92\_HB3049 LRB9204909LBgc

- 1 AN ACT concerning the regulation of professions.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Illinois Occupational Therapy Practice
- 5 Act is amended by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 6 (225 ILCS 75/2) (from Ch. 111, par. 3702)
- 7 Sec. 2. In this Act:
- 8 (1) "Department" means the Department of Professional
- 9 Regulation.
- 10 (2) "Director" means the Director of Professional
- 11 Regulation.
- 12 (3) "Board" means the Illinois Occupational Therapy
- 13 Board appointed by the Director.
- 14 (4) "Registered Occupational Therapist" means a person
- licensed to practice occupational therapy as defined in this
- 16 Act, and whose license is in good standing.
- 17 (5) "Certified Occupational Therapy Assistant" means a
- 18 person licensed to assist in the practice of occupational
- 19 therapy under the supervision of a Registered Occupational
- 20 Therapist, and to implement the occupational therapy
- 21 treatment program as established by the Registered
- Occupational Therapist. Such program may include training in
- 23 activities of daily living, the use of therapeutic activity
- 24 including task oriented activity to enhance functional
- 25 performance, and guidance in the selection and use of
- 26 adaptive equipment.
- 27 (6) "Occupational Therapy" means the evaluation of
- 28 functional performance ability of persons impaired by
- 29 physical illness or injury, emotional disorder, congenital or
- 30 developmental disability, or the aging process, and the
- 31 analysis, selection and application of occupations or goal

1 directed activities, for the treatment or prevention of these 2 disabilities to achieve optimum functioning. Occupational therapy services include, but are not limited to activities 3 4 of daily living (ADL); the design fabrication and application 5 or splints, administration and interpretation of standardized 6 tests to identify dysfunctions, sensory-integrative 7 perceptual motor activities, the use of task oriented activities, guidance in the selection and use of assistive 8 9 devices, goal oriented activities directed toward enhancing functional performance, prevocational evaluation 10 and vocational training, and consultation in the adaptation of 11 physical environments for the handicapped. These services 12 are provided to individuals or groups through medical, 13 health, educational, and social systems. An occupational 14 therapist may evaluate a person but shall obtain a referral 15 or optometrist before treatment is 16 physician administered by the occupational therapist. An occupational 17 18 therapist shall refer to a licensed physician, dentist, 19 optometrist, or podiatrist any patient whose medical condition should, at the time of evaluation or treatment, be 20 21 determined to be beyond the scope of practice of the occupational therapist. 22

23 (Source: P.A. 88-424.)