- 1 AN ACT in relation to elections.
- 2 Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
- 3 represented in the General Assembly:
- 4 Section 5. The Election Code is amended by changing
- 5 Sections 7-19, 7-46, 7-47, 7-49, 7-52, 7-53, 7-54, 7-55,
- 6 7-66, 15-6, 16-11, 17-9, 17-43, 18-5, 18-40, 19-2.1, 19-7,
- 7 19-8, 19-9, 19-10, 19-12.2, 19-15, 20-2, 20-2.1, 20-2.2,
- 8 20-7, 20-8, 20-9, and 20-15 and by adding Article 24C as
- 9 follows:
- 10 (10 ILCS 5/7-19) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-19)
- 11 Sec. 7-19. <u>Arrangement and printing of primary ballot.</u>
- 12 The primary ballot of each political party for each precinct
- 13 shall be arranged and printed substantially in the manner
- 14 following:
- 1. Designating words. At the top of the ballot shall be
- 16 printed in large capital letters, words designating the
- 17 ballot, if a Republican ballot, the designating words shall
- 18 be: "REPUBLICAN PRIMARY BALLOT"; if a Democratic ballot the
- 19 designating words shall be: "DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY BALLOT"; and
- in like manner for each political party.
- 2. Order of Names, Directions to Voters, etc. Beginning
- 22 not less than one inch below designating words, the name of
- each office to be filled shall be printed in capital letters.
- 24 Such names may be printed on the ballot either in a single
- 25 column or in 2 or more columns and in the following order,
- 26 to-wit:
- 27 President of the United States, State offices,
- 28 congressional offices, delegates and alternate delegates to
- 29 be elected from the State at large to National nominating
- 30 conventions, delegates and alternate delegates to be elected
- 31 from congressional districts to National nominating

- 1 conventions, member or members of the State central
- 2 committee, trustees of sanitary districts, county offices,
- 3 judicial officers, city, village and incorporated town
- 4 offices, town offices, or of such of the said offices as
- 5 candidates are to be nominated for at such primary, and
- 6 precinct, township or ward committeemen. If two or more
- 7 columns are used, the foregoing offices to and including
- 8 member of the State central committee shall be listed in the
- 9 left-hand column and Senatorial offices, as defined in
- 10 Section 8-3, shall be the first offices listed in the second
- 11 column.
- 12 Below the name of each office shall be printed in small
- letters the directions to voters: "Vote for one"; "Vote for
- 14 two"; "Vote for three"; or a spelled number designating how
- many persons under that head are to be voted for.
- 16 Next to the name of each candidate for delegate or
- 17 alternate delegate to a national nominating convention shall
- 18 appear either (a) the name of the candidate's preference for
- 19 President of the United States or the word "uncommitted" or
- 20 (b) no official designation, depending upon the action taken
- 21 by the State central committee pursuant to Section 7-10.3 of
- this Act.
- 23 Below the name of each office shall be printed in capital
- letters the names of all candidates, arranged in the order in
- 25 which their petitions for nominations were filed, except as
- otherwise provided in Sections 7-14 and 7-17 of this Article.
- 27 Opposite and in front of the name of each candidate shall be
- 28 printed a square and all squares upon the primary ballot
- 29 shall be of uniform size. Spaces between the names of
- 30 candidates under each office shall be uniform and sufficient
- 31 spaces shall separate the names of candidates for one office
- 32 from the names of candidates for another office, to avoid
- 33 confusion and to permit the writing in of the names of other
- 34 candidates.

- 1 Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or
- 2 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 3 provisions of this <u>Article</u> Seetion may be modified as
- 4 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or
- 5 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 83-33.)
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/7-46) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-46)
- 8 Sec. 7-46. <u>Voting of ballot; writing in names.</u> On
- 9 receiving from the primary judges a primary ballot of his
- 10 party, the primary elector shall forthwith and without
- 11 leaving the polling place, retire alone to one of the voting
- booths and prepare such primary ballot by marking a cross (X)
- in the square in front of and opposite the name of each
- 14 candidate of his choice for each office to be filled, and for
- 15 delegates and alternate delegates to national nominating
- 16 conventions, and for committeemen, if committeemen are being
- 17 elected at such primary.
- 18 Any primary elector may, instead of voting for any
- 19 candidate for nomination or for committeeman or for delegate
- 20 or alternate delegate to national nominating conventions,
- 21 whose name is printed on the primary ballot, write in the
- 22 name of any other person affiliated with such party as a
- 23 candidate for the nomination for any office, or for
- 24 committeeman, or for delegates or alternate delegates to
- 25 national nominating conventions, and indicate his choice of
- 26 such candidate or committeeman or delegate or alternate
- 27 delegate, by placing to the left of and opposite the name
- thus written a square and placing in the square a cross (X).
- Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or
- 30 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 31 provisions of this <u>Article</u> seetien may be modified as
- 32 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or
- 33 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.

- 1 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2220.)
- 2 (10 ILCS 5/7-47) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-47)
- 3 Sec. 7-47. Folding and delivery of ballot; entry in poll
- 4 <u>book</u>. Before leaving the booth, the primary elector shall
- 5 fold his primary ballot in such manner as to conceal the
- 6 marks thereon. Such voter shall then vote forthwith by
- 7 handing the primary judge the primary ballot received by such
- 8 voter. Thereupon the primary judge shall deposit such primary
- 9 ballot in the ballot box. One of the judges shall thereupon
- 10 enter in the primary poll book the name of the primary
- 11 elector, his residence and his party affiliation or shall
- 12 make the entries on the official poll record as required by
- articles 4, 5 and 6, if any one of them is applicable.
- 14 Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or
- 15 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 16 provisions of this <u>Article</u> seetien may be modified as
- 17 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or
- 18 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.
- 19 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2220.)
- 20 (10 ILCS 5/7-49) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-49)
- Sec. 7-49. <u>No adjournment or recess after opening of</u>
- 22 polls. After the opening of the polls at a primary no
- 23 adjournment shall be had nor recess taken until the canvass
- 24 of all the votes is completed and the returns carefully
- 25 enveloped and sealed.
- Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or
- 27 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 28 provisions of this <u>Article</u> section may be modified as
- 29 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or
- 30 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.
- 31 (Source: Laws 1965, p. 2220.)

- 1 (10 ILCS 5/7-52) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-52)
- 2 Sec. 7-52. <u>Precinct canvass of votes.</u> Immediately upon
- 3 closing the polls, the primary judges shall proceed to
- 4 canvass the votes in the manner following:
- 5 (1) They shall separate and count the ballots of each
- 6 political party.
- 7 (2) They shall then proceed to ascertain the number of
- 8 names entered on the applications for ballot under each party
- 9 affiliation.
- 10 (3) If the primary ballots of any political party exceed
- 11 the number of applications for ballot by voters of such
- 12 political party, the primary ballots of such political party
- 13 shall be folded and replaced in the ballot box, the box
- 14 closed, well shaken and again opened and one of the primary
- judges, who shall be blindfolded, shall draw out so many of
- 16 the primary ballots of such political party as shall be equal
- 17 to such excess. Such excess ballots shall be marked
- 18 "Excess-Not Counted" and signed by a majority of the judges
- and shall be placed in the "After 6:00 p.m. Defective Ballots
- 20 Envelope". The number of excess ballots shall be noted in the
- 21 remarks section of the Certificate of Results. "Excess"
- 22 ballots shall not be counted in the total of "defective"
- 23 ballots;
- 24 (4) The primary judges shall then proceed to count the
- 25 primary ballots of each political party separately; and as
- the primary judges shall open and read the primary ballots, 3
- 27 of the judges shall carefully and correctly mark upon
- 28 separate tally sheets the votes which each candidate of the
- 29 party whose name is written or printed on the primary ballot
- 30 has received, in a separate column for that purpose, with the
- 31 name of such candidate, the name of his political party and
- 32 the name of the office for which he is a candidate for
- 33 nomination at the head of such column.
- Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or

- 1 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 2 provisions of this <u>Article</u> seetion may be modified as
- 3 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or
- 4 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.
- 5 (Source: P.A. 80-484.)
- 6 (10 ILCS 5/7-53) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-53)
- 7 Sec. 7-53. Tally sheets; certificate of results. As soon as the ballots of a political party shall have been read 8 and the votes of the political party counted, as provided in 9 10 the last above Section, the 3 judges in charge of the tally sheets shall foot up the tally sheets so as to show the total 11 number of votes cast for each candidate of the political 12 party and for each candidate for State Central committeeman 13 14 and precinct committeeman, township committeeman or ward 15 committeeman, and delegate and alternate delegate to National nominating conventions, and certify the same to be correct. 16 17 Thereupon, the primary judges shall set down in a certificate 18 of results on the tally sheet, under the name of the political party, the name of each candidate voted for upon 19 20 the primary ballot, written at full length, the name of the office for which he is a candidate for nomination or for 21 22 committeeman, or delegate or alternate delegate to National nominating conventions, the total number of votes which the 23 24 candidate received, and they shall also set down the total number of ballots voted by the primary electors of the 25 political party in the precinct. The certificate of results 26
- 28 ..... Party

shall be made substantially in the following form:

- 29 At the primary election held in the .... precinct of the
- 30 (1) \*township of ...., or (2) \*City of ...., or (3) \*....
- 31 ward in the city of .... on (insert date), the primary
- 32 electors of the .... party voted .... ballots, and the
- 33 respective candidates whose names were written or printed on

1	the primary ballot of the	party, rece	eived respectively
2	the following votes:		
3	Name of		No. of
4	Candidate,	Title of Office,	Votes
5	John Jones	Governor	100
6	Sam Smith	Governor	70
7	Frank Martin	Attorney General	150
8	William Preston	Rep. in Congress	200
9	Frederick John	Circuit Judge	50
10	*Fill in either (1), (2) or (3).		
11	And so on for each candidate.		
12	We hereby certify the above and foregoing to be true and		
13	correct.		
14	Dated (insert date).		
15			
16		Name	Address
17			
18		Name	Address
19			
20		Name	Address
21			
22		Name	Address
23			
24		Name	Address
25	Judges of Primary		
26	Where voting machines	, er electronic vo	oting systems <u>, or</u>
27	<u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the		
28	provisions of this <u>Article</u> Section may be modified as		
29	required or authorized by	Article 24_ and	Article 24A <u>, or</u>
30	Article 24C, whichever is applicable.		
31	(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)		
32	(10 ILCS 5/7-54) (from	n Ch. 46, par. 7-5	54)
33	Sec. 7-54. Binding	and sealing ba	allots; report of

- 1 <u>results.</u> After the votes of a political party have been
- 2 counted and set down and the tally sheets footed and the
- 3 entry made in the primary poll books or return, as above
- 4 provided, all the primary ballots of said political party,
- 5 except those marked "defective" or "objected to" shall be
- 6 securely bound, lengthwise and in width, with a soft cord
- 7 having a minimum tensile strength of 60 pounds separately for
- 8 each political party in the order in which said primary
- 9 ballots have been read, and shall thereupon be carefully
- 10 sealed in an envelope, which envelope shall be endorsed as
- 11 follows:
- 12 "Primary ballots of the.... party of the.... precinct of
- 13 the county of.... and State of Illinois."
- 14 Below each endorsement, each primary judge shall write
- 15 his name.
- 16 Immediately thereafter the judges shall designate one of
- 17 their number to go to the nearest telephone and report to the
- office of the county clerk or board of election commissioners
- 19 (as the case may be) the results of such primary. Such clerk
- or board shall keep his or its office open after the close of
- 21 the polls until he or it has received from each precinct
- 22 under his or its jurisdiction the report above provided for.
- 23 Immediately upon receiving such report such clerk or board
- shall cause the same to be posted in a public place in his or
- 25 its office for inspection by the public. Immediately after
- 26 making such report such judge shall return to the polling
- 27 place.
- Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or
- 29 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 30 provisions of this <u>Article</u> seetien may be modified as
- 31 required or authorized by Article 24, or Article 24A, or
- 32 <u>Article 24C</u>, whichever is applicable.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 81-1433.)

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Sec. 7-55. Delivery and acceptance of election

1 (10 ILCS 5/7-55) (from Ch. 46, par. 7-55)

materials. The primary poll books or the official poll 3 4 record, and the tally sheets with the certificates of the primary judges written thereon, together with the envelopes 5 containing the ballots, including the envelope containing the 6 7 ballots marked "defective" or "objected to", shall carefully enveloped 8 and sealed up together, properly 9 endorsed, and the primary judges shall elect 2 judges each of the major political parties), who shall 10 from 11 immediately deliver the same to the clerk from whom the primary ballots were obtained, which clerk shall safely keep 12 the same for 2 months, and thereafter shall safely keep the 13 poll books until the next primary. Each election authority 14 15 shall keep the office of the election authority, or 16 receiving stations designated by such authority, open for at least 12 consecutive hours after the polls close, or until 17 the judges of each precinct under the jurisdiction of the 18 election authority have delivered to the election authority 19 20 all the above materials sealed up together and properly 21 endorsed as provided herein. Materials delivered to the 22 election authority which are not in the condition required by 23 this Section shall not be accepted by the election authority until the judges delivering the same make and sign the 24 25 necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of the materials by the election authority, the judges delivering the same shall 26 take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped 27 with the time and date of such delivery. The election judges 28 29 whose duty it is to deliver any materials as above provided 30 in the event such materials cannot be found when needed, on proper request, produce the receipt which they are 31 to take as above provided. 32 The county clerk or board of election commissioners shall 33

deliver a copy of each tally sheet to the county chairmen of

- 1 the two largest political parties.
- Where voting machines, or electronic voting systems, or
- 3 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u> are used, the
- 4 provisions of this <u>Article</u> seetion may be modified as
- 5 required or authorized by Article 24, and Article 24A, or
- 6 Article 24C, whichever is applicable.
- 7 (Source: P.A. 83-764.)
- 8 (10 ILCS 5/7-66)
- 9 Sec. 7-66. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 10 voting equipment and direct recording electronic voting
- 11 <u>systems equipment</u>.
- 12 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct
- 13 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant
- 14 to Article 24B of this Code or <u>Direct Recording Electronic</u>
- 15 <u>Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code</u>, and
- the provisions of those Articles the-Article are in conflict
- 17 with the provisions of this Article 7, the provisions of
- 18 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern
- 19 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges
- of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the
- 21 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election
- 22 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures
- 23 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology
- 24 voting equipment <u>or Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u>
- 25 <u>Systems equipment</u> authorized by the State Board of Elections
- 26 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either
- 27 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the
- 28 State Board of Elections.
- 29 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)
- 30 (10 ILCS 5/15-6)
- 31 Sec. 15-6. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 32 voting equipment and direct recording electronic voting

- 1 <u>systems equipment</u>.
- 2 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct
- 3 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant
- 4 to Article 24B of this Code or <u>Direct Recording Electronic</u>
- 5 <u>Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code</u>, and
- 6 the provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict
- 7 with the provisions of this Article 15, the provisions of
- 8 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern
- 9 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges
- of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the
- 11 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election
- 12 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures
- 13 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology
- 14 voting equipment or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u>
- 15 <u>Systems equipment</u> authorized by the State Board of Elections
- 16 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either
- 17 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the
- 18 State Board of Elections.
- 19 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)
- 20 (10 ILCS 5/16-11)
- 21 Sec. 16-11. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 22 voting equipment and direct recording electronic voting
- 23 <u>systems equipment</u>.
- 24 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct
- 25 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant
- 26 to Article 24B of this Code or <u>Direct Recording Electronic</u>
- 27 <u>Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code</u>, and
- 28 the provisions of those Articles the-Article are in conflict
- 29 with the provisions of this Article 16, the provisions of
- 30 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern
- 31 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges
- of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the
- 33 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election

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- 1 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures
- 2 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology
- 3 voting equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting
- 4 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections
- as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either 5
- Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 6
- 7 State Board of Elections.
- (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.) 8
- (10 ILCS 5/17-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 17-9) 9
- 10 Sec. 17-9. Any person desiring to vote shall give his 11 name and, if required to do so, his residence to the judges of election, one of whom shall thereupon announce the same in 12 a loud and distinct tone of voice, clear, and audible; the 13 14 judges of elections shall check each application for ballot
- 15 against the list of voters registered in that precinct to
- whom absentee ballots have been issued for that election, 16
- 17 which shall be provided by the election authority and which
- list shall be available for inspection by pollwatchers. A 18
- voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose 19
- 20 name appears on the list as having been issued an absentee
- 21 ballot shall not be permitted to vote in the precinct unless
- cancellation-or-revocation, his absentee ballot. In the case

the judges of election, -- for

to

submits

voter

that the voter's absentee ballot is not present in the

- polling place, it shall be sufficient for any such voter to 25
- submit to the judges of election in lieu of his absentee 26
- ballot, either a portion of such ballot if torn or mutilated, 27
- 28 or an affidavit executed before the judges of election
- specifying that the voter never received an absentee ballot, 29
- 30 or-an--affidavit--executed--before--the--judges--of--election
- specifying--that--the--voter--desires-to-cancel-or-revoke-any 31
- 32 absentee-ballot-that-may-have-been-cast-in-the-voter's--name.
- 33 All applicable provisions of Articles 4, 5 or 6 shall be

complied with and if such name is found on the register of 2 voters by the officer having charge thereof, he shall likewise repeat said name, and the voter shall be allowed to 3 4 enter within the proximity of the voting booths, as above One of the judges shall give the voter one, and 5 provided. only one of each ballot to be voted at the election, 6 7 back of which ballots such judge shall indorse his initials 8 in such manner that they may be seen when each such ballot is 9 properly folded, and the voter's name shall be immediately checked on the register list. In those election jurisdictions 10 11 where perforated ballot cards are utilized of the type on which write-in votes can be cast above the perforation, the 12 election authority shall provide a space both above and below 13 the perforation for the judge's initials, and the judge shall 14 endorse his or her initials in both spaces. 15 16 proposal for a constitutional amendment or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be voted upon at the 17 election, the separate blue ballot or ballots pertaining 18 thereto shall, when being handed to the voter, be placed on 19 top of the other ballots to be voted at the election in such 20 21 manner that the legend appearing on the back thereof, 22 prescribed in Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly 23 visible to the voter. At all elections, when a registry may be required, if the name of any person so desiring to vote at 24 25 such election is not found on the register of voters, he or she shall not receive a ballot until he or she shall have 26 27 complied with the law prescribing the manner and conditions of voting by unregistered voters. If any person desiring to 28 29 vote at any election shall be challenged, he or she shall not 30 receive a ballot until he or she shall have established his right to vote in the manner provided hereinafter; and if he 31 or she shall be challenged after he has received his ballot, 32 he shall not be permitted to vote until he or she has fully 33 34 complied with such requirements of the law upon being

1 challenged. Besides the election officer, not more than 2 2 voters in excess of the whole number of voting booths provided shall be allowed within the proximity of the voting 3 4 booths at one time. The provisions of this Act, so far as they require the registration of voters as a condition to 5 6 their being allowed to vote shall not apply to persons otherwise entitled to vote, who are, at the time of the 7 election, or at any time within 60 days prior to such 8 election have been engaged in the military or naval service 9 of the United States, and who appear personally at the 10 11 polling place on election day and produce to the judges of election satisfactory evidence thereof, but such persons, if 12 otherwise qualified to vote, shall be permitted to vote at 13 such election without previous registration. 14

- 15 All such persons shall also make an affidavit which shall 16 be in substantially the following form:
- 17 State of Illinois,)
- 18 ) ss.
- 19 County of .....)
- 20 ..... Precinct ..... Ward
- 21 I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a 22 citizen of the United States, of the age of 18 years or over, 23 and that within the past 60 days prior to the date of this election at which I am applying to vote, I have been engaged 24 25 in the .... (military or naval) service of the United States; and I am qualified to vote under and by virtue of the 26 Constitution and laws of the State of Illinois, and that I am 27 a legally qualified voter of this precinct and ward except 28 29 that I have, because of such service, been unable to register 30 as a voter; that I now reside at .... (insert street and number, if any) in this precinct and ward; that I have 31 32 maintained a legal residence in this precinct and ward for 30 33 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this election.

34

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1
         Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).
 2
                                       3
                                             Judge of Election.
         The affidavit of any such person shall be supported by
 4
 5
     the affidavit of a resident and qualified voter of any such
     precinct and ward, which affidavit shall be in substantially
 б
 7
     the following form:
     State of Illinois,)
8
9
                      ) ss.
     County of .....)
10
11
     ..... Precinct ..... Ward
12
         I, ...., do solemnly swear (or affirm), that I am a
     resident of this precinct and ward and entitled to vote at
13
14
     this election; that I am acquainted with .... (name of the
     applicant); that I verily believe him to be an actual bona
15
     fide resident of this precinct and ward and that I verily
16
     believe that he or she has maintained a legal residence
17
18
     therein 30 days and in this State 30 days next preceding this
19
     election.
20
                                       21
         Subscribed and sworn to before me on (insert date).
22
                                       23
                                             Judge of Election.
24
         All affidavits made under the provisions of this Section
25
     shall be enclosed in a separate envelope securely sealed, and
     shall be transmitted with the returns of the elections to the
26
     county clerk or to the board of election commissioners, who
27
     shall preserve the said affidavits for the period of 6
28
29
     months, during which period such affidavits shall be deemed
     public records and shall be freely open to examination as
30
31
     such.
     (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)
32
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- 1 (10 ILCS 5/17-43)
- 2 Sec. 17-43. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 3 voting equipment and direct recording electronic voting
- 4 <u>systems equipment</u>.
- If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct
- 6 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant
- 7 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic
- 8 Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code, and
- 9 the provisions of those Articles the-Article are in conflict
- 10 with the provisions of this Article 17, the provisions of
- 11 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern
- 12 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges
- of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the
- 14 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election
- 15 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures
- 16 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology
- 17 voting equipment or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u>
- 18 <u>Systems equipment</u> authorized by the State Board of Elections
- 19 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either
- 20 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the
- 21 State Board of Elections.
- 22 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)
- 23 (10 ILCS 5/18-5) (from Ch. 46, par. 18-5)
- Sec. 18-5. Questioning of person desiring to vote;
- $\underline{\text{receipt}}$  of ballots. Any person desiring to vote and whose
- 26 name is found upon the register of voters by the person
- 27 having charge thereof, shall then be questioned by one of the
- 28 judges as to his nativity, his term of residence at present
- 29 address, precinct, State and United States, his age, whether
- 30 naturalized and if so the date of naturalization papers and
- 31 court from which secured, and he shall be asked to state his
- 32 residence when last previously registered and the date of the
- 33 election for which he then registered. The judges of

elections shall check each application for ballot against the 2 list of voters registered in that precinct to whom absentee ballots have been issued for that election, which shall be 3 4 provided by the election authority and which list shall be 5 available for inspection by pollwatchers. A voter applying to vote in the precinct on election day whose name appears on 6 7 the list as having been issued an absentee ballot shall not 8 be permitted to vote in the precinct unless that voter 9 submits to the judges of election, --for--eancellation--or 10 revocation, his absentee ballot. In the case that the 11 voter's absentee ballot is not present in the polling place, 12 it shall be sufficient for any such voter to submit to the judges of election in lieu of his absentee ballot, either a 13 portion of such ballot if torn or mutilated, or an affidavit 14 15 executed before the judges of election specifying that 16 voter never received an absentee ballot,-er-an-affidavit executed-before-the-judges-of-election--specifying--that--the 17 voter--desires--to--cancel-or-revoke-any-absentee-ballot-that 18 19 may-have-been-east-in-the-veter's-name. If such person so registered shall be challenged as disqualified, the party 20 21 challenging shall assign his reasons therefor, and thereupon 22 one of the judges shall administer to him an oath to answer 23 questions, and if he shall take the oath he shall then be 24 questioned by the judge or judges touching such cause of 25 challenge, and touching any other cause of disqualification. And he may also be questioned by the person challenging him 26 in regard to his qualifications and identity. But if 27 majority of the judges are of the opinion that he is the 28 29 person so registered and a qualified voter, his vote shall 30 then be received accordingly. But if his vote be rejected by such judges, such person may afterward produce and deliver an 31 32 affidavit to such judges, subscribed and sworn to by him before one of the judges, in which it shall be stated how 33 34 long he has resided in such precinct, and state; that he is a

citizen of the United States, and is a duly qualified voter in such precinct, and that he is the identical person so registered. In addition to such an affidavit, the person so challenged shall provide to the judges of election proof of residence by producing 2 forms of identification showing the person's current residence address, provided that such identification to the person at his current residence address and postmarked not earlier than 30 days prior to the date of election, or the person shall procure a witness personally known to the judges of election, and resident in the precinct (or district), or who shall be proved by some legal voter of such precinct or district, known to the judges to be such, who shall take the oath following, viz: 

I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I am a resident of this election precinct (or district), and entitled to vote at this election, and that I have been a resident of this State for 30 days last past, and am well acquainted with the person whose vote is now offered; that he is an actual and bona fide resident of this election precinct (or district), and has resided herein 30 days, and as I verily believe, in this State, 30 days next preceding this election.

The oath in each case may be administered by one of the judges of election, or by any officer, resident in the precinct or district, authorized by law to administer oaths. Also supported by an affidavit by a registered voter residing in such precinct, stating his own residence, and that he knows such person; and that he does reside at the place mentioned and has resided in such precinct and state for the length of time as stated by such person, which shall be subscribed and sworn to in the same way. Whereupon the vote of such person shall be received, and entered as other votes. But such judges, having charge of such registers, shall state in their respective books the facts in such case, and the affidavits, so delivered to the judges, shall be preserved

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and returned to the office of the commissioners of election.

2 Blank affidavits of the character aforesaid shall be sent out

3 to the judges of all the precincts, and the judges of

4 election shall furnish the same on demand and administer the

oaths without criticism. Such oaths, if administered by any

other officer than such judge of election, shall not be

7 received. Whenever a proposal for a constitutional amendment

8 or for the calling of a constitutional convention is to be

voted upon at the election, the separate blue ballot or

ballots pertaining thereto shall be placed on top of the

other ballots to be voted at the election in such manner that

12 the legend appearing on the back thereof, as prescribed in

Section 16-6 of this Act, shall be plainly visible to the

voter, and in this fashion the ballots shall be handed to the

15 voter by the judge.

The voter shall, upon quitting the voting booth, deliver to one of the judges of election all of the ballots, properly folded, which he received. The judge of election to whom the voter delivers his ballots shall not accept the same unless all of the ballots given to the voter are returned by him. If a voter delivers less than all of the ballots given to him, the judge to whom the same are offered shall advise him in a voice clearly audible to the other judges of election that the voter must return the remainder of the ballots. The statement of the judge to the voter shall clearly express the fact that the voter is not required to vote such remaining ballots but that whether or not he votes them he must fold and deliver them to the judge. In making such statement judge of election shall not indicate by word, gesture or intonation of voice that the unreturned ballots shall be voted in any particular manner. No new voter shall be permitted to enter the voting booth of a voter who has failed to deliver the total number of ballots received by him until such voter has returned to the voting booth pursuant to the

enter the voting booth.

judge's request and again quit the booth with all of ballots required to be returned by him. Upon receipt of all such ballots the judges of election shall enter the name of the voter, and his number, as above provided in this section, and the judge to whom the ballots are delivered shall immediately put the ballots into the ballot box. If any voter who has failed to deliver all the ballots received by him refuses to return to the voting booth after being advised by the judge of election as herein provided, the judge shall inform the other judges of such refusal, and thereupon the ballot or ballots returned to the judge shall be deposited in the ballot box, the voter shall be permitted to depart from

The judge of election who receives the ballot or ballots from the voter shall announce the residence and name of such voter in a loud voice. The judge shall put the ballot or ballots received from the voter into the ballot box in the presence of the voter and the judges of election, and in plain view of the public. The judges having charge of such registers shall then, in a column prepared thereon, in the same line of, the name of the voter, mark "Voted" or the letter "V".

the polling place, and a new voter shall be permitted to

No judge of election shall accept from any voter less than the full number of ballots received by such voter without first advising the voter in the manner above provided of the necessity of returning all of the ballots, nor shall any such judge advise such voter in a manner contrary to that which is herein permitted, or in any other manner violate the provisions of this section; provided, that the acceptance by a judge of election of less than the full number of ballots delivered to a voter who refuses to return to the voting booth after being properly advised by such judge shall not be a violation of this Section.

1 (Source: P.A. 89-653, eff. 8-14-96.)

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2 (10 ILCS 5/18-40)
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3 Sec. 18-40. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology

4 voting equipment <u>and direct recording electronic voting</u>

5 <u>systems equipment</u>.

If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct 6 7 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant to Article 24B of this Code or <u>Direct Recording Electronic</u> 8 Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C, and the 9 10 provisions of those Articles the-Artiele are in conflict with the provisions of this Article 18, the provisions of Article 11 12 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of 13 14 elections, and all employees and agents. In following the 15 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures 16 17 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u> 18 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections 19 20 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the 21

23 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)

State Board of Elections.

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## 24 (10 ILCS 5/19-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-2.1)

25 Sec. 19-2.1. At the consolidated primary, general primary, consolidated, and general elections, 26 electors entitled to vote by absentee ballot under the provisions of 27 28 Section 19-1 may vote in person at the office of the municipal clerk, if the elector is a resident of a 29 30 municipality not having a board of election commissioners, or at the office of the township clerk or, in counties not under 31 township organization, at the office of the road district 32

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1 clerk if the elector is not a resident of a municipality;

2 provided, in each case that the municipal, township or road

3 district clerk, as the case may be, is authorized to conduct

4 in-person absentee voting pursuant to this Section. Absentee

voting in such municipal and township clerk's offices under

this Section shall be conducted from the 22nd day through the

7 day before the election.

8 Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) 9 who have regularly scheduled working hours at regularly designated offices other than a place of residence and whose 10 11 offices are open for business during the same hours as the office of the election authority shall conduct in-person 12 absentee voting for said elections. Municipal and township 13 clerks (or road district clerks) who have no regularly 14 15 scheduled working hours but who have regularly designated 16 offices other than a place of residence shall conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections during the hours 17 of 8:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. or 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., 18 weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on Saturdays, but not 19 during such hours as the office of the election authority is 20 closed, unless the clerk files a written waiver with the 21 22 election authority not later than July 1 of each year stating 23 that he or she is unable to conduct such voting and the reasons therefor. Such clerks who conduct in-person absentee 24 25 voting may extend their hours for that purpose to include any hours in which the election authority's office is open. 26 Municipal and township clerks (or road district clerks) 27 have no regularly scheduled office hours and no regularly 28 29 designated offices other than a place of residence may 30 conduct in-person absentee voting for said elections. election authority may devise alternative methods 31 for in-person absentee voting before said elections for those 32 precincts located within the territorial 33 area of a 34 municipality or township (or road district) wherein the clerk

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1 of such municipality or township (or road district) has

2 waived or is not entitled to conduct such voting. In

3 addition, electors may vote by absentee ballot under the

4 provisions of Section 19-1 at the office of the election

5 authority having jurisdiction over their residence.

In conducting absentee voting under this Section, the 6 7 respective clerks shall not be required to verify the 8 signature of the absentee voter by comparison with the 9 signature on the official registration record card. However, the clerk shall reasonably ascertain the identity of such 10 11 applicant, shall verify that each such applicant is a registered voter, and shall verify the precinct in which he 12 or she is registered and the proper ballots of the political 13 subdivisions in which the applicant resides and is entitled 14 15 to vote, prior to providing any absentee ballot to such 16 The clerk shall verify the applicant's registration and from the most recent poll list provided by 17 the county clerk, and if the applicant is not listed on that 18 19 poll list then by telephoning the office of the county clerk. Absentee voting procedures in the office of 20 t.he 21 municipal, township and road district clerks shall be subject 22 to all of the applicable provisions of this Article 19. 23 Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe in-person absentee voting procedures at the office of the municipal, township or 24 25 road district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed 26 in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23, 27 except each candidate, political party or organization of 28 29 citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location 30 where in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers residents of the county and possess valid 31 shall be

pollwatcher credentials. All requirements in this Article

applicable to election authorities shall apply to the

respective local clerks, except where inconsistent with this

1 Section.

In election jurisdictions that deliver absentee ballots to the polling place to be counted by the precinct judges on election day, the sealed absentee ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered by the respective clerks, or by the election authority on behalf of a clerk if the clerk and the election authority agree, to the proper polling place before the close of the polls on the day of the general primary, consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election. In election jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct 

Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C and that count absentee ballots in the office of the election authority on election day, the sealed absentee ballots in their carrier envelope shall be delivered to the office of the election authority by the respective clerks before the close of the polls on the day of the general primary, consolidated primary, consolidated, or general election.

Not more than 23 days before the nempartisan, general and consolidated elections, the county clerk shall make available to those municipal, township and road district clerks conducting in-person absentee voting within such county, a sufficient number of applications, absentee ballots, envelopes, and printed voting instruction slips for use by absentee voters in the offices of such clerks. The respective clerks shall receipt for all ballots received, shall return all unused or spoiled ballots to the county clerk on the day of the election and shall strictly account for all ballots received.

The ballots delivered to the respective clerks shall include absentee ballots for each precinct in the municipality, township or road district, or shall include such separate ballots for each political subdivision conducting an election of officers or a referendum on that

- 1 election day as will permit any resident of the municipality,
- 2 township or road district to vote absentee in the office of
- 3 the proper clerk.
- 4 The clerks of all municipalities, townships and road
- 5 districts may distribute applications for absentee ballot for
- 6 the use of voters who wish to mail such applications to the
- 7 appropriate election authority. Such applications for
- 8 absentee ballots shall be made on forms provided by the
- 9 election authority. Duplication of such forms by the
- 10 municipal, township or road district clerk is prohibited.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 91-210, eff. 1-1-00.)
- 12 (10 ILCS 5/19-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-7)
- Sec. 19-7. Upon receipt of such absent voter's ballot,
- 14 the election authority shall forthwith enclose the same
- 15 unopened, together with the application made by said absent
- voter in a large or carrier envelope which shall be securely
- 17 sealed and endorsed with the name and official title of such
- 18 officer and the words, "This envelope contains an absent
- 19 voter's ballot and must be opened on election day, "together
- 20 with the number and description of the precinct in which said
- 21 ballot is to be voted, and such officer shall thereafter
- 22 safely keep the same in his office until counted by him as
- 23 provided in this Article the-next-section.
- 24 Except as provided in Article 24C, the election authority
- 25 <u>may choose (i) to have the absentee ballots delivered before</u>
- 26 the closing of the polls to their proper polling places for
- 27 <u>counting by the precinct judges or (ii) to have the absentee</u>
- 28 <u>ballots received after 12:00 noon on election day or too late</u>
- 29 <u>for delivery before the closing of the polls on election day</u>
- 30 counted in the office of the election authority by one or
- 31 <u>more panels of election judges appointed in the manner</u>
- 32 provided for in this Code.
- 33 (Source: P.A. 81-155.)

1 (10 ILCS 5/19-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-8)

Sec. 19-8. <u>In election jurisdictions that deliver</u> 2 absentee ballots to the polling place to be counted by the 3 4 precinct judges, the provisions of this Section shall apply. 5 In case an absent voter's ballot is received by the б election authority prior to the delivery of the official 7 ballots to the judges of election of the precinct in which 8 said elector resides, such ballot envelope and application, 9 sealed in the carrier envelope, shall be enclosed in such package and therewith delivered to the judges of such 10 11 precinct. In case the official ballots for such precinct have been delivered to the judges of election at the time of the 12 receipt by the election authority of such absent voter's 13 ballot, such authority shall immediately enclose 14 envelope containing the absent voter's ballot, together with 15 16 his application therefor, in a larger or carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and addressed on the face to 17 the judges of election, giving the name or number of 18 19 precinct, street and number of polling place, city or town in 20 which such absent voter is a qualified elector, and the words 21 "This envelope contains an absent voter's ballot and must be 22 opened only on election day at the polls immediately after 23 the polls are closed," mailing the same, postage prepaid, such judges of election, or if more convenient, such officer 24 25 may deliver such absent voter's ballot to the judges of election in person or by duly deputized agent, said officer 26 to secure his receipt for delivery of such ballot or ballots. 27 Absent voters' ballots returned by absentee voters to the 28 29 election authority after the closing of the polls on an 30 election day shall be endorsed by the election authority receiving the same with the day and hour of receipt and shall 31 32 be safely kept unopened by such election authority for the period of time required for the preservation of ballots used 33 34 at such election, and shall then, without being opened, be

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destroyed in like manner as the used ballots of such election.

All absent voters' ballots received by the election 3 4 authority after 12:00 noon on election day or too late for delivery to the proper polling place before the closing of 5 б the polls on election day, and Special Write-In Absentee 7 Voter's Blank Ballots, except ballots returned by mail postmarked after midnight preceding the opening of the polls 8 9 on election day, and all absent voters' ballots in election 10 jurisdictions that use voting systems authorized by Article 11 24C shall be endorsed by the election authority receiving the same with the day and hour of receipt and shall be counted in 12 the office of the election authority on the day of the 13 election after 7:00 p.m. All absent voters' ballots 14 15 delivered in error to the wrong precinct polling place shall 16 be returned to the election authority and counted under this provision; however, all absentee ballots received by the 17 election authority by the close of absentee voting in the 18 19 office of the election authority on the day preceding the day of election shall be delivered to the proper precinct polling 20 21 places in time to be counted by the judges of election.

Such counting shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges appointed in the manner provided by law. Such counting shall continue until all absent voters' ballots received as aforesaid have been counted.

The procedures set forth in Section 19-9 of this Act and Articles 17 and 18 of this Code, shall apply to all absent voters' ballots counted under this provision, including comparing the signature on the ballot envelope with the signature of the voter on the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file; except that votes shall be recorded by without-regard-to precinct designation, except-for-precinct-offices.

1 (Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

2 (10 ILCS 5/19-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-9)

3 19-9. At the close of the regular balloting and at the close of the polls the judges of election of each voting 4 5 precinct or the panel or panels of judges in the office of the election authority, as the case may be, shall proceed to 6 7 cast the absent voter's ballot separately, and as each absent voter's ballot is taken shall open the outer or carrier 8 envelope, announce the absent voter's name, and compare the 9 10 signature upon the application with the signature upon the certification on the ballot envelope and the signature of the 11 voter on the permanent voter registration record card. 12 judges find the certifications properly executed, 13 14 that the signatures correspond, that the applicant is a duly 15 qualified elector in the precinct and the applicant has not been present and voted within the county where he represents 16 17 himself to be a qualified elector on such election day, they 18 shall open the envelope containing the absent voter's ballot in such manner as not to deface or destroy the certification 19 20 thereon, or mark or tear the ballots therein and take out the 21 ballot or ballots therein contained without unfolding or 22 permitting the same to be unfolded or examined, and having endorsed the ballot in like manner as other ballots are 23 24 required to be endorsed, shall deposit the same in the proper ballot box or boxes and enter the absent voter's name in the 25 poll book the same as if he had been present and voted in 26 shall 27 person. The judges place the absentee ballot 28 certification envelopes in a separate envelope as per 29 direction of the election authority. Such envelope containing the absentee ballot certification envelopes shall be returned 30 to the election authority and preserved in like manner as the 31 official poll record. 32

In case such signatures do not correspond, or that the

1 applicant is not a duly qualified elector in such precinct or

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- 2 that the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and
- 3 resealed, or that said voter is present and has voted within
- 4 the county where he represents himself to be a qualified
- 5 elector on the day of such election at such election such
- 6 previously cast vote shall not be allowed, but without
- 7 opening the absent voter's envelope the judge of such
- 8 election shall mark across the face thereof, "Rejected",
- 9 giving the reason therefor.
- In case the ballot envelope contains more than one ballot
- of any kind, said ballots shall not be counted, but shall be
- marked "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.
- 13 The absent voters' envelopes and affidavits and the
- 14 absent voters' envelope with its contents unopened, when such
- 15 absent vote is rejected shall be retained and preserved in
- the manner as now provided for the retention and preservation
- of official ballots rejected at such election.
- 18 As applied to an absentee ballot of a permanently
- 19 disabled voter who has complied with Section 19-12.1, the
- 20 word "certification" as used in this Section shall be
- 21 construed to refer to the unsworn statement subscribed to by
- the voter pursuant to Section 19-12.1.
- 23 (Source: P.A. 87-1052.)
- 24 (10 ILCS 5/19-10) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-10)
- Sec. 19-10. Pollwatchers may be appointed to observe
- 26 in-person absentee voting procedures at the office of the
- 27 election authority as well as at municipal, township or road
- 28 district clerks' offices where such absentee voting is
- 29 conducted. Such pollwatchers shall qualify and be appointed
- in the same manner as provided in Sections 7-34 and 17-23,
- 31 except each candidate, political party or organization of
- 32 citizens may appoint only one pollwatcher for each location
- 33 where in-person absentee voting is conducted. Pollwatchers

1 shall be residents of the county and possess valid

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2 pollwatcher credentials.

In the polling place on election day, pollwatchers shall be permitted to be present during the casting of the absent voters' ballots and the vote of any absent voter may be challenged for cause the same as if he were present and voted in person, and the judges of the election or a majority thereof shall have power and authority to hear and determine the legality of such ballot; Provided, however, that if a challenge to any absent voter's right to vote is sustained,

notice of the same must be given by the judges of election by

mail addressed to the voter's place of residence.

Where eertain absent voters' ballots are counted on the day of the election in the office of the election authority as provided in <a href="mailto:this-Article">this Article</a> Seetien-19-8-ef-this-Aet, each political party, candidate and qualified civic organization shall be entitled to have present one pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein assigned. Such pollwatchers shall be subject to the same provisions as are provided for pollwatchers in Sections 7-34 and 17-23 of this Code, and shall be permitted to observe the election judges making the signature comparison between that which is on <a href="mailto:the absentee">the absentee</a> ballot application and that which is on the ballot envelope and that-which-is-en the permanent voter registration record card taken from the master file.

26 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)

27 (10 ILCS 5/19-12.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 19-12.2)

Sec. 19-12.2. Voting by physically incapacitated electors who have made proper application to the election authority not later than 5 days before the regular primary and general election of 1980 and before each election thereafter shall be conducted on the premises of facilities licensed or certified pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act

for the sole benefit of residents of such facilities. Such 2 voting shall be conducted during any continuous period sufficient to allow all applicants to cast their ballots 3 4 between the hours of 9 a.m. and 7 p.m. either on the Friday, Saturday, Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the regular 5 б election. This absentee voting on one of said days designated 7 by the election authority shall be supervised by two election judges who must be selected by the election authority in the 8 9 following order of priority: (1) from the panel of appointed for the precinct in which such facility is located, 10 11 or from a panel of judges appointed for any other precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority in the same 12 13 ward or township, as the case may be, in which the facility is located or, only in the case where a judge or judges from 14 15 the precinct, township or ward are unavailable to serve, 16 from a panel of judges appointed for any other precinct within the jurisdiction of the election authority. 17 The judges shall be from different political parties. Not less 18 19 than 30 days before each regular election, the election authority shall have arranged with the chief administrative 20 21 officer of each facility in his or its election jurisdiction 22 a mutually convenient time period on the Friday, Saturday, 23 Sunday or Monday immediately preceding the election for such voting on the premises of the facility and shall post in a 24 25 prominent place in his or its office a notice of the agreed day and time period for conducting such voting at each 26 facility; provided that the election authority shall not 27 later than noon on the Thursday before the election also post 28 the names and addresses of those facilities from which no 29 30 applications were received and in which no supervised absentee voting will be conducted. All provisions of this 31 Code applicable to pollwatchers shall be applicable herein. 32 To the maximum extent feasible, voting booths or screens 33 34 shall be provided to insure the privacy of the voter. Voting

procedures shall be as described in Article 17 of this Code, 2 except that ballots shall be treated as absentee ballots and shall not be counted until the close of the polls on the 3 4 following day. After the last voter has concluded voting, the judges shall seal the ballots in an envelope and affix their 5 6 signatures across the flap of the envelope. Immediately 7 thereafter, the judges shall bring the sealed envelope to the 8 office of the election authority who shall preserve the 9 ballots in the office of the election authority in those jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct Recording Electronic 10 Voting System under Article 24C and that count absentee 11 12 ballots in the office of the election authority or shall 13 deliver the such ballots to the proper precinct polling places prior to the closing of the polls on the day of 14 15 election in election jurisdictions that count absentee 16 ballots in the polling place. Provided, that in election 17 jurisdictions that count absentee ballots in the polling place the election authority may arrange for the judges who 18 conduct such voting on the Monday before the election to 19 20 deliver the sealed envelope directly to the proper precinct 21 polling place on the day of election and shall announce such 22 procedure in the 30 day notice heretofore prescribed. 23 judges of election shall also report to the authority the name of any applicant in the facility who, due 24 25 to unforeseen circumstance or condition or because of religious holiday, was unable to vote. In this event, the 26 election authority may appoint a qualified person from his or 27 its staff to deliver the ballot to such applicant on the day 28 29 election. This staff person shall follow the same 30 procedures prescribed for judges conducting absentee voting in such facilities; but shall return the ballot to the proper 31 precinct polling place before the polls close. However, 32 33 the facility from which the application was made is also used 34 as a regular precinct polling place for that voter, voting

- 1 procedures heretofore prescribed may be implemented by 2 of
- 2 the election judges of opposite party affiliation assigned to
- 3 that polling place during the hours of voting on the day of
- 4 the election. Judges of election shall be compensated not
- 5 less than \$25.00 for conducting absentee voting in such
- 6 facilities.
- 7 Not less than 120 days before each regular election, the
- 8 Department of Public Health shall certify to the State Board
- 9 of Elections a list of the facilities licensed or certified
- 10 pursuant to the Nursing Home Care Act, and shall indicate the
- 11 approved bed capacity and the name of the chief
- 12 administrative officer of each such facility, and the State
- 13 Board of Elections shall certify the same to the appropriate
- 14 election authority within 20 days thereafter.
- 15 (Source: P.A. 86-820; 86-875; 86-1028; 87-1052.)
- 16 (10 ILCS 5/19-15)
- 17 Sec. 19-15. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 18 voting equipment and direct recording electronic voting
- 19 <u>systems equipment</u>.
- 20 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct
- 21 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant
- 22 to Article 24B of this Code or <u>Direct Recording Electronic</u>
- 23 <u>Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C</u>, and the
- 24 provisions of <u>those Articles</u> the-Article are in conflict with
- 25 the provisions of this Article 19, the provisions of Article
- 26 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern the
- 27 procedures followed by the election authority, its judges of
- 28 elections, and all employees and agents. In following the
- 29 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election
- 30 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures
- 31 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology
- 32 voting equipment or <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u>
- 33 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections

- 1 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either
- 2 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the
- 3 State Board of Elections.
- 4 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/20-2) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2)
- 6 Sec. 20-2. Any member of the United States Service,
- 7 otherwise qualified to vote, who expects in the course of his
- 8 duties to be absent from the county in which he resides on
- 9 the day of holding any election may make application for an
- 10 absentee ballot to the election authority having jurisdiction
- over his precinct of residence on the official postcard or on
- 12 a form furnished by the election authority as prescribed by
- 13 Section 20-3 of this Article not less than 10 days before the
- 14 election. A request pursuant to this Section shall entitle
- 15 the applicant to an absentee ballot for every election in one
- 16 calendar year. The original application for ballot shall be
- 17 kept in the office of the election authority for one year as
- 18 authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election
- 19 to be held within that calendar year. A certified copy of
- 20 such application for ballot shall be sent each election with
- 21 the absentee ballot to the polling place to be used in lieu
- of the original application for ballot. No registration shall
- 23 be required in order to vote pursuant to this Section.
- 24 Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by the
- 25 election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5
- of this Article and not otherwise. Ballots voted under this
- 27 Section must be returned to--the--election--authority in
- 28 sufficient time for delivery (i) to the proper precinct
- 29 polling place before the closing of the polls on the day of
- 30 the election <u>in jurisdictions that count absentee ballots in</u>
- 31 the polling place or (ii) to the office of the election
- 32 <u>authority before the closing of the polls in those</u>
- jurisdictions that have adopted a Direct Recording Electronic

- 1 Voting System under Article 24C and that count absentee
- 2 ballots in the office of the election authority.
- (Source: P.A. 86-875.) 3
- (10 ILCS 5/20-2.1) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.1) 4
- 5 Sec. 20-2.1. Citizens of the United States temporarily
- residing outside the territorial limits of the United States 6
- 7 who are not registered but otherwise qualified to vote and
- who expect to be absent from their county of residence during 8
- the periods of voter registration provided for in Articles 4, 9
- 10 5 or 6 of this Code and on the day of holding any election,
- may make simultaneous application to the election authority 11
- having jurisdiction over their precinct of residence for an 12
- absentee registration and absentee ballot not less than 30 13
- days before the election. Such application may be made on the 14
- 15 official postcard or on a form furnished by the election
- authority as prescribed by Section 20-3 of this Article. A 16
- 17 request pursuant to this Section shall entitle the applicant
- to an absentee ballot for every election in one calendar 18
- year. The original application for ballot shall be kept in 19
- 20 the office of the election authority for one year
- authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election 21
- to be held within that calendar year. A certified copy of 22
- such application for ballot shall be sent each election with 23
- the absentee ballot to the polling place to be used in lieu

of the original application for ballot.

- Registration shall be required in order to vote pursuant 26
- to this Section. However, if the election authority receives 27
- one of such applications after 30 days but not less than 10 28
- days before a Federal election, said applicant shall be sent 29
- a ballot containing the Federal offices only and registration 30
- for that election shall be waived. 31

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- Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by 32 the
- 33 election authority in the manner prescribed by Section

1 of this Article and not otherwise.

2 Ballots under this Section must be returned to-the election-authority in sufficient time for delivery (i) to the 3 4 proper precinct polling place before the closing of the polls 5 on the day of the election in those jurisdictions that count б absentee ballots in the polling place or (ii) to the office 7 of the election authority before the closing of the polls on election day in those jurisdictions that have adopted a 8 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C 9 and that count absentee ballots in the office of the election 10

11 <u>authority</u>.

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12 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)

13 (10 ILCS 5/20-2.2) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-2.2)

20-2.2. Any non-resident civilian citizen, otherwise qualified to vote, may make application to the election authority having jurisdiction over his precinct of former residence for an absentee ballot containing the Federal offices only not less than 10 days before a Federal election. Such application may be made only on the official postcard. A request pursuant to this Section shall entitle the applicant to an absentee ballot for every election in one calendar year at which Federal offices are filled. The original application for ballot shall be kept in the office of the election authority for one year as authorization to send a ballot to the voter for each election to be held within that calendar year at which Federal offices are filled. A certified copy of such application for ballot shall be sent each election with the absentee ballot to the polling place to be used in lieu of the original application for ballot. No registration shall be required in order to vote pursuant to this Section. Ballots under this Section shall be mailed by the election authority in the manner prescribed by Section 20-5 of this Article and not otherwise.

- 1 Ballots under this Section must be returned to--the--election
- 2 authority in sufficient time for delivery (i) to the proper
- 3 precinct polling place before the closing of the polls on the
- 4 day of the election <u>in those jurisdictions that count</u>
- 5 <u>absentee ballots in the polling place or (ii) to the office</u>
- 6 of the election authority before the closing of the polls on
- 7 <u>election day in those jurisdictions that have adopted a</u>
- 8 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting System under Article 24C</u>
- 9 and that count absentee ballots in the office of the election
- 10 <u>authority</u>.
- 11 (Source: P.A. 86-875.)
- 12 (10 ILCS 5/20-7) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-7)
- Sec. 20-7. Upon receipt of such absent voter's ballot,
- 14 the officer or officers above described shall forthwith
- 15 enclose the same unopened, together with the application made
- 16 by said absent voter in a large or carrier envelope which
- 17 shall be securely sealed and endorsed with the name and
- official title of such officer and the words, "This envelope
- 19 contains an absent voter's ballot and must be opened on
- 20 election day, "together with the number and description of
- 21 the precinct in which said ballot is to be voted, and such
- officer shall thereafter safely keep the same in his office
- 23 until counted by him as provided in this Article the-next
- 24 section.
- 25 Except as provided in Article 24C, the election authority
- 26 <u>may choose (i) to deliver the absentee ballots to the proper</u>
- 27 precinct polling place before the close of the polls on the
- 28 <u>election day to be counted by the precinct judges or (ii) to</u>
- 29 <u>have the absentee ballots received after 12:00 noon on</u>
- 30 <u>election day or too late for delivery before the closing of</u>
- 31 the polls on election day counted in the office of the
- 32 <u>election authority by one or more panels of election judges</u>
- 33 appointed in the manner provided for in this Code.

1 (Source: P.A. 81-155.)

- 2 (10 ILCS 5/20-8) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-8)
- 3 Sec. 20-8. (a) In election jurisdictions that count
- 4 <u>absentee</u> ballots in the polling place, this subsection shall
- 5 apply.

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In case any such ballot is received by the election 6 7 authority prior to the delivery of the official ballots to the judges of election of the precinct in which said elector 8 resides, such ballot envelope and application, sealed in the 9 10 carrier envelope, shall be enclosed in the same package with the other official ballots and therewith delivered to the 11 judges of such precinct. In case the official ballots for 12 such precinct have been delivered to the judges of election 13 at the time of the receipt by the election authority of such 14 15 absent voter's ballot, it shall immediately enclose said envelope containing the absent voter's ballot, together with 16 17 his application therefor, in a larger or carrier envelope which shall be securely sealed and addressed on the face to 18 the judges of election, giving the name or number of 19 20 precinct, street and number of polling place, city or town in 21 which such absent voter is a qualified elector, and the 22 words, "This envelope contains an absent voter's ballot and must be opened only on election day at the polls immediately 23 24 after the polls are closed," mailing the same, postage prepaid, to such judges of election, or if more convenient he 25 or it may deliver such absent voter's ballot to the judges of 26 election in person or by duly deputized agent and secure his 27 receipt for delivery of such ballot or ballots. Absent 28 29 voter's ballots postmarked after 11:59 p.m. of the day immediately preceding the election returned to the election 30 31 authority too late to be delivered to the proper polling place before the closing of the polls on the day of election 32

shall be endorsed by the person receiving the same with the

- day and hour of receipt and shall be safely kept unopened by
- 2 the election authority for the period of time required for
- 3 the preservation of ballots used at such election, and shall
- 4 then, without being opened, be destroyed in like manner as
- 5 the used ballots of such election.
- 6 (b) All absent voters' ballots received by the election
- 7 authority after 12:00 noon on election day or too late for
- 8 delivery to the proper polling place before the closing of
- 9 the polls on election day, except ballots returned by mail
- 10 postmarked after midnight preceding the opening of the polls
- on election day, and all absent voters' ballots in election
- 12 jurisdictions that use voting systems authorized by Article
- 13 <u>24C</u> shall be counted in the office of the election authority
- on the day of the election after 7:00 p.m. All absent voters'
- 15 ballots delivered in error to the wrong precinct polling
- 16 place shall be returned to the election authority and counted
- 17 under this provision.
- 18 Such counting shall commence no later than 8:00 p.m. and
- 19 shall be conducted by a panel or panels of election judges
- 20 appointed in the manner provided by law. Such counting shall
- 21 continue until all absent voters' ballots received as
- 22 aforesaid have been counted.
- 23 The procedures set forth in Section 19-9 of this Act and
- 24 Articles 17 and 18 of this Code, shall apply to all absent
- voters' ballots counted under this provision; except that
- 26 votes shall be recorded by without--regard--to precinct
- 27 designation.
- Where certain absent voters' ballots are counted in the
- office of the election authority as provided in this Section,
- 30 each political party, candidate and qualified civic
- 31 organization shall be entitled to have present one
- 32 pollwatcher for each panel of election judges therein
- assigned.
- 34 (Source: P.A. 84-861.)

Sec. 20-9. At the close of the regular balloting and at

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1 (10 ILCS 5/20-9) (from Ch. 46, par. 20-9)

the close of the polls the judges of election of each voting 3 4 precinct or the panel or panels of judges in the office of 5 the election authority, as the case may be, shall proceed to cast the absent voter's ballot separately, and as each absent 6 7 voter's ballot is taken shall open the outer or carrier 8 envelope, announce the absent voter's name, and compare the 9 signature upon the application with the signature upon the registration record card if the voter is registered or upon 10 11 the certification on the ballot envelope if there is no 12 registration card. In case the judges find the certifications 13 properly executed, that the signatures correspond, that the applicant is a duly qualified elector in the precinct and the 14 15 applicant has not been present and voted within the county 16 where he represents himself to be a qualified elector on such election day, they shall open the envelope containing the 17 absent voter's ballot in such manner as not to deface or 18 19 destroy the certification thereon, or mark or tear the ballots therein and take out the ballot or ballots therein 20 21 contained without unfolding or permitting the same to be unfolded or examined, and having endorsed or initialed the 22 23 ballot in like manner as other ballots are required to be endorsed, shall deposit the same in the proper ballot box or 24 25 mark the voter's registration record card and 26 accordingly or file the application in lieu thereof. the absentee ballot certification 27 shall place envelopes in a separate envelope as per the direction of 28 29 election authority. Such envelope containing the absentee 30 ballot certification envelopes shall be returned to the 31 election authority and preserved in like manner as the 32 official poll record. In case the signatures do not correspond, or that 33 applicant is not a duly qualified elector in such precinct or 34

- 1 that the ballot envelope is open or has been opened and
- 2 resealed (except for the purpose of military censorship), or
- 3 that said voter is present and has voted within the county
- 4 where he represents himself to be a qualified elector on the
- 5 day of such election at such election such previously cast
- 6 vote shall not be allowed, but without opening the absent
- 7 voter's envelope the judge of such election shall mark across
- 8 the face thereof, "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.
- 9 In case the ballot envelope contains duplicate ballots,
- 10 said ballots shall not be counted, but shall be marked
- 11 "Rejected", giving the reason therefor.
- 12 The absent voters' envelopes and certifications and the
- absent voters' envelope with its contents unopened, when such
- 14 absent vote is rejected shall be retained and preserved in
- 15 the manner as now provided for the retention and preservation
- of official ballots rejected at such election.
- 17 (Source: P.A. 87-1052.)
- 18 (10 ILCS 5/20-15)
- 19 Sec. 20-15. Precinct tabulation optical scan technology
- 20 voting equipment and direct recording electronic voting
- 21 <u>systems equipment</u>.
- 22 If the election authority has adopted the use of Precinct
- 23 Tabulation Optical Scan Technology voting equipment pursuant
- 24 to Article 24B of this Code or Direct Recording Electronic
- 25 <u>Voting Systems equipment under Article 24C of this Code</u>, and
- 26 the provisions of those Articles the-Article are in conflict
- 27 with the provisions of this Article 20, the provisions of
- 28 Article 24B or Article 24C, as the case may be, shall govern
- 29 the procedures followed by the election authority, its judges
- of elections, and all employees and agents. In following the
- 31 provisions of Article 24B or Article 24C, the election
- 32 authority is authorized to develop and implement procedures
- 33 to fully utilize Precinct Tabulation Optical Scan Technology

- 1 voting equipment or Direct Recording Electronic Voting
- 2 Systems equipment authorized by the State Board of Elections
- 3 as long as the procedure is not in conflict with either
- 4 Article 24B, Article 24C, or the administrative rules of the
- 5 State Board of Elections.
- 6 (Source: P.A. 89-394, eff. 1-1-97.)
- 7 (10 ILCS 5/Art. 24C heading new)
- 8 <u>ARTICLE 24C. DIRECT RECORDING</u>
- 9 <u>ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS</u>
- 10 (10 ILCS 5/24C-1 new)
- 11 <u>Sec. 24C-1. Purpose. The purpose of this Article is to</u>
- 12 <u>authorize the use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u>
- 13 Systems approved by the State Board of Elections. In a
- 14 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting System, voters cast votes</u>
- 15 by means of a ballot display provided with mechanical or
- 16 <u>electro-optical devices that can be activated by the voters</u>
- 17 to mark their choices for the candidates of their preference
- 18 and for or against public questions. The voting devices shall
- 19 <u>be capable of instantaneously recording the votes, storing</u>
- 20 the votes, and tabulating the votes at the precinct. This
- 21 Article authorizes the use of Direct Recording Electronic
- 23 that absentee ballots must be counted at the office of the

Voting Systems for in-precinct counting applications, except

24 <u>election authority.</u>

- 25 (10 ILCS 5/24C-2 new)
- 26 <u>Sec. 24C-2. Definitions. As used in this Article:</u>
- 27 <u>"Audit trail" means a continuous trail of evidence</u>
- 28 <u>linking individual transactions related to the vote count</u>
- 29 <u>with the summary record of vote totals, but that shall not</u>
- 30 <u>allow for the identification of the voter. It shall permit</u>
- 31 <u>verification of the accuracy of the count and detection and</u>

- 1 correction of problems and shall provide a record of each 2 step taken in: defining and producing ballots and generating related software for specific elections; installing ballots 3 and software; testing system readiness; casting and 4 tabulating ballots; and producing reports of vote totals. 5 The record shall incorporate system status and error messages 6 generated during election processing, including a log of 7 8 machine activities and routine and unusual intervention by 9 authorized and unauthorized individuals. Also part of an election audit trail is the documentation of such items as 10 ballots delivered and collected, administrative procedures 11 12 for system security, pre-election testing of voting systems, 13 and maintenance performed on voting equipment. "Ballot" means an electronic audio or video display or 14 15 any other medium used to record a voter's choices for the 16 candidates of his or her preference and for or against public questions. 17 "Ballot configuration" means the particular combination 18 of political subdivision or district ballots including, for 19 each political subdivision or district, the particular 20 21 combination of offices, candidate names, and public questions 22 as they appear for each group of voters who may cast the same 23 ballot. 24 "Ballot image" means a corresponding representation in electronic form of the mark or vote position of a ballot. 25 "Ballot label" or "ballot screen" means the display of 26 material containing the names of offices and candidates and 27 public questions to be voted on. 28 "Computer", "automatic and electronic tabulating 29
- equipment", or "equipment" includes (i) apparatus necessary
  to automatically or electronically examine and count votes as
  designated on ballots and (ii) data processing machines that
  can be used for counting ballots and tabulating results.
- 34 <u>"Computer operator" means any person or persons</u>

- 1 <u>designated by the election authority to operate the automatic</u>
- 2 tabulating equipment during any portion of the vote tallying
- 3 process in an election, but shall not include judges of
- 4 <u>election operating vote tabulating equipment in the precinct.</u>
- 5 <u>"Computer program" or "program" means the set of</u>
- 6 operating instructions for the automatic or electronic
- 7 <u>tabulating equipment that examines, records, counts,</u>
- 8 tabulates, canvasses, and prints votes recorded by a voter on
- 9 <u>a ballot.</u>
- 10 "Direct recording electronic voting system", "voting
- 11 system", or "system" means the combination of equipment and
- 12 programs that records votes by means of a ballot display
- 13 provided with mechanical or electro-optical devices that can
- 14 <u>be activated by the voter, that processes the data by means</u>
- of a computer program, that records voting data and ballot
- 16 <u>images in internal memory devices</u>, and that produces a
- 17 <u>tabulation of the voting data as hard copy or stored in a</u>
- 18 <u>removable memory device.</u>
- "Edit listing" means a computer generated listing of the
- 20 names of each candidate and public question as they appear in
- 21 <u>the program for each precinct.</u>
- 22 "In-precinct counting" means the recording and counting
- 23 <u>of ballots on automatic or electronic tabulating equipment</u>
- 24 provided by the election authority in the same precinct
- 25 polling place in which those ballots have been cast.
- 26 <u>"Separate ballot" means a separate page or display screen</u>
- 27 <u>of the ballot that is clearly defined and distinguishable</u>
- 28 <u>from other portions of the ballot.</u>
- 29 <u>"Voting device" or "voting machine" means a Direct</u>
- 30 <u>Recording Voting System apparatus.</u>
- 31 (10 ILCS 5/24C-3 new)
- 32 <u>Sec. 24C-3. Adoption, experimentation, or abandonment of</u>
- 33 <u>Direct Recording Electronic Voting System; boundaries of</u>

1 precincts; notice. Any county board or board of county commissioners, with respect to territory within its 2 3 jurisdiction, may adopt, experiment with, or abandon a Direct 4 Recording Electronic Voting System approved for use by the 5 State Board of Elections and may use the system in all or some of the precincts within its jurisdiction, or in 6 combination with punch cards, paper ballots, or ballot 7 8 sheets. In no case may a county board, board of county 9 commissioners, or board of election commissioners contract or arrange for the purchase, lease, or loan of a Direct 10 Recording Electronic Voting System or system component 11 without the approval of the State Board of Elections as 12 provided by Section 24C-16. The county board and board of 13 county commissioners of each county having a population of 14 40,000 or more, with respect to all elections for which an 15 election authority is charged with the duty of providing 16 17 materials and supplies, must provide either a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System approved for use by the 18 State Board of Elections under this Article or voting systems 19 under Article 24, Article 24A, or Article 24B for each 20 precinct for all elections, except as provided in Section 21 24-1.2. For purposes of this Section "population" does not 22 include persons prohibited from voting by Section 3-5 of this 23 24 Code. Before any Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is 25 introduced, adopted, or used in any precinct or territory, at 26 <u>least 2 months public notice must be given before the date of</u> 27 the first election when the system is to be used. The 28 election authority shall publish the notice at least once in 29 one or more newspapers published within the county, or other 30 jurisdiction, where the election is held. If there is no 31 such newspaper, the notice shall be published in a newspaper 32 published in the county and having a general circulation 33 within the jurisdiction. The notice shall be substantially 34

- 1 <u>as follows:</u>
- 2 "Notice is hereby given that on (give date), at (insert
- 3 place where election is held) in the county of (insert
- 4 <u>county</u>) an election will be held for (insert name of offices
- 5 to be filled) at which a Direct Recording Electronic Voting
- 6 System will be used."
- 7 <u>Dated at ... (insert date)"</u>
- 8 This notice referred to shall be given only at the first
- 9 <u>election at which the Direct Recording Electronic Voting</u>
- 10 System is used.
- 11 (10 ILCS 5/24C-3.1 new)
- 12 <u>Sec. 24C-3.1. Retention, consolidation, or alteration of</u>
- 13 <u>existing precincts; change of location. When a Direct</u>
- 14 Recording Electronic Voting System is used, the county board
- 15 <u>or board of election commissioners may retain existing</u>
- 16 precincts or may consolidate, combine, alter, decrease, or
- 17 <u>enlarge the boundaries of the precincts to change the number</u>
- 18 <u>of registered voters of the precincts using the system,</u>
- 19 <u>establishing the number of registered voters within each</u>
- 20 precinct at a number not to exceed 800 as the appropriate
- 21 <u>county board or board of election commissioners determines</u>
- 22 <u>will afford adequate voting facilities and efficient and</u>
- economical elections.
- 24 Except in the event of a fire, flood, or total loss of
- 25 <u>heat in a place fixed or established pursuant to law by any</u>
- 26 <u>county board or board of election commissioners as a polling</u>
- 27 place for an election, no election authority shall change the
- 28 <u>location of a polling place established for any precinct</u>
- 29 <u>after notice of the place of holding the election for that</u>
- 30 <u>precinct has been given as required under Article 12, unless</u>
- 31 the election authority notifies all registered voters in the
- 32 precinct of the change in location by first class mail in
- 33 <u>sufficient time for the notice to be received by the</u>

- 1 registered voters in the precinct at least one day prior to
- 2 the date of the election.
- 3 (10 ILCS 5/24C-4 new)
- Sec. 24C-4. Use of Direct Recording Electronic Voting 4
- System; requisites; applicable procedure. Direct Recording 5
- Electronic Voting Systems may be used in elections provided 6
- 7 that the systems enable the voter to cast a vote for all
- offices and on all public questions for which he or she is 8
- 9 entitled to vote, and that the systems are approved for use
- 10 by the State Board of Elections.
- So far as applicable, the procedure provided for voting 11
- 12 paper ballots shall apply when Direct Recording Electronic
- Voting Systems are used. The provisions of this Article 24C 13
- 14 will govern when there are conflicts.
- (10 ILCS 5/24C-5 new) 15
- Sec. 24C-5. Voting booths. In precincts where a Direct 16
- Recording Electronic Voting System is used, a sufficient 17
- number of voting booths shall be provided for the use of the 18
- 19 system according to the requirements determined by the State
- 20 Board of Elections. Each booth shall be placed so that the
- of election or pollwatcher is able to observe a voter casting

entrance to each booth faces a wall in a manner that no judge

23 <u>a ballot.</u>

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- (10 ILCS 5/24C-5.1 new) 24
- Sec. 24C-5.1. Instruction of voters. Before entering the 25
- 26 voting booth each voter shall be offered instruction in using
- the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System. In 27
- 28 instructing voters, no election judge may show partiality to
- any political party or candidate. The duties of instruction 29
- 30 shall be discharged by a judge from each of the political
- parties represented and they shall alternate serving as 31

- 1 <u>instructor</u> so that each judge shall serve a like time at
- 2 those duties. No instructions may be given after the voter
- 3 <u>has entered the voting booth.</u>
- 4 No election judge or person assisting a voter may in any
- 5 manner request, suggest, or seek to persuade or induce any
- 6 voter to cast his or her vote for any particular ticket,
- 7 <u>candidate</u>, <u>amendment</u>, <u>question</u>, <u>or proposition</u>. All
- 8 <u>instructions</u> shall be given by election judges in a manner
- 9 that it may be observed by other persons in the polling
- 10 place.
- 11 (10 ILCS 5/24C-5.2 new)
- 12 <u>Sec. 24C-5.2. Demonstration of Direct Recording</u>
- 13 <u>Electronic Voting System; placement in public library. When</u>
- 14 <u>a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is to be used in</u>
- 15 <u>a forthcoming election, the election authority may provide,</u>
- 16 <u>for the purpose of instructing voters in the election, one</u>
- 17 <u>demonstrator Direct Recording Electronic Voting System unit</u>
- 18 <u>for placement in any public library within the political</u>
- 19 <u>subdivision</u> where the election occurs. If the placement of a
- 20 <u>demonstrator takes place it shall be made available at least</u>
- 21 <u>30 days before the election.</u>
- 22 (10 ILCS 5/24C-6 new)
- Sec. 24C-6. Ballot information; arrangement; absentee
- 24 <u>ballots; spoiled ballots. The ballot information shall, as</u>
- 25 <u>far as practicable, be in the order of arrangement provided</u>
- 26 for paper ballots, except that the information may be in
- 27 <u>vertical or horizontal rows or on a number of separate pages</u>
- 28 <u>or display screens.</u>
- 29 <u>All public questions, including but not limited to public</u>
- 30 questions calling for a constitutional convention,
- 31 <u>constitutional amendment, or judicial retention, shall be</u>
- 32 placed on the ballot separate and apart from candidates.

1 Ballots for all public questions shall be clearly designated pursuant to administrative rule of the State Board of 2 3 Elections. More than one amendment to the constitution may 4 be placed on the same portion of the ballot screen. Constitutional convention or constitutional amendment 5 propositions shall precede all candidates and other 6 7 propositions and shall be placed on a separate portion of the 8 ballot and designated by borders or unique color screens, 9 unless otherwise provided by administrative rule of the State 10 Board of Elections. More than one public question may be 11 placed on the same portion of the ballot. Judicial retention 12 propositions shall be placed on a separate portion of the ballot designated pursuant to administrative rule of the 13 State Board of Elections. More than one proposition for 14 retention of judges in office may be placed on the same 15 16 portion of the ballot. The party affiliation, if any, of each candidate or the 17 word "independent", where applicable, shall appear near or 18 under the candidate's name, and the names of candidates for 19 20 the same office shall be listed vertically under the title of that office. In the case of nonpartisan elections for 21 22 officers of political subdivisions, unless the statute or an ordinance adopted pursuant to Article VII of the Illinois 23 Constitution requires otherwise, the listing of nonpartisan 24 candidates shall not include any party or "independent" 25 designation. In primary elections, a separate ballot, shall 26 be used for each political party holding a primary, with the 27 ballot arranged to include names of the candidates of the 28 29 party and public questions and other propositions to be voted upon on the day of the primary election. 30 31 If the ballot includes both candidates for office and public questions or propositions to be voted on, the election 32 official in charge of the election shall divide the ballot in 33 sections for "Candidates" and "Public Questions", or separate 34

- 1 ballots may be used.
- 2 Any voter who spoils his or her ballot or makes an error
- 3 shall be provided a means of correcting the ballot or
- 4 obtaining a new ballot prior to casting his or her ballot.
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/24C-6.1 new)
- Sec. 24C-6.1. Security designation. In all elections 6
- 7 conducted under this Article, ballots shall have a security
- 8 designation. In precincts where more than one ballot
- configuration may be voted upon, ballots shall have a 9
- 10 different security designation for each ballot configuration.
- If a precinct has only one possible ballot configuration, the 11
- 12 ballots must have a security designation to identify the
- precinct and the election. Where ballots from more than one 13
- precinct are being tabulated, the ballots from each precinct 14
- must be clearly identified; official results shall not be 15
- 16 generated unless the precinct identification for any precinct
- corresponds. The Direct Recording Electronic Voting System 17
- shall be designed to ensure that the proper ballot is 18
- selected for each polling place and that the format can be 19
- 20 matched to the software or firmware required to interpret it
- each piece of equipment to reflect the ballot requirements of

correctly. The system shall provide a means of programming

- the election and shall include a means for validating the 23
- correctness of the program and of the program's installation 2.4
- in the equipment or in a programmable memory device. 25
- (10 ILCS 5/24C-7 new) 26

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- 27 Sec. 24C-7. Write-in ballots. Pursuant to administrative
- rule of the State Board of Elections, a Direct Recording 28
- Electronic Voting System shall provide an acceptable method 29
- for a voter to vote for a person whose name does not appear 30
- on the ballot using the same Direct Recording Electronic 31
- 32 Voting System used to record votes for candidates whose names

1 <u>do appear on the ballot.</u>

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(10 ILCS 5/24C-8 new)
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         Sec. 24C-8. Preparation for use; comparison of ballots;
     operational checks of Direct Recording Electronic Voting
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     Systems equipment; pollwatchers. The election authority
 5
     shall cause the approved Direct Recording Electronic Voting
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 7
     System equipment to be delivered to the polling places.
 8
     Before the opening of the polls, all Direct Recording
     Electronic Voting System devices shall provide a printed
 9
     record of the following, upon verification of the
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     authenticity of the commands by a judge of election: the
11
     election's identification data, the equipment's unit
12
     identification, the ballot's format identification, the
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14
     contents of each active candidate register by office and of
     each active public question register showing that they
15
     contain all zeros, all ballot fields that can be used to
16
     invoke special voting options, and other information needed
17
     to ensure the readiness of the equipment, and to accommodate
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19
     <u>administrative reporting requirements.</u>
         The Direct Recording Electronic Voting System shall
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     provide a means for the election judges to open the polling
     place and ready the equipment for the casting of ballots.
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     Those means shall incorporate a security seal, a password, or
     a data code recognition capability to prevent inadvertent or
2.4
     unauthorized actuation of the poll-opening function. If more
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     than one step is required, it shall enforce their execution
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27
     in the proper sequence.
28
         Pollwatchers, as provided by law, shall be permitted to
     closely observe the judges in these procedures and to
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     periodically inspect the Direct Recording Electronic Voting
     System equipment when not in use by the voters.
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32 (10 ILCS 5/24C-9 new)

1 Sec. 24C-9. Testing of Direct Recording Electronic Voting System equipment and programs; custody of programs, test 2 3 materials, and ballots. Prior to the public test, the 4 election authority shall conduct an errorless pre-test of the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System equipment and 5 programs to determine that they will correctly detect voting 6 defects and count the votes cast for all offices and all 7 8 public questions. On any day not less than 5 days prior to 9 the election day, the election authority shall publicly test the Direct Recording Electronic Voting System equipment and 10 programs to determine that they will correctly count the 11 votes cast for all offices and on all public questions. 12 Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be 13 given at least 48 hours before the test by publishing the 14 15 notice in one or more newspapers within the election jurisdiction of the election authority, if a newspaper is 16 published in that jurisdiction. If a newspaper is not 17 published in that jurisdiction, notice shall be published in 18 a newspaper of general circulation in that jurisdiction. 19 Timely written notice stating the date, time, and location of 20 2.1 the public test shall also be provided to the State Board of 22 Elections. The test shall be open to representatives of the political parties, the press, representatives of the State 23 Board of Elections, and the public. The test shall be 24 conducted by entering a preaudited group of ballots marked to 25 record a predetermined number of valid votes for each 26 candidate and on each public question, and shall include for 27 each office one or more ballots having votes exceeding the 28 number allowed by law to test the ability of the electronic 29 tabulating equipment to reject the votes. The test shall 30 31 also include producing an edit listing. The State Board of Elections may select as many election 32 33 jurisdictions that the Board deems advisable in the interests of the election process of this State to order a special test 34

of the electronic tabulating equipment and program before any 2 regular election. The Board may order a special test in any 3 election jurisdiction where, during the preceding 12 months, 4 computer programming errors or other errors in the use of the 5 system resulted in vote tabulation errors. Not less than 30 days before any election, the State Board of Elections shall 6 7 provide written notice to those selected jurisdictions of its 8 intent to conduct a test. Within 5 days of receipt of the 9 State Board of Elections' written notice of intent to conduct 10 a test, the selected jurisdictions shall forward to the 11 principal office of the State Board of Elections a copy of all specimen ballots. The State Board of Elections' tests 12 13 shall be conducted and completed not less than 2 days before the public test using testing materials supplied by the Board 14 15 and under the supervision of the Board, and the Board shall 16 reimburse the election authority for the reasonable cost of 17 computer time required to conduct the special test. After an errorless test, materials used in the public test, including 18 the program, if appropriate, shall be sealed and remain 19 20 sealed until the test is run again on election day. If any 2.1 error is detected, the cause of the error shall be determined 22 and corrected, and an errorless public test shall be made before the automatic tabulating equipment is approved. Each 23 election authority shall file a sealed copy of each tested 24 program to be used within its jurisdiction at an election 25 with the State Board of Elections before the election. The 26 Board shall secure the program or programs of each election 27 jurisdiction so filed in its office for the 60 days following 28 the canvass and proclamation of election results. At the 29 expiration of that time, if no election contest or appeal is 30 31 pending in an election jurisdiction, the Board shall return the sealed program or programs to the election authority of 32 the jurisdiction. After the completion of the count, the test 33 shall be re-run using the same program. Immediately after 34

- 1 the re-run, all material used in testing the program and the
- 2 programs shall be sealed and retained under the custody of
- 3 the election authority for a period of 60 days. At the
- 4 <u>expiration of that time the election authority shall destroy</u>
- 5 the voted ballots, together with all unused ballots returned
- 6 from the precincts, provided, that if any contest of election
- 7 <u>is pending at the time in which the ballots may be required</u>
- 8 as evidence and the election authority has notice of the
- 9 contest, the ballots shall not be destroyed until after the
- 10 contest is finally determined. If the use of back-up
- 11 equipment becomes necessary, the same testing required for
- the original equipment shall be conducted.
- 13 (10 ILCS 5/24C-10 new)
- 14 <u>Sec. 24C-10. Recording of votes by Direct Recording</u>
- 15 <u>Electronic Voting Systems. Whenever a Direct Recording</u>
- 16 <u>Electronic Voting System is used to electronically record and</u>
- 17 count the votes of ballots, the provisions of this Section
- 18 shall apply. A voter shall cast a proper vote on a ballot
- 19 pursuant to the instructions provided on the screen or
- 20 <u>labels</u>.
- 21 (10 ILCS 5/24C-11 new)
- 22 <u>Sec. 24C-11. Functional requirements. The functional</u>
- 23 requirements of a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System
- 24 shall be specified by the administrative rules of the State
- 25 <u>Board of Elections.</u>
- 26 (10 ILCS 5/24C-12 new)
- 27 <u>Sec. 24C-12. Procedures for counting and tallying of</u>
- 28 <u>ballots. In an election jurisdiction where a Direct Recording</u>
- 29 <u>Electronic Voting System is used, the procedures in this</u>
- 30 <u>Section for counting and tallying the ballots shall apply.</u>
- 31 <u>Before the opening of the polls, the judges of elections</u>

1 shall assemble the voting equipment and devices and turn the equipment on. The judges shall, if necessary, take steps to 2 actuate the voting devices and counting equipment by 3 4 inserting into the equipment and voting devices appropriate electronic media containing passwords and data codes that 5 will select the proper ballot formats for that polling place 6 and that will prevent inadvertent or unauthorized actuation 7 of the poll-opening function. Before voting begins and 8 9 before ballots are entered into the voting devices, the judges of election shall cause to be printed a record of the 10 following: (i) the election's identification data, (ii) the 11 device's unit identification, (iii) the ballot's format 12 identification, (iv) the contents of each active candidate 13 register by office and of each active public question 14 15 register showing that they contain all zeros, (v) all ballot 16 fields that can be used to invoke special voting options, and (vi) other information needed to ensure the readiness of the 17 equipment and to accommodate administrative reporting 18 requirements. The judges must also check to be sure that the 19 totals are all zeros in the counting columns and in the 20 2.1 public counter affixed to the voting devices. 22 After the judges have determined that a person is qualified to vote, the judges shall enable a voting device to 23 24 be used by the voter and the proper ballot to which the voter is entitled shall be selected. The ballot may then be cast 25 by the voter by marking by appropriate means the designated 26 area of the ballot for the casting of a vote for any 27 candidate or for or against any public question. The voter 28 29 shall be able to vote for any and all candidates and public measures appearing on the ballot in any legal number and 30 combination and the voter shall be able to delete or change 31 his or her selections before the ballot is cast. The voter 32 33 shall be able to select candidates whose names do not appear upon the ballot for any office by following the instructions 34

1 provided on the screen or labels as many names of candidates

- 2 as the voter is entitled to select for each office.
- 3 <u>Upon completing his or her selection of candidates or</u>
- 4 public questions, the voter shall signify that voting has
- 5 been completed by activating the appropriate button, switch,
- 6 or active area of the ballot screen associated with end of
- 7 voting. Upon activation, the voting system shall record an
- 8 <u>image of the completed ballot</u>, shall increment the proper
- 9 <u>ballot position registers</u>, and shall signify to the voter
- 10 that the ballot has been cast. The voter shall exit the
- 11 voting station and the voting system shall prevent any
- 12 <u>further attempt to vote until it has been re-activated by the</u>
- judges of election. If the voter fails to cast his or her
- 14 <u>ballot</u> and <u>leaves</u> the polling place, 2 judges of election,
- one from each of the 2 major political parties, shall spoil
- 16 <u>the ballot.</u>
- 17 <u>Throughout the election day and before the closing of the</u>
- 18 polls, no person may check any vote totals for any candidate
- or public question on the voting or counting equipment.
- 20 The precinct judges of election shall check the public
- 21 register to determine whether the number of ballots counted
- 22 by the voting equipment agrees with the number of voters
- 23 <u>voting as shown by the applications for ballot. If the same</u>
- 24 do not agree, the judges of election shall immediately
- 25 <u>contact the offices of the election authority in charge of</u>
- 26 <u>the election for further instructions</u>. <u>If the number of</u>
- 27 <u>ballots counted by the voting equipment agrees with the</u>
- 28 <u>number of voters voting as shown by the application for</u>
- 29 <u>ballot, the number shall be listed on the "Statement of</u>
- 30 <u>Ballots" form provided by the election authority.</u>
- 31 The totals for all candidates and propositions shall be
- 32 <u>tabulated and 4 copies of a "Certificate of Results" shall be</u>
- 33 printed by the electronic tabulating equipment. In addition,
- 34 one copy shall be posted in a conspicuous place inside the

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1 polling place and every effort shall be made by the judges of

2 election to provide a copy for each authorized pollwatcher or

other official authorized to be present in the polling place 3

4 to observe the counting of ballots. Additional copies shall

be made available to pollwatchers, but in no case shall there

be fewer than 4 chosen by lot by the judges of election. In 6

7 addition, sufficient time shall be provided by the judges of

8 election to the pollwatchers to allow them to copy

9 information from the copy that has been posted.

10 If instructed by the election authority, the judges of 11 election shall cause the tabulated returns to be transmitted electronically to the offices of the election authority via 12 13 modem or other electronic medium.

The precinct judges of election shall select a 14 bi-partisan team of 2 judges, who shall immediately return 15 the ballots in a sealed container, along with all other 16 election materials and equipment as instructed by the 17 election authority; provided, however, that the container 18 must first be sealed by the election judges with filament 19 tape or other approved sealing devices provided for the 20 21 purpose in a manner that the ballots cannot be removed from 22 the container without breaking the seal or filament tape and disturbing any signatures affixed by the election judges to 23 the container. The election authority shall keep the office 24 of the election authority, or any receiving stations 25 designated by the authority, open for at least 12 consecutive 26 hours after the polls close or until the ballots and election 27 material and equipment, as instructed by the election 28 authority, from all precincts within the jurisdiction of the 29 election authority have been returned to the election 30 31 authority. Ballots and election materials and equipment returned to the office of the election authority that are not 32 signed and sealed as required by law shall not be accepted by 33 the election authority until the judges returning the ballots 34

- 1 make and sign the necessary corrections. Upon acceptance of
- 2 the ballots and election materials and equipment by the
- 3 <u>election authority, the judges returning the ballots shall</u>
- 4 take a receipt signed by the election authority and stamped
- 5 with the time and date of the return. The election judges
- 6 whose duty it is to return any ballots and election materials
- 7 and equipment as provided shall, in the event the ballots,
- 8 <u>materials</u>, or equipment cannot be found when needed, on
- 9 proper request, produce the receipt that they are to take as
- 10 <u>above provided.</u>
- 11 (10 ILCS 5/24C-13 new)
- 12 <u>Sec. 24C-13. Counting of absentee ballots. All</u>
- 13 jurisdictions using Direct Recording Electronic Voting
- 14 Systems shall count absentee ballots at the office of the
- 15 <u>election authority</u>. The provisions of Sections 24A-9 and
- 16 <u>24B-9 shall apply to the testing and notice requirements for</u>
- 17 <u>central count tabulation equipment, including comparing the</u>
- 18 signature on the ballot envelope with the signature of the
- 19 <u>voter on the permanent voter registration record card taken</u>
- 20 <u>from the master file; except that votes shall be recorded by</u>
- 21 <u>precinct</u>.
- 22 Any election authority using a direct recording
- 23 <u>electronic voting system shall use voting systems approved</u>
- 24 for use under Articles 16, 24A, or 24B when conducting
- 25 <u>absentee voting. The absentee ballots shall be examined and</u>
- 26 processed pursuant to Sections 19-9 and 20-9. The results
- 27 <u>shall be recorded by precinct and shall become part of the</u>
- 28 <u>certificate of results.</u>
- 29 (10 ILCS 5/24C-14 new)
- 30 <u>Sec. 24C-14. Tabulating votes; direction; presence of</u>
- 31 <u>public; computer operator's log and canvass. The procedure</u>
- 32 <u>for tabulating the votes by the Direct Recording Electronic</u>

1	Voting System shall be under the direction of the election
2	authority and shall conform to the requirements of the Direct
3	Recording Electronic Voting System. During any
4	election-related activity using the Direct Recording
5	Electronic Voting System equipment, the election authority
6	shall dedicate the equipment to vote processing to ensure the
7	security and integrity of the system.
8	A reasonable number of pollwatchers shall be admitted to
9	the counting location. Persons may observe the tabulating
10	process at the discretion of the election authority; however,
11	at least one representative of each established political
12	party and authorized agents of the State Board of Elections
13	shall be permitted to observe this process at all times. No
14	persons except those employed and authorized for the purpose
15	shall touch any ballot, ballot box, return, or equipment.
16	The computer operator shall be designated by the election
17	authority and shall be sworn as a deputy of the election
18	authority. In conducting the vote tabulation and canvass, the
19	computer operator must maintain a log which shall include the
20	following information:
21	(1) alterations made to programs associated with
22	the vote counting process;
23	(2) if applicable, console messages relating to the
24	program and the respective responses made by the
25	operator;
26	(3) the starting time for each precinct counted,
27	the number of ballots counted for each precinct, any
28	
	equipment problems and, insofar as practicable, the
29	equipment problems and, insofar as practicable, the number of invalid security designations encountered
29 30	
	number of invalid security designations encountered
30	number of invalid security designations encountered during that count; and
30 31	number of invalid security designations encountered during that count; and  (4) changes and repairs made to the equipment

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- 1 authority for a period of 60 days following the proclamation
- 2 of election results. A copy of the computer operator's log
- and the canvass shall be transmitted to the State Board of 3
- 4 Elections upon its request and at its expense.
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/24C-15 new)
- Sec. 24C-15. Official return of precinct; check of 6
- 7 totals; audit. The precinct return printed by the Direct
- Recording Electronic Voting System tabulating equipment shall 8
- include the number of ballots cast, ballots cast by each 9
- 10 political party for a primary election, and votes cast for
- each candidate and public question and shall constitute the 11
- official return of each precinct. In addition to the 12
- precinct return, the election authority shall provide the 13
- number of applications for ballots in each precinct, the 14
- 15 total number of ballots counted in each precinct for each
- political subdivision and district, and the number of 16
- registered voters in each precinct. The election authority 17
- shall check the totals shown by the precinct return and, if 18
- there is an obvious discrepancy regarding the total number of

votes cast in any precinct, shall have the ballots for that

precinct audited to correct the return. The procedures for

- this audit shall apply prior to and after the proclamation is 22
- completed; however, after the proclamation of results, the 23
- election authority must obtain a court order to unseal voted 2.4
- ballots except for election contests and discovery recounts. 25
- The certificate of results, that has been prepared and signed 26
- by the judges of election in the polling place and at the 27
- election authority's office after the ballots have been 28
- tabulated, shall be the document used for the canvass of 29
- 30 votes for the precinct. Whenever a discrepancy exists during
- the canvass of votes between the unofficial results and the 31
- certificate of results, or whenever a discrepancy exists 32
- during the canvass of votes between the certificate of 33

- 1 results and the set of totals reflected on the certificate of
- 2 results, the ballots for that precinct shall be audited to
- 3 <u>correct the return.</u>
- 4 Prior to the proclamation, the election authority shall
- 5 test the voting devices and equipment in 5% of the precincts
- 6 <u>within the election jurisdiction</u>. The precincts to be tested
- 7 <u>shall be selected after election day on a random basis by the</u>
- 8 State Board of Elections, so that every precinct in the
- 9 <u>election jurisdiction has an equal mathematical chance of</u>
- 10 <u>being selected</u>.
- 11 The test shall be conducted by entering a preaudited
- 12 group of ballots marked to record a predetermined number of
- 13 <u>valid votes for each candidate and on each public question,</u>
- 14 and shall include for each office one or more ballots that
- 15 <u>have votes in excess of the number allowed by law to test the</u>
- 16 <u>ability of the equipment to reject those votes.</u> If any error
- is detected, the cause shall be determined and corrected, and
- 18 <u>an errorless count shall be made prior to the official</u>
- 19 <u>canvass and proclamation of election results.</u>
- The State Board of Elections, the State's Attorney and
- 21 other appropriate law enforcement agencies, the chairman of
- 22 <u>the county central committee of each established political</u>
- 23 party, and qualified civic organizations shall be given prior
- 24 <u>written notice of the time and place of the test and may be</u>
- 25 <u>represented at the test.</u>
- 26 The results of this re-tabulation shall be treated in the
- 27 <u>same manner and have the same effect as the results of the</u>
- 28 <u>discovery procedures set forth in Section 22-9.1 of this</u>
- 29 <u>Code</u>. <u>Upon completion of the test</u>, the election authority
- 30 shall print a report showing the results of the test and any
- 31 <u>errors encountered and the report shall be made available for</u>
- 32 <u>public inspection.</u>

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1 Sec. 24C-15.01. Transporting ballots to central counting station; container. Upon completion of the tabulation, 2 audit, or test of voting equipment, if the election authority 3 4 so instructs, pursuant to Sections 24C-11 through 24C-15, the voting equipment and ballots from each precinct shall be 5 replaced in the container in which they were transported to 6 the central counting station. If the container is not a type 7 8 that may be securely locked, then each container, before being transferred from the counting station to storage, shall 9 10 be sealed with filament tape wrapped around the container 11 lengthwise and crosswise, at least twice each way, and in a

(10 ILCS 5/24C-15.1 new)

the container without breaking the tape.

15 <u>Sec. 24C-15.1. Discovery recounts and election contests.</u>

manner that the equipment and ballots cannot be removed from

- 16 <u>Discovery recounts and election contests shall be conducted</u>
- 17 <u>as otherwise provided for in this Code</u>. The Direct Recording
- 18 <u>Electronic Voting System equipment shall be tested prior to</u>
- 19 the discovery recount or election contest as provided in
- 20 <u>Section 24C-9 and then the official ballots shall be audited.</u>
- 21 The log of the computer operator and all materials
- 22 <u>retained by the election authority in relation to vote</u>
- 23 <u>tabulation and canvass shall be made available for any</u>
- 24 <u>discovery recount or election contest.</u>
- 25 (10 ILCS 5/24C-16 new)
- 26 <u>Sec. 24C-16. Approval of Direct Recording Electronic</u>
- 27 <u>Voting Systems; requisites. The State Board of Elections</u>
- 28 <u>shall approve all Direct Recording Electronic Voting Systems</u>
- 29 provided by this Article.
- No Direct Recording Electronic Voting System shall be
- 31 <u>approved unless it fulfills the following requirements:</u>
- 32 (1) It enables a voter to vote in absolute secrecy,

1	except in the case of vot	<u>ters who receive</u>	<u>assistance as</u>
	=		
2	provided in this Code.		

- (2) It enables each voter to vote at an election for all persons and offices for whom and for which the voter is lawfully entitled to vote, to vote for as many persons for an office as the voter is entitled to vote for, and to vote for or against any public question upon which the voter is entitled to vote, but no other.
- office or upon a public question when the voter has cast more votes for the office or upon the public question than he or she is entitled to cast; provided, however, that it will inform a voter that the voter's choices as recorded on the ballot for an office or public question exceeds the number that the voter is entitled to vote for on that office or public question and will offer the voter an opportunity to correct the error before rejecting the choices recorded on the voter's ballot.
  - (4) It will enable each voter in primary elections to vote only for the candidates of the political party with which he or she had declared affiliation and preclude the voter from voting for any candidate of any other political party.
  - (5) It enables a voter to vote a split ticket selected in part from the nominees of one party, in part from the nominees of any or all parties, in part from independent candidates, and in part of candidates whose names are written in by the voter.
  - (6) It enables a voter, at a Presidential election, by a single selection to vote for the candidates of a political party for Presidential electors.
- (7) It will prevent anyone voting for the same person more than once for the same office.
- (8) It will record and count accurately each vote

1	properly cast for or against any candidate and for or
2	against any public question, including the names of all
3	candidates whose names are written in by the voters.
4	(9) It will be capable of merging the vote
5	tabulation results produced by other vote tabulation
6	systems, if necessary.
7	(10) It will provide a means for sealing and
8	resealing the vote recording devices to prevent their
9	unauthorized use and to prevent tampering with ballot
10	<u>labels.</u>
11	(11) It will be suitably designed for the purpose
12	used, be durably constructed, and be designed for safety,
13	accuracy, and efficiency.
14	(12) It will be designed to accommodate the needs
15	of elderly, handicapped, and disabled voters.
16	(13) It will enable a voter to vote for a person
17	whose name does not appear on the ballot.
18	(14) It will be designed to ensure that vote
19	recording devices or electronic tabulating equipment that
20	count votes at the precinct will not be capable of
21	reporting vote totals before the close of the polls.
22	(15) It will provide an audit trail.
23	The State Board of Elections is authorized to withdraw
24	its approval of a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System
25	if the system fails to fulfill the above requirements.
26	No vendor, person, or other entity may sell, lease, or
27	loan a Direct Recording Electronic Voting System or system
28	component to any election jurisdiction unless the system or
29	system component is first approved by the State Board of
30	Elections pursuant to this Section. The State Board of
31	Elections shall not accept for testing or approval of any
32	system or system component that has not first been evaluated
33	by an independent testing laboratory or laboratories for
34	performance and reliability using the standards that may from

- 1 time to time be promulgated by the United States Federal
- Election Commission. When the functional requirements of 2
- this Section are in conflict with the standards promulgated 3
- 4 by the Federal Election Commission, the standards of the
- Federal Election Commission shall govern. 5
- (10 ILCS 5/24C-17 new) 6
- 7 Sec. 24C-17. Rules; number of voting booths. The State
- 8 Board of Elections may make reasonable rules for the
- administration of this Article and may prescribe the number 9
- 10 of voting booths required for the various types of voting
- 11 <u>systems.</u>
- (10 ILCS 5/24C-18 new) 12
- Sec. 24C-18. Specimen ballots; publication. When a 13
- 14 Direct Recording Electronic Voting System is used, the
- 15 election authority shall cause to be published, at least 5
- days before the day of each general and general primary 16
- election, in 2 or more newspapers published in and having a 17
- general circulation in the county, a true and legible copy of 18
- the specimen ballot containing the names of offices, 19
- may be, in the form in which they will appear on the official

candidates, and public questions to be voted on, as near as

- ballot on election day. A true legible copy may be in the 22
- form of an actual size ballot and shall be published as 23
- required by this Section if distributed in 2 or more 24
- newspapers published and having a general circulation in the 25
- county as an insert. For each election prescribed in Article 26
- 27 2A of this Code, specimen ballots shall be made available for
- public distribution and shall be supplied to the judges of 28
- election for posting in the polling place on the day of 29
- election. Notice for the consolidated primary and 30
- consolidated elections shall be given as provided in Article 31
- 32 <u>12.</u>

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- 1 (10 ILCS 5/24C-19 new)
- Sec. 24C-19. Additional method of voting. This Article
- 3 shall be deemed to provide a method of voting in addition to
- 4 <u>the methods otherwise provided in this Code.</u>
- 5 (10 ILCS 5/24A-20 rep.)
- 6 Section 10. The Election Code is amended by repealing
- 7 Section 24A-20.
- 8 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect on
- 9 January 1, 2003. Effective January 1, 2003.