

AN ACT concerning regulation.

**Be it enacted by the People of the State of Illinois,
represented in the General Assembly:**

Section 5. The Regulatory Sunset Act is amended by changing Section 4.16 and by adding Section 4.26 as follows:

(5 ILCS 80/4.16)

Sec. 4.16. Acts repealed January 1, 2006. The following Acts are repealed January 1, 2006:

The Respiratory Care Practice Act.

The Hearing Instrument Consumer Protection Act.

The Illinois Dental Practice Act.

The Professional Geologist Licensing Act.

The Illinois Athletic Trainers Practice Act.

The Barber, Cosmetology, Esthetics, and Nail Technology Act of 1985.

The Collection Agency Act.

The Illinois Roofing Industry Licensing Act.

~~The Illinois Physical Therapy Act.~~

(Source: P.A. 89-33, eff. 1-1-96; 89-72, eff. 12-31-95; 89-80, eff. 6-30-95; 89-116, eff. 7-7-95; 89-366, eff. 7-1-96; 89-387, eff. 8-20-95; 89-626, eff. 8-9-96.)

(5 ILCS 80/4.26 new)

Sec. 4.26. Act repealed on January 1, 2016. The following Act is repealed on January 1, 2016:

The Illinois Physical Therapy Act.

Section 10. The Illinois Physical Therapy Act is amended by changing Sections 1, 6, 8, 8.1, 12, 15, 17, 19, 20, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, and 29 as follows:

(225 ILCS 90/1) (from Ch. 111, par. 4251)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 1. Definitions. As used in this Act:

(1) "Physical therapy" means all of the following:

(A) Examining, evaluating, and testing individuals who may have mechanical, physiological, or developmental impairments, functional limitations, disabilities, or other health and movement-related conditions, classifying these disorders, determining a rehabilitation prognosis and plan of therapeutic intervention, and assessing the on-going effects of the interventions.

(B) Alleviating impairments, functional limitations, or disabilities by designing, implementing, and modifying therapeutic interventions that may include, but are not limited to, the evaluation or treatment of a person through the use of the effective properties of physical measures and heat, cold, light, water, radiant energy, electricity, sound, and air and use of therapeutic massage, therapeutic exercise, mobilization, and rehabilitative procedures, with or without assistive devices, for the purposes of preventing, correcting, or alleviating a physical or mental impairment, functional limitation, or disability.

(C) Reducing the risk of injury, impairment, functional limitation, or disability, including the promotion and maintenance of fitness, health, and wellness.

(D) Engaging in administration, consultation, education, and research. ~~the evaluation or treatment of a person by the use of the effective properties of physical measures and heat, cold, light, water, radiant energy, electricity, sound, and air; and the use of therapeutic massage, therapeutic exercise, mobilization, and the rehabilitative procedures with or without assistive devices for the purposes of preventing, correcting, or alleviating a physical or mental disability, or promoting physical fitness and well-being.~~

Physical therapy includes, but is not limited to: (a)

performance of specialized tests and measurements, (b) administration of specialized treatment procedures, (c) interpretation of referrals from physicians, dentists, advanced practice nurses, physician assistants, and podiatrists, (d) establishment, and modification of physical therapy treatment programs, (e) administration of topical medication used in generally accepted physical therapy procedures when such medication is prescribed by the patient's physician, licensed to practice medicine in all its branches, the patient's physician licensed to practice podiatric medicine, the patient's advanced practice nurse, the patient's physician assistant, or the patient's dentist, and (f) supervision or teaching of physical therapy. Physical therapy does not include radiology, electrosurgery, chiropractic technique or determination of a differential diagnosis; provided, however, the limitation on determining a differential diagnosis shall not in any manner limit a physical therapist licensed under this Act from performing an evaluation pursuant to such license. Nothing in this Section shall limit a physical therapist from employing appropriate physical therapy techniques that he or she is educated and licensed to perform. A physical therapist shall refer to a licensed physician, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, dentist, or podiatrist any patient whose medical condition should, at the time of evaluation or treatment, be determined to be beyond the scope of practice of the physical therapist.

(2) "Physical therapist" means a person who practices physical therapy and who has met all requirements as provided in this Act.

(3) "Department" means the Department of Professional Regulation.

(4) "Director" means the Director of Professional Regulation.

(5) "Board" ~~"Committee"~~ means the Physical Therapy Licensing and Disciplinary Board ~~Examining Committee~~ approved by the Director.

(6) "Referral" means a written or oral authorization for physical therapy services for a patient by a physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist who maintains medical supervision of the patient and makes a diagnosis or verifies that the patient's condition is such that it may be treated by a physical therapist.

(7) "Documented current and relevant diagnosis" for the purpose of this Act means a diagnosis, substantiated by signature or oral verification of a physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist, that a patient's condition is such that it may be treated by physical therapy as defined in this Act, which diagnosis shall remain in effect until changed by the physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist.

(8) "State" includes:

- (a) the states of the United States of America;
- (b) the District of Columbia; and
- (c) the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(9) "Physical therapist assistant" means a person licensed to assist a physical therapist and who has met all requirements as provided in this Act and who works under the supervision of a licensed physical therapist to assist in implementing the physical therapy treatment program as established by the licensed physical therapist. The patient care activities provided by the physical therapist assistant shall not include the interpretation of referrals, evaluation procedures, or the planning or major modification of patient programs.

(10) "Physical therapy aide" means a person who has received on the job training, specific to the facility in which he is employed, but who has not completed an approved physical therapist assistant program.

(11) "Advanced practice nurse" means a person licensed under the Nursing and Advanced Practice Nursing Act who has a collaborative agreement with a collaborating physician that authorizes referrals to physical therapists.

(12) "Physician assistant" means a person licensed under

the Physician Assistant Practice Act of 1987 who has been delegated authority to make referrals to physical therapists.

(Source: P.A. 92-651, eff. 7-11-02; 93-1010, eff. 8-24-04.)

(225 ILCS 90/6) (from Ch. 111, par. 4256)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 6. Duties and functions of Director and Board Committee. The Director shall appoint a Physical Therapy Licensing and Disciplinary Board Committee as follows: Seven persons who shall be appointed by and shall serve in an advisory capacity to the Director. Six members must be actively engaged in the practice of physical therapy in this State for a minimum of 5 years and one member must be a member of the public who is not licensed under this Act, or a similar Act of another jurisdiction.

Members shall serve 4 year terms and until their successors are appointed and qualified, ~~except that of the initial appointments, 2 members shall be appointed to serve for 2 years, 2 shall be appointed to serve for 3 years and the remaining shall be appointed to serve for 4 years and until their successors are appointed and qualified.~~ No member shall be reappointed to the Board Committee for a term which would cause his continuous service on the Board Committee to be longer than 9 successive years. Appointments to fill vacancies shall be made in the same manner as original appointments, for the unexpired portion of the vacated term. ~~Initial terms shall begin upon the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1987 and Committee members in office on that date shall be eligible for appointment to specific terms as indicated herein.~~

For the initial appointment of the Board Committee, the Director shall give priority to filling the public member terms as vacancies become available.

Members of the Board Committee shall be immune from suit in any action based upon any disciplinary proceedings or other activities performed in good faith as members of the Board Committee.

A vacancy in the membership of the Board ~~Committee~~ shall not impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the Board ~~Committee~~.

The members of the Board ~~Committee~~ are entitled to receive as compensation a reasonable sum as determined by the Director for each day actually engaged in the duties of the office and all legitimate and necessary expenses incurred in attending the meetings of the Board ~~Committee~~.

The membership of the Board ~~Committee~~ should reasonably reflect representation from the geographic areas in this State.

The Director may terminate the appointment of any member for cause which in the opinion of the Director reasonably justifies such termination.

The Director shall consider the recommendations of the Board ~~Committee~~ on questions involving standards of professional conduct, discipline and qualifications of candidates and licensees under this Act.

Nothing shall limit the ability of the Board ~~Committee~~ to provide recommendations to the Director in regard to any matter affecting the administration of this Act. The Director shall give due consideration to all recommendations of the Board ~~Committee~~. If the Director takes action contrary to a recommendation of the Board ~~Committee~~, the Director shall promptly provide a written explanation of that action.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

(225 ILCS 90/8) (from Ch. 111, par. 4258)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 8. Qualifications for licensure as a Physical Therapist.

(a) A person is qualified to receive a license as a physical therapist if that person has applied in writing, on forms prescribed by the Department, has paid the required fees, and meets all of the following requirements:

(1) He or she is at least 18 years of age and of good moral character. In determining moral character, the

Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction shall not operate automatically as a complete bar to a license.

(2) He or she has graduated from a curriculum in physical therapy approved by the Department. In approving a curriculum in physical therapy, the Department shall consider, but not be bound by, accreditation by the Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education. A person who graduated from a physical therapy program outside the United States or its territories shall have his or her degree validated as equivalent to a physical therapy degree conferred by a regionally accredited college or university in the United States. The Department may establish by rule a method for the completion of course deficiencies.

(3) He or she has passed an examination approved by the Department to determine his fitness for practice as a physical therapist, or is entitled to be licensed without examination as provided in Sections 10 and 11 of this Act. A person who graduated from a physical therapy program outside the United States or its territories and whose first language is not English shall submit certification of passage of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) and the Test of Spoken English (TSE) as defined by rule prior to taking the licensure examination.

(b) The Department reserves the right and may request a personal interview of an applicant before the Board ~~Committee~~ to further evaluate his or her qualifications for a license.

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(225 ILCS 90/8.1) (from Ch. 111, par. 4258.1)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 8.1. Qualifications for licensure as a physical therapist assistant. A person is qualified to receive a license as a physical therapist assistant if that person has applied in writing, on forms prescribed by the Department, has paid the

required fees and:

(1) Is at least 18 years of age and of good moral character. In determining moral character, the Department may take into consideration any felony conviction of the applicant, but such a conviction shall not operate automatically as a complete bar to a license;

(2) Has graduated from a ~~2-year college level~~ therapist therapy assistant program approved by the Department and attained, at a minimum, an associate's degree from the program. In approving such a physical therapist assistant program the Department shall consider but not be bound by accreditation by the Commission on Accreditation in Physical Therapy Education. Any person who graduated from a physical therapist therapy assistant program outside the United States or its territories shall have his or her degree validated as equivalent to a physical therapy assistant degree conferred by a regionally accredited college or university in the United States. The Department may establish by rule a method for the completion of course deficiencies; and

(3) Has successfully completed the examination authorized by the Department. A person who graduated from a physical therapist therapy assistant program outside the United States or its territories and whose first language is not English shall submit certification of passage of the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL) and the Test of Spoken English (TSE) as defined by rule prior to taking the licensure examination.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

(225 ILCS 90/12) (from Ch. 111, par. 4262)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 12. Examinations. The Department shall examine applicants for licenses as physical therapists or physical therapist assistants at such times and places as it may determine. At least 2 written examinations shall be given

during each calendar year for both physical therapists and physical therapist assistants. The examination shall be approved by the Department.

Following notification of eligibility for examination, an applicant who fails to take the ~~next scheduled~~ examination for a license under this Act within 60 days of the notification shall forfeit his or her fee~~7~~ and his or her right to practice as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant until such time as the applicant has passed the appropriate examination. Any applicant failing the examination three times in any jurisdiction will not be allowed to sit for another examination until the applicant has presented satisfactory evidence to the Board ~~committee~~ of appropriate remedial work as set forth in the rules and regulations.

If an applicant neglects, fails or refuses to take an examination or fails to pass an examination for a license or otherwise fails to complete the application process under this Act within 3 years after filing his application, the application shall be denied. However, such applicant may make a new application for examination accompanied by the required fee, and must furnish proof of meeting qualifications for examination in effect at the time of new application.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

(225 ILCS 90/15) (from Ch. 111, par. 4265)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 15. Restoration of expired licenses. A physical therapist or physical therapist assistant who has permitted his or her license to expire or who has had his or her license on inactive status may have his or her license restored by making application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to the Department of his or her fitness to have his or her license restored, including sworn evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the Department and by paying the required restoration fee.

If the physical therapist or physical therapist assistant

has not maintained an active practice in another jurisdiction satisfactory to the Department, the Board ~~Committee~~ shall determine, by an evaluation program established by rule his or her fitness to resume active status and may require the physical therapist or physical therapist assistant to complete a period of evaluated clinical experience and may require successful completion of an examination.

Any physical therapist or physical therapist assistant whose license has been expired or placed on inactive status for more than 5 years may have his or her license restored by making application to the Department and filing proof acceptable to the Department of his or her fitness to have his or her license restored, including sworn evidence certifying to active practice in another jurisdiction and by paying the required restoration fee.

However, any physical therapist or physical therapist assistant whose license has expired while he has been engaged (1) in the federal service in active duty with the Army of the United States, the United States Navy, the Marine Corps, the Air Force, the Coast Guard, or the State Militia called into the service or training of the United States of America, or (2) in training or education under the supervision of the United States preliminary to induction into the military service, may have his license restored without paying any lapsed renewal fees or restoration fee, if within 2 years after termination of such service, training or education, other than by dishonorable discharge, he furnishes the Department with an affidavit to the effect that he has been so engaged and that his service, training or education has been so terminated.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

(225 ILCS 90/17) (from Ch. 111, par. 4267)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 17. (1) The Department may refuse to issue or to renew, or may revoke, suspend, place on probation, reprimand, or take other disciplinary action as the Department deems

appropriate, including the issuance of fines not to exceed \$5000, with regard to a license for any one or a combination of the following:

A. Material misstatement in furnishing information to the Department or otherwise making misleading, deceptive, untrue, or fraudulent representations in violation of this Act or otherwise in the practice of the profession;

B. Violations of this Act, or of the rules or regulations promulgated hereunder;

C. Conviction of any crime under the laws of the United States or any state or territory thereof which is a felony or which is a misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or of any crime which is directly related to the practice of the profession; conviction, as used in this paragraph, shall include a finding or verdict of guilty, an admission of guilt or a plea of nolo contendere;

D. Making any misrepresentation for the purpose of obtaining licenses, or violating any provision of this Act or the rules promulgated thereunder pertaining to advertising;

E. A pattern of practice or other behavior which demonstrates incapacity or incompetency to practice under this Act;

F. Aiding or assisting another person in violating any provision of this Act or Rules;

G. Failing, within 60 days, to provide information in response to a written request made by the Department;

H. Engaging in dishonorable, unethical or unprofessional conduct of a character likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public. Unprofessional conduct shall include any departure from or the failure to conform to the minimal standards of acceptable and prevailing physical therapy practice, in which proceeding actual injury to a patient need not be established;

I. Unlawful distribution of any drug or narcotic, or unlawful conversion of any drug or narcotic not belonging

to the person for such person's own use or benefit or for other than medically accepted therapeutic purposes;

J. Habitual or excessive use or addiction to alcohol, narcotics, stimulants, or any other chemical agent or drug which results in a physical therapist's or physical therapist assistant's inability to practice with reasonable judgment, skill or safety;

K. Revocation or suspension of a license to practice physical therapy as a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant or the taking of other disciplinary action by the proper licensing authority of another state, territory or country;

L. Directly or indirectly giving to or receiving from any person, firm, corporation, partnership or association any fee, commission, rebate or other form of compensation for any professional services not actually or personally rendered. Nothing contained in this paragraph prohibits persons holding valid and current licenses under this Act from practicing physical therapy in partnership under a partnership agreement, including a limited liability partnership, a limited liability company, or a corporation under the Professional Service Corporation Act or from pooling, sharing, dividing, or apportioning the fees and monies received by them or by the partnership, company, or corporation in accordance with the partnership agreement or the policies of the company or professional corporation;

M. A finding by the Board ~~Committee~~ that the licensee after having his or her license placed on probationary status has violated the terms of probation;

N. Abandonment of a patient;

O. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected child abuse or neglect as required by the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;

P. Willfully failing to report an instance of suspected elder abuse or neglect as required by the Elder Abuse Reporting Act;

Q. Physical illness, including but not limited to, deterioration through the aging process, or loss of motor skill which results in the inability to practice the profession with reasonable judgement, skill or safety;

R. The use of any words (such as physical therapy, physical therapist physiotherapy or physiotherapist), abbreviations, figures or letters with the intention of indicating practice as a licensed physical therapist without a valid license as a physical therapist issued under this Act;

S. The use of the term physical therapist assistant, or abbreviations, figures, or letters with the intention of indicating practice as a physical therapist assistant without a valid license as a physical therapist assistant issued under this Act;

T. Willfully violating or knowingly assisting in the violation of any law of this State relating to the practice of abortion;

U. Continued practice by a person knowingly having an infectious, communicable or contagious disease;

V. Having treated ailments of human beings otherwise than by the practice of physical therapy as defined in this Act, or having treated ailments of human beings as a licensed physical therapist independent of a documented referral or a documented current and relevant diagnosis from a physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist, or having failed to notify the physician, dentist, advanced practice nurse, physician assistant, or podiatrist who established a documented current and relevant diagnosis that the patient is receiving physical therapy pursuant to that diagnosis;

W. Being named as a perpetrator in an indicated report by the Department of Children and Family Services pursuant to the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act, and upon proof by clear and convincing evidence that the licensee has caused a child to be an abused child or neglected child

as defined in the Abused and Neglected Child Reporting Act;

X. Interpretation of referrals, performance of evaluation procedures, planning or making major modifications of patient programs by a physical therapist assistant;

Y. Failure by a physical therapist assistant and supervising physical therapist to maintain continued contact, including periodic personal supervision and instruction, to insure safety and welfare of patients;

Z. Violation of the Health Care Worker Self-Referral Act.

(2) The determination by a circuit court that a licensee is subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission as provided in the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code operates as an automatic suspension. Such suspension will end only upon a finding by a court that the patient is no longer subject to involuntary admission or judicial admission and the issuance of an order so finding and discharging the patient; and upon the recommendation of the Board ~~Committee~~ to the Director that the licensee be allowed to resume his practice.

(3) The Department may refuse to issue or may suspend the license of any person who fails to file a return, or to pay the tax, penalty or interest shown in a filed return, or to pay any final assessment of tax, penalty or interest, as required by any tax Act administered by the Illinois Department of Revenue, until such time as the requirements of any such tax Act are satisfied.

(Source: P.A. 93-1010, eff. 8-24-04.)

(225 ILCS 90/19) (from Ch. 111, par. 4269)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 19. Investigations; notice and hearing. The Department may investigate the actions of any applicant or of any person or persons holding or claiming to hold a license. The Department shall, before refusing to issue, to renew or

discipline a license pursuant to Section 17, at least 30 days prior to the date set for the hearing, notify in writing the applicant for, or holder of, a license of the nature of the charges, that a hearing will be held on the date designated, and direct the applicant or licensee to file a written answer to the Board under oath within 20 days after the service of the notice and inform the applicant or licensee that failure to file an answer will result in default being taken against the applicant or licensee and that the license or certificate may be suspended, revoked, placed on probationary status, or other disciplinary action may be taken, including limiting the scope, nature or extent of practice, as the Director may deem proper. Written notice may be served by personal delivery or certified or registered mail to the respondent at the address of his last notification to the Department. In case the person fails to file an answer after receiving notice, his or her license or certificate may, in the discretion of the Department, be suspended, revoked, or placed on probationary status, or the Department may take whatever disciplinary action deemed proper, including limiting the scope, nature, or extent of the person's practice or the imposition of a fine, without a hearing, if the act or acts charged constitute sufficient grounds for such action under this Act. At the time and place fixed in the notice, the Board ~~Committee~~ shall proceed to hear the charges and the parties or their counsel shall be accorded ample opportunity to present such statements, testimony, evidence and argument as may be pertinent to the charges or to their defense. The Board ~~Committee~~ may continue a hearing from time to time.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

(225 ILCS 90/20) (from Ch. 111, par. 4270)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 20. Stenographer - Transcript. The Department, at its expense, shall preserve a record of all proceedings at the formal hearing of any case involving the refusal to issue,

renew or discipline of a license. The notice of hearing, complaint and all other documents in the nature of pleadings and written motions filed in the proceedings, the transcript of testimony, the report of the Board ~~Committee~~ and order of the Department shall be the record of such proceeding.

(Source: P.A. 84-595.)

(225 ILCS 90/22) (from Ch. 111, par. 4272)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 22. Findings and Recommendations. At the conclusion of the hearing the Board ~~Committee~~ shall present to the Director a written report of its findings and recommendations. The report shall contain a finding whether or not the accused person violated this Act or failed to comply with the conditions required in this Act. The Board ~~Committee~~ shall specify the nature of the violation or failure to comply, and shall make its recommendations to the Director.

The report of findings and recommendations of the Board ~~Committee~~ shall be the basis for the Department's order or refusal or for the granting of a license or permit unless the Director shall determine that the Board ~~Committee~~ report is contrary to the manifest weight of the evidence, in which case the Director may issue an order in contravention of the Board ~~Committee~~ report. The finding is not admissible in evidence against the person in a criminal prosecution brought for the violation of this Act, but the hearing and finding are not a bar to a criminal prosecution brought for the violation of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 84-595.)

(225 ILCS 90/23) (from Ch. 111, par. 4273)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 23. Rehearing. In any case involving the refusal to issue, renew or discipline of a license, a copy of the Board's ~~Committee's~~ report shall be served upon the respondent by the Department, either personally or as provided in this Act for

the service of the notice of hearing. Within 20 days after such service, the respondent may present to the Department a motion in writing for a rehearing, which motion shall specify the particular grounds therefor. If no motion for rehearing is filed, then upon the expiration of the time specified for filing such a motion, or if a motion for rehearing is denied, then upon such denial the Director may enter an order in accordance with recommendations of the Board ~~Committee~~ except as provided in Section 22 of this Act. If the respondent shall order from the reporting service, and pay for a transcript of the record within the time for filing a motion for rehearing, the 20 day period within which such a motion may be filed shall commence upon the delivery of the transcript to the respondent. (Source: P.A. 90-655, eff. 7-30-98.)

(225 ILCS 90/25) (from Ch. 111, par. 4275)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 25. Appointment of a Hearing Officer. The Director shall have the authority to appoint any attorney duly licensed to practice law in the State of Illinois to serve as the hearing officer in any action for refusal to issue, renew or discipline of a license or permit. The hearing officer shall have full authority to conduct the hearing. At least one member of the Board ~~Committee~~ shall attend each hearing. The hearing officer shall report his findings and recommendations to the Board ~~Committee~~ and the Director. The Board ~~Committee~~ shall have 60 days from receipt of the report to review the report of the hearing officer and present their findings of fact, conclusions of law and recommendations to the Director. If the Board ~~Committee~~ fails to present its report within the 60 day period, the Director shall issue an order based on the report of the hearing officer. If the Director determines that the Board's ~~Committee's~~ report is contrary to the manifest weight of the evidence, he may issue an order in contravention of the Board's ~~Committee's~~ report.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)

(225 ILCS 90/26) (from Ch. 111, par. 4276)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 26. Order or certified copy; prima facie proof. An order or a certified copy thereof, over the seal of the Department and purporting to be signed by the Director, shall be prima facie proof that:

(a) the signature is the genuine signature of the Director;

(b) the Director is duly appointed and qualified; and

(c) the Board Committee and the members thereof are qualified to act.

(Source: P.A. 91-357, eff. 7-29-99.)

(225 ILCS 90/27) (from Ch. 111, par. 4277)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 27. Restoration of Suspended or Revoked License. At any time after the suspension or revocation of any license, the Department may restore it to the accused person, upon the written recommendation of the Board Committee unless after an investigation and a hearing, the Board Committee determines that restoration is not in the public interest.

(Source: P.A. 84-595.)

(225 ILCS 90/29) (from Ch. 111, par. 4279)

(Section scheduled to be repealed on January 1, 2006)

Sec. 29. Temporary Suspension of a License. The Director may temporarily suspend the license of a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant without a hearing, simultaneously with the institution of proceedings for a hearing provided for in Section 19 of this Act, if the Director finds that evidence in his possession indicates that a physical therapist's or a physical therapist assistant's continuation in practice would constitute an imminent danger to the public. In the event that the Director suspends, temporarily, the license of a physical therapist or physical therapist assistant without a hearing, a

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hearing by the Board ~~Committee~~ must be held within 30 calendar days after such suspension has occurred.

(Source: P.A. 89-387, eff. 1-1-96.)