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1

AN ACT concerning corporate fiduciaries.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Corporate Fiduciary Act is amended by 5 changing Sections 5-10 and 8-1 and adding Section 2-6.5 and 6 Section 9-6 as follows:

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(205 ILCS 620/2-6.5 new)

8 <u>Sec. 2-6.5</u>. Directors.

9 <u>(a) The business and affairs of a corporate fiduciary</u> 10 <u>shall be managed by its board of directors, which shall</u> 11 <u>exercise its powers in accordance with this Section.</u>

12 (b) The directors shall be elected as provided in 13 this Act. Any omission to elect a director or directors 14 shall not impair any of the rights and privileges of the 15 corporate fiduciary or of any person in any way interested. 16 The existing directors shall hold office until their 17 successors are elected and qualify.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of any certificate of 18 authority heretofore or hereafter issued, the number of 19 20 directors, not fewer than 5, may be fixed from time to time by the stockholders at any meeting of the stockholders 21 called for the purpose of electing directors or 22 changing the number thereof by the affirmative vote of at 23 least two-thirds of the outstanding stock entitled to vote at 24 the meeting, and the number so fixed shall be the board 25 regardless of vacancies until the number of directors is 26 27 thereafter changed by similar action.

28 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, 29 directors shall hold office until the next annual meeting 30 of the stockholders succeeding their election or until 31 their successors are elected and qualify. If the board of SB48 Engrossed

1 directors consists of 6 or more members, in lieu of electing 2 the membership of the whole board of directors annually, the by-laws of a corporate fiduciary may provide that the 3 4 directors shall be divided into either 2 or 3 classes, each class to be as nearly equal in number as is possible. The 5 term of office of directors of the first class shall expire 6 at the first annual meeting of the stockholders after their 7 8 election, that of the second class shall expire at the second 9 annual meeting after their election, and that of the third class, if any, shall expire at the third annual meeting after 10 11 their election. At each annual meeting after classification, the number of directors equal to the number of the class 12 whose terms expire at the time of the meeting shall be 13 elected to hold office until the second succeeding annual 14 meeting if there are 2 classes or until the third succeeding 15 annual meeting if there are 3 classes. Vacancies may be 16 filled by stockholders at a special meeting called for the 17 purpose. If authorized by the corporate fiduciary's 18 by-laws or an amendment thereto, the directors of a corporate 19 fiduciary may properly fill a vacancy or vacancies arising 20 between stockholders' meetings, but at no time may the number 21 of directors selected to fill a vacancy in this manner 22 during any interim period between stockholders' meetings 23 exceed one-third of the total membership of the board of 24 directors. 25

(e) The board of directors shall hold regular 26 meetings at least once each month, provided that, upon prior 27 written approval by the Commissioner, the board of 28 directors may hold regular meetings less frequently than 29 once each month but at least once each calendar guarter. A 30 special meeting of the board of directors may be held as 31 provided by the by-laws. A special meeting of the board 32 of directors may also be held as provided in Section 5-5 of 33 this Act. A majority of the board of directors shall 34

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1 constitute a quorum for the transaction of business unless a
2 greater number is required by the by-laws. The act of the
3 majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a
4 quorum is present shall be the act of the board of directors
5 unless the act of a greater number is required by the
6 by-laws.

7 (f) A member of the board of directors shall be elected 8 president. The board of directors may appoint other officers, as the by-laws may provide, and fix their salaries to carry 9 10 on the business of the corporate fiduciary. The board of 11 directors may make and amend by-laws (not inconsistent with this Act) for the government of the corporate fiduciary and 12 may, by the affirmative vote of a majority of the board of 13 directors, establish reasonable compensation of all 14 directors for services to the corporation as directors, 15 officers, or otherwise. An officer, whether elected or 16 appointed by the board of directors or appointed 17 pursuant to the by-laws, may be removed by the board of 18 directors at any time. 19

20 (g) The board of directors shall cause suitable books
21 and records of all the corporate fiduciary's transactions to
22 be kept.

(h) The provisions of this Section do not apply to a
corporate fiduciary that is a trust department of a bank,
savings bank, savings and loan association, or foreign
banking corporation issued a certificate of authority
pursuant to the Foreign Banking Office Act.

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(205 ILCS 620/5-10) (from Ch. 17, par. 1555-10)

29 Sec. 5-10. <u>Fees; receivership account.</u>

30 (a) There shall be paid to the Commissioner by every
31 corporate fiduciary including each trust company, bank,
32 savings and loan association, and savings bank to which this
33 Act shall apply, reasonable fees that the Commissioner shall

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assess to recover the costs of administration, certification,
 examination and supervision of trusts authorized under this
 Act.

4 In addition to the fees authorized in subsection (a) (b) 5 of this Section the Commissioner shall assess reasonable receivership fees and establish a Corporate Fiduciary 6 7 Receivership account in the Bank and Trust Company Fund to 8 provide for the expenses that arise from the administration 9 of the receivership of a corporate fiduciary under this Act. The aggregate of such assessments shall be paid into the 10 11 Corporate Fiduciary Receivership account in the Bank and Trust Company Fund. The assessments for this account shall 12 be levied until the sum of $\frac{55,000,000}{5350,000}$ has been 13 into the account from assessments authorized 14 deposited herein, whereupon the Corporate Fiduciary Receivership 15 16 account assessment shall be abated. If a receivership of a corporate fiduciary under this Act requires expenditures from 17 this account, assessments may be reinstituted until the 18 19 balance in the Corporate Fiduciary Receivership account arising from assessments is restored to $\frac{55,000,000}{350,000}$ \$350,000. 20

(c) The Commissioner may, by rule, establish a
reasonable manner of assessing the receivership assessments
under this Section.

24 (Source: P.A. 86-754; 86-952.)

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(205 ILCS 620/8-1) (from Ch. 17, par. 1558-1)

26 Sec. 8-1. False statements. It is unlawful for any officer, director, employee, or agent of any corporate 27 28 fiduciary subject to examination by the Commissioner or any person filing an application or submitting information in 29 30 connection with an application to the Commissioner to who shall willfully and knowingly subscribe to or make, or cause 31 32 to be made, any false statement or false entry with intent to 33 deceive any person or persons authorized to examine into the

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1 affairs of <u>the</u> such corporate fiduciary <u>or applicant</u> or with 2 intent to deceive the Commissioner or his administrative 3 officers in the performance of their duties under this Act. 4 <u>A person who violates this Section is</u> upon-conviction-thereof 5 shall-be guilty of a Class 3 felony.

6 (Source: P.A. 85-858.)

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(205 ILCS 620/9-6 new)

8 <u>Sec. 9-6. Audits.</u>

9 <u>(a) At least once in each calendar year a corporate</u> 10 <u>fiduciary must cause its books and records to be audited by</u> 11 <u>an independent licensed public accountant. The Commissioner</u> 12 <u>may prescribe the scope of the audit within generally</u> 13 <u>accepted audit principles and standards.</u>

(b) The independent licensed public accountant shall 14 15 provide a written audit report to the corporate fiduciary's 16 board of directors or to a committee appointed by the corporate fiduciary's board of directors. If the audit 17 report is given to a committee appointed by the corporate 18 fiduciary's board of directors, the committee shall, within 19 30 days after the date of receipt of the audit report, 20 provide the board of directors with a written summary of the 21 audit findings as detailed in the audit report. 22

23 (c) The corporate fiduciary's board of directors or 24 committee appointed by the board of directors shall cause a 25 copy of the audit report and any written summary pursuant to 26 paragraph (b) of this Section to be filed with the 27 Commissioner within 45 days after receipt of the audit 28 report.

Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect uponbecoming law.