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AN ACT in relation to vehicles.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,represented in the General Assembly:

4 Section 5. The Illinois Vehicle Code is amended by 5 changing Sections 6-500, 6-514, 18b-105, and 18b-107 as 6 follows:

7 (625 ILCS 5/6-500) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-500)
8 Sec. 6-500. Definitions of words and phrases.
9 Notwithstanding the definitions set forth elsewhere in this
10 Code, for purposes of the Uniform Commercial Driver's License
11 Act (UCDLA), the words and phrases listed below shall have
12 the meanings ascribed to them as follows:

Alcohol. "Alcohol" means any substance containing any form of alcohol, including but not limited to: ethanol; methanol; propanol and isopropanol.

16 Alcohol concentration. "Alcohol concentration" means:

17 (a) the number of grams of alcohol per 210 liters18 of breath; or

19 (b) the number of grams of alcohol per 10020 milliliters of blood; or

21 (c) the number of grams of alcohol per 6722 milliliters of urine.

Alcohol tests administered within 2 hours of the driver being "stopped or detained" shall be considered that driver's "alcohol concentration" for the purposes of enforcing this UCDLA.

27 Commercial Motor Vehicle. "Commercial motor vehicle" 28 means a motor vehicle, except those referred to in paragraph 29 (d), designed to transport passengers or property if:

30 (a) the vehicle has a GVWR of 26,001 pounds or more
31 or such a lesser GVWR as subsequently determined by

1 federal regulations or the Secretary of State; or any 2 combination of vehicles with a GCWR of 26,001 pounds or 3 more, provided the GVWR of any vehicle or vehicles being 4 towed is 10,001 pounds or more; or

5 (b) the vehicle is designed to transport 16 or more 6 persons; or

7 (c) the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials
8 and is required to be placarded in accordance with 49
9 C.F.R. Part 172, subpart F.

10 (d) Pursuant to the interpretation of the 11 Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 by the 12 Federal Highway Administration, the definition of 13 "commercial vehicle" does not include:

14 (i) Recreational vehicles, when operated15 primarily for personal use;

16 (ii) United States Department of Defense vehicles being operated by non-civilian personnel. 17 This includes any operator on active military duty; 18 19 members of the Reserves; National Guard; personnel on part-time training; and National Guard military 20 21 technicians (civilians who are required to wear 22 military uniforms and are subject to the Code of 23 Military Justice); or

24 (iii) Firefighting and other emergency 25 equipment with audible and visual signals, owned or operated by or for a governmental entity, which is 26 necessary to the preservation of life or property or 27 the execution of emergency governmental functions 28 which are normally not subject to general traffic 29 30 rules and regulations.

31 Controlled Substance. "Controlled substance" shall have 32 the same meaning as defined in Section 102 of the Illinois 33 Controlled Substances Act, and shall also include cannabis as 34 defined in Section 3 of the Cannabis Control Act.

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1 Conviction. "Conviction" means an unvacated adjudication 2 of guilt or a determination that a person has violated or failed to comply with the law in a court of original 3 4 jurisdiction or an authorized administrative tribunal; an 5 unvacated forfeiture of bail or collateral deposited to 6 secure the person's appearance in court; the payment of a 7 fine or court cost regardless of whether the imposition of 8 sentence is deferred and ultimately a judgment dismissing the 9 underlying charge is entered; or a violation of a condition of release without bail, regardless of whether or not the 10 11 penalty is rebated, suspended or probated.

Driver. "Driver" means any person who drives, operates, or is in physical control of a commercial motor vehicle, or who is required to hold a CDL.

"Employee" means a person who is employed as a 15 Employee. 16 commercial motor vehicle driver. А person who is 17 self-employed as a commercial motor vehicle driver must 18 comply with the requirements of this UCDLA pertaining to 19 An owner-operator on a long-term lease shall be employees. considered an employee. 20

21 Employer. "Employer" means a person (including the 22 United States, a State or a local authority) who owns or 23 leases a commercial motor vehicle or assigns employees to operate such a vehicle. A person who is self-employed as 24 a motor 25 commercial vehicle driver must comply with the requirements of this UCDLA. 26

Foreign jurisdiction. "Foreign jurisdiction" means a sovereign jurisdiction that does not fall within the definition of "State".

Hazardous Material. Upon a finding by the United States Secretary of Transportation, in his or her discretion, under AP App. U.S.C. 5103(a), that the transportation of a particular quantity and form of material in commerce may pose an unreasonable risk to health and safety or property, he or

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1 she shall designate the quantity and form of material or 2 group or class of the materials as a hazardous material. The materials so designated may include but are not limited to 3 4 explosives, radioactive materials, etiologic agents, 5 flammable liquids or solids, combustible liquids or solids, б poisons, oxidizing or corrosive materials, and compressed 7 gases.

8 Long-term-lease. "Long-term-lease" means a lease of a 9 commercial motor vehicle by the owner-lessor to a lessee, for 10 a period of more than 29 days.

Motor Vehicle. "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is self-propelled, and every vehicle which is propelled by electric power obtained from over head trolley wires but not operated upon rails, except vehicles moved solely by human power and motorized wheel chairs.

16 Non-resident CDL. "Non-resident CDL" means a commercial 17 driver's license issued by a State to an individual who is 18 domiciled in a foreign jurisdiction.

19 <u>Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Violation.</u>
20 <u>"Railroad-Highway Grade Crossing Violation" means a</u>
21 <u>conviction when operating a commercial motor vehicle of any</u>
22 <u>of the following:</u>

23 (a) A violation of Section 11-1201 of this Code.

24 (b) A violation of Section 11-1201.1 of this Code.

25 (c) A violation of Section 11-1202 of this Code.

26 (d) A violation of Section 11-1203 of this Code.

27 (e) A violation of 92 Illinois Administrative Code
28 <u>392.10.</u>

29 <u>(f) A violation of 92 Illinois Administrative Code</u> 30 <u>392.11.</u>

31 (g) A violation of any similar local ordinance.

32 Serious Traffic Violation. "Serious traffic violation"
33 means:

34 (a) A conviction when operating a commercial motor

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1 vehicle of: 2 (i) a violation relating to excessive speeding, involving a single speeding charge of 15 3 4 miles per hour or more above the legal speed limit; 5 or (ii) a violation relating to reckless driving; 6 7 or (iii) a violation of any State Law or local 8 9 ordinance relating to motor vehicle traffic control (other than parking violations) arising in 10 connection with a fatal traffic accident; or 11 (iv) a violation of Section 6-501, relating to 12 having multiple driver's licenses; or 13 (v) a violation of paragraph (a), of Section 14 15 6-507, relating to the requirement to have a valid 16 CDL; or (vi) a violation relating to improper or 17 erratic traffic lane changes; or 18 19 (vii) a violation relating to following another vehicle too closely; or 20 21 (b) any other similar violation of a law or local ordinance of any state relating to motor vehicle traffic 22 23 control, other than a parking violation, which the Secretary of State determines by Administrative Rule to 24 25 be serious. State. "State" means a State of the United States, the 26 District of Columbia and any Province or Territory of Canada. 27 (Source: P.A. 89-179, eff. 1-1-96; 89-571, eff. 7-26-96; 28 90-89, eff. 1-1-98.) 29 30 (625 ILCS 5/6-514) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 6-514) 31 Sec. 6-514. Commercial Driver's License (CDL) 32 Disqualifications. (a) A person shall be disqualified from driving a 33

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1 commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than 12
2 months for the first violation of:

3 (1) Refusing to submit to or failure to complete a
4 test or tests to determine the driver's blood
5 concentration of alcohol, other drug, or both, while
6 driving a commercial motor vehicle; or

7 (2) Operating a commercial motor vehicle while the 8 alcohol concentration of the person's blood, breath or 9 is at least 0.04, or any amount of a drug, urine substance, or compound in the person's blood or urine 10 11 resulting from the unlawful use or consumption of cannabis listed in the Cannabis Control Act or 12 a controlled substance listed in the Illinois Controlled 13 Substances Act as indicated by a police officer's sworn 14 report or other verified evidence; or 15

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(3) Conviction for a first violation of:

17 (i) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while
18 under the influence of alcohol, or any other drug,
19 or combination of drugs to a degree which renders
20 such person incapable of safely driving; or

21 (ii) Knowingly and wilfully leaving the scene 22 of an accident while operating a commercial motor 23 vehicle; or

24 (iii) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while25 committing any felony.

26 If any of the above violations or refusals occurred 27 while transporting hazardous material(s) required to be 28 placarded, the person shall be disqualified for a period 29 of not less than 3 years.

30 (b) A person is disqualified for life for a second
31 conviction of any of the offenses specified in paragraph (a),
32 or any combination of those offenses, arising from 2 or more
33 separate incidents.

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(c) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial

motor vehicle for life who uses a commercial motor vehicle in the commission of any felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute or dispense a controlled substance.

The Secretary of State may, when the United States 6 (d) 7 Secretary of Transportation so authorizes, issue regulations in which a disqualification for life under paragraph (b) 8 mav 9 be reduced to a period of not less than 10 years. If a reinstated driver is subsequently convicted of 10 another 11 disqualifying offense, as specified in subsection (a) of this Section, he or she shall be permanently disqualified for life 12 and shall be ineligible to again apply for a reduction of the 13 lifetime disqualification. 14

(e) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial 15 16 motor vehicle for a period of not less than 2 months if convicted of 2 serious traffic violations, committed in a 17 commercial motor vehicle, arising from separate incidents, 18 19 occurring within a 3 year period. However, a person will be disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a 20 21 period of not less than 4 months if convicted of 3 serious 22 traffic violations, committed in a commercial motor vehicle, 23 arising from separate incidents, occurring within a 3 year 24 period.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, any driver disqualified from operating a commercial motor vehicle, pursuant to this UCDLA, shall not be eligible for restoration of commercial driving privileges during any such period of disqualification.

30 (g) After suspending, revoking, or cancelling a 31 commercial driver's license, the Secretary of State must 32 update the driver's records to reflect such action within 10 33 days. After suspending or revoking the driving privilege of 34 any person who has been issued a CDL or commercial driver

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1 instruction permit from another jurisdiction, the Secretary 2 shall originate notification to such issuing jurisdiction 3 within 10 days.

4 (h) The "disqualifications" referred to in this Section
5 shall not be imposed upon any commercial motor vehicle
6 driver, by the Secretary of State, unless the prohibited
7 action(s) occurred after March 31, 1992.

8 (i) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial9 motor vehicle in accordance with the following:

10 (1) For 6 months upon a first conviction of 11 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507 of this 12 Code.

13 (2) For one year upon a second conviction of
14 paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507 of this
15 Code within a 10-year period.

16 (3) For 3 years upon a third or subsequent
17 conviction of paragraph (2) of subsection (b) of Section
18 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period.

19 (4) For one year upon a first conviction of 20 paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507 of this 21 Code.

(5) For 3 years upon a second conviction of
paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section 6-507 of this
Code within a 10-year period.

25 (6) For 5 years upon a third or subsequent
26 conviction of paragraph (3) of subsection (b) of Section
27 6-507 of this Code within a 10-year period.

28 (j) A person convicted of a railroad-highway grade 29 crossing violation is disqualified from driving a commercial 30 motor vehicle in accordance with the following:

31 (1) For not less than 60 days if the driver is
 32 convicted of a first violation.

33 (2) For not less than 120 days if, during any
 34 <u>3-year period, the driver is convicted of a second</u>

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1	<u>violation in a separate incident.</u>
2	(3) For not less than 1 year if, during any 3-year
3	period, the driver is convicted of a third violation
4	after 2 previous convictions resulting from separate
5	incidents.
б	(Source: P.A. 89-245, eff. 1-1-96; 90-422, eff. 1-1-98.)
7	(625 ILCS 5/18b-105) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 18b-105)
8	Sec. 18b-105. Rules and Regulations.
9	(a) The Department is authorized to make and adopt
10	reasonable rules and regulations and orders consistent with
11	law necessary to carry out the provisions of this Chapter.
12	(b) The following parts of Title 49 of the Code of
13	Federal Regulations, as now in effect, are hereby adopted by
14	reference as though they were set out in full:
15	Part 383-Commercial Driver's License Standards,
16	Requirements, and Penalties;
17	Part 385-Safety Fitness Procedures;
18	Part 390-Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations:
19	General;
20	Part 391-Qualifications of Drivers;
21	Part 392-Driving of Motor Vehicles;
22	Part 393-Parts and Accessories Necessary for Safe
23	Operation;
24	Part 395-Hours of Service of Drivers; and
25	Part 396-Inspection, Repair and Maintenance.
26	(c) The following parts and Sections of the Federal
27	Motor Carrier Safety Regulations shall not apply to those
28	intrastate carriers, drivers or vehicles subject to
29	subsection (b).
30	(1) Section 393.93 of Part 393 for those vehicles
31	manufactured before June 30, 1972.
32	(2) Section 393.86 of Part 393 for those vehicles
33	which are registered as farm trucks under subsection (c)

of Section 3-815 of The Illinois Vehicle Code.

- (3) (Blank).
- (4) (Blank).
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(5) Paragraph (b)(1) of Section 391.11 of Part 391. (6) All of Part 395 for all agricultural movements as defined in Chapter 1, between the period of February 1 through November 30 each year, and all farm to market agricultural transportation as defined in Chapter 1 and for grain hauling operations within a radius of 200 air miles of the normal work reporting location.

11 (7) Paragraphs (b)(3) (insulin dependent diabetic) and (b)(10) (minimum visual acuity) of Section 391.41 of 12 part 391, but only for any driver who immediately prior 13 to July 29, 1986 was eligible and licensed to operate a 14 15 motor vehicle subject to this Section and was engaged in 16 operating such vehicles, and who was disqualified on July 1986 by the adoption of Part 391 by reason of the 17 29, application of paragraphs (b)(3) and (b)(10) of Section 18 19 391.41 with respect to a physical condition existing at that time unless such driver has a record of accidents 20 21 which would indicate a lack of ability to operate a motor 22 vehicle in a safe manner.

23 Intrastate carriers subject (d) to the recording provisions of Section 395.8 of Part 395 of the Federal Motor 24 25 Carrier Safety Regulations shall be exempt as established under paragraph (1) of Section 395.8; provided, however, for 26 the purpose of this Code, drivers shall operate within a 150 27 air-mile radius of the normal work reporting location to 28 29 qualify for exempt status.

30 (e) Regulations adopted by the Department subsequent to 31 those adopted under subsection (b) hereof shall be identical 32 in substance to the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations 33 of the United States Department of Transportation and adopted 34 in accordance with the procedures for rulemaking in Section -11-

5-35 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act.
 (Source: P.A. 90-89, eff. 1-1-98; 90-228, eff. 7-25-97;
 90-655, eff. 7-30-98; 91-179, eff. 1-1-00.)

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(625 ILCS 5/18b-107) (from Ch. 95 1/2, par. 18b-107) Sec. 18b-107. Violations - Civil penalties.

Except as provided in Section 18b-108, any person who is 6 7 determined by the Department after reasonable notice and opportunity for a fair and impartial hearing to 8 have committed an act in violation of this Chapter or any rule or 9 10 regulation issued under this Chapter is liable to the State 11 for a civil penalty. Such person is subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$5,000 for such violation, except 12 that a person committing a railroad-highway grade crossing 13 violation is subject to a civil penalty of not more than 14 15 \$10,000, and, if any such violation is a continuing one, each day of violation constitutes a separate offense. The amount 16 17 of any such penalty shall be assessed by the Department by a 18 written notice. In determining the amount of such penalty, the Department shall take into 19 account the nature, 20 circumstances, extent and gravity of the violation and, with 21 respect to a person found to have committed such violation, 22 the degree of culpability, history or prior offenses, ability to pay, effect on ability to continue to do business and such 23 24 other matters as justice may require.

Such civil penalty is recoverable in an action brought by 25 the State's Attorney or the Attorney General on behalf of the 26 State in the circuit court or, prior to referral to the 27 28 State's Attorney or the Attorney General, such civil penalty 29 may be compromised by the Department. The amount of such penalty when finally determined (or agreed upon 30 in 31 compromise), may be deducted from any sums owed by the State to the person charged. All civil penalties collected under 32 this subsection shall be deposited in the Road Fund. 33

1 (Source: P.A. 86-611; 86-1236.)

2 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect 3 January 1, 2002.