92_HB0598 LRB9204650DHmbA

- 1 AN ACT concerning driving violations.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by
- 5 changing Sections 6-113, 6-118, 6-203.1, 6-206, 6-208.1,
- 6 6-303, 11-500, and 11-501 and adding Section 11-501.9 as
- 7 follows:
- 8 (625 ILCS 5/6-113) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113)
- 9 Sec. 6-113. Restricted licenses and permits. (a) The
- 10 Secretary of State upon issuing a drivers license or permit
- 11 shall have the authority whenever good cause appears to
- 12 impose restrictions suitable to the licensee's driving
- 13 ability with respect to the type of, or special mechanical
- 14 control devices required on, a motor vehicle which the
- licensee may operate or such other restrictions applicable to
- 16 the licensee as the Secretary of State may determine to be
- 17 appropriate to assure the safe operation of a motor vehicle
- 18 by the licensee.
- 19 (b) The Secretary of State may either issue a special
- 20 restricted license or permit or may set forth such
- 21 restrictions upon the usual license or permit form.
- 22 (c) The Secretary of State may issue a probationary
- 23 license to a person whose driving privileges have been
- 24 suspended pursuant to subsection (d) of this Section or
- subsections (a)(2), (a)(19) and (a)(20) of Section 6-206 of
- 26 this Code. The Secretary of State shall promulgate rules
- 27 pursuant to The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act,
- 28 setting forth the conditions and criteria for the issuance
- 29 and cancellation of probationary licenses.
- 30 (d) The Secretary of State may upon receiving
- 31 satisfactory evidence of any violation of the restrictions of

- 1 such license or permit suspend, revoke or cancel the same
- 2 without preliminary hearing, but the licensee or permittee
- 3 shall be entitled to a hearing as in the case of a suspension
- 4 or revocation.
- 5 (e) It is unlawful for any person to operate a motor
- 6 vehicle in any manner in violation of the restrictions
- 7 imposed on a restricted license or permit issued to him.
- 8 (f) Whenever the holder of a restricted driving permit
- 9 is issued a citation for any of the following offenses
- 10 including similar local ordinances, the restricted driving
- 11 permit is immediately invalidated:
- 12 1. Reckless homicide resulting from the operation of a
- 13 motor vehicle;
- 2. Violation of Section 11-501 of this Act relating to
- 15 the operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of
- intoxicating liquor or narcotic drugs;
- 3. Violation of Section 11-401 of this Act relating to
- 18 the offense of leaving the scene of a traffic accident
- 19 involving death or injury; or
- 4. Violation of Section 11-504 of this Act relating to
- 21 the offense of drag racing;
- The police officer issuing the citation shall confiscate
- 23 the restricted driving permit and forward it, along with the
- 24 citation, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county in
- 25 which the citation was issued.
- 26 (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of Sections 6-208,
- 27 <u>6-208.1</u>, and 6-208.2, the Secretary of State may, 30 days
- 28 <u>after the effective date of a suspension pursuant to Section</u>
- 29 <u>6-208, 6-208.1, or 6-208.2 and in accordance with any rules</u>
- 30 <u>the Secretary may promulgate, issue a restricted driving</u>
- 31 permit to a person who has applied for a restricted driver's
- 32 permit and who has consented to have, at his or her expense,
- 33 <u>an ignition interlock device installed in his or her vehicle.</u>
- 34 (Source: P.A. 86-549.)

1	(625 ILCS 5/6-118) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118)
2	Sec. 6-118. Fees.
3	(a) The fee for licenses and permits under this Article
4	is as follows:
5	Original driver's license\$10
6	Original or renewal driver's license
7	issued to 18, 19 and 20 year olds5
8	All driver's licenses for persons
9	age 69 through age 805
10	All driver's licenses for persons
11	age 81 through age 862
12	All driver's licenses for persons
13	age 87 or older0
14	Renewal driver's license (except for
15	applicants ages 18, 19 and 20 or
16	age 69 and older)10
17	Original instruction permit issued to
18	persons (except those age 69 and older)
19	who do not hold or have not previously
20	held an Illinois instruction permit or
21	driver's license20
22	Instruction permit issued to any person
23	holding an Illinois driver's license
24	who wishes a change in classifications,
25	other than at the time of renewal5
26	Any instruction permit issued to a person
27	age 69 and older5
28	Instruction permit issued to any person,
29	under age 69, not currently holding a
30	valid Illinois driver's license or
31	instruction permit but who has
32	previously been issued either document
33	in Illinois10
34	Restricted driving permit8

1	Duplicate or corrected driver's license
2	or permit5
3	Duplicate or corrected restricted
4	driving permit5
5	Original or renewal M or L endorsement5
6	SPECIAL FEES FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE
7	The fees for commercial driver licenses and permits
8	under Article V shall be as follows:
9	Commercial driver's license:
10	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Fund
11	(Commercial Driver's License Information
12	System/American Association of Motor Vehicle
13	Administrators network Trust Fund);
14	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;
15	\$10 for the driver's license;
16	and \$24 for the CDL:\$60
17	Renewal commercial driver's license:
18	\$6 for the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund;
19	\$20 for the Motor Carrier Safety Inspection Fund;
20	\$10 for the driver's license; and
21	\$24 for the CDL:\$60
22	Commercial driver instruction permit
23	issued to any person holding a valid
24	Illinois driver's license for the
25	purpose of changing to a
26	CDL classification: \$6 for the
27	CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund;
28	\$20 for the Motor Carrier
29	Safety Inspection Fund; and
30	\$24 for the CDL classification\$50
31	Commercial driver instruction permit
32	issued to any person holding a valid
33	Illinois CDL for the purpose of
34	making a change in a classification,

1	endorsement or restriction\$5
2	CDL duplicate or corrected license\$5
3	In order to ensure the proper implementation of the
4	Uniform Commercial Driver License Act, Article V of this
5	Chapter, the Secretary of State is empowered to pro-rate the
6	\$24 fee for the commercial driver's license proportionate to
7	the expiration date of the applicant's Illinois driver's
8	license.
9	The fee for any duplicate license or permit shall be
10	waived for any person age 60 or older who presents the
11	Secretary of State's office with a police report showing that
12	his license or permit was stolen.
13	No additional fee shall be charged for a driver's
14	license, or for a commercial driver's license, when issued to
15	the holder of an instruction permit for the same
16	classification or type of license who becomes eligible for
17	such license.
18	(b) Any person whose license or privilege to operate a
19	motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked
20	under any provision of Chapter 6, Chapter 11, or Section
21	7-702 of the Family Financial Responsibility Law of this
22	Code, shall in addition to any other fees required by this
23	Code, pay a reinstatement fee as follows:
24	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9.\$60
25	Other suspension\$30
26	Revocation\$60
27	However, any person whose license or privilege to operate
28	a motor vehicle in this State has been suspended or revoked
29	for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section
30	11-501 er-11-501.1 of this Code or a similar provision of a
31	local ordinance, a violation of or Section 9-3 of the
32	Criminal Code of 1961, or a failure to submit to a chemical
33	test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section
34	11-501.1 or to a preliminary breath screening test or a field

1	sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this
2	<u>Code</u> and each suspension or revocation was for a violation of
3	Section 11-501 θr 11-501-1 of this Code or a similar
4	provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Θr Section 9-3
5	of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any out-of-state
6	offense similar to any of the offenses listed in this
7	subsection (b), or a failure to submit to a chemical test or
8	tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section 11-501.1
9	or to a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety
10	test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code or
11	similar provisions of an out-of-state jurisdiction shall pay,
12	in addition to any other fees required by this Code, a
13	reinstatement fee as follows:
14	Summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or
15	<u>11-501.9</u> \$250
16	Revocation\$250
17	(c) All fees collected under the provisions of this
18	Chapter 6 shall be paid into the Road Fund in the State
19	Treasury except as follows:
20	1. The following amounts shall be paid into the
21	Driver Education Fund:
22	(A) \$16 of the \$20 fee for an original
23	driver's instruction permit;
24	(B) \$5 of the \$10 fee for an original driver's
25	license;
26	(C) \$5 of the \$10 fee for a 4 year renewal
27	driver's license; and
28	(D) \$4 of the \$8 fee for a restricted driving
29	permit.
30	2. \$30 of the \$60 fee for reinstatement of a license
31	summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9
32	shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving
33	Prevention Fund. However, for a person whose license or
34	privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this State has

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been suspended or revoked for a second or subsequent time for a violation of Section 11-501 er-11-501-1 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of or Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, a violation of any out-of-state offense similar to any of the offenses listed in this paragraph (2) of subsection (c), or a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or to a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code or similar provisions of an out-of-state jurisdiction, \$190 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a license summarily suspended under Section 11-501.1 or <u>11-501.9</u>, and \$190 of the \$250 fee for reinstatement of a revoked license shall be deposited into the Drunk and Drugged Driving Prevention Fund.

- 3. \$6 of such original or renewal fee for a commercial driver's license and \$6 of the commercial driver instruction permit fee when such permit is issued to any person holding a valid Illinois driver's license, shall be paid into the CDLIS/AAMVAnet Trust Fund.
- 4. The fee for reinstatement of a license suspended under the Family Financial Responsibility Law shall be paid into the Family Responsibility Fund.
- 5. The \$5 fee for each original or renewal M or L endorsement shall be deposited into the Cycle Rider Safety Training Fund.
- 28 6. \$20 of any original or renewal fee for a 29 commercial driver's license or commercial driver 30 instruction permit shall be paid into the Motor Carrier 31 Safety Inspection Fund.
- 32 (Source: P.A. 90-622, eff. 3-1-99; 90-738, eff. 1-1-99;
- 33 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 91-537, eff. 8-13-99.)

- 1 (625 ILCS 5/6-203.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-203.1)
- 2 Sec. 6-203.1. (a) The Secretary of State is authorized
- 3 to suspend the driving privileges of <u>a person</u> persons:
- 4 $\underline{(1)}$ arrested in another state for driving under the
- 5 influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or
- 6 intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination
- 7 thereof, or a similar provision, and who has refused to
- 8 submit to a chemical test or tests, or to a preliminary
- 9 <u>breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests</u>
- 10 under the provisions of implied consent, or.
- 11 (2) requested to submit to a preliminary breath
- 12 screening test or a field sobriety test or tests in
- another state under provisions of implied consent and who
- has refused to submit to the test or tests.
- 15 (b) When a driving privilege has been suspended for a
- 16 refusal as provided in paragraph (a) and the person is
- 17 subsequently convicted of the underlying charge, for the same
- 18 incident, any period served on suspension shall be credited
- 19 toward the minimum period of revocation of driving privileges
- imposed pursuant to Section 6-206.
- 21 (Source: P.A. 90-779, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 22 (625 ILCS 5/6-206) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206)
- 23 Sec. 6-206. Discretionary authority to suspend or revoke
- license or permit; Right to a hearing.
- 25 (a) The Secretary of State is authorized to suspend or
- 26 revoke the driving privileges of any person without
- 27 preliminary hearing upon a showing of the person's records or
- other sufficient evidence that the person:
- 1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory
- 30 revocation of a driver's license or permit is required
- 31 upon conviction;
- 32 2. Has been convicted of not less than 3 offenses
- against traffic regulations governing the movement of

vehicles committed within any 12 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction;

- 3. Has been repeatedly involved as a driver in motor vehicle collisions or has been repeatedly convicted of offenses against laws and ordinances regulating the movement of traffic, to a degree that indicates lack of ability to exercise ordinary and reasonable care in the safe operation of a motor vehicle or disrespect for the traffic laws and the safety of other persons upon the highway;
- 4. Has by the unlawful operation of a motor vehicle caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury requiring immediate professional treatment in a medical facility or doctor's office to any person, except that any suspension or revocation imposed by the Secretary of State under the provisions of this subsection shall start no later than 6 months after being convicted of violating a law or ordinance regulating the movement of traffic, which violation is related to the accident, or shall start not more than one year after the date of the accident, whichever date occurs later;
- 5. Has permitted an unlawful or fraudulent use of a driver's license, identification card, or permit;
- 6. Has been lawfully convicted of an offense or offenses in another state, including the authorization contained in Section 6-203.1, which if committed within this State would be grounds for suspension or revocation;
- 7. Has refused or failed to submit to an examination provided for by Section 6-207 or has failed to pass the examination;
- 8. Is ineligible for a driver's license or permit under the provisions of Section 6-103;
 - 9. Has made a false statement or knowingly

1	concealed	а	materia	al	fact	or	has	used	false	in	formation
2	or identif:	ica	tion i	n	any	apr	plica	ation	for	a	license,
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- 10. Has possessed, displayed, or attempted to fraudulently use any license, identification card, or permit not issued to the person;
- 11. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driving privilege or privilege to obtain a driver's license or permit was revoked or suspended unless the operation was authorized by a judicial driving permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted driving permit issued under this Code;
 - 12. Has submitted to any portion of the application process for another person or has obtained the services of another person to submit to any portion of the application process for the purpose of obtaining a license, identification card, or permit for some other person;
 - 13. Has operated a motor vehicle upon a highway of this State when the person's driver's license or permit was invalid under the provisions of Sections 6-107.1 and 6-110;
- 14. Has committed a violation of Section 6-301, 6-301.1, or 6-301.2 of this Act, or Section 14, 14A, or 14B of the Illinois Identification Card Act;
 - 15. Has been convicted of violating Section 21-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to criminal trespass to vehicles in which case, the suspension shall be for one year;
- 16. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-204 of this Code relating to fleeing from a police officer;
- 17. Has refused to submit to a test, or tests, as required under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 of this Code

1	and the	e person	has not	sought	а	hearing	as	provided	for
2	in Sect	ion 11-	501.1 01	11-501	. 9	;			

- 18. Has, since issuance of a driver's license or permit, been adjudged to be afflicted with or suffering from any mental disability or disease;
- 19. Has committed a violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of Section 6-101 relating to driving without a driver's license;
- 20. Has been convicted of violating Section 6-104 relating to classification of driver's license;
- 21. Has been convicted of violating Section 11-402 of this Code relating to leaving the scene of an accident resulting in damage to a vehicle in excess of \$1,000, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 22. Has used a motor vehicle in violating paragraph (3), (4), (7), or (9) of subsection (a) of Section 24-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to unlawful use of weapons, in which case the suspension shall be for one year;
- 23. Has, as a driver, been convicted of committing a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code for a second or subsequent time within one year of a similar violation;
- 24. Has been convicted by a court-martial or punished by non-judicial punishment by military authorities of the United States at a military installation in Illinois of or for a traffic related offense that is the same as or similar to an offense specified under Section 6-205 or 6-206 of this Code;
- 25. Has permitted any form of identification to be used by another in the application process in order to obtain or attempt to obtain a license, identification card, or permit;
- 26. Has altered or attempted to alter a license or

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has possessed an altered license, identification card, or permit;

- 27. Has violated Section 6-16 of the Liquor Control Act of 1934;
- 28. Has been convicted of the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the Illinois Controlled Substances Act any cannabis prohibited under the provisions of the Cannabis Control Act, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for one year, and any driver who is convicted of a second or subsequent offense, within 5 years of a previous conviction, for the illegal possession, while operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle, of any controlled substance prohibited under the provisions of the Illinois Controlled Substances Act or any cannabis prohibited under the Cannabis Control Act shall be suspended for 5 years. Any defendant found guilty of this offense while operating a motor vehicle, shall have an entry made in the court record by the presiding judge that this offense did occur while the defendant was operating a motor vehicle and order the clerk of the court to report the violation to the Secretary of State;
- 29. Has been convicted of the following offenses that were committed while the person was operating or in actual physical control, as a driver, of a motor vehicle: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, juvenile pimping, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute and the manufacture, sale or delivery of controlled substances or instruments used for illegal drug use or abuse in which case the driver's driving privileges shall

be suspended for one year;

- 30. Has been convicted a second or subsequent time for any combination of the offenses named in paragraph 29 of this subsection, in which case the person's driving privileges shall be suspended for 5 years;
- 31. Has refused to submit to a test as required by Section 11-501.6 or has submitted to a test resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more or any amount of a drug, substance, or compound resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis as listed in the Cannabis Control Act or a controlled substance as listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act in which case the penalty shall be as prescribed in Section 6-208.1;
- 32. Has been convicted of Section 24-1.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to the aggravated discharge of a firearm if the offender was located in a motor vehicle at the time the firearm was discharged, in which case the suspension shall be for 3 years;
- 33. Has as a driver, who was less than 21 years of age on the date of the offense, been convicted a first time of a violation of paragraph (a) of Section 11-502 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance;
- 34. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.5 of this Code;
 - 35. Has committed a violation of Section 11-1301.6 of this Code; or
- 36. Is under the age of 21 years at the time of arrest and has been convicted of not less than 2 offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles committed within any 24 month period. No revocation or suspension shall be entered more than 6 months after the date of last conviction.
- For purposes of paragraphs 5, 9, 10, 12, 14, 19, 25, 26, and 27 of this subsection, license means any driver's

- license, any traffic ticket issued when the person's driver's
- 2 license is deposited in lieu of bail, a suspension notice
- 3 issued by the Secretary of State, a duplicate or corrected
- 4 driver's license, a probationary driver's license or a
- 5 temporary driver's license.
- 6 (b) If any conviction forming the basis of a suspension
 7 or revocation authorized under this Section is appealed, the
 8 Secretary of State may rescind or withhold the entry of the
 9 order of suspension or revocation, as the case may be,
 10 provided that a certified copy of a stay order of a court is
 11 filed with the Secretary of State. If the conviction is
 12 affirmed on appeal, the date of the conviction shall relate
- 12 allilimed on appear, the date of the conviction shall relate
- 13 back to the time the original judgment of conviction was
- 14 entered and the 6 month limitation prescribed shall not
- apply.
- 16 (c) 1. Upon suspending or revoking the driver's license 17 or permit of any person as authorized in this Section, 18 the Secretary of State shall immediately notify the 19 person in writing of the revocation or suspension. The 20 notice to be deposited in the United States mail, postage 21 prepaid, to the last known address of the person.
- 22 If the Secretary of State suspends the driver's 23 license of a person under subsection 2 of paragraph (a) 24 of this Section, a person's privilege to operate a 25 vehicle as an occupation shall not be suspended, provided an affidavit is properly completed, the appropriate fee 26 received, and a permit issued prior to the effective date 27 of the suspension, unless 5 offenses were committed, 28 29 least 2 of which occurred while operating a commercial 30 vehicle in connection with the driver's regular All other driving privileges shall 31 occupation. suspended by the Secretary of State. Any driver prior to 32 operating a vehicle for occupational purposes only must 33 submit the affidavit on forms to be provided by the 34

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Secretary of State setting forth the facts of the person's occupation. The affidavit shall also state the number of offenses committed while operating a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation. The affidavit shall be accompanied by the driver's license. Upon receipt of a properly completed affidavit, the Secretary of State shall issue the driver a permit to operate a vehicle in connection with the driver's regular occupation only. Unless the permit is issued by the Secretary of State prior to the date of suspension, the privilege to drive any motor vehicle shall be suspended as set forth in the notice that was mailed under this Section. If an affidavit is received subsequent to the effective date of this suspension, a permit may be issued for the remainder of the suspension period.

The provisions of this subparagraph shall not apply to any driver required to obtain a commercial driver's license under Section 6-507 during the period of a disqualification of commercial driving privileges under Section 6-514.

Any person who falsely states any fact in the affidavit required herein shall be guilty of perjury under Section 6-302 and upon conviction thereof shall have all driving privileges revoked without further rights.

3. At the conclusion of a hearing under Section 2-118 of this Code, the Secretary of State shall either rescind or continue an order of revocation or shall substitute an order of suspension; or, good cause appearing therefor, rescind, continue, change, or extend the order of suspension. If the Secretary of State does not rescind the order, the Secretary may upon application, to relieve undue hardship, issue a restricted driving permit granting the privilege of

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driving a motor vehicle between the petitioner's residence and petitioner's place of employment or within the scope of his employment related duties, or to allow transportation for the petitioner, or a household member of the petitioner's family, to receive necessary medical and if the professional evaluation indicates, transportation for alcohol remedial provide rehabilitative activity, or for the petitioner to attend classes, as a student, in an accredited educational institution; if the petitioner is able to demonstrate that no alternative means of transportation is reasonably available and the petitioner will not endanger the public safety or welfare. In each case the Secretary may issue a restricted driving permit for а period appropriate, except that all permits shall expire within one year from the date of issuance. A restricted driving permit issued under this Section shall be subject to cancellation, revocation, and suspension by the Secretary of State in like manner and for like cause as a driver's license issued under this Code may be cancelled, revoked, or suspended; except that a conviction upon one or more offenses against laws or ordinances regulating movement of traffic shall be deemed sufficient cause for the revocation, suspension, or cancellation restricted driving permit. The Secretary of State may, as a condition to the issuance of a restricted driving permit, require the applicant to participate in designated driver remedial or rehabilitative program. The Secretary of State is authorized to cancel a restricted driving permit if the permit holder does not successfully complete the program.

(c-5) The Secretary of State may, as a condition of the reissuance of a driver's license or permit to an applicant under the age of 18 years whose driver's license or permit

- 1 has been suspended pursuant to any of the provisions of this
- 2 Section, require the applicant to participate in a driver
- 3 remedial education course and be retested under Section 6-109
- 4 of this Code.
- 5 (d) This Section is subject to the provisions of the
- 6 Drivers License Compact.
- 7 (e) The Secretary of State shall not issue a restricted
- 8 driving permit to a person under the age of 16 years whose
- 9 driving privileges have been suspended or revoked under any
- 10 provisions of this Code.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 89-283, eff. 1-1-96; 89-428, eff. 12-13-95;
- 12 89-462, eff. 5-29-96; 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-106, eff.
- 13 1-1-98; 90-369, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)
- 14 (625 ILCS 5/6-208.1) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1)
- Sec. 6-208.1. Period of statutory summary alcohol, other
- drug, or intoxicating compound related suspension.
- 17 (a) Unless the statutory summary suspension has been
- 18 rescinded, any person whose privilege to drive a motor
- vehicle on the public highways has been summarily suspended,
- 20 pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9, shall not be
- 21 eligible for restoration of the privilege until the
- 22 expiration of:
- 1. Six months from the effective date of the
- 24 statutory summary suspension for a refusal or failure to
- complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug,
- or intoxicating compound concentration, pursuant to
- 27 Section 11-501.1÷ or <u>for a refusal or failure to complete</u>
- 28 <u>a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety</u>
- test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9; or
- 30 2. Three months from the effective date of the
- 31 statutory summary suspension imposed following the
- 32 person's submission to a chemical test which disclosed an
- alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any amount of a

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drug, substance, or intoxicating compound in such person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act, pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or

- 3. Three years from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a test or tests to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1; or
- 3.1. Two years from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension for any person other than a first offender who refuses or fails to complete a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9; or
- 4. One year from the effective date of the summary suspension imposed for any person other than a first offender following submission to a chemical test which disclosed an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or any amount of a drug, substance or compound in such person's blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- 29 (b) Following a statutory summary suspension of the 30 privilege to drive a motor vehicle under Section 11-501.1 or 31 11-501.9, full driving privileges shall be restored unless 32 the person is otherwise disqualified by this Code. If the 33 court has reason to believe that the person's driving 34 privilege should not be restored, the court shall notify the

- 1 Secretary of State prior to the expiration of the statutory
- 2 summary suspension so appropriate action may be taken
- 3 pursuant to this Code.
- 4 (c) Full driving privileges may not be restored until
- 5 all applicable reinstatement fees, as provided by this Code,
- 6 have been paid to the Secretary of State and the appropriate
- 7 entry made to the driver's record.
- 8 (d) Where a driving privilege has been summarily
- 9 suspended under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 and the person
- 10 is subsequently convicted of violating Section 11-501, or a
- 11 similar provision of a local ordinance, for the same
- incident, any period served on statutory summary suspension
- 13 shall be credited toward the minimum period of revocation of
- driving privileges imposed pursuant to Section 6-205.
- 15 (e) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving
- 16 privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1, for a first
- offender, the circuit court may, after at least 30 days from
- 18 the effective date of the statutory summary suspension, issue
- 19 a judicial driving permit as provided in Section 6-206.1.
- 20 (f) Subsequent to an arrest of a first offender, for any
- 21 offense as defined in Section 11-501 or a similar provision
- 22 of a local ordinance, following a statutory summary
- 23 suspension of driving privileges pursuant to Section
- 24 11-501.17 for a first offender, the circuit court may issue a
- 25 court order directing the Secretary of State to issue a
- 26 judicial driving permit as provided in Section 6-206.1.
- 27 However, this JDP shall not be effective prior to the 31st
- 28 day of the statutory summary suspension.
- 29 <u>(f-5) Following a statutory summary suspension of</u>
- 30 <u>driving privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.9, for a first</u>
- offender, the Secretary of State may, after at least 30 days
- from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension,
- 33 <u>issue</u> a <u>restricted driving permit as provided in subsection</u>
- 34 (g) of Section 11-501.9.

- 1 (g) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving
- 2 privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 where the
- 3 person was not a first offender, as defined in Section 11-500
- 4 and such person refused or failed to complete a test or tests
- 5 to determine the alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound
- 6 concentration pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or a preliminary
- 7 <u>breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests</u>
- 8 <u>pursuant to Section 11-501.9</u>, the Secretary of State may
- 9 issue a restricted driving permit if at least 2 years have
- 10 elapsed since the effective date of the statutory summary
- 11 suspension.
- 12 (h) Following a statutory summary suspension of driving
- privileges pursuant to Section 11-501.1 where the person was
- 14 not a first offender as defined in Section 11-500 and such
- 15 person submitted to a chemical test which disclosed an
- 16 alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more pursuant to Section
- 17 11-501.1, the Secretary of State may, after at least 90 days
- 18 from the effective date of the statutory summary suspension,
- 19 issue a restricted driving permit.
- 20 <u>(i) When a person has refused to submit to or failed to</u>
- 21 <u>complete a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine</u>
- 22 <u>pursuant to Section 11-501.1</u> or to a preliminary breath
- 23 screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to
- 24 <u>Section 11-501.9, the person's driving privileges shall be</u>
- 25 <u>statutorily suspended under the provisions of both Sections,</u>
- 26 <u>but the periods of statutory suspension shall run</u>
- 27 <u>concurrently.</u>
- 28 (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-738, eff. 1-1-99;
- 29 90-779, eff. 1-1-99; 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
- 30 (625 ILCS 5/6-303) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303)
- 31 Sec. 6-303. Driving while driver's license, permit or
- 32 privilege to operate a motor vehicle is suspended or revoked.
- 33 (a) Any person who drives or is in actual physical

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1 control of a motor vehicle on any highway of this State at a 2 time when such person's driver's license, permit or privilege to do so or the privilege to obtain a driver's license or 3 4 permit is revoked or suspended as provided by this Code or 5 the law of another state, except as may be specifically 6 allowed by <u>and subject to the conditions of</u> a judicial driving permit, family financial responsibility 7 driving 8 permit, probationary license to drive, or a restricted 9 driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or under the law of another state, shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. 10

- The Secretary of State upon receiving a report of the conviction of any violation indicating a person was operating a motor vehicle during the time when said person's driver's license, permit or privilege was suspended by the Secretary, by the appropriate authority of another state, pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9, + except as may be specifically allowed by a probationary license to judicial driving permit or restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state; shall extend the suspension for the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension; however, if the period of suspension has then expired, the Secretary shall authorized to suspend said person's driving privileges the same period of time as the originally imposed suspension; and if the conviction was upon a charge which indicated that a vehicle was operated during the time when the person's license, permit or privilege was revoked; except as driver's may be allowed by a restricted driving permit issued pursuant to this Code or the law of another state; the Secretary shall not issue a driver's license for an additional period of one year from the date of such conviction indicating such person was operating a vehicle during such period of revocation.
- 33 (c) Any person convicted of violating this Section shall 34 serve a minimum term of imprisonment of 7 consecutive days or

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- 1 30 days of community service when the person's driving 2 privilege was revoked or suspended as a result of:
- 3 (1) a violation of Section 11-501 of this Code or a 4 similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the 5 offense of operating or being in physical control of a 6 vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, any other 7 drug or any combination thereof; or
 - (2) a violation of paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance relating to the offense of leaving the scene of a motor vehicle accident involving personal injury or death; or
 - (3) a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as amended, relating to the offense of reckless homicide; or
- 15 (4) a statutory summary suspension under Section 16 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 of this Code.
- Such sentence of imprisonment or community service shall not be subject to suspension in order to reduce such sentence.
 - (d) Any person convicted of a second or subsequent violation of this Section shall be guilty of a Class 4 felony if the original revocation or suspension was for a violation of Section 11-401 or 11-501 of this Code, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961, relating to the offense of reckless homicide, or a similar out-of-state offense, or a statutory summary suspension under Section 11-501.1 or 11-501.9 of this Code.
 - (e) Any person in violation of this Section who is also in violation of Section 7-601 of this Code relating to mandatory insurance requirements, in addition to other penalties imposed under this Section, shall have his or her motor vehicle immediately impounded by the arresting law enforcement officer. The motor vehicle may be released to

- 1 any licensed driver upon a showing of proof of insurance for
- 2 the vehicle that was impounded and the notarized written
- consent for the release by the vehicle owner. 3
- 4 (f) For any prosecution under this Section, a certified
- copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be 5
- б admitted as proof of any prior conviction.
- (Source: P.A. 90-400, eff. 8-15-97; 90-738, eff. 1-1-99; 7
- 91-692, eff. 4-13-00.) 8

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- 9 (625 ILCS 5/11-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-500)
- 10 Sec. 11-500. Definitions. For the purposes of
- interpreting Sections 6-206.1 and 6-208.1 of this Code, 11
- "first offender" shall mean: (i) any person who has not had a 12
- conviction or court assigned supervision for 13 previous
- violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local 14
- 15 ordinance, or a conviction in any other state for a violation
- of driving while under the influence or a similar offense 16
- 17 where the cause of action is the same or substantially
- similar to this Code, or (ii) any person who has not had a 18
- 19 driver's license suspension for violating Section 11-501.1 or
- 20 11-501.9 within 5 years prior to the date of the current
- 21 offense or failure to submit to or complete a chemical test
- or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section 22
- 11-501.1 or a preliminary breath screening test or a field

sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9, except

- in cases where the driver submitted to chemical testing 25
- resulting in an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, or any 26
- amount of a drug, substance, or compound in such person's 27
- 28 blood or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption
- 29 of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled
- substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, 30
- 31 or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating
- Compounds Act and was subsequently found not guilty of 32
- violating Section 11-501, or a similar provision of a local 33

1 ordinance.

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- 2 (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-779, eff. 1-1-99.)
- 3 (625 ILCS 5/11-501) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501)
- 4 Sec. 11-501. Driving while under the influence of
- 5 alcohol, other drug or drugs, intoxicating compound or
- 6 compounds or any combination thereof.
- 7 (a) A person shall not drive or be in actual physical
- 8 control of any vehicle within this State while:
- 9 (1) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood 10 or breath is 0.08 or more based on the definition of 11 blood and breath units in Section 11-501.2;
 - (2) under the influence of alcohol;
- 13 (3) under the influence of any intoxicating
 14 compound or combination of intoxicating compounds to a
 15 degree that renders the person incapable of driving
 16 safely;
 - (4) under the influence of any other drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving;
 - (5) under the combined influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely driving; or
 - (6) there is any amount of a drug, substance, or compound in the person's breath, blood, or urine resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act, a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled Substances Act, or an intoxicating compound listed in the Use of Intoxicating Compounds Act.
- 31 (b) The fact that any person charged with violating this 32 Section is or has been legally entitled to use alcohol, other 33 drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any

combination thereof, shall not constitute a defense against any charge of violating this Section.

(c) Except as provided under paragraphs (c-3) and (d) of 3 4 this Section, every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, shall be 5 guilty of a Class A misdemeanor and, in addition to any other 6 7 criminal or administrative action, for any second conviction 8 of violating this Section or a similar provision of a law of another state or local ordinance committed within 5 years of 9 a previous violation of this Section or a similar provision 10 11 of a local ordinance shall be mandatorily sentenced to a minimum of 48 consecutive hours of imprisonment or assigned 12 to a minimum of 100 hours of community service as may be 13 determined by the court. Every person convicted of violating 14 15 this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance 16 shall be subject to a mandatory minimum fine of \$500 and a mandatory 5 days of community service in a program benefiting 17 children if the person committed a violation of paragraph (a) 18 or a similar provision of a local ordinance while 19 20 transporting a person under age 16. Every person convicted a 21 second time for violating this Section or a similar provision a local ordinance within 5 years of a previous violation 22 23 of this Section or a similar provision of a law of another state or local ordinance shall be subject to a mandatory 24 25 minimum fine of \$500 and 10 days of mandatory community service in a program benefiting children if the current 26 27 offense was committed while transporting a person under age The imprisonment or assignment under this subsection 28 29 shall not be subject to suspension nor shall the person be 30 eligible for probation in order to reduce the sentence or 31 assignment.

32 (c-1) (1) A person who violates this Section during a 33 period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked 34 or suspended, where the revocation or suspension was for

a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to. Section 11-501.1 or a failure to submit to a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, or a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section, or a similar violation of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to Section 11-501.1 or a failure to submit to a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, or a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 3 felony.
- subsequent time during a period in which his or her driving privileges are revoked or suspended where the revocation or suspension was for a violation of this Section or a similar violation of a local ordinance, a failure to submit to a chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to, Section 11-501.1 or a failure to submit to a preliminary breath screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to Section 11-501.9 of this Code, a violation of, paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of this Code, or a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 is guilty of a Class 2 felony.

1 (c-2) (Blank).

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- 2 (c-3) Every person convicted of violating this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance who had a child 3 4 under age 16 in the vehicle at the time of the offense shall have his or her punishment under this Act enhanced by 2 days 5 of imprisonment for a first offense, 10 days of imprisonment 6 7 for a second offense, 30 days of imprisonment for a third 8 offense, and 90 days of imprisonment for a fourth 9 subsequent offense, in addition to the fine and community service required under subsection (c) and the possible 10 11 imprisonment required under subsection (d). The imprisonment or assignment under this subsection shall not be subject to 12 suspension nor shall the person be eligible for probation in 13
- (d) (1) Every person convicted of committing a violation of this Section shall be guilty of aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof if:

order to reduce the sentence or assignment.

- (A) the person committed a violation of this Section, or a similar provision of a law of another state or a local ordinance when the cause of action is the same as or substantially similar to this Section, for the third or subsequent time;
- (B) the person committed a violation of paragraph(a) while driving a school bus with children on board;
- (C) the person in committing a violation of paragraph (a) was involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in great bodily harm or permanent disability or disfigurement to another, when the violation was a proximate cause of the injuries; or
- (D) the person committed a violation of paragraph

 (a) for a second time and has been previously convicted of violating Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961

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- 1 relating to reckless homicide in which the person was 2 determined to have been under the influence of alcohol, 3 other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or 4 compounds as an element of the offense or the person has previously been convicted under subparagraph (C) of this 5 paragraph (1). 6
- (2) Aggravated driving under the influence of alcohol, other drug or drugs, or intoxicating compound or compounds, or any combination thereof is a Class 4 felony for which a person, if sentenced to a term of imprisonment, shall be 10 11 sentenced to not less than one year and not more than 3 years for a violation of subparagraph (A), (B) or (D) of paragraph 12 (1) of this subsection (d) and not less than one year and not 13 more than 12 years for a violation of subparagraph (C) of 14 15 paragraph (1) of this subsection (d). For any prosecution 16 under this subsection (d), a certified copy of the driving abstract of the defendant shall be admitted as proof of any 17 prior conviction. 18
 - (e) After a finding of guilt and prior to any final sentencing, or an order for supervision, for an offense based upon an arrest for a violation of this Section or a similar provision of a local ordinance, individuals shall be required to undergo a professional evaluation to determine if an alcohol, drug, or intoxicating compound abuse problem exists and the extent of the problem. Programs conducting these evaluations shall be licensed by the Department of Human The cost of any professional evaluation shall be Services. paid for by the individual required to undergo the professional evaluation.
 - Every person found guilty of violating this Section, whose operation of a motor vehicle while in violation of this Section proximately caused any incident resulting in an appropriate emergency response, shall be liable for the expense of an emergency response as provided under Section

- 1 5-5-3 of the Unified Code of Corrections.
- 2 (g) The Secretary of State shall revoke the driving
- 3 privileges of any person convicted under this Section or a
- 4 similar provision of a local ordinance.
- 5 (h) Every person sentenced under subsection (d) of this
- 6 Section and who receives a term of probation or conditional
- 7 discharge shall be required to serve a minimum term of either
- 8 30 days community service or, beginning July 1, 1993, 48
- 9 consecutive hours of imprisonment as a condition of the
- 10 probation or conditional discharge. This mandatory minimum
- 11 term of imprisonment or assignment of community service shall
- 12 not be suspended and shall not be subject to reduction by the
- 13 court.
- 14 (i) The Secretary of State may use ignition interlock
- 15 device requirements when granting driving relief to
- 16 individuals who have been arrested for a second or subsequent
- 17 offense of this Section or a similar provision of a local
- 18 ordinance. The Secretary shall establish by rule and
- 19 regulation the procedures for use of the interlock system.
- 20 (j) In addition to any other penalties and liabilities,
- 21 a person who is found guilty of or pleads guilty to violating
- 22 this Section, including any person placed on court
- 23 supervision for violating this Section, shall be fined \$100,
- 24 payable to the circuit clerk, who shall distribute the money
- $\,$ to $\,$ the $\,$ law enforcement agency that made the arrest. In the
- 26 event that more than one agency is responsible for the
- 27 arrest, the \$100 shall be shared equally. Any moneys
- 28 received by a law enforcement agency under this subsection
- 29 (j) shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment that
- 30 will assist in the prevention of alcohol related criminal
- 31 violence throughout the State. This shall include, but is
- 32 not limited to, in-car video cameras, radar and laser speed
- 33 detection devices, and alcohol breath testers. Any moneys
- 34 received by the Department of State Police under this

- 1 subsection (j) shall be deposited into the State Police DUI
- 2 Fund and shall be used to purchase law enforcement equipment
- 3 that will assist in the prevention of alcohol related
- 4 criminal violence throughout the State.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 90-43, eff. 7-2-97; 90-400, eff. 8-15-97;
- 6 90-611, eff. 1-1-99; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 90-738, eff.
- 7 1-1-99; 90-779, eff. 1-1-99; 91-126, eff. 7-16-99; 91-357,
- 8 eff. 7-29-99; 91-692, eff. 4-13-00; 91-822, eff. 6-13-00.)
- 9 (625 ILCS 5/11-501.9 new)
- 10 <u>Sec. 11-501.9. Mandatory preliminary breath screening</u>
- 11 <u>test and field sobriety tests.</u>
- 12 (a) The General Assembly finds that: (1) the incidence
- of motorists suspected of driving under the influence of
- 14 <u>alcohol</u>, other drugs, or intoxicating compounds who refuse to
- 15 perform voluntary preliminary breath screening tests or field
- 16 <u>sobriety tests has risen to alarming proportions; (2)</u>
- 17 <u>motorists</u> who refuse these tests frequently drive under the
- 18 <u>influence of alcohol, drugs, or intoxicating compounds but</u>
- 19 <u>are nonetheless often able to avoid the loss or suspension of</u>
- 20 <u>driving privileges by refusing to perform these tests; (3)</u>
- 21 these motorists pose a substantial danger to the lives and
- 22 property both of other motorists and of pedestrians; (4) the
- 23 State of Illinois has the duty to protect the lives and
- 24 property of its citizens as they travel upon the roads and
- 25 <u>highways of this State, and that duty gives rise to a special</u>
- 26 need to ensure that those roads and highways are free from
- 27 <u>the dangers posed by impaired motorists; (5) persons who</u>
- 28 operate motor vehicles upon the roads and highways of this
- 29 State engage in an inherently dangerous activity that
- 30 <u>directly affects the safety of the public, and consequently,</u>
- 31 <u>such persons are subject to reasonable measures designed to</u>
- 32 <u>make road and highway travel safe; (6) the only effective and</u>
- 33 <u>realistic response to the crisis presented by motorists</u>

1 refusing to voluntarily perform preliminary breath screening 2 tests or field sobriety tests is to require persons suspected of driving under the influence of alcohol, drugs, or 3 4 intoxicating compounds to perform these tests; and (7) the required performance of these tests based on individualized 5 reasonable suspicion is a necessary, unobtrusive, and 6 reasonable measure designed to promote the State's special 7

need to make its roads and highways safe.

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(b) Any person who drives or is in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this State shall be deemed to have given consent to performing any field sobriety test or tests approved by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board and to providing a sample of his or her breath for a preliminary breath screening test using a portable device approved by the Department of State Police and checked for accuracy by the law enforcement agency utilizing the device at intervals not exceeding 3 months if the law enforcement officer has reasonable suspicion based on specific and articulable facts and rational inferences from those facts to believe that the person is violating or has violated Section 11-501 or a similar provision of a local ordinance. These tests shall be conducted expeditiously in the vicinity of the location in which the person was stopped by a law enforcement officer trained to administer these tests under standards set forth by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board. The results of the field sobriety test or tests or the preliminary breath screening test may be used by the law enforcement officer for the purpose of assisting with the determination of whether to require a chemical test as authorized under Sections 11-501.1 and 11-501.2, and the appropriate type of test to request. The decision to administer a field sobriety test or tests or a preliminary breath screening test shall at all times be in the discretion of the law enforcement officer. Any chemical

1 test authorized under Sections 11-501.1 and 11-501.2 may be requested by the officer regardless of the result of the 2 3 field sobriety test or tests or of the preliminary breath 4 screening test, if probable cause for an arrest otherwise exists. The preliminary breath screening test shall be 5 administered in accordance with rules the Director of the 6 Illinois State Police may adopt. The result of a field 7 sobriety test or test or of a preliminary breath screening 8 9 test may be used by the defendant as evidence in any 10 administrative or court proceeding involving a violation of Section 11-501 or 11-501.1 and may be used by the State as 11 evidence in any administrative or court proceeding to 12 establish probable cause for a violation of Section 11-501 or 13 in rebuttal to an assertion that a test conducted pursuant to 14 15 Section 11-501.1 did not accurately reflect a person's degree 16 of alcohol concentration in the person's breath or blood at 17 the time the person was in control of the motor vehicle. For the purposes of this Section, a law enforcement 18 officer of this State who is investigating a person for any 19

For the purposes of this Section, a law enforcement officer of this State who is investigating a person for any offense set forth in Section 11-501 may travel to an adjoining state to which the person has been transported for medical care to complete an investigation and request that the person submit to the test set forth in this Section.

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(c) A person requested to submit to any test as provided in subsection (b) of this Section shall be warned by the law enforcement officer requesting the test prior to administering the test or tests that a refusal to submit to any test will result in the statutory summary suspension of the person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle as provided in Section 6-208.1 of this Code.

(d) If a person refuses to perform a field sobriety test or tests or a preliminary breath screening test requested by a law enforcement officer, the law enforcement officer shall immediately submit a sworn report to the Secretary of State

- 1 on a form prescribed by the Secretary, certifying that the
- 2 test was requested under subsection (b) and that the person
- 3 refused to submit to the test.
- 4 (e) Upon receipt of the sworn report of a law
- 5 <u>enforcement officer submitted under subsection (d), the</u>
- 6 <u>Secretary of State shall enter the statutory summary</u>
- 7 suspension for the periods specified in Section 6-208.1, and
- 8 <u>effective as provided in subsection (i). If the person is a</u>
- 9 <u>first offender as defined in Section 11-500 of this Code, and</u>
- 10 <u>is not convicted of a violation of Section 11-501 of this</u>
- 11 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance, then
- 12 reports received by the Secretary of State under this Section
- 13 shall, except during the actual time the statutory summary
- 14 <u>suspension is in effect, be privileged information and for</u>
- 15 <u>use only by the courts, police officers, prosecuting</u>
- 16 <u>authorities</u>, or the Secretary of State.
- 17 <u>(f) The law enforcement officer submitting the sworn</u>
- 18 report under subsection (d) shall serve immediate notice of
- 19 the statutory summary suspension on the person. The
- 20 <u>suspension shall be effective on the 46th day following the</u>
- 21 <u>date the statutory summary suspension was given to the</u>
- 22 person. Upon receipt of the sworn report from the law
- 23 <u>enforcement officer, the Secretary of State shall confirm the</u>
- 24 <u>statutory summary suspension</u> by mailing a notice of the
- 25 <u>effective</u> date of the suspension to the person and to the
- 26 court of venue if the person was given a citation at the time
- of the notice of suspension by the law enforcement officer
- 28 and the person's driver's license was forwarded to the court.
- 29 If the sworn report is defective because it does not contain
- 30 <u>sufficient information or it has been completed in error, the</u>
- 31 <u>confirmation of the statutory summary suspension must not be</u>
- 32 <u>mailed to the person or entered to the record; instead, the</u>
- 33 sworn report must be returned to the issuing agency,
- 34 <u>identifying any defect.</u>

(g) A driver may contest the suspension of his or her
driving privileges by requesting an administrative hearing
with the Secretary in accordance with Section 2-118 of this
Code. The administrative hearing shall be held within 30
days of the request unless the person requests a continuance.
effective date of the impending suspension. The scope of the
hearing shall be limited to the issues of:

(1) whether the officer had reasonable suspicion based on specific and articulable facts and inferences from those facts to believe that the person was driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of this State while under the influence of alcohol, another drug, or a combination of both, or intoxicating compounds; and

(2) whether the person, after being advised by the law enforcement officer that the privilege to operate a motor vehicle would be suspended if the person refused to submit to and complete a field sobriety test or tests or a preliminary breath screening test, refused to submit to

<u>or complete such test.</u>

The hearing may be conducted upon a review of the law enforcement officer's own official reports; however, the person may subpoen the officer. Failure of the officer to answer the subpoen shall be considered grounds for the person to obtain a continuance if, in the opinion of the hearing officer, the continuance is appropriate. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Secretary may rescind, continue or modify the order of suspension. If the Secretary does not rescind the sanction, and the person is a first offender as defined by Section 11-500, upon application being made and good cause shown, the Secretary may issue the person a restricted driving permit effective no sooner than the 31st day following the date on which the statutory summary

- 1 <u>suspension took effect. The restricted driving permit may be</u>
- 2 granted to relieve undue hardship by allowing driving for
- 3 <u>employment</u>, <u>educational</u>, <u>and medical purposes outlined in</u>
- 4 <u>item (3) of subsection (c) of Section 6-206 of this Code.</u>
- 5 The provisions of item (3) of subsection (c) of Section 6-206
- 6 <u>shall apply.</u>
- 7 (h) When specific and articulable facts and the
- 8 <u>inferences from those facts give rise to a rational basis for</u>
- 9 concluding that the driver of a vehicle is impaired from
- 10 <u>alcohol</u>, <u>drugs</u>, <u>intoxicating compounds or a combination of</u>
- 11 them to the extent that the continued operation of the
- 12 <u>vehicle</u> by the driver would constitute a clear and present
- danger to any person, the law enforcement officer may secure
- 14 <u>the driver's vehicle for up to 24 hours.</u> For the purpose of
- this subsection, "secure" means that the officer may: (i)
- 16 <u>direct the driver not to operate the vehicle; (ii) take</u>
- 17 possession of the driver's vehicle keys, (iii) impound the
- 18 <u>vehicle</u>, or (iv) take other reasonable steps to ensure the
- 19 <u>driver does not operate the vehicle. If the vehicle is</u>
- 20 <u>impounded</u>, the driver shall be liable for all costs of
- 21 <u>impoundment. The law enforcement officer may release the</u>
- 22 <u>vehicle to a person other than the driver if: (i) that other</u>
- 23 person is the owner or renter of the vehicle or the driver is
- 24 <u>owner of the vehicle and gives permission to the other person</u>
- 25 to operate the vehicle and (ii) the other person possesses a
- 26 <u>valid operator's license and would not, as determined by the</u>
- 27 <u>law enforcement officer, either have a lack of ability to</u>
- 28 <u>operate the vehicle in a safe manner or be operating the</u>
- 29 <u>vehicle in violation of this Code.</u>
- 30 Section 10. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended
- 31 by changing Section 5-6-1 as follows:
- 32 (730 ILCS 5/5-6-1) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1)

- 1 Sec. 5-6-1. Sentences of Probation and of Conditional 2 and Disposition of Supervision. The General Discharge Assembly finds that in order to protect the public, the 3 4 criminal justice system must compel compliance with the 5 conditions of probation by responding to violations with 6 swift, certain and fair punishments and intermediate 7 sanctions. The Chief Judge of each circuit shall adopt a system of structured, intermediate sanctions for violations 8 9 of the terms and conditions of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or disposition of supervision. 10
- 11 (a) Except where specifically prohibited by other
 12 provisions of this Code, the court shall impose a sentence of
 13 probation or conditional discharge upon an offender unless,
 14 having regard to the nature and circumstance of the offense,
 15 and to the history, character and condition of the offender,
 16 the court is of the opinion that:
- 17 (1) his imprisonment or periodic imprisonment is 18 necessary for the protection of the public; or
- 19 (2) probation or conditional discharge would 20 deprecate the seriousness of the offender's conduct and 21 would be inconsistent with the ends of justice.

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- The court shall impose as a condition of a sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, that the probation agency may invoke any sanction from the list of intermediate sanctions adopted by the chief judge of the circuit court for violations of the terms and conditions of the sentence of probation, conditional discharge, or supervision, subject to the provisions of Section 5-6-4 of this Act.
- 30 (b) The court may impose a sentence of conditional 31 discharge for an offense if the court is of the opinion that 32 neither a sentence of imprisonment nor of periodic 33 imprisonment nor of probation supervision is appropriate.
- 34 (c) The court may, upon a plea of guilty or a

1 stipulation by the defendant of the facts supporting the 2 charge or a finding of guilt, defer further proceedings and the imposition of a sentence, and enter an order for 3 4 supervision of the defendant, if the defendant is not charged 5 with a Class A misdemeanor, as defined by the following provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961: Sections 12-3.2; 6 7 12-15; 31-1; 31-6; 31-7; subsections (b) and (c) of Section 8 21-1; paragraph (1) through (5), (8), (10), and 9 subsection (a) of Section 24-1; and Section 1 of the Boarding Aircraft With Weapon Act; or a felony. If the defendant is 10 11 not barred from receiving an order for supervision as provided in this subsection, the court may enter an order for 12 supervision after considering the circumstances of 13 t.he offense, and the history, character and condition of the 14 offender, if the court is of the opinion that: 15

- 16 (1)the offender is not likely to commit further crimes; 17
- (2) the defendant and the public would be best 18 19 served if the defendant were not to receive a criminal record; and 20

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- (3) in the best interests of justice an order of supervision is more appropriate than a sentence otherwise permitted under this Code.
- The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 25 defendant charged with violating Section 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local 26 ordinance when the defendant has previously been: 27
- (1) convicted for a violation of Section 11-501 of 28 29 the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of 30 local ordinance or any similar law or ordinance of another state; or 31
- (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 32 11-501 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a 33 similar 34 provision of a local ordinance or any similar law or

1 ordinance of another state; or

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2 (3) pleaded guilty to or stipulated to the facts
3 supporting a charge or a finding of guilty to a violation
4 of Section 11-503 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a
5 similar provision of a local ordinance or any similar law
6 or ordinance of another state, and the plea or
7 stipulation was the result of a plea agreement.

8 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 9 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 10 Section.

- (e) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 if said defendant has within the last 5 years been:
- 15 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 16A-3 of 16 the Criminal Code of 1961; or
- 17 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 18 16A-3 of the Criminal Code of 1961 or similar provision 19 of an out-of-state jurisdiction.
- 20 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 21 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 22 Section.
- 23 (f) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
 24 defendant charged with violating Sections 15-111, 15-112,
 25 15-301, paragraph (b) of Section 6-104, Section 11-605, or
 26 Section 11-1414 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar
 27 provision of a local ordinance or out-of-state jurisdiction.
- (g) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (i) of this Section, the provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant charged with violating Section 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance if the defendant has within the last 5 years been:
- 34 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 3-707,

- 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or out-of-state jurisdiction; or
- 4 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section 5 3-707, 3-708, 3-710, or 5-401.3 of the Illinois Vehicle 6 Code or a similar provision of a local ordinance or 7 out-of-state jurisdiction.

8 The court shall consider the statement of the prosecuting 9 authority with regard to the standards set forth in this 10 Section.

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- (h) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a defendant under the age of 21 years charged with violating a serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code:
 - (1) unless the defendant, upon payment of the fines, penalties, and costs provided by law, agrees to attend and successfully complete a traffic safety program approved by the court under standards set by the Conference of Chief Circuit Judges. The accused shall be responsible for payment of any traffic safety program fees. If the accused fails to file a certificate of successful completion on or before the termination date of the supervision order, the supervision shall be summarily revoked and conviction entered. The provisions of Supreme Court Rule 402 relating to pleas of guilty do not apply in cases when a defendant enters a guilty plea under this provision; or
 - (2) if the defendant has previously been sentenced under the provisions of paragraph (c) on or after January 1, 1998 for any serious traffic offense as defined in Section 1-187.001 of the Illinois Vehicle Code.
- 32 (i) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a 33 defendant charged with violating Section 3-707 of the 34 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local

- ordinance if the defendant has been assigned supervision for
- 2 a violation of Section 3-707 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or
- 3 a similar provision of a local ordinance or out-of-state
- 4 jurisdiction.
- 5 (j) The provisions of paragraph (c) shall not apply to a
- 6 defendant charged with violating Section 6-303 of the
- 7 Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a local
- 8 ordinance or out-of-state jurisdiction when the revocation or
- 9 suspension was for a violation of Section 11-501 or a similar
- 10 provision of a local ordinance, a <u>failure to submit to a</u>
- 11 <u>chemical test or tests of blood, breath, or urine pursuant to</u>
- 12 violation-of Section 11-501.1 or to a preliminary breath
- screening test or a field sobriety test or tests pursuant to
- 14 <u>Section 11-501.9 of the Illinois Vehicle Code, a violation of</u>
- or paragraph (b) of Section 11-401 of the Illinois Vehicle
- 16 Code, or a violation of Section 9-3 of the Criminal Code of
- 17 1961 if the defendant has within the last 10 years been:
- 18 (1) convicted for a violation of Section 6-303 of
- 19 the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision of a
- local ordinance or out-of-state jurisdiction; or
- 21 (2) assigned supervision for a violation of Section
- 22 6-303 of the Illinois Vehicle Code or a similar provision
- of a local ordinance or out-of-state jurisdiction.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 90-369, eff. 1-1-98; 90-738, eff. 1-1-99;
- 25 90-784, eff. 1-1-99; 91-114, eff. 1-1-00; 91-357, eff.
- 26 7-29-99.)
- 27 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on
- 28 July 1, 2001.

1	INDEX
2	Statutes amended in order of appearance
3	625 ILCS 5/6-113 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-113
4	625 ILCS 5/6-118 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-118
5	625 ILCS 5/6-203.1 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-203.1
6	625 ILCS 5/6-206 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-206
7	625 ILCS 5/6-208.1 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-208.1
8	625 ILCS 5/6-303 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-303
9	625 ILCS 5/11-500 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-500
10	625 ILCS 5/11-501 from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 11-501
11	625 ILCS 5/11-501.9 new
12	730 ILCS 5/5-6-1 from Ch. 38, par. 1005-6-1