the selling price of tangible personal property which amount shall, subject to appropriation, be distributed as 31 32 provided in Section 2 of the State Revenue Sharing Act. No payments or distributions pursuant to this paragraph shall be 33 made if the tax imposed by this Act on photoprocessing 34

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1 products is declared unconstitutional, or if the proceeds 2 from such tax are unavailable for distribution because of 3 litigation.

4 payment of amounts into the Build Illinois Subject to 5 Fund, the McCormick Place Expansion Project Fund, and the Local Government Distributive Fund pursuant to the preceding 6 7 paragraphs or in any amendments thereto hereafter enacted, beginning July 1, 1993, the Department shall each month pay 8 9 into the Illinois Tax Increment Fund 0.27% of 80% of the net revenue realized for the preceding month from the 6.25% 10 11 general rate on the selling price of tangible personal 12 property.

Of the remainder of the moneys received by the Department pursuant to this Act, 75% thereof shall be paid into the State Treasury and 25% shall be reserved in a special account and used only for the transfer to the Common School Fund as part of the monthly transfer from the General Revenue Fund in accordance with Section 8a of the State Finance Act.

19 The Department may, upon separate written notice to a taxpayer, require the taxpayer to prepare and file with the 20 21 Department on a form prescribed by the Department within not less than 60 days after receipt of the notice an annual 22 23 information return for the tax year specified in the notice. Such annual return to the Department shall include 24 а 25 statement of gross receipts as shown by the retailer's last Federal income tax return. If the total receipts of the 26 business as reported in the Federal income tax return do not 27 agree with the gross receipts reported to the Department 28 of Revenue for the same period, the retailer shall attach to his 29 30 annual return a schedule showing a reconciliation of the 2 amounts and the reasons for the difference. 31 The retailer's 32 annual return to the Department shall also disclose the cost of goods sold by the retailer during the year covered by such 33 return, opening and closing inventories of such goods for 34

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such year, costs of goods used from stock or taken from stock and given away by the retailer during such year, payroll information of the retailer's business during such year and any additional reasonable information which the Department deems would be helpful in determining the accuracy of the monthly, quarterly or annual returns filed by such retailer as provided for in this Section.

8 If the annual information return required by this Section 9 is not filed when and as required, the taxpayer shall be 10 liable as follows:

(i) Until January 1, 1994, the taxpayer shall be liable for a penalty equal to 1/6 of 1% of the tax due from such taxpayer under this Act during the period to be covered by the annual return for each month or fraction of a month until such return is filed as required, the penalty to be assessed and collected in the same manner as any other penalty provided for in this Act.

18 (ii) On and after January 1, 1994, the taxpayer
19 shall be liable for a penalty as described in Section 3-4
20 of the Uniform Penalty and Interest Act.

The chief executive officer, proprietor, owner or highest 21 22 ranking manager shall sign the annual return to certify the 23 accuracy of the information contained therein. Any person who willfully signs the annual return containing false or 24 25 inaccurate information shall be guilty of perjury and punished accordingly. The annual return form prescribed by 26 the Department shall include a warning that the person 27 signing the return may be liable for perjury. 28

The provisions of this Section concerning the filing of an annual information return do not apply to a retailer who is not required to file an income tax return with the United States Government.

As soon as possible after the first day of each month,upon certification of the Department of Revenue, the

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1 Comptroller shall order transferred and the Treasurer shall 2 transfer from the General Revenue Fund to the Motor Fuel Tax 3 Fund an amount equal to 1.7% of 80% of the net revenue 4 realized under this Act for the second preceding month. 5 Beginning April 1, 2000, this transfer is no longer required 6 and shall not be made.

7 Net revenue realized for a month shall be the revenue 8 collected by the State pursuant to this Act, less the amount 9 paid out during that month as refunds to taxpayers for 10 overpayment of liability.

For greater simplicity of administration, manufacturers, importers and wholesalers whose products are sold at retail in Illinois by numerous retailers, and who wish to do so, may assume the responsibility for accounting and paying to the Department all tax accruing under this Act with respect to such sales, if the retailers who are affected do not make written objection to the Department to this arrangement.

Any person who promotes, organizes, provides retail 18 19 selling space for concessionaires or other types of sellers at the Illinois State Fair, DuQuoin State Fair, county fairs, 20 local fairs, art shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions 21 22 events, including any transient merchant as defined by or 23 Section 2 of the Transient Merchant Act of 1987, is required to file a report with the Department providing the name of 24 25 the merchant's business, the name of the person or persons engaged in merchant's business, the permanent address and 26 Illinois Retailers Occupation Tax Registration Number of 27 the merchant, the dates and location of the event and other 28 29 reasonable information that the Department may require. The 30 report must be filed not later than the 20th day of the month next following the month during which the event with retail 31 32 sales was held. Any person who fails to file a report required by this Section commits a business offense and is 33 34 subject to a fine not to exceed \$250.

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Any person engaged in the business of selling tangible 1 2 personal property at retail as a concessionaire or other type of seller at the Illinois State Fair, county fairs, art 3 4 shows, flea markets and similar exhibitions or events, or any 5 transient merchants, as defined by Section 2 of the Transient 6 Merchant Act of 1987, may be required to make a daily report 7 of the amount of such sales to the Department and to make a daily payment of the full amount of tax due. 8 The Department 9 shall impose this requirement when it finds that there is a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State at such an 10 11 exhibition or event. Such a finding shall be based on evidence that a substantial number of concessionaires or 12 other sellers who are not residents of Illinois will be 13 engaging in the business of selling tangible 14 personal 15 property at retail at the exhibition or event, or other 16 evidence of a significant risk of loss of revenue to the State. The Department shall notify concessionaires and other 17 18 sellers affected by the imposition of this requirement. Τn 19 the absence of notification by the Department, the concessionaires and other sellers shall file their returns as 20 21 otherwise required in this Section.

22 (Source: P.A. 90-491, eff. 1-1-99; 90-612, eff. 7-8-98; 23 91-37, eff. 7-1-99; 91-51, eff. 6-30-99; 91-101, eff. 24 7-12-99; 91-541, eff. 8-13-99; 91-872, eff. 7-1-00; 91-901, 25 eff. 1-1-01; revised 1-15-01.)

26 Section 30. The Gas Revenue Tax Act is amended by 27 changing Section 2 as follows:

28

(35 ILCS 615/2) (from Ch. 120, par. 467.17)

29 Sec. 2. Tax on use or consumption; imposed; rate.

30 (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), a tax is
31 imposed upon persons engaged in the business of distributing,
32 supplying, furnishing or selling gas to persons for use or

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1 consumption and not for resale at the rate of 2.4 cents per 2 of all gas which is so distributed, supplied, therm furnished, sold or transported to or for each customer in the 3 4 course of such business, or 5% of the gross receipts received 5 from each customer from such business, whichever is the lower 6 rate as applied to each customer for that customer's billing 7 period, provided that any change in rate imposed by this amendatory Act of 1985 shall become effective only with bills 8 9 having a meter reading date on or after January 1, 1986. However, such taxes are not imposed with respect to any 10 11 business in interstate commerce, or otherwise to the extent to which such business may not, under the Constitution and 12 statutes of the United States, be made the subject of 13 taxation by this State. 14

Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1985 shall impose a tax with respect to any transaction with respect to which no tax was imposed immediately preceding the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1985.

19 (b) No tax is imposed under this Section for gas distributed, supplied, furnished, sold, or transported to a 20 21 residential customer if the bill to the residential customer 22 for such gas is issued between December 1, 2001, and April 30, 2002. For purposes of this subsection, "residential 23 24 customer" means a customer who is receiving gas or gas service for household purposes which is either (i) 25 distributed to a dwelling of 2 or fewer units and billed 26 under a residential rate or (ii) distributed to a dwelling 27 unit or units, billed under a residential rate, and 28 registered by a separate meter for each dwelling unit. 29

30 (Source: P.A. 84-307; 84-1093.)

31 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon32 becoming law.

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