LRB9202731RCcd

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AN ACT concerning corrections.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

Section 5. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended by
changing Sections 3-6-3 and 5-4-1 as follows:

6 (730 ILCS 5/3-6-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1003-6-3)

7 Sec. 3-6-3. Rules and Regulations for Early Release.

8 (a) (1) The Department of Corrections shall 9 prescribe rules and regulations for the early release on 10 account of good conduct of persons committed to the 11 Department which shall be subject to review by the 12 Prisoner Review Board.

13 (2) The rules and regulations on early release
14 shall provide, with respect to offenses committed on or
15 after June 19, 1998, the following:

16 (i) that a prisoner who is serving a term of 17 imprisonment for first degree murder shall receive 18 no good conduct credit and shall serve the entire 19 sentence imposed by the court;

20 (ii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for attempt to commit first degree murder, solicitation 21 22 murder, solicitation of murder for hire, of intentional homicide of an unborn child, predatory 23 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated 24 criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, 25 26 aggravated kidnapping, aggravated battery with a 27 firearm, heinous battery, aggravated battery of a senior citizen, or aggravated battery of a child 28 29 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of 30 31 imprisonment; and

1 (iii) that a prisoner serving a sentence for 2 home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge of a firearm, or 3 4 armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, when the court has made and entered a 5 finding, pursuant to subsection (c-1) of Section 6 7 5-4-1 of this Code, that the conduct leading to conviction for the enumerated offense resulted in 8 great bodily harm to a victim, shall receive no more 9 than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month 10 11 of his or her sentence of imprisonment.

(2.1) For all offenses, other than those enumerated 12 in subdivision (a)(2) committed on or after June 19, 13 1998, and other than the offense of reckless homicide as 14 15 defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal 16 Code of 1961 committed on or after January 1, 1999, the rules and regulations shall provide that a prisoner who 17 is serving a term of imprisonment shall receive one day 18 of good conduct credit for each day of his or her 19 sentence of imprisonment or recommitment under Section 20 21 3-3-9. Each day of good conduct credit shall reduce by 22 day the prisoner's period of imprisonment or one 23 recommitment under Section 3-3-9.

24 (2.2) A prisoner serving a term of natural life
25 imprisonment or a prisoner who has been sentenced to
26 death shall receive no good conduct credit.

(2.3) The rules and regulations on early release
shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence
for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of
Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 committed on or
after January 1, 1999 shall receive no more than 4.5 days
of good conduct credit for each month of his or her
sentence of imprisonment.

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(2.4) The rules and regulations on early release

1 shall provide with respect to the offenses of aggravated 2 battery with a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment designed or used for silencing the 3 4 report of a firearm or aggravated discharge of a machine gun or a firearm equipped with any device or attachment 5 designed or used for silencing the report of a firearm, 6 7 committed on or after the effective date of this 8 amendatory Act of 1999, that a prisoner serving a 9 sentence for any of these offenses shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct credit for each month of 10 11 his or her sentence of imprisonment.

12 (2.5) The rules and regulations on early release 13 shall provide that a prisoner who is serving a sentence 14 for aggravated arson committed on or after the effective 15 date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly 16 shall receive no more than 4.5 days of good conduct 17 credit for each month of his or her sentence of 18 imprisonment.

(3) The rules and regulations shall also provide 19 that the Director may award up to 180 days additional 20 21 good conduct credit for meritorious service in specific 22 instances as the Director deems proper; except that no more than 90 days of good conduct credit for meritorious 23 service shall be awarded to any prisoner who is serving a 24 sentence for conviction of first degree murder, reckless 25 homicide while under the influence of alcohol or any 26 other drug, aggravated kidnapping, kidnapping, predatory 27 criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal 28 29 sexual assault, criminal sexual assault, deviate sexual assault, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, aggravated 30 indecent liberties with a child, indecent liberties with 31 a child, child pornography, heinous battery, aggravated 32 battery of a spouse, aggravated battery of a spouse with 33 a firearm, stalking, aggravated stalking, aggravated 34

1 battery of a child, endangering the life or health of a 2 child, cruelty to a child, or narcotic racketeering. Notwithstanding the foregoing, good conduct credit for 3 4 meritorious service shall not be awarded on a sentence of imprisonment imposed for conviction of: (i) one of the 5 offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2) when 6 the 7 offense is committed on or after June 19, 1998, (ii) reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 8 9 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 when the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, or (iii) for 10 11 conviction--of one of the offenses enumerated in subdivision (a)(2.4) when the offense is committed on or 12 after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1999, 13 or (iv) aggravated arson when the offense is committed on 14 15 or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 16 92nd General Assembly.

(4) The rules and regulations shall also provide 17 accumulated and retained that the good conduct credit 18 under paragraph (2.1) of subsection (a) of this Section 19 by any inmate during specific periods of time in which 20 21 such inmate is engaged full-time in substance abuse 22 programs, correctional industry assignments, or 23 educational programs provided by the Department under this paragraph (4) and satisfactorily completes 24 the 25 assigned program as determined by the standards of the Department, shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.25 for 26 program participation before August 11, 1993 and 1.50 for 27 program participation on or after that date. However, no 28 29 inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct 30 credit under this paragraph (4) while assigned to a boot camp, mental health unit, or electronic detention, or if 31 convicted of an offense enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of 32 this Section that is committed on or after June 19, 1998, 33 or if convicted of reckless homicide as defined in 34

1 subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 2 1961 if the offense is committed on or after January 1, 1999, or if convicted of an offense enumerated in 3 4 paragraph (a)(2.4) of this Section that is committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 5 1999, or first degree murder, a Class X felony, criminal 6 7 sexual assault, felony criminal sexual abuse, aggravated 8 criminal sexual abuse, aggravated battery with a firearm, 9 or any predecessor or successor offenses with the same or substantially the same elements, or any inchoate offenses 10 11 relating to the foregoing offenses. No inmate shall be eligible for the additional good conduct credit under 12 13 this paragraph (4) who (i) has previously received increased good conduct credit under this paragraph (4) 14 and has subsequently been convicted of a felony, or (ii) 15 16 has previously served more than one prior sentence of 17 imprisonment for a felony in an adult correctional facility. 18

Educational, vocational, substance abuse 19 and correctional industry programs under which good conduct 20 21 credit may be increased under this paragraph (4) shall be 22 evaluated by the Department on the basis of documented 23 standards. The Department shall report the results of these evaluations to the Governor and the 24 General 25 Assembly by September 30th of each year. The reports shall include data relating to the recidivism rate among 26 27 program participants.

Availability of these programs shall be subject to 28 29 the limits of fiscal resources appropriated by the 30 General Assembly for these purposes. Eligible inmates who are denied immediate admission shall be placed on a 31 waiting list under criteria established by 32 the Department. The inability of any inmate to become 33 engaged in any such programs by reason of insufficient 34

1 program resources or for any other reason established 2 under the rules and regulations of the Department shall 3 not be deemed a cause of action under which the 4 Department or any employee or agent of the Department 5 shall be liable for damages to the inmate.

6 (5) Whenever the Department is to release any 7 inmate earlier than it otherwise would because of a grant 8 of good conduct credit for meritorious service given at 9 any time during the term, the Department shall give 10 reasonable advance notice of the impending release to the 11 State's Attorney of the county where the prosecution of 12 the inmate took place.

(b) Whenever a person is or has been committed under several convictions, with separate sentences, the sentences shall be construed under Section 5-8-4 in granting and forfeiting of good time.

17 (c) The Department shall prescribe rules and regulations 18 for revoking good conduct credit, or suspending or reducing 19 the rate of accumulation of good conduct credit for specific 20 rule violations, during imprisonment. These rules and 21 regulations shall provide that no inmate may be penalized 22 more than one year of good conduct credit for any one 23 infraction.

When the Department seeks to revoke, suspend or reduce 24 25 the rate of accumulation of any good conduct credits for an alleged infraction of its rules, it shall bring charges 26 therefor against the prisoner sought to be so deprived of 27 good conduct credits before the Prisoner Review Board as 28 29 provided in subparagraph (a)(4) of Section 3-3-2 of this 30 Code, if the amount of credit at issue exceeds 30 days or when during any 12 month period, the cumulative amount of 31 32 credit revoked exceeds 30 days except where the infraction is committed or discovered within 60 days of scheduled release. 33 34 In those cases, the Department of Corrections may revoke up

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1 to 30 days of good conduct credit. The Board may subsequently 2 approve the revocation of additional good conduct credit, if the Department seeks to revoke good conduct credit in excess 3 4 of 30 days. However, the Board shall not be empowered to review the Department's decision with respect to the loss of 5 6 30 days of good conduct credit within any calendar year for 7 any prisoner or to increase any penalty beyond the length 8 requested by the Department.

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9 The Director of the Department of Corrections, in appropriate cases, may restore up to 30 days good conduct 10 11 credits which have been revoked, suspended or reduced. Any restoration of good conduct credits in excess of 30 days 12 shall be subject to review by the Prisoner Review Board. 13 However, the Board may not restore good conduct credit in 14 excess of the amount requested by the Director. 15

Nothing contained in this Section shall prohibit the Prisoner Review Board from ordering, pursuant to Section 3-3-9(a)(3)(i)(B), that a prisoner serve up to one year of the sentence imposed by the court that was not served due to the accumulation of good conduct credit.

21 (d) If a lawsuit is filed by a prisoner in an Illinois 22 federal court against the State, the Department of or 23 Corrections, or the Prisoner Review Board, or against any of their officers or employees, and the court makes a specific 24 25 finding that a pleading, motion, or other paper filed by the prisoner is frivolous, the Department of Corrections shall 26 conduct a hearing to revoke up to 180 days of good conduct 27 credit by bringing charges against the prisoner sought to be 28 deprived of the good conduct credits before the Prisoner 29 30 Review Board as provided in subparagraph (a)(8) of Section 3-3-2 of this Code. If the prisoner has not accumulated 180 31 days of good conduct credit at the time of the finding, then 32 the Prisoner Review Board may revoke all good conduct credit 33 34 accumulated by the prisoner.

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1 For purposes of this subsection (d):

2 (1) "Frivolous" means that a pleading, motion, or 3 other filing which purports to be a legal document filed 4 by a prisoner in his or her lawsuit meets any or all of 5 the following criteria:

6 (A) it lacks an arguable basis either in law 7 or in fact;

8 (B) it is being presented for any improper 9 purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary 10 delay or needless increase in the cost of 11 litigation;

12 (C) the claims, defenses, and other legal 13 contentions therein are not warranted by existing 14 law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, 15 modification, or reversal of existing law or the 16 establishment of new law;

17 (D) the allegations and other factual 18 contentions do not have evidentiary support or, if 19 specifically so identified, are not likely to have 20 evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity 21 for further investigation or discovery; or

(E) the denials of factual contentions are not
warranted on the evidence, or if specifically so
identified, are not reasonably based on a lack of
information or belief.

(2) "Lawsuit" means a petition for post-conviction 26 relief under Article 122 of the Code of Criminal 27 Procedure of 1963, a motion pursuant to Section 116-3 of 28 29 the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963, a habeas corpus 30 action under Article X of the Code of Civil Procedure or under federal law (28 U.S.C. 2254), a petition for claim 31 under the Court of Claims Act or an action under the 32 federal Civil Rights Act (42 U.S.C. 1983). 33

34 (e) Nothing in this amendatory Act of 1998 affects the

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1 validity of Public Act 89-404.

2 (Source: P.A. 90-141, eff. 1-1-98; 90-505, eff. 8-19-97; 3 90-592, eff. 6-19-98; 90-593, eff. 6-19-98; 90-655, eff. 4 7-30-98; 90-740, eff. 1-1-99; 91-121, eff. 7-15-99; 91-357, 5 eff. 7-29-99.)

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(730 ILCS 5/5-4-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-1)

Sec. 5-4-1. Sentencing Hearing.

8 Except when the death penalty is sought under (a) hearing procedures otherwise specified, after a determination 9 10 of guilt, a hearing shall be held to impose the sentence. However, prior to the imposition of sentence on an individual 11 being sentenced for an offense based upon a charge for a 12 violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 13 similar provision of a local ordinance, the individual must 14 15 undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol or other drug abuse problem exists and the extent of such a 16 17 Programs conducting these evaluations shall be problem. licensed by the Department of Human Services. However, if 18 the individual is not a resident of Illinois, the court may, 19 20 in its discretion, accept an evaluation from a program in the state of such individual's residence. The court may in its 21 sentencing order approve an eligible defendant for placement 22 in a Department of Corrections impact incarceration program 23 24 as provided in Section 5-8-1.1. At the hearing the court 25 shall:

26 (1) consider the evidence, if any, received upon27 the trial;

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(2) consider any presentence reports;

(3) consider the financial impact of incarceration
based on the financial impact statement filed with the
clerk of the court by the Department of Corrections;

32 (4) consider evidence and information offered by33 the parties in aggravation and mitigation;

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(5) hear arguments as to sentencing alternatives;

(6) afford the defendant the opportunity to make a statement in his own behalf;

4 (7) afford the victim of a violent crime or a violation of Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, 5 or a similar provision of a local ordinance, or a 6 7 qualified individual affected by a violation of Section 405, 405.1, 405.2, or 407 of the Illinois Controlled 8 9 Substances Act, committed by the defendant the opportunity to make a statement concerning the impact on 10 11 the victim and to offer evidence in aggravation or mitigation; provided that the statement and evidence 12 offered in aggravation or mitigation must first be 13 prepared in writing in conjunction with the State's 14 Attorney before it may be presented orally at the 15 16 hearing. Any sworn testimony offered by the victim is subject to the defendant's right to cross-examine. All 17 statements and evidence offered under this paragraph (7) 18 shall become part of the record of the court. For the 19 purpose of this paragraph (7), "qualified individual" 20 21 means any person who (i) lived or worked within the territorial jurisdiction where the offense took place 22 23 when the offense took place; and (ii) is familiar with various public places within the territorial jurisdiction 24 25 where the offense took place when the offense took place. For the purposes of this paragraph (7), "qualified 26 individual" includes any peace officer, or any member of 27 any duly organized State, county, or municipal peace unit 28 assigned to the territorial jurisdiction where the 29 offense took place when the offense took place; and 30

31 (8) in cases of reckless homicide afford the
32 victim's spouse, guardians, parents or other immediate
33 family members an opportunity to make oral statements.
34 (b) All sentences shall be imposed by the judge based

1 upon his independent assessment of the elements specified above and any agreement as to sentence reached by the 2 The judge who presided at the trial or the judge 3 parties. 4 who accepted the plea of guilty shall impose the sentence 5 unless he is no longer sitting as a judge in that court. б Where the judge does not impose sentence at the same time on 7 all defendants who are convicted as a result of being involved in the same offense, the defendant or the State's 8 9 Attorney may advise the sentencing court of the disposition of any other defendants who have been sentenced. 10

11 (C) In imposing a sentence for a violent crime or for an 12 offense of operating or being in physical control of а vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other drug 13 or any combination thereof, or a similar provision of a local 14 ordinance, when such offense resulted in the personal 15 injury 16 to someone other than the defendant, the trial judge shall specify on the record the particular evidence, information, 17 factors in mitigation and aggravation or other reasons that 18 19 led to his sentencing determination. The full verbatim record of the sentencing hearing shall be filed with the clerk of 20 21 the court and shall be a public record.

22 (c-1) In imposing a sentence for the offense of 23 aggravated kidnapping for ransom, home invasion, armed robbery, aggravated vehicular hijacking, aggravated discharge 24 25 of a firearm, or armed violence with a category I weapon or category II weapon, the trial judge shall make a finding as 26 to whether the conduct leading to conviction for the offense 27 resulted in great bodily harm to a victim, and shall enter 28 29 that finding and the basis for that finding in the record.

30 (c-2) If the defendant is sentenced to prison, other 31 than when a sentence of natural life imprisonment or a 32 sentence of death is imposed, at the time the sentence is 33 imposed the judge shall state on the record in open court the 34 approximate period of time the defendant will serve in

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1 custody according to the then current statutory rules and 2 regulations for early release found in Section 3-6-3 and 3 other related provisions of this Code. This statement is 4 intended solely to inform the public, has no legal effect on 5 the defendant's actual release, and may not be relied on by 6 the defendant on appeal.

7 The judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the 8 sentence, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of 9 the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, 10 shall include the following:

11 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend 12 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 13 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 14 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of 15 16 Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good 17 conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... 18 19 years and ... months, less up to 180 days additional good conduct credit for meritorious service. 20 If the defendant, 21 because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply 22 with the institutional regulations, does not receive those 23 credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day 24 25 conduct credit for each day of participation in qood vocational, industry, substance abuse, educational 26 and programs as provided for by Illinois statute." 27

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(3) of Section 3-6-3, other than when the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3 committed on or after June 19, 1998, and other than when the sentence is imposed for reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was committed on or after January 1, 1999, and other than when the sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, the judge's statement, to be given after pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

7 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 8 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend 9 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 10 11 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 12 case, assuming the defendant receives all of his or her good 13 conduct credit, the period of estimated actual custody is ... 14 15 years and ... months, less up to 90 days additional good 16 conduct credit for meritorious service. If the defendant, because of his or her own misconduct or failure to comply 17 with the institutional regulations, does not receive those 18 credits, the actual time served in prison will be longer. 19 The defendant may also receive an additional one-half day 20 21 good conduct credit for each day of participation in 22 vocational, industry, substance abuse, and educational 23 programs as provided for by Illinois statute."

When the sentence is imposed for one of the offenses 24 25 enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of Section 3-6-3, other than first degree murder, and the offense was committed on or 26 after June 19, 1998, and when the sentence is imposed for 27 reckless homicide as defined in subsection (e) of Section 9-3 28 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if the offense was committed on 29 30 or after January 1, 1999, and when the sentence is imposed for aggravated arson if the offense was committed on or after 31 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General 32 judge's statement, to be given after 33 <u>Assembly,</u> the 34 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

1 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 2 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of 3 4 prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 5 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of б Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 7 case, the defendant is entitled to no more than 4 1/2 days of good conduct credit for each month of his or her sentence of 8 9 imprisonment. Therefore, this defendant will serve at least 85% of his or her sentence. Assuming the defendant receives 10 11 4 1/2 days credit for each month of his or her sentence, the period of estimated actual custody is ... years 12 and • • • If the defendant, because of his or her 13 months. own misconduct or failure to comply with the institutional 14 regulations receives lesser credit, the actual time served in 15 16 prison will be longer."

When a sentence of imprisonment is imposed for first degree murder and the offense was committed on or after June 19 19, 1998, the judge's statement, to be given after 20 pronouncing the sentence, shall include the following:

21 "The purpose of this statement is to inform the public of 22 the actual period of time this defendant is likely to spend 23 in prison as a result of this sentence. The actual period of prison time served is determined by the statutes of Illinois 24 25 as applied to this sentence by the Illinois Department of Corrections and the Illinois Prisoner Review Board. In this 26 case, the defendant is not entitled to good conduct credit. 27 Therefore, this defendant will serve 100% of his or her 28 29 sentence."

30 (d) When the defendant is committed to the Department of 31 Corrections, the State's Attorney shall and counsel for the 32 defendant may file a statement with the clerk of the court to 33 be transmitted to the department, agency or institution to 34 which the defendant is committed to furnish such department,

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1 agency or institution with the facts and circumstances of the 2 offense for which the person was committed together with all other factual information accessible to them in regard to the 3 4 person prior to his commitment relative to his habits, 5 associates, disposition and reputation and any other facts б and circumstances which may aid such department, agency or 7 institution during its custody of such person. The clerk 8 shall within 10 days after receiving any such statements 9 transmit a copy to such department, agency or institution and a copy to the other party, provided, however, that this shall 10 11 not be cause for delay in conveying the person to the department, agency or institution to which he has been 12 13 committed.

14 (e) The clerk of the court shall transmit to the 15 department, agency or institution, if any, to which the 16 defendant is committed, the following:

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(1) the sentence imposed;

18 (2) any statement by the court of the basis for19 imposing the sentence;

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(3) any presentence reports;

(4) the number of days, if any, which the defendant has been in custody and for which he is entitled to credit against the sentence, which information shall be provided to the clerk by the sheriff;

25 (4.1) any finding of great bodily harm made by the 26 court with respect to an offense enumerated in subsection 27 (c-1);

(5) all statements filed under subsection (d) ofthis Section;

30 (6) any medical or mental health records or 31 summaries of the defendant;

32 (7) the municipality where the arrest of the
33 offender or the commission of the offense has occurred,
34 where such municipality has a population of more than

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25,000 persons; 1 2 (8) all statements made and evidence offered under paragraph (7) of subsection (a) of this Section; and 3 4 (9) all additional matters which the court directs the clerk to transmit. 5 (Source: P.A. 90-592, eff. 6-19-98; 90-593, eff. 6-19-98; 6 90-740, eff. 1-1-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-899, eff. 7 1-1-01.) 8

9 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon10 becoming law.