92_HB3717sam004

LRB9211582RCcdam09

- 1 AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 3717
- 2 AMENDMENT NO. ____. Amend House Bill 3717 by replacing
- 3 the title with the following:
- 4 "AN ACT in relation to criminal law."; and
- 5 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the
- 6 following:
- 7 "Section 5. The Department of State Police Law of the
- 8 Civil Administrative Code of Illinois is amended by adding
- 9 Section 2605-560 as follows:
- 10 (20 ILCS 2605/2605-560 new)
- 11 <u>Sec. 2605-560. Pilot program; Project Safe Child.</u>
- 12 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- "Child" means a person under 18 years of age or a
- 14 <u>severely or profoundly mentally retarded person at the time</u>
- of the offense.
- 16 <u>"Sex offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in</u>
- 17 <u>subsection (c) of Section 10 of the Sex Offender Management</u>
- 18 Board Act.
- "Severely or profoundly mentally retarded person" has the
- 20 meaning ascribed to it in Section 2-10.1 of the Criminal Code
- 21 <u>of 1961.</u>

- 1 (b) The Department shall establish a Project Safe Child
- 2 pilot program to combat crimes against children facilitated
- 3 <u>by the Internet.</u>
- 4 (c) Through the pilot program, the Department, in
- 5 <u>coordination with local law enforcement agencies, State's</u>
- 6 Attorneys, and United States Attorneys, shall, to the extent
- 7 <u>it is appropriate based on a joint review of the case,</u>
- 8 <u>encourage the prosecution in federal court of all persons who</u>
- 9 <u>use the Internet, directly or indirectly, to commit or</u>
- 10 <u>attempt to commit illegal solicitation of a child or a sex</u>
- offense if the sex offense is committed or attempted against
- 12 <u>a child. The program shall also encourage public outreach by</u>
- 13 <u>law enforcement agencies.</u>
- 14 (d) There is created the Project Safe Child Fund, a
- 15 special fund in the State treasury. Moneys appropriated for
- the purposes of Project Safe Child and moneys from any other
- 17 private or public source, including without limitation grants
- 18 <u>from the Department of Commerce and Community Affairs or the</u>
- 19 <u>United States Department of Justice, shall be deposited into</u>
- 20 the Fund. Moneys in the Fund, subject to appropriation, may
- 21 <u>be used by the Department of State Police to develop and</u>
- 22 <u>administer the Project Safe Child program.</u>
- (e) The Department shall report to the General Assembly
- 24 by March 1, 2005 regarding the implementation and effects of
- 25 <u>the Project Safe Child pilot program and shall by that date</u>
- 26 <u>make recommendations to the General Assembly for changes in</u>
- 27 <u>the program that the Department deems appropriate.</u>
- 28 The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly
- 29 <u>shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the</u>
- 30 Speaker, the Minority Leader, and the Clerk of the House of
- 31 Representatives, with the President, the Minority Leader, and
- 32 <u>the Secretary of the Senate, and with the Legislative</u>
- 33 Research Unit, as required by Section 3.1 of the General
- 34 <u>Assembly Organization Act, and filing such additional copies</u>

- 1 with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the
- 2 <u>General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of</u>
- 3 <u>Section 7 of the State Library Act.</u>
- 4 Section 10. The Sex Offender Management Board Act is
- 5 amended by changing Section 10 as follows:
- 6 (20 ILCS 4026/10)
- 7 Sec. 10. Definitions. In this Act, unless the context
- 8 otherwise requires:
- 9 (a) "Board" means the Sex Offender Management Board
- 10 created in Section 15.
- 11 (b) "Sex offender" means any person who is convicted or
- 12 found delinquent in the State of Illinois, or under any
- 13 substantially similar federal law or law of another state, of
- 14 any sex offense or attempt of a sex offense as defined in
- 15 subsection (c) of this Section, or any former statute of this
- 16 State that defined a felony sex offense, or who has been
- 17 certified as a sexually dangerous person under the Sexually
- 18 Dangerous Persons Act or declared a sexually violent person
- 19 under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act, or any
- 20 substantially similar federal law or law of another state.
- 21 (c) "Sex offense" means any felony or misdemeanor
- offense described in this subsection (c) as follows:
- 23 (1) Indecent solicitation of a child, in violation
- of Section 11-6 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 25 (2) Indecent solicitation of an adult, in violation
- of Section 11-6.5 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 27 (3) Public indecency, in violation of Section 11-9
- of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 29 (4) Sexual exploitation of a child, in violation of
- 30 Section 11-9.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
- 31 (5) Sexual relations within families, in violation
- of Section 11-11 of the Criminal Code of 1961;

1	(6) Soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, in
2	violation of Section 11-15.1 of the Criminal Code of
3	1961;
4	(7) Keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, in
5	violation of Section 11-17.1 of the Criminal Code of
6	1961;
7	(8) Patronizing a juvenile prostitute, in violation
8	of Section 11-18.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
9	(9) Juvenile pimping, in violation of Section
10	11-19.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
11	(10) Exploitation of a child, in violation of
12	Section 11-19.2 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
13	(11) Child pornography, in violation of Section
14	11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
15	(12) Harmful material for a child, in violation of
16	Section 11-21 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
17	(13) Criminal sexual assault, in violation of
18	Section 12-13 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
19	(14) Aggravated criminal sexual assault, in
20	violation of Section 12-14 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
21	(15) Predatory criminal sexual assault of a child,
22	in violation of Section 12-14.1 of the Criminal Code of
23	1961;
24	(16) Criminal sexual abuse, in violation of Section
25	12-15 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
26	(17) Aggravated criminal sexual abuse, in violation
27	of Section 12-16 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
28	(18) Ritualized abuse of a child, in violation of
29	Section 12-33 of the Criminal Code of 1961;
30	(19) An attempt to commit any of the offenses
31	enumerated in this subsection (c).
32	(d) "Management" means counseling, monitoring, and
33	supervision of any sex offender that conforms to the
34	standards created by the Board under Section 15

- 1 (Source: P.A. 90-133, eff. 7-22-97; 90-793, eff. 8-14-98.)
- 2 Section 15. The State Finance Act is amended by adding
- 3 Section 5.595 as follows:
- 4 (30 ILCS 105/5.595 new)
- 5 <u>Sec. 5.595. The Project Safe Child Fund.</u>
- 6 Section 20. The Criminal Code of 1961 is amended by
- 7 changing Sections 10-7, 11-9.3, 11-9.4, 11-20.1, and 11-21
- 8 and adding Sections 11-6.1 and 11-24 as follows:
- 9 (720 ILCS 5/10-7) (from Ch. 38, par. 10-7)
- 10 Sec. 10-7. Aiding and abetting child abduction or
- 11 <u>illegal solicitation of a child</u>. (a) A person violates this
- 12 Section when:
- 13 (i) Before or during the commission of a child abduction
- 14 as defined in Section 10-5 or illegal solicitation of a child
- 15 <u>as defined in Section 11-6.1</u> and with the intent to promote
- or facilitate such offense, he or she intentionally aids or
- 17 abets another in the planning or commission of child
- 18 abduction or illegal solicitation of a child, unless before
- 19 the commission of the offense he or she makes proper effort
- 20 to prevent the commission of the offense; or
- 21 (ii) With the intent to prevent the apprehension of a
- 22 person known to have committed the offense of child abduction
- or illegal solicitation of a child, or with the intent to
- 24 obstruct or prevent efforts to locate the child victim of a
- 25 child abduction or illegal solicitation of a child, he or she
- 26 knowingly destroys, alters, conceals or disguises physical
- 27 evidence or furnishes false information.
- 28 (b) Sentence. A person who violates this Section commits
- 29 a Class 4 felony.
- 30 (Source: P.A. 84-1308.)

- 1 (720 ILCS 5/11-6.1 new)
- 2 <u>Sec. 11-6.1. Illegal solicitation of a child.</u>
- 3 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- 4 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
- 5 "Contacts or communicates with" includes direct and
- 6 <u>indirect contact or communication</u>, by any means, including in
- 7 person or through an agent or agency, and includes the use of
- 8 any print medium, the mails, a common carrier or
- 9 <u>communication common carrier, any electronic communications</u>
- 10 system, and any telecommunications, wire, computer, or radio
- 11 <u>communications device or system.</u>
- 12 <u>"Detains" means taking or retaining physical custody of a</u>
- child, whether or not the child resists or objects.
- "Solicit" means to command, authorize, urge, incite,
- 15 request, or advise another person to perform an act by any
- 16 means including, but not limited to, in person, over the
- 17 phone, in writing, by computer, or by advertisement of any
- 18 <u>kind.</u>
- 19 (b) A person commits the offense of illegal solicitation
- of a child when he or she:
- 21 (1) intentionally solicits, lures, or attempts to
- 22 <u>solicit or lure a child to any location without the</u>
- 23 <u>consent of the parent or lawful custodian of the child</u>
- for other than a lawful purpose; or
- 25 (2) intentionally contacts or communicates with, or
- 26 <u>attempts to contact or communicate with, any child, with</u>
- 27 <u>belief or knowledge or reason to know the person is a</u>
- 28 <u>child, for the purpose of or with intent to engage in any</u>
- 29 <u>unlawful act upon or with any child, including aggravated</u>
- 30 <u>battery of a child, criminal sexual assault, aggravated</u>
- 31 <u>criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual</u>
- 32 <u>assault of a child, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated</u>
- criminal sexual abuse, child pornography, a crime of
- 34 <u>violence or theft, or any unlawful interference with</u>

1	custody or control over a child, or any other act for
2	which any person can be charged with a criminal offense
3	under a state or federal law.
4	(c) It is not a defense to a violation of this Section
5	that the person solicited or lured is a peace officer whom
6	the defendant reasonably believes to be a child.
7	(d) For the purposes of this Section, the solicitation
8	or luring or attempted solicitation or luring of a child to
9	any location without the consent of the parent or lawful
10	custodian of the child is prima facie evidence of other than
11	a lawful purpose.
12	(e) Sentence. A person convicted of illegal solicitation
13	of a child is guilty of a Class 4 felony. A person convicted
14	of a second or subsequent violation of this Section is guilty
15	of a Class 3 felony. It is a factor in aggravation for which
16	a court may impose a more severe sentence under Section 5-8-1
17	of the Unified Code of Corrections if, upon sentencing, the
18	court finds evidence of any of the following aggravating
19	<u>factors:</u>
20	(1) that the defendant abused or neglected the child
21	following the concealment, detention, or removal of the
22	child; or
23	(2) that the defendant has previously been
24	convicted of illegal solicitation of a child or a sex
25	offense as defined in clause (c)(2), (c)(2.5), or (c)(3)
26	of Section 11-9.3; or
27	(3) that the defendant committed the offense while
28	armed with a deadly weapon or the taking of the child
29	resulted in serious bodily injury to another; or
30	(4) that the defendant committed the offense while
31	in a school, regardless of the time of day or time of
32	year; in a playground; on any conveyance owned, leased,
33	or contracted by a school to transport students to or
34	from school or a school related activity; on the real

1 property of a school; or on a public way within 1,000 2 feet of the real property comprising any school or 3 playground. For purposes of this paragraph (4), 4 "playground" means a piece of land owned or controlled by a unit of local government that is designated by the unit 5 of local government for use solely or primarily for 6 children's recreation; and "school" means a public or 7 private elementary or secondary school, community 8 9 college, college, or university.

10 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.3)

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11 Sec. 11-9.3. Presence within school zone by child sex offenders prohibited.

(a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly be present in any school building, on real comprising any school, or in any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity when persons under the age of 18 are present in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the building, on the grounds or in the conveyance or unless the offender has permission to be present from the superintendent or the school board or in the case of a private school from the principal. In the case of a public school, if permission is granted, the superintendent or school board president must inform the principal of the school where the sex offender will be present. Notification includes the nature of the sex offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain under the direct supervision of a

- school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 3 (1) (Blank; or)
- 4 (2) (Blank.)
- It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly 5 б loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a school building 7 or real property comprising any school while persons under 8 the age of 18 are present in the building or on the grounds, 9 unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a student present in the building or on the grounds or has permission 10 11 to be present from the superintendent or the school board or 12 case of a public school, if permission is granted, the 13 superintendent or school board president must inform the 14 15 principal of the school where the sex offender will be 16 present. Notification includes the nature of the offender's visit and the hours in which the sex offender will 17 be present in the school. The sex offender is responsible 18 19 for notifying the principal's office when he or she arrives on school property and when he or she departs from school 20 21 property. If the sex offender is to be present in the vicinity of children, the sex offender has the duty to remain 22 23 under the direct supervision of a school official. A child sex offender who violates this provision is guilty of a Class 24 25 4 felony.
- 26 (1) (Blank; or)
- 27 (2) (Blank.)
- 28 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to
 29 knowingly reside within 500 feet of a school building or the
 30 real property comprising any school that persons under the
 31 age of 18 attend. Nothing in this subsection (b-5) prohibits
 32 a child sex offender from residing within 500 feet of a
 33 school building or the real property comprising any school
 34 that persons under 18 attend if the property is owned by the

1	child sex offender and was purchased before the effective
2	date of this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
3	(c) Definitions. In this Section:
4	(1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
5	(i) has been charged under Illinois law, or
6	any substantially similar federal law or law of
7	another state, with a sex offense set forth in
8	paragraph (2) of this subsection (c) or the attempt
9	to commit an included sex offense, and:
10	(A) is convicted of such offense or an
11	attempt to commit such offense; or
12	(B) is found not guilty by reason of
13	insanity of such offense or an attempt to
14	commit such offense; or
15	(C) is found not guilty by reason of
16	insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section
17	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
18	1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit
19	such offense; or
20	(D) is the subject of a finding not
21	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
22	conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section
23	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
24	1963 for the alleged commission or attempted
25	commission of such offense; or
26	(E) is found not guilty by reason of
27	insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant
28	to a federal law or the law of another state
29	substantially similar to subsection (c) of
30	Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal
31	Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
32	attempted commission of such offense; or
33	(F) is the subject of a finding not
34	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing

1	conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law
2	of another state substantially similar to
3	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
4	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
5	violation or attempted commission of such
6	offense; or
7	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous
8	person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous
9	Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal
10	law or the law of another state, when any conduct
11	giving rise to such certification is committed or
12	attempted against a person less than 18 years of
13	age; or
14	(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section
15	2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
16	Persons Act.
17	Convictions that result from or are connected with
18	the same act, or result from offenses committed at the
19	same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this
20	Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside
21	pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this
22	Section.
23	(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph
24	(2.5), "sex offense" means:
25	(i) A violation of any of the following
26	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding
27	and abetting child abduction under Section
28	10-5(b)(10)) or aiding and abetting illegal
29	solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1),
30	10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 11-6 (indecent
31	solicitation of a child), <u>11-6.1 (illegal</u>
32	solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent
33	solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency

when committed in a school, on the real property

1 comprising a school, or on a conveyance, owned, 2 leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related 3 4 activity), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 5 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 6 7 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 8 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a 9 child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material <u>for a child</u>), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal 10 11 sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense 12 13 was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, in any conveyance owned, 14 15 leased, or contracted by a school to transport 16 students to or from school or a school related activity). An attempt to commit any of these 17 offenses. 18 19 (ii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the 20 21 victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13 22 (criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated 23 criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual abuse), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse). 24

(iii) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person under 18 years of age and the defendant is not a parent of the victim:

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

10-1 (kidnapping),

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10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),

10-3 (unlawful restraint),

10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).

An attempt to commit any of these offenses.

1	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
2	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
3	in clause (2)(i) of subsection (c) of this Section.
4	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a
5	sex offense means:
6	(i) A violation of any of the following
7	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961:
8	10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding
9	and abetting child abduction under Section
10	10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal
11	solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1),
12	11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), $\underline{11-6.1}$
13	(illegal solicitation of a child), 11-6.5
14	(indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-15.1
15	(soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1
16	(keeping a place of juvenile prostitution),
17	11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
18	11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
19	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
20	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal
21	sexual assault of a child), or 12-33
22	(ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to
23	commit any of these offenses.
24	(ii) A violation of any of the following
25	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
26	victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13
27	(criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated
28	criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal
29	sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15
30	(criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any
31	of these offenses.
32	(iii) A violation of any of the following
33	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
34	victim is a person under 18 years of age and the

1	defendant is not a parent of the victim:
2	10-1 (kidnapping),
3	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
4	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
5	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
6	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
7	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
8	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
9	in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
10	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or
11	the law of another state that is substantially equivalent
12	to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of subsection (c)
13	of this Section shall constitute a conviction for the
14	purpose of this Article. A finding or adjudication as a
15	sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of
16	another state that is substantially equivalent to the
17	Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an
18	adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
19	(4) "School" means a public or private pre-school,
20	elementary, or secondary school.
21	(5) "Loiter" means:
22	(i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
23	person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
24	school property.
25	(ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not
26	the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
27	school property, for the purpose of committing or
28	attempting to commit a sex offense.
29	(6) "School official" means the principal, a
30	teacher, or any other certified employee of the school,
31	the superintendent of schools or a member of the school
32	board.
33	(d) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is
34	guilty of a Class 4 felony.

- 1 (Source: P.A. 90-234, eff. 1-1-98; 90-655, eff. 7-30-98;
- 2 91-356, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00.)
- 3 (720 ILCS 5/11-9.4)
- 4 Sec. 11-9.4. Approaching, contacting, residing, or
- 5 communicating with a child within certain places by child sex
- 6 offenders prohibited.
- 7 (a) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- 8 be present in any public park building or on real property
- 9 comprising any public park when persons under the age of 18
- 10 are present in the building or on the grounds and to
- 11 approach, contact, or communicate with a child under 18 years
- 12 of age, unless the offender is a parent or guardian of a
- 13 person under 18 years of age present in the building or on
- 14 the grounds.
- 15 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- 16 loiter on a public way within 500 feet of a public park
- 17 building or real property comprising any public park while
- 18 persons under the age of 18 are present in the building or on
- 19 the grounds and to approach, contact, or communicate with a
- 20 child under 18 years of age, unless the offender is a parent
- or guardian of a person under 18 years of age present in the
- 22 building or on the grounds.
- 23 (b-5) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to
- 24 knowingly reside within 500 feet of a playground or a
- 25 facility providing programs or services exclusively directed
- 26 toward persons under 18 years of age. Nothing in this
- 27 subsection (b-5) prohibits a child sex offender from residing
- 28 within 500 feet of a playground or a facility providing
- 29 programs or services exclusively directed toward persons
- 30 under 18 years of age if the property is owned by the child
- 31 sex offender and was purchased before the effective date of
- 32 this amendatory Act of the 91st General Assembly.
- 33 (b-6) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to

1 knowingly reside within 500 feet of the victim of	the sex
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- offense. Nothing in this subsection (b-6) prohibits a child
- 3 sex offender from residing within 500 feet of the victim if
- 4 the property in which the child sex offender resides is owned
- 5 by the child sex offender and was purchased before the
- 6 effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General
- 7 Assembly.
- 8 This subsection (b-6) does not apply if the victim of the
- 9 sex offense is 21 years of age or older.
- 10 (c) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to knowingly
- operate, manage, be employed by, volunteer at, be associated
- 12 with, or knowingly be present at any facility providing
- 13 programs or services exclusively directed towards persons
- 14 under the age of 18. This does not prohibit a child sex
- 15 offender from owning the real property upon which the
- 16 programs or services are offered, provided the child sex
- 17 offender refrains from being present on the premises for the
- 18 hours during which the programs or services are being
- 19 offered.

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- 20 (d) Definitions. In this Section:
 - (1) "Child sex offender" means any person who:
- (i) has been charged under Illinois law, of
- 23 any substantially similar federal law or law of
- another state, with a sex offense set forth in
- paragraph (2) of this subsection (d) or the attempt
- to commit an included sex offense, and:
- 27 (A) is convicted of such offense or an
- 28 attempt to commit such offense; or
- 29 (B) is found not guilty by reason of
- insanity of such offense or an attempt to
- 31 commit such offense; or
- 32 (C) is found not guilty by reason of
- insanity pursuant to subsection (c) of Section
- 34 104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of

1	1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit
2	such offense; or
3	(D) is the subject of a finding not
4	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
5	conducted pursuant to subsection (a) of Section
6	104-25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure of
7	1963 for the alleged commission or attempted
8	commission of such offense; or
9	(E) is found not guilty by reason of
10	insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant
L1	to a federal law or the law of another state
L2	substantially similar to subsection (c) of
L3	Section 104-25 of the Code of Criminal
L4	Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the
L5	attempted commission of such offense; or
L6	(F) is the subject of a finding not
L7	resulting in an acquittal at a hearing
L8	conducted pursuant to a federal law or the law
L9	of another state substantially similar to
20	subsection (a) of Section 104-25 of the Code of
21	Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged
22	violation or attempted commission of such
23	offense; or
24	(ii) is certified as a sexually dangerous
25	person pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous
26	Persons Act, or any substantially similar federal
27	law or the law of another state, when any conduct
28	giving rise to such certification is committed or
29	attempted against a person less than 18 years of
30	age; or
31	(iii) is subject to the provisions of Section
32	2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous
33	Persons Act.
34	Convictions that result from or are connected with

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the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Section.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph
 (2.5), "sex offense" means:
 - (i) A violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961: 10-7 (aiding and abetting child abduction under Section 10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1), 10-5(b)(10)(child luring), 11-6 (indecent of a child), 11-6.1 <u>(illegal</u> solicitation solicitation of a child), 11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-9 (public indecency when committed in a school, on the real property comprising a school, on a conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park), 11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child), 11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile prostitution), 11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child pornography), 11-21 (harmful material for a child), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a child), 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child), 11-20 (obscenity) (when that offense was committed in any school, on real property comprising any school, on any conveyance owned, leased, or contracted by a school to transport students to or from school or a school related activity, or in a public park). An

1	attempt to commit any of these offenses.
2	(ii) A violation of any of the following
3	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
4	victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13
5	(criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated
6	criminal sexual assault), 12-15 (criminal sexual
7	abuse), 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse).
8	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
9	(iii) A violation of any of the following
10	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
11	victim is a person under 18 years of age and the
12	defendant is not a parent of the victim:
13	10-1 (kidnapping),
14	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
L5	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
16	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
17	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
18	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
19	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
20	in clause (2)(i) of this subsection (d).
21	(2.5) For the purposes of subsection (b-5) only, a
22	sex offense means:
23	(i) A violation of any of the following
24	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961:
25	10-5(b)(10) (child luring), 10-7 (aiding
26	and abetting child abduction under Section
27	10-5(b)(10) or aiding and abetting illegal
28	solicitation of a child under Section 11-6.1),
29	11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child), $\underline{11-6.1}$
30	(illegal solicitation of a child), 11-6.5
31	(indecent solicitation of an adult), 11-15.1
32	(soliciting for a juvenile prostitute), 11-17.1
33	(keeping a place of juvenile prostitution),
34	11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),

1	11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 11-19.2
2	(exploitation of a child), 11-20.1 (child
3	pornography), 12-14.1 (predatory criminal
4	sexual assault of a child), or 12-33
5	(ritualized abuse of a child). An attempt to
6	commit any of these offenses.
7	(ii) A violation of any of the following
8	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
9	victim is a person under 18 years of age: 12-13
10	(criminal sexual assault), 12-14 (aggravated
11	criminal sexual assault), 12-16 (aggravated criminal
12	sexual abuse), and subsection (a) of Section 12-15
13	(criminal sexual abuse). An attempt to commit any
14	of these offenses.
15	(iii) A violation of any of the following
16	Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the
17	victim is a person under 18 years of age and the
18	defendant is not a parent of the victim:
19	10-1 (kidnapping),
20	10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
21	10-3 (unlawful restraint),
22	10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
23	An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
24	(iv) A violation of any former law of this
25	State substantially equivalent to any offense listed
26	in this paragraph (2.5) of this subsection.
27	(3) A conviction for an offense of federal law or
28	the law of another state that is substantially equivalent
29	to any offense listed in paragraph (2) of this
30	subsection (d) shall constitute a conviction for the
31	purpose of this Section. A finding or adjudication as a
32	sexually dangerous person under any federal law or law of
33	another state that is substantially equivalent to the
34	Sexually Dangerous Persons Act shall constitute an

- adjudication for the purposes of this Section.
- 2 (4) "Public park" includes a park, forest preserve,
- or conservation area under the jurisdiction of the State
- 4 or a unit of local government.
- 5 (5) "Facility providing programs or services
- 6 directed towards persons under the age of 18" means any
- 7 facility providing programs or services exclusively
- 8 directed towards persons under the age of 18.
- 9 (6) "Loiter" means:
- 10 (i) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not the
- 11 person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
- 12 public park property.
- 13 (ii) Standing, sitting idly, whether or not
- the person is in a vehicle or remaining in or around
- public park property, for the purpose of committing
- or attempting to commit a sex offense.
- 17 (7) "Playground" means a piece of land owned or
- 18 controlled by a unit of local government that is
- designated by the unit of local government for use solely
- or primarily for children's recreation.
- 21 (e) Sentence. A person who violates this Section is
- 22 guilty of a Class 4 felony.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 91-458, eff. 1-1-00; 91-911, eff. 7-7-00;
- 24 92-828, eff. 8-22-02.)
- 25 (720 ILCS 5/11-20.1) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-20.1)
- Sec. 11-20.1. Child pornography.
- 27 (a) A person commits the offense of child pornography
- 28 who:
- 29 (1) films, videotapes, photographs, or otherwise
- depicts or portrays by means of any similar visual medium
- or reproduction or depicts by computer any child whom he
- knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18
- or any severely or profoundly mentally retarded person

1	where such child or severely or profoundly mentally
2	retarded person is:
3	(i) actually or by simulation engaged in any
4	act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct with any
5	person or animal; or
6	(ii) actually or by simulation engaged in any
7	act of sexual penetration or sexual conduct
8	involving the sex organs of the child or severely or
9	profoundly mentally retarded person and the mouth,
10	anus, or sex organs of another person or animal; or
11	which involves the mouth, anus or sex organs of the
12	child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded
13	person and the sex organs of another person or
14	animal; or
15	(iii) actually or by simulation engaged in any
16	act of masturbation; or
17	(iv) actually or by simulation portrayed as
18	being the object of, or otherwise engaged in, any
19	act of lewd fondling, touching, or caressing
20	involving another person or animal; or
21	(v) actually or by simulation engaged in any
22	act of excretion or urination within a sexual
23	context; or
24	(vi) actually or by simulation portrayed or
25	depicted as bound, fettered, or subject to sadistic,
26	masochistic, or sadomasochistic abuse in any sexual
27	context; or
28	(vii) depicted or portrayed in any pose,
29	posture or setting involving a lewd exhibition of
30	the unclothed genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or, if
31	such person is female, a fully or partially
32	developed breast of the child or other person; or
33	(2) with the knowledge of the nature or content
34	thereof, reproduces, disseminates, offers to disseminate,

exhibits or possesses with intent to disseminate any film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer of any child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or to be a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person, engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or

- (3) with knowledge of the subject matter or theme thereof, produces any stage play, live performance, film, videotape or other similar visual portrayal or depiction by computer which includes a child whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (4) solicits, uses, persuades, induces, entices, or coerces any child whom he knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any stage play, live presentation, film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person is or will be depicted, actually or by simulation, in any act, pose or setting described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (5) is a parent, step-parent, legal guardian or other person having care or custody of a child whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person and who knowingly permits, induces, promotes, or arranges for such child or severely or profoundly

mentally retarded person to appear in any stage play, live performance, film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual presentation, portrayal or simulation or depiction by computer of any act or activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or

- (6) with knowledge of the nature or content thereof, possesses any film, videotape, photograph or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer of any child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person whom the person knows or reasonably should know to be under the age of 18 or to be a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person, engaged in any activity described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or
- (7) solicits, uses, persuades, induces, entices, or coerces a person to provide a child under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person to appear in any videotape, photograph, film, stage play, live presentation, or other similar visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which the child or severely or profoundly mentally retarded person will be depicted, actually or by simulation, in any act, pose, or setting described in subparagraphs (i) through (vii) of paragraph (1) of this subsection; or:
- (8) solicits, persuades, induces, entices, seduces, or coerces a child under 18 years of age to pose for a photograph, video, or a digital image in any posture or setting that could be construed as child erotica.
- (b) (1) It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge of child pornography that the defendant reasonably believed, under all of the circumstances, that the child was 18 years of age or older or that the person was not a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person but only

where, prior to the act or acts giving rise to a prosecution under this Section, he took some affirmative action or made a bonafide inquiry designed to ascertain whether the child was 18 years of age or older or that the person was not a severely or profoundly mentally retarded person and his reliance upon the information so obtained was clearly reasonable.

(2) (Blank).

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- (3) The charge of child pornography shall not apply to the performance of official duties by law enforcement or prosecuting officers, court personnel or attorneys, nor to bonafide treatment or professional education programs conducted by licensed physicians, psychologists or social workers.
- (4) Possession by the defendant of more than one of the same film, videotape or visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which child pornography is depicted shall raise a rebuttable presumption that the defendant possessed such materials with the intent to disseminate them.
- (5) The charge of child pornography does not apply to a person who does not voluntarily possess a film, videotape, or visual reproduction or depiction by computer in which child pornography is depicted. Possession is voluntary if the defendant knowingly procures or receives a film, videotape, or visual reproduction or depiction for a sufficient time to be able to terminate his or her possession.
- (6) The charge of child pornography does not apply to the generation, depiction, or possession of computer generated images that are not depictions of actual persons.
- 33 (c) Violation of paragraph (1), (4), (5), or (7) of 34 subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum

- fine of \$2,000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of
- 2 paragraph (3) of subsection (a) is a Class 1 felony with a
- 3 mandatory minimum fine of \$1500 and a maximum fine of
- 4 \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (2) of subsection (a) is a
- 5 Class 1 felony with a mandatory minimum fine of \$1000 and a
- 6 maximum fine of \$100,000. Violation of paragraph (6) or (8)
- 7 of subsection (a) is a Class 3 felony with a mandatory
- 8 minimum fine of \$1000 and a maximum fine of \$100,000.
- 9 (d) If a person is convicted of a second or subsequent
- 10 violation of this Section within 10 years of a prior
- 11 conviction, the court shall order a presentence psychiatric
- 12 examination of the person. The examiner shall report to the
- 13 court whether treatment of the person is necessary.
- (e) Any film, videotape, photograph or other similar
- visual reproduction or depiction by computer which includes a
- 16 child under the age of 18 or a severely or profoundly
- 17 mentally retarded person engaged in any activity described in
- 18 subparagraphs (i) through (vii) or paragraph 1 of subsection
- 19 (a), and any material or equipment used or intended for use
- in photographing, filming, printing, producing, reproducing,
- 21 manufacturing, projecting, exhibiting, depiction by computer,
- or disseminating such material shall be seized and forfeited
- 23 in the manner, method and procedure provided by Section 36-1
- 24 of this Code for the seizure and forfeiture of vessels,
- 25 vehicles and aircraft.
- 26 (e-5) Upon the conclusion of a case brought under this
- 27 Section, the court shall seal all evidence depicting a victim
- or witness that is sexually explicit. The evidence may be
- 29 unsealed and viewed, on a motion of the party seeking to
- 30 unseal and view the evidence, only for good cause shown and
- 31 in the discretion of the court. The motion must expressly
- 32 set forth the purpose for viewing the material. The State's
- 33 attorney and the victim, if possible, shall be provided
- reasonable notice of the hearing on the motion to unseal the

evidence. Any person entitled to notice of a hearing under this subsection (e-5) may object to the motion.

- (f) Definitions. For the purposes of this Section:
- (1) "Disseminate" means (i) to sell, distribute, exchange or transfer possession, whether with or without consideration or (ii) to make a depiction by computer available for distribution or downloading through the facilities of any telecommunications network or through any other means of transferring computer programs or data to a computer.
- (2) "Produce" means to direct, promote, advertise, publish, manufacture, issue, present or show.
- (3) "Reproduce" means to make a duplication or copy.
- (4) "Depict by computer" means to generate or create, or cause to be created or generated, a computer program or data that, after being processed by a computer either alone or in conjunction with one or more computer programs, results in a visual depiction on a computer monitor, screen, or display.
- (5) "Depiction by computer" means a computer program or data that, after being processed by a computer either alone or in conjunction with one or more computer programs, results in a visual depiction on a computer monitor, screen, or display.
- (6) "Computer", "computer program", and "data" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 16D-2 of this Code.
- (7) "Child" includes a film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer that is, or appears to be, that of a person, either in part, or in total, under the age of 18, regardless of the method by which the film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or

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reproduction or depiction by computer is created, adopted, or modified to appear as such. "Child" also includes a film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer that is advertised, promoted, presented, described, or distributed in such a manner that conveys the impression that the film, videotape, photograph, or other similar visual medium or reproduction or depiction by computer is of a person under the age of 18.

- (8) "Sexual penetration" and "sexual conduct" have the meanings ascribed to them in Section 12-12 of this Code.
- (9) "Child erotica" means any photograph, videotape, or digital image in which the focus or the concentration of the photograph, videotape, or digital image is the lewd or lascivious depiction or exhibition of the child's clothed or unclothed genitals, the child's pubic area, or, if the child is a female, the child's fully or partially developed breast exposed or through transparent clothing. The following factors shall be taken into consideration in determining whether a visual depiction of a child constitutes a lewd or lascivious exhibition of the genitals, pubic area, or breast: (i) whether the focal point of the visual depiction is on the child's genitalia, pubic area, or breast; (ii) whether the setting of the visual depiction is sexually suggestive, i.e., in a place or pose generally associated with sexual activity; (iii) whether the child is depicted in an unnatural pose, or in inappropriate attire, considering the age of the child; (iv) whether the child is fully or partially clothed, or nude; (v) whether the visual depiction suggests sexual coyness or a willingness to engage in sexual activity; or (vi) whether the visual depiction is intended or designed to elicit a sexual

<u>response in the viewer.</u>

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- (g) Re-enactment; findings; purposes.
 - (1) The General Assembly finds and declares that:
 - (i) Section 50-5 of Public Act 88-680, effective January 1, 1995, contained provisions amending the child pornography statute, Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961. Section 50-5 also contained other provisions.
 - (ii) In addition, Public Act 88-680 was entitled "AN ACT to create a Safe Neighborhoods Law". (A) Article 5 was entitled JUVENILE JUSTICE and amended the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. (B) Article 15 was entitled GANGS and amended various provisions of the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Unified Code of Corrections. (C) Article 20 was entitled ALCOHOL ABUSE and amended provisions of the Illinois Vehicle Code. (D) Article 25 was entitled DRUG ABUSE and amended the Cannabis Control Act and the Illinois Controlled Substances Act. (E) Article 30 was entitled FIREARMS and amended the Criminal Code of 1961 and the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. (F) Article 35 amended the Criminal Code of 1961, the Rights of Crime Victims and Witnesses Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections. (G) Article 40 amended the Criminal Code of 1961 to increase the penalty for compelling organization membership of persons. (H) Article 45 created the Secure Residential Youth Care Facility Licensing Act and amended the State Finance Act, the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, the Unified Code of Corrections, and the Private Correctional Facility Moratorium Act. (I) Article 50 amended the Vendor Management Act, the Firearm Owners WIC Identification Card Act, the Juvenile Court Act of

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1 1987, the Criminal Code of 1961, the Wrongs to Children Act, and the Unified Code of Corrections.

- (iii) On September 22, 1998, the Third District Appellate Court in People v. Dainty, 701 N.E. 2d 118, ruled that Public Act 88-680 violates the single subject clause of the Illinois Constitution (Article IV, Section 8 (d)) and was unconstitutional in its entirety. As of the time this amendatory Act of 1999 was prepared, People v. Dainty was still subject to appeal.
- (iv) Child pornography is a vital concern to the people of this State and the validity of future prosecutions under the child pornography statute of the Criminal Code of 1961 is in grave doubt.
- (2) It is the purpose of this amendatory Act of 1999 to prevent or minimize any problems relating to prosecutions for child pornography that may result from challenges to the constitutional validity of Public Act 88-680 by re-enacting the Section relating to child pornography that was included in Public Act 88-680.
- (3) This amendatory Act of 1999 re-enacts Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, as it has been amended. This re-enactment is intended to remove any question as to the validity or content of that Section; it is not intended to supersede any other Public Act that amends the text of the Section as set forth in this amendatory Act of 1999. The material is shown as existing text (i.e., without underscoring) because, as of the time this amendatory Act of 1999 was prepared, People v. Dainty was subject to appeal to the Illinois Supreme Court.
- (4) The re-enactment by this amendatory Act of 1999 of Section 11-20.1 of the Criminal Code of 1961 relating to child pornography that was amended by Public Act

- 1 88-680 is not intended, and shall not be construed, to
- 2 imply that Public Act 88-680 is invalid or to limit or
- impair any legal argument concerning whether those 3
- 4 provisions were substantially re-enacted by other Public
- 5 Acts.
- (Source: P.A. 91-54, eff. 6-30-99; 91-229, eff. 1-1-00; 6
- 91-357, eff. 7-29-99; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01; 92-434, eff. 7
- 1-1-02; 92-827, eff. 8-22-02.) 8
- (720 ILCS 5/11-21) (from Ch. 38, par. 11-21) 9
- 10 Sec. 11-21. Harmful material for a child.
- (a) Elements of the Offense. 11
- 12 A person who, with knowledge that a person is a child,
- that is a person under 18 years of age, or who fails to 13
- 14 exercise reasonable care in ascertaining the true age of a
- 15 child, knowingly distributes to or sends or causes to be sent
- to, or exhibits to, or offers to distribute or exhibit any 16
- 17 harmful material to a child, is guilty of <u>distribution</u> of
- harmful material for a child a-misdemeaner. For purposes of 18
- this Section, if the distribution of the harmful material is 19
- 20 by computer or other electronic means, a person is criminally
- 21 liable for a violation of this Section if the harmful
- material is intentionally transmitted by him or her to a 22

specific individual actually believed by him or her to be a

- minor, and the specific minor is the intended and desired 2.4
- recipient of the harmful material. 25
- 26 (b) Definitions.

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- Material is harmful or obscene for children when it 27 (1)
- is a pornographic written, visual, or audio matter, 28
- 29 judged in reference to the age group of children in the
- 30 intended and probable recipient audience, and if: (i) the
- average adult person, applying contemporary community
- standards, would find, taken as a whole and with respect 32
- 33 to those children, appeals to a prurient interest in

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nudity, sex, or excretion; and (ii) the average adult person, applying contemporary community standards, would find depicts, describes, or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for those children, ultimate sexual acts or sadomasochistic sexual acts or abuse, whether normal or perverted, actual or simulated, or masturbation, excretory functions, or lewd exhibition of the genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or post-pubertal female breast; and (iii) a reasonable person would find, taken as a whole, that it lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value for those children in the intended and probable recipient audience. Material--is--harmful--if,--to--the average--person,--applying--contemporary--standards,--its predominant--appeal,--taken--as--a--whole,-is-to-prurient interest,-that--is--a--shameful--or--morbid--interest--in nudity,--sex,--or--excretion,--which--goes--substantially beyond--customary--limits--of--candor--in--description-or representation-of--such--matters,--and--is--material--the redeeming--social--importance--of--which-is-substantially less-than-its-prurient-appeal.

- (2) Material, as used in this Section means any writing, picture, record or other representation or embodiment.
- 24 (3) Distribute means to transfer possession of, whether 25 with or without consideration.
- 26 (4) Knowingly, as used in this section means having 27 general knowledge or awareness of the nature or contents of 28 the subject matter, or recklessly failing to exercise 29 reasonable inspection which would have disclosed the contents 30 thereof.
- 31 (c) Interpretation of Evidence.

The predominant appeal to prurient interest of the material shall be judged with reference to average children of the same general age of the child to whom such material 1 was offered, distributed, sent or exhibited, unless it

2 appears from the nature of the matter or the circumstances of

3 its dissemination, distribution or exhibition that it is

designed for specially susceptible groups, in which case the

predominant appeal of the material shall be judged with

reference to its intended or probable recipient group.

7 In prosecutions under this section, where circumstances

8 of production, presentation, sale, dissemination,

distribution, or publicity indicate the material is being

commercially exploited for the sake of its prurient appeal,

such evidence is probative with respect to the nature of the

material and can justify the conclusion that the redeeming

social importance of the material is in fact substantially

less than its prurient appeal.

(d) Sentence.

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- 16 Distribution of harmful material in violation of this
- 17 Section is a Class A misdemeanor. A second or subsequent
- offense is a Class 4 felony. <u>If a person uses a computer to</u>
- 19 <u>intentionally distribute to, send or cause to be sent to, or</u>
- 20 offers to distribute or send any harmful material for a
- 21 <u>child, he or she is guilty of a Class 4 felony.</u>
- 22 (e) Affirmative Defenses.
- 23 (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any public
- 24 library or any library operated by an accredited institution
- of higher education from circulating harmful material to any
- 26 person under 18 years of age, provided such circulation is in
- 27 aid of a legitimate scientific or educational purpose, and it
- 28 shall be an affirmative defense in any prosecution for a
- violation of this section that the act charged was committed
- 30 in aid of legitimate scientific or educational purposes.
- 31 (2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any parent
- 32 from distributing to his child any harmful material.
- 33 (3) Proof that the defendant demanded, was shown and
- 34 acted in reliance upon any of the following documents as

1 proof of the age of a child, shall be a defense to any 2 criminal prosecution under this section: A document issued by the federal government or any state, county or municipal 3 4 government or subdivision or agency thereof, including, but 5 not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, a 6 registration certificate issued under the Federal Selective 7 Service Act or an identification card issued to a member of 8 the armed forces.

- In the event an advertisement of harmful material as defined in this section culminates in the sale or distribution of such harmful material to a child, under circumstances where there was no personal confrontation of the child by the defendant, his employees or agents, as where the order or request for such harmful material was transmitted by mail, telephone, or similar means of communication, and delivery of such harmful material to the child was by mail, freight, or similar means of transport, it shall be a defense in any prosecution for a violation of this section that the advertisement contained the following statement, or a statement substantially similar thereto, and that the defendant required the purchaser to certify that he was not under 18 years of age and that the purchaser falsely stated that he was not under 18 years of age: "NOTICE: It is unlawful for any person under 18 years of age to purchase the matter herein advertised. Any person under 18 years of age who falsely states that he is not under 18 years of age for the purpose of obtaining the material advertised herein, guilty of a Class B misdemeanor under the laws of the State of Illinois."
- 30 (f) Child Falsifying Age.

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Any person under 18 years of age who falsely states, either orally or in writing, that he is not under the age of 18 years, or who presents or offers to any person any evidence of age and identity which is false or not actually

- 1 his own for the purpose of ordering, obtaining, viewing, or
- 2 otherwise procuring or attempting to procure or view any
- 3 harmful material, is guilty of a Class B misdemeanor.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 77-2638.)
- 5 (720 ILCS 5/11-24 new)
- 6 Sec. 11-24. Child photography by sex offender.
- 7 <u>(a) In this Section:</u>
- 8 "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
- 9 <u>"Child sex offender" has the meaning ascribed to it in</u>
- 10 <u>Section 11-9.3 of this Code.</u>
- 11 (b) It is unlawful for a child sex offender to
- 12 <u>knowingly</u>:
- 13 (1) conduct or operate any type of business in
- 14 which he or she photographs, videotapes, or takes a
- 15 <u>digital image of a child;</u>
- 16 (2) conduct or operate any type of business in
- 17 <u>which he or she instructs or directs another person to</u>
- 18 <u>photograph, videotape, or take a digital image of a</u>
- 19 <u>child;</u>
- 20 (3) conduct or operate any type of business in
- which he or she offers for sale a photograph, videotape,
- 22 <u>computer disk, digital image, or visual depiction of a</u>
- 23 <u>child;</u>
- 24 (4) solicit, induce, persuade, or entice a child to
- 25 <u>pose for a photograph, videotape, or digital image;</u>
- 26 (5) transport a child or cause a child to be
- 27 <u>transported in order to pose for a photograph, videotape,</u>
- 28 <u>or digital image; or</u>
- 29 <u>(6) arrange for a child to pose for a photograph,</u>
- 30 <u>videotape</u>, or digital image.
- 31 (c) Sentence. A violation of this Section is a Class 2
- 32 <u>felony</u>.

- 1 Section 25. The Unified Code of Corrections is amended
- 2 by changing Sections 5-4-3 and 5-9-1.7 as follows:
- 3 (730 ILCS 5/5-4-3) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-4-3)
- 4 Sec. 5-4-3. Persons convicted of, or found delinquent
- 5 for, certain offenses or institutionalized as sexually
- 6 dangerous; specimens; genetic marker groups.
- 7 (a) Any person convicted of, found guilty under the
- 8 Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for, or who received a disposition
- 9 of court supervision for, a qualifying offense or attempt of
- 10 a qualifying offense, convicted or found guilty of any
- 11 offense classified as a felony under Illinois law, found
- 12 guilty or given supervision for any offense classified as a
- 13 felony under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987, or
- 14 institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person under the
- 15 Sexually Dangerous Persons Act, or committed as a sexually
- violent person under the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment
- 17 Act shall, regardless of the sentence or disposition imposed,
- 18 be required to submit specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue
- 19 to the Illinois Department of State Police in accordance with
- 20 the provisions of this Section, provided such person is:
- 21 (1) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of
- 22 a qualifying offense on or after the effective date of
- this amendatory Act of 1989, and sentenced to a term of
- imprisonment, periodic imprisonment, fine, probation,
- 25 conditional discharge or any other form of sentence, or
- given a disposition of court supervision for the offense,
- 27 or
- 28 (1.5) found guilty or given supervision under the
- Juvenile Court Act of 1987 for a qualifying offense or
- 30 attempt of a qualifying offense on or after the effective
- 31 date of this amendatory Act of 1996, or
- 32 (2) ordered institutionalized as a sexually
- dangerous person on or after the effective date of this

amendatory Act of 1989, or

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- (3) convicted of a qualifying offense or attempt of a qualifying offense before the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1989 and is presently confined as a result of such conviction in any State correctional facility or county jail or is presently serving a sentence of probation, conditional discharge or periodic imprisonment as a result of such conviction, or
- (3.5) convicted or found guilty of any offense classified as a felony under Illinois law or found guilty or given supervision for such an offense under the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly, or
- (4) presently institutionalized as a sexually dangerous person or presently institutionalized as a person found guilty but mentally ill of a sexual offense or attempt to commit a sexual offense; or
- (4.5) ordered committed as a sexually violent person on or after the effective date of the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act; or
- (5) seeking transfer to or residency in Illinois under Sections 3-3-11.05 through 3-3-11.5 of the Unified Code of Corrections and the Interstate Compact for Adult Offenders Supervision or the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act.
- Notwithstanding other provisions of this Section, any person incarcerated in a facility of the Illinois Department of Corrections on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly shall be required to submit a specimen of blood, saliva, or tissue prior to his or her release on parole or mandatory supervised release, as a condition of his or her parole or mandatory supervised release.
- 34 (a-5) Any person who was otherwise convicted of or

- 1 received a disposition of court supervision for any other
- 2 offense under the Criminal Code of 1961 or who was found
- 3 guilty or given supervision for such a violation under the
- 4 Juvenile Court Act of 1987, may, regardless of the sentence
- 5 imposed, be required by an order of the court to submit
- 6 specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois
- 7 Department of State Police in accordance with the provisions
- 8 of this Section.
- 9 (b) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(1.5),
- 10 (a)(2), (a)(3.5), and (a-5) to provide specimens of blood,
- 11 saliva, or tissue shall provide specimens of blood, saliva,
- or tissue within 45 days after sentencing or disposition at a
- 13 collection site designated by the Illinois Department of
- 14 State Police.
- (c) Any person required by paragraphs (a)(3), (a)(4),
- and (a)(4.5) to provide specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue
- 17 shall be required to provide such samples prior to final
- 18 discharge, parole, or release at a collection site designated
- 19 by the Illinois Department of State Police.
- 20 (c-5) Any person required by paragraph (a)(5) to provide
- 21 specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue shall, where feasible,
- 22 be required to provide the specimens before being accepted
- 23 for conditioned residency in Illinois under the interstate
- 24 compact or agreement, but no later than 45 days after arrival
- 25 in this State.
- 26 (c-6) The Illinois Department of State Police may
- determine which type of specimen or specimens, blood, saliva,
- or tissue, is acceptable for submission to the Division of
- 29 Forensic Services for analysis.
- 30 (d) The Illinois Department of State Police shall
- 31 provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the
- 32 collection of blood samples. The collection of samples shall
- 33 be performed in a medically approved manner. Only a
- 34 physician authorized to practice medicine, a registered nurse

- 1 or other qualified person trained in venipuncture may
- 2 withdraw blood for the purposes of this Act. The samples
- 3 shall thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of
- 4 State Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and
- 5 categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
- 6 (d-1) The Illinois Department of State Police shall
- 7 provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the
- 8 collection of saliva samples. The collection of saliva
- 9 samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner.
- 10 Only a person trained in the instructions promulgated by the
- 11 Illinois State Police on collecting saliva may collect saliva
- 12 for the purposes of this Section. The samples shall
- 13 thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of State
- 14 Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and
- 15 categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
- 16 (d-2) The Illinois Department of State Police shall
- 17 provide all equipment and instructions necessary for the
- 18 collection of tissue samples. The collection of tissue
- 19 samples shall be performed in a medically approved manner.
- 20 Only a person trained in the instructions promulgated by the
- 21 Illinois State Police on collecting tissue may collect tissue
- 22 for the purposes of this Section. The samples shall
- 23 thereafter be forwarded to the Illinois Department of State
- 24 Police, Division of Forensic Services, for analysis and
- 25 categorizing into genetic marker groupings.
- 26 (d-5) To the extent that funds are available, the
- 27 Illinois Department of State Police shall contract with
- 28 qualified personnel and certified laboratories for the
- 29 collection, analysis, and categorization of known samples.
- 30 (e) The genetic marker groupings shall be maintained by
- 31 the Illinois Department of State Police, Division of Forensic
- 32 Services.
- 33 (f) The genetic marker grouping analysis information
- 34 obtained pursuant to this Act shall be confidential and shall

1 be released only to peace officers of the United States, of 2 other states or territories, of the insular possessions of the United States, of foreign countries duly authorized to 3 4 receive the same, to all peace officers of the State of 5 Illinois and to all prosecutorial agencies. The genetic 6 marker grouping analysis information obtained pursuant to 7 this Act shall be used only for (i) valid law enforcement identification purposes and as required by the Federal Bureau 8 9 of Investigation for participation in the National DNA database or (ii) validation 10 technology purposes. 11 Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the contrary, all information obtained under this Section shall 12 13 be maintained in a single State data base, which may be uploaded into a national database, and which information may 14 15 be subject to expungement only as set forth in subsection 16 (f-1).17

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(f-1) Upon receipt of notification of a reversal of conviction based on actual innocence, or of the granting of a pardon pursuant to Section 12 of Article V of the Illinois Constitution, if that pardon document specifically states that the reason for the pardon is the actual innocence of an individual whose DNA record has been stored in the State or national DNA identification index in accordance with this Section by the Illinois Department of State Police, the DNA record shall be expunged from the DNA identification index, and the Department shall by rule prescribe procedures to ensure that the record and any samples, analyses, or other documents relating to such record, whether in the possession of the Department or any law enforcement or police agency, or any forensic DNA laboratory, including any duplicates or copies thereof, are destroyed and a letter is sent to the court verifying the expungement is completed.

33 (f-5) Any person who intentionally uses genetic marker 34 grouping analysis information, or any other information

- derived from a DNA sample, beyond the authorized uses as
- 2 provided under this Section, or any other Illinois law, is
- 3 guilty of a Class 4 felony, and shall be subject to a fine of
- 4 not less than \$5,000.
- 5 (g) For the purposes of this Section, "qualifying
- 6 offense" means any of the following:
- 7 (1) Any violation or inchoate violation of Section
- 8 11-6, 11-9.1, 11-11, 11-18.1, 12-15, or 12-16 of the
- 9 Criminal Code of 1961, or
- 10 (1.1) Any violation or inchoate violation of
- 11 Section 9-1, 9-2, 10-1, 10-2, 12-11, 12-11.1, 18-1, 18-2,
- 12 18-3, 18-4, 19-1, or 19-2 of the Criminal Code of 1961
- for which persons are convicted on or after July 1, 2001,
- 14 or
- 15 (2) Any former statute of this State which defined
- 16 a felony sexual offense, or
- 17 (3) Any violation of Section 11-6.1 of the Criminal
- 18 <u>Code of 1961 when the sentencing court, upon a motion by</u>
- 19 <u>the State's Attorney or Attorney General, makes a finding</u>
- 20 <u>that the child solicitation involved an intent to commit</u>
- 21 <u>sexual penetration or sexual conduct as defined in</u>
- 22 <u>Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961</u> (Blank), or
- 23 (4) Any inchoate violation of Section 9-3.1,
- 24 11-9.3, 12-7.3, or 12-7.4 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (q-5) (Blank).
- 26 (h) The Illinois Department of State Police shall be the
- 27 State central repository for all genetic marker grouping
- 28 analysis information obtained pursuant to this Act. The
- 29 Illinois Department of State Police may promulgate rules for
- 30 the form and manner of the collection of blood, saliva, or
- 31 tissue samples and other procedures for the operation of this
- 32 Act. The provisions of the Administrative Review Law shall
- 33 apply to all actions taken under the rules so promulgated.
- 34 (i) A person required to provide a blood, saliva, or

- 1 tissue specimen shall cooperate with the collection of the
- 2 specimen and any deliberate act by that person intended to
- 3 impede, delay or stop the collection of the blood, saliva, or
- 4 tissue specimen is a Class A misdemeanor.
- 5 (j) Any person required by subsection (a) to submit
- 6 specimens of blood, saliva, or tissue to the Illinois
- 7 Department of State Police for analysis and categorization
- 8 into genetic marker grouping, in addition to any other
- 9 disposition, penalty, or fine imposed, shall pay an analysis
- 10 fee of \$200. If the analysis fee is not paid at the time of
- 11 sentencing, the court shall establish a fee schedule by which
- the entire amount of the analysis fee shall be paid in full,
- 13 such schedule not to exceed 24 months from the time of
- 14 conviction. The inability to pay this analysis fee shall not
- be the sole ground to incarcerate the person.
- 16 (k) All analysis and categorization fees provided for by
- 17 subsection (j) shall be regulated as follows:
- 18 (1) The State Offender DNA Identification System
- 19 Fund is hereby created as a special fund in the State
- Treasury.
- 21 (2) All fees shall be collected by the clerk of the
- 22 court and forwarded to the State Offender DNA
- 23 Identification System Fund for deposit. The clerk of the
- 24 circuit court may retain the amount of \$10 from each
- 25 collected analysis fee to offset administrative costs
- incurred in carrying out the clerk's responsibilities
- 27 under this Section.
- 28 (3) Fees deposited into the State Offender DNA
- 29 Identification System Fund shall be used by Illinois
- 30 State Police crime laboratories as designated by the
- 31 Director of State Police. These funds shall be in
- 32 addition to any allocations made pursuant to existing
- laws and shall be designated for the exclusive use of
- 34 State crime laboratories. These uses may include, but

- 1 are not limited to, the following:
- 2 (A) Costs incurred in providing analysis and
- 3 genetic marker categorization as required by
- 4 subsection (d).
- 5 (B) Costs incurred in maintaining genetic
- 6 marker groupings as required by subsection (e).
- 7 (C) Costs incurred in the purchase and
- 8 maintenance of equipment for use in performing
- 9 analyses.
- 10 (D) Costs incurred in continuing research and
- 11 development of new techniques for analysis and
- 12 genetic marker categorization.
- 13 (E) Costs incurred in continuing education,
- 14 training, and professional development of forensic
- scientists regularly employed by these laboratories.
- 16 (1) The failure of a person to provide a specimen, or of
- 17 any person or agency to collect a specimen, within the 45 day
- 18 period shall in no way alter the obligation of the person to
- 19 submit such specimen, or the authority of the Illinois
- 20 Department of State Police or persons designated by the
- 21 Department to collect the specimen, or the authority of the
- 22 Illinois Department of State Police to accept, analyze and
- 23 maintain the specimen or to maintain or upload results of
- 24 genetic marker grouping analysis information into a State or
- 25 national database.
- 26 (Source: P.A. 91-528, eff. 1-1-00; 92-16, eff. 6-28-01;
- 27 92-40, eff. 6-29-01; 92-571, eff. 6-26-02; 92-600, eff.
- 28 6-28-02; 92-829, eff. 8-22-02; revised 9-19-02.)
- 29 (730 ILCS 5/5-9-1.7) (from Ch. 38, par. 1005-9-1.7)
- 30 Sec. 5-9-1.7. Sexual assault fines.
- 31 (a) Definitions. The terms used in this Section shall
- 32 have the following meanings ascribed to them:
- 33 (1) "Sexual assault" means the commission or

attempted commission of the following: criminal sexual assault, predatory criminal sexual assault of a child, aggravated criminal sexual assault, criminal sexual abuse, aggravated criminal sexual abuse, indecent solicitation of a child, public indecency, sexual relations within families, soliciting for a juvenile prostitute, keeping a place of juvenile prostitution, patronizing a juvenile prostitute, juvenile pimping, exploitation of a child, obscenity, child pornography, or harmful material for a child, as those offenses are defined in the Criminal Code of 1961.

- (2) "Family member" shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 12-12 of the Criminal Code of 1961.
- (3) "Sexual assault organization" means any not-for-profit organization providing comprehensive, community-based services to victims of sexual assault. "Community-based services" include, but are not limited to, direct crisis intervention through a 24-hour response, medical and legal advocacy, counseling, information and referral services, training, and community education.
- (b) Sexual assault fine; collection by clerk.
- (1) In addition to any other penalty imposed, a fine of \$100 shall be imposed upon any person who pleads guilty or who is convicted of, or who receives a disposition of court supervision for, a sexual assault or attempt of a sexual assault. Upon request of the victim or the victim's representative, the court shall determine whether the fine will impose an undue burden on the victim of the offense. For purposes of this paragraph, the defendant may not be considered the victim's representative. If the court finds that the fine would impose an undue burden on the victim, the court may reduce or waive the fine. The court shall order that the

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defendant may not use funds belonging solely to the victim of the offense for payment of the fine.

- (2) Sexual assault fines shall be assessed by the court imposing the sentence and shall be collected by the circuit clerk. The circuit clerk shall retain 10% of the penalty to cover the costs involved in administering and enforcing this Section. The circuit clerk shall remit the remainder of each fine within one month of its receipt to the State Treasurer for deposit as follows:
- (i) for family member offenders, one-half to
 the Sexual Assault Services Fund, and one-half to
 the Domestic Violence Shelter and Service Fund; and
- (ii) for other than family member offenders,the full amount to the Sexual Assault Services Fund.
- 15 Sexual Assault Services Fund; administration. There 16 is created a Sexual Assault Services Fund. Moneys deposited into the Fund under this Section shall be appropriated to the 17 Department of Public Health. Upon appropriation of moneys 18 19 from the Sexual Assault Services Fund, the Department of 20 Public Health shall make grants of these moneys from the Fund 21 to sexual assault organizations with whom the Department has 22 contracts for the purpose of providing community-based 23 services to victims of sexual assault. Grants made under this Section are in addition to, and are not substitutes for, 24 25 other grants authorized and made by the Department.
- 27 5-29-96.)

(Source: P.A. 88-45; 89-428, eff. 12-13-95; 89-462, eff.

- 28 Section 30. The Sex Offender Registration Act is amended 29 by changing Section 2 as follows:
- 30 (730 ILCS 150/2) (from Ch. 38, par. 222)
- 31 Sec. 2. Definitions.
- 32 (A) As used in this Article, "sex offender" means any

person	who	is:

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- (1) charged pursuant to Illinois law, or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, with a sex offense set forth in subsection (B) of this Section or the attempt to commit an included sex offense, and:
 - (a) is convicted of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (b) is found not guilty by reason of insanity of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (c) is found not guilty by reason of insanity pursuant to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or an attempt to commit such offense; or
 - (d) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged commission or attempted commission of such offense; or
 - (e) is found not guilty by reason of insanity following a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(c) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 of such offense or of the attempted commission of such offense; or
 - (f) is the subject of a finding not resulting in an acquittal at a hearing conducted pursuant to a federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law substantially similar to Section 104-25(a) of the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963 for the alleged violation or attempted commission of such offense; or

- (2) certified as a sexually dangerous person
 pursuant to the Illinois Sexually Dangerous Persons Act,
 or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of
 Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law;
 or
 - (3) subject to the provisions of Section 2 of the Interstate Agreements on Sexually Dangerous Persons Act; or
 - (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
 - (5) adjudicated a juvenile delinquent as the result of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law, or found guilty under Article V of the Juvenile Court Act of 1987 of committing or attempting to commit an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute any of the offenses specified in item (B), (C), or (C-5) of this Section or a violation of any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.
 - Convictions that result from or are connected with the same act, or result from offenses committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this Article as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this Article.
- For purposes of this Section, "convicted" shall have the same meaning as "adjudicated".
 - (B) As used in this Article, "sex offense" means:
 - (1) A violation of any of the following Sections of

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1
         the Criminal Code of 1961:
 2
                    11-20.1 (child pornography),
                    11-6 (indecent solicitation of a child),
 3
 4
                    11-6.1 (illegal solicitation of a child),
                    11-9.1 (sexual exploitation of a child),
 5
                    11-15.1 (soliciting for a juvenile prostitute),
 6
 7
                    11-18.1 (patronizing a juvenile prostitute),
 8
                    11-17.1 (keeping a place of
 9
               prostitution),
                    11-19.1 (juvenile pimping),
10
11
                    11-19.2 (exploitation of a child),
                    12-13 (criminal sexual assault),
12
                    12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault),
13
                    12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of a
14
15
               child),
16
                    12-15 (criminal sexual abuse),
                    12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse),
17
                    12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child).
18
                    An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
19
               (1.5) A violation of any of the following Sections
20
          of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim is a person
2.1
          under 18 years of age, the defendant is not a parent of
22
23
          the victim, and the offense was committed on or after
          January 1, 1996:
24
25
                    10-1 (kidnapping),
26
                    10-2 (aggravated kidnapping),
                    10-3 (unlawful restraint),
27
                    10-3.1 (aggravated unlawful restraint).
28
                    An attempt to commit any of these offenses.
29
30
               (1.6) First degree murder under Section 9-1 of the
          Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under
31
          18 years of age, the defendant was at least 17 years of
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          age at the time of the commission of the offense, and the
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          offense was committed on or after June 1, 1996.
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(1.7) (Blank).

2	(1.8) A violation or attempted violation of Section
3	11-11 (sexual relations within families) of the Criminal
4	Code of 1961, and the offense was committed on or after
5	June 1, 1997.
6	(1.9) Child abduction under paragraph (10) of
7	subsection (b) of Section 10-5 of the Criminal Code of
8	1961 committed by luring or attempting to lure a child
9	under the age of 16 into a motor vehicle, building, house
10	trailer, or dwelling place without the consent of the
11	parent or lawful custodian of the child for other than a
12	lawful purpose and the offense was committed on or after
13	January 1, 1998.
14	(1.10) A violation or attempted violation of any of
15	the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when
16	the offense was committed on or after July 1, 1999:
17	10-4 (forcible detention, if the victim is
18	under 18 years of age),
19	11-6.5 (indecent solicitation of an adult),
20	11-15 (soliciting for a prostitute, if the
21	victim is under 18 years of age),
22	11-16 (pandering, if the victim is under 18
23	years of age),
24	11-18 (patronizing a prostitute, if the victim
25	is under 18 years of age),
26	11-19 (pimping, if the victim is under 18
27	years of age).
28	(1.11) A violation or attempted violation of any of
29	the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961 when
30	the offense was committed on or after the effective date
31	of this amendatory Act of the 92nd General Assembly:
32	11-9 (public indecency for a third or
33	subsequent conviction),
34	11-9.2 (custodial sexual misconduct).

- 1 (1.12) A violation or attempted violation of
 2 Section 5.1 of the Wrongs to Children Act (permitting
 3 sexual abuse) when the offense was committed on or after
 4 the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 92nd
 5 General Assembly.
- 6 (2) A violation of any former law of this State 7 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 8 subsection (B) of this Section.
- 9 (C) A conviction for an offense of federal law, Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or a 10 11 foreign country that is substantially equivalent to any offense listed in subsections (B), (C), and (E) of this 12 Section shall constitute a conviction for the purpose of this 13 Article. A finding or adjudication as a sexually dangerous 14 15 person or a sexually violent person under any federal law, 16 Uniform Code of Military Justice, or the law of another state or foreign country that is substantially equivalent to the 17 Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or the Sexually Violent 18 Persons Commitment Act shall constitute an adjudication for 19 20 the purposes of this Article.
- 2.1 (C-5) A person at least 17 years of age at the time of 22 the commission of the offense who is convicted of first 23 degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, committed on or after June 1, 1996 against a person under 24 25 years of age, shall be required to register for natural life. A conviction for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of 26 Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law that 27 substantially equivalent to any offense listed in 28 29 subsection (C-5) of this Section shall constitute 30 conviction for the purpose of this Article.
- 31 (D) As used in this Article, "law enforcement agency 32 having jurisdiction" means the Chief of Police in each of the 33 municipalities in which the sex offender expects to reside, 34 work, or attend school (1) upon his or her discharge, parole

- 1 or release or (2) during the service of his or her sentence 2 of probation or conditional discharge, or the Sheriff of the county, in the event no Police Chief exists or if the 3 4 offender intends to reside, work, or attend school in an 5 unincorporated area. "Law enforcement agency having 6 jurisdiction" includes the location where out-of-state 7 students attend school and where out-of-state employees are employed or are otherwise required to register. 8 9 (E) As used in this Article, "sexual predator" means any person who, after July 1, 1999, is: 10 11 (1) Convicted for an offense of federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign 12 country law that is substantially equivalent to any 13 offense listed in subsection (E) of this Section shall 14 constitute a conviction for the purpose of this Article. 15 16 Convicted of a violation or attempted violation of any of the following Sections of the Criminal Code of 1961, if 17 the conviction occurred after July 1, 1999: 18 19 11-17.1 (keeping a place of juvenile 20 prostitution), 11-19.1 (juvenile pimping), 21 22 11-19.2 (exploitation of a child), 23 11-20.1 (child pornography), 12-13 (criminal sexual assault, if the victim 24 25 is a person under 12 years of age), 12-14 (aggravated criminal sexual assault), 26 12-14.1 (predatory criminal sexual assault of 27 a child), 28 12-16 (aggravated criminal sexual abuse), 29 30 12-33 (ritualized abuse of a child); or 31
 - (2) convicted of first degree murder under Section 9-1 of the Criminal Code of 1961, when the victim was a person under 18 years of age and the defendant was at least 17 years of age at the time of the commission of

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1 the offense; or

- (3) certified as a sexually dangerous person pursuant to the Sexually Dangerous Persons Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
- (4) found to be a sexually violent person pursuant to the Sexually Violent Persons Commitment Act or any substantially similar federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law; or
- (5) convicted of a second or subsequent offense which requires registration pursuant to this Act. The conviction for the second or subsequent offense must have occurred after July 1, 1999. For purposes of this paragraph (5), "convicted" shall include a conviction under any substantially similar Illinois, federal, Uniform Code of Military Justice, sister state, or foreign country law.
- (F) As used in this Article, "out-of-state student" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who is enrolled in Illinois, on a full-time or part-time basis, in any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, any secondary school, trade or professional institution, or institution of higher learning.
 - (G) As used in this Article, "out-of-state employee" means any sex offender, as defined in this Section, or sexual predator who works in Illinois, regardless of whether the individual receives payment for services performed, for a period of time of 10 or more days or for an aggregate period of time of 30 or more days during any calendar year. Persons who operate motor vehicles in the State accrue one day of employment time for any portion of a day spent in Illinois.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 91-48, eff. 7-1-99; 92-828, eff. 8-22-02.)

- 1 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon
- 2 becoming law.".